"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, warmer today; tomorrow partly cloudy; light south winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXV...NO. 21,314. .... NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1916.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS

GERMANS PIERCE EAST VERDUN LINE, BUT FAIL ON WEST

Penetrate Advance Trenches Between Fort Douaumont and Vaux in Heavy Assaults.

COSTLY CHECKS ELSEWHERE

Big Night Attack Around Dead Man Hill Completely Stopped by French Troops.

AIR RAID KILLS 18 CIVILIANS

Open Town of Bar-le-Duc Bombarded by German Aviators—British Artillery in Sharp Actions.

PARIS, June 2.—The German hammer fell with unimpaired force on the defenses on the right bank of the Meuse Thursday. The resources of the Germans seem in no way exhausted by the terrific struggle of the last few days west of the river, for they delivered a thrust equal in power to any previous effort against the French line from Thiaumont farm to Vaux village.

All day Wednesday and all night the concentrated German artillery, estimated at fifty batteries of all calibres, but six-inch guns predominating, pounded the French trenches with shells. Anticipating the attack to which the bombardment was an obvious prelude, the French command massed reserves, well provided with machine guns, at convenient points in the rear, leaving only sufficient men in the shell-swept front trenches to stave off the first onslaught.

As soon as the infantry attack developed, the reserves rushed forward and established themselves in the wrecked trenches and the holes made by the shells.

Fighting as desperate as that of the previous day on the other bank of the river continued all day. Wave on wave of Germans dashed forward only to melt before the fire of the machine guns. The tide of battle ebbed and flowed, but in the afternoon the Germans succeeded in winning back part of the ground captured by the French in the great surprise attack on Douaumont, and counterattacks so far have failed to dislodge them.

Elsewhere the situation is unchanged.

The Official Reports.

LONDON, June 1.—After a violent but unsuccessful attack last night on the west bank of the Meuse, the Germans today threw their main strength against the French on the east bank, launching a series of assaults on the front from Thiaumont Farm, past Fort Douaumont to Vaux. The official French report tonight says that French first line trenches were penetrated between Fort Douaumont and Vaux Pond, but that everywhere else the attacks were repulsed with heavy losses to the Germans.

Tonight's French report also reports an air raid by the Germans on Bar-le-Duc, in which eighteen civilians were killed, including women and children. Bar-le-Duc is described as an "open town."

The Berlin communication admits the loss of trenches over a 400-meter front southeast of Dead Man Hill.

The British artillery has been particularly active on the strategic Vimy Ridge before Lens and around Loos.

The official communication issued by the French War Office tonight reads:

On the left bank of the Meuse there was an intermittent bombardment in the region of the Avocourt Wood and Le Mort Homme.

On the right bank, after a very violent artillery preparation, the enemy attacked our positions from the Thiaumont farm as far as Vaux. After several fruitless assaults, the enemy succeeded in penetrating our trenches of the first line between Fort Douaumont and Vaux Pond. Everywhere else the German attacks were broken by the fire of our machine guns, which caused heavy losses to the enemy.

There was less artillery activity on the rest of the front.

This afternoon a group of German aeroplanes dropped several bombs on the open town of Bar-le-Duc. Eighteen of the civilian population were killed, of whom two were women and four children. Twenty-five persons were wounded, among whom were six women and eleven children.

An Aviatik, attacked by one of our aeroplanes, was compelled to land in our lines south of Bernecourt, in the region of Toul. The two enemy aviators were made prisoner.

German Repulse at Dead Man Hill.

The text of the official statement given out in Paris this afternoon follows:

On the left bank of the River Meuse the bombardment continued with great violence last night in all the territory around Dead Man Hill. A determined German attack delivered yesterday evening at 8 o'clock against our positions upon the eastern slope of the hill was completely repulsed by our fire.

On the right bank of the river the artillery fighting has become exceedingly intense to the west and also to the east of Fort Douaumont.

The night passed in relative quiet along the remainder of the front.

During the night of May 31-June 1 a French air squadron threw down twenty shells on the railroad stations of Thionville, Audun, and Le Roman, and fifty other shells upon the commissary headquarters of the enemy at Azannes.

French Capture of Trenches.

The text of today's German official statement on the western front is as follows:

Lively artillery activity continued yesterday north and south of Lens.

On the left bank of the Meuse the French brought forward considerable forces in the evening for an attack on Dead Man Hill and Caurettes height. Southeast of Dead Man Hill the French obtained a foothold in our first line trenches over an extent of 400 meters. Otherwise their repeated assaults were repulsed with the heaviest losses.

On the right bank of the Meuse the artillery duels continue.

East of Ober-Sept (southwest of Altkirch) a German reconnoitring detachment penetrated into French positions over a width of about 250 meters and a depth of about 300

Continued on Page 3.

FRENCH AND BRITISH AGREE AS TO VERDUN

High French Authority Denies Reports of Discord Which Are Aimed at Briand Cabinet.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 1.—Premier Briand's ready acceptance in principle of a secret session—whereof the mere threat was sufficient to overthrow Viviani—has taken the wind from his opponents' sails. It is probable that if a secret session is held it will be devoid of sensation as in England.

The position of the Cabinet is greatly strengthened, but intrigues continue, especially by certain groups directing attacks against those responsible for the prosecution of military operations with a view to discrediting the Government indirectly.

I am charged by a very high authority to deny one of their favorite suggestions, namely, that there is lack of cooperation between the French and British Generals Staffs. On the contrary, it is with the French Staff's accord that the British methodically continue preparations and decline to be hurried into action before the psychological moment. The authority characterizes as a shameful lie the allegation that the British are indifferent to French sacrifices at Verdon, and says the difficulty has been to restrain the British until the appointed time.

When the day comes—it is, perhaps, not far distant—the critics will be silenced and the rest of the world astonished.

FOUR MORE VESSELS SUNK IN WAR ZONE

Three British Steamers and a Norwegian Fall Prey to Submarines.

LONDON, Friday, June 2.—Lloyd's reports that the British steamers Baron Tweedmouth and Julia Park, both unarmed, have been sunk. The British steamer Lady Ninian also is reported sunk.

The Norwegian steamship Rauma, 3,048 tons gross and owned in Bergen, was sunk in the Mediterranean on Tuesday. Her crew was picked up and taken to Bona, Algeria.

The Baron Tweedmouth was 5,007 tons gross and was last reported as arriving in the Clyde on April 23. She was built at Glasgow in 1907 and was owned by the Hogarth Shipping Company, Limited, of Liverpool.

The Julia Park was 2,900 tons. She was last reported as arriving at Liverpool on May 14. She was built at Glasgow in 1894, and was owned by the Park Steamship Company of Glasgow.

The Lady Ninian was bound from Newport News on May 9 for Leghorn, and passed Gibraltar on May 26. She measured 4,297 tons gross and was built at West Hartlepool in 1906. The Lady Ninian is owned by the Rederoft Steam Navigation Company of Cardiff.

GERMAN DYE MAKERS UNITE FOR MONOPOLY

Form a Billion-Mark Corporation to Control Trade in Coal-Tar Products After the War.

From a Staff Correspondent.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 1.—An important hint of organization here for "war after the war" is contained in the explanation given today by the Chairman of the board at the stockholders' meeting of the Amalin Corporation for a billion-mark combination which in the form of a community of interests is practically a monopolistic coal-tar dye trust.

"How economic relations will work out after the war is not quite certain as yet," said the Chairman, "but this much is already sure—that we shall have to calculate upon serious dangers. Everywhere in neutral and enemy countries rival undertakings have sprung up during the war, which are supported by their Governments and threaten to contest the supremacy of our industry in the world market with all the means at their command. These new undertakings are taken very seriously. According to our information, a new dyestuffs industry has spread particularly in America in a threatening manner. It is necessary to be armed for this fight. To this purpose the union of our native industry on the broadest possible basis seemed to us to be the best weapon. The community of interests, therefore, has in general a defensive character, and also is intended to secure us against the risks we run in connection with our capital invested abroad."

In the vital food news being served to the public daily the most interesting today is the probability that two meatless days in Berlin soon will be given up as a result of the new meat card which goes into effect next Monday. Since the meat card automatically limits the per capita consumption there is no further use for the formal meatless days. Everybody, it is argued, can choose his own meatless days. The consumption limitation enforced by the meat card will be felt most by those who have been patronizing hotels and restaurants and where a greater purchasing power has enabled one to get as much meat as he wanted, whereas private households have been forced to undergo the utmost limitations as regards meat.

The new card system has largely eliminated the advantages of the rich over the poor and of the restaurant patrons over the householders. After Monday one will in all probability have four meatless days, since the cards have only three coupons for a week's per capita meat ration.

From Stuttgart comes a report of the first meatless court banquet on record. It was held on Tuesday at the residence palace in honor of the Chancellor's visit to the King. Although the Stuttgart municipal authorities offered the King, the Chancellor, and other guests meat cards for this occasion, the proffer was declined, and all the rules regarding abstaining from meat on Tuesday were strictly observed.

BUCKWOOD INN
Shawnee-on-Delaware. Now open. Ideal climate. Family apartments. No better Golf Links in the world. Booklet. A. J. Murphy, C. V. Murphy, Managers.—Advt.

SOCIAL REBELS BURN ALL FLAGS

Bouck White's Followers Pelted as They Desecrate American and Other Emblems.

A REAR-YARD CEREMONY

Colors Dropped in Kettle and Set Ablaze as a Ceremony of Church Revolution.

LEADER ON TRIAL TODAY

Accused of Violating Law by Using Stars and Stripes for Advertising Purposes.

An American flag, with the emblems of other nations, was deliberately burned last night as part of the exercises connected with a general meeting of the Church of the Social Revolution held on the eve of the trial of its leader, Bouck White, which will begin today in Special Sessions. The ceremony was held in the back yard of the house the organization maintains at 125 West Twenty-first Street.

While the flags were being burned hisses and catcalls resounded, and missiles were thrown from the rear windows of neighboring houses, and even some of those at the meeting joined in the hissing. Immediately after the ceremony every one went upstairs and closed the celebration with cake and lemonade.

The flag-burning in the back yard followed a long meeting in the rooms of the organization. The question of flags was raised by the prospective trial of White as the result of the publication of a cartoon by him which the complainant considers a desecration of the Stars and Stripes. The charge is that he violated the penal law by using the United States flag for advertising purposes.

Apparently no one present knew what was coming except those who were to take part in it. White had alluded to the coming ceremony as "possibly dangerous" and "interesting," and had spoken of "our friend, Mr. Henkel, an artist from out Jamaica way," as one who had proved his courage "touchingly" by volunteering for a part in the coming exercises that might have serious results, saying that as he was only about six weeks away from the breadline and had a wife and two children to support, he did not see how anything that might happen to him could be regarded as serious.

In spite of these hints the meeting in the house gave no indication of the tension that was to accompany the later events, and those not in the secret readily went into the rear yard at the direction of the leader.

Meeting Ended With Prayers.

It was 10 o'clock when the first meeting was ended with prayers by two of the members and the auditors were requested to go downstairs. There was little light in the rear yard. It was afforded by half a dozen Chinese lanterns strung on wires. Immediately to the rear of the small yard is a loft building, whose blank wall rose far above the dim illumination, and provided a black boundary that shut out all glimpse of the sky.

A sort of altar, shrouded in red cloth, was revealed at its base as the light of the lanterns flickered, and in front of this was a large kettle swung on a tripod. No one spoke above a whisper. There was not a light nor a sound from any of the dwellings whose rear windows looked out on the strange scene. The neighborhood is a quiet one and most of its residents were in bed, for it was 10 o'clock.

Finally a signal as given and a man stepped into the circle of light near the tripod and kettle, which was marked "Melting Pot." By this time a creepy feeling had spread through the gathering and his words were listened to attentively. He spoke with accents of deep solemnity and again he used the words "dangerous." He said that at this time when the armies of Europe were burning and destroying it was particularly fitting that an act typifying international brotherhood should be done.

His voice was that of the trained public speaker and as he worked up to his climax his voice rose to shouts that aroused the sleepers in the neighborhood. Heads began to appear at upper windows, and people in hastily donned dressing gowns began to appear at balconies and fire escapes.

When the speaker had prepared his audience properly, he called out in dramatic tones:

"Let the first comrade appear."

British Flag First.

A man came forward from the house carrying a small British flag. He advanced before the tripod and kettle, which was now flaming with kerosene that had been poured in, and in droning tones recited a formula that was to be heard many more times, with occasional slight variations. It was like this:

"I, Robert W. Davis, a native of Great Britain, cast the flag of my native country into this melting-pot as a symbol of renunciation in favor of internationalism and universal brotherhood."

Then the flag was thrown into the burning pot. After this each flag-bearer delivered a prayer in his native language. There were two women among those who bore flags. One of them said it was God and not herself who did the act.

Those who took their places in line and the countries they represented were Robert W. Davis, Great Britain; Henry Webber, Germany; Louis Tchernow, Russia; Carto Chetyans, Japan; Domenico Sinesi, Italy; Mrs. Amanda Hull, Sweden; Miss Rose Rein, Rumania, and George Harris, Greece. After each had burned his flag he took his place in front of the altar, which was lettered

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Neutral Envoys Consult Gerard on Peace; Delbrueck Objects to Wilson as Mediator

BERLIN, Wednesday, May 31, (by Wireless to The Associated Press.)—Señor L. Polo de Bernabe, the Spanish Ambassador, who has been a frequent visitor at the American embassy here during the past few days, and Dr. Luis B. Molina, the Argentine Minister, called at the embassy at noon yesterday to inquire regarding President Wilson's reported intentions to offer mediation to the European belligerents.

Ambassador de Bernabe was recently received in audience by Emperor William.

BERLIN, Wednesday, May 31, (via London, June 1.)—Professor Hans Delbrück of the University of Berlin has written an article in regard to American mediation in the war, in which he says there is something repellent to Germany in the idea of accepting President Wilson as mediator. It is obvious, he says, that the sympathies of the President are with the Entente Powers, which might be regarded as disqualifying him so far as the Central Powers are concerned. He continues:

"Moreover, President Wilson, by using in his speeches expressions which are insulting, has created an atmosphere between us which renders a cordial rapproachement no longer possible. Nevertheless, Germany need not show herself absolutely inflexible, for Germany's strength lies in the fact that the President already has shown himself so unfriendly that he has left almost nothing undone in that direction.

"What could he do to us if he proposed conditions which we rejected flatly? He might threaten war, but he could never be able to win the support of American public opinion and of Congress for war in order to establish the peace of Europe."

Professor Delbrueck argues that the case is quite different with the Entente Powers, which, he says, are completely in the hands of America, and are compelled to accept conditions which America regards as reasonable.

"America does not even need to go so far as to prohibit the exportation of munitions and to withdraw financial support," he writes, "but needs only to insist on maintenance of the old rules of international law in order to compel England to yield. Now that Premier Asquith and Foreign Secretary Grey are speaking in a more peaceful way, President Wilson has only to seize the opportunity and he will have them firmly in his grasp.

"Furthermore, much as the President may wish to conduct mediation in the interests of Great Britain and France, we are not without weapons against him. The first is that we could raise the question whether we would enter into negotiations at all until Great Britain's blockade has been brought into harmony with international law. In the second place, President Wilson has a great personal interest in quick success because a Presidential election is pending. If Germany makes concessions to the pacifist spirit which is so extremely strong in America, Germany diplomatically would get the upper hand completely. It would be much more agreeable for us to deal directly with our enemies, but American mediation would offer certain advantages for us."

War Map Peace Basis, Says Hollweg.

LONDON, Friday, June 2.—"The present war map must form the basis of peace. Let the statesmen of the Entente powers look at the facts as presented by this map and they will know Germany's terms."

Thus spoke Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg, the German Imperial Chancellor, in the course of an interview with the correspondent of the Berlin Neuste Nachrichten during a visit to Munich, says Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent. The Chancellor's words, says the correspondent, have attracted the widest attention. The Lokal Anzeiger, commenting on the interview, says:

"We interpret the Chancellor's words to mean that the trenches which the Central Powers have erected east and west are an inpenetarable German wall of soldiers which must be the frontiers of a peace treaty. In no war yet has this been the case, but a military achievement which has been gained with so much blood must form the starting point for any negotiations for peace."

MEXICO EXPEDITION STAYS DESPITE NOTE

Officials in Washington Are in No Hurry to Reply to Carranza Demands.

NO CABINET SESSION TODAY

President Goes to Annapolis—Gen. Funston Is Asked to Watch the de Facto Forces.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—American troops will not be withdrawn from Mexico in response to the demand by the Carranza de facto Government, made in its note presented yesterday, challenging the good faith of the United States and demanding the evacuation of Mexican soil or a frank explanation from the Wilson Administration of why American troops were left there.

It has been President Wilson's set purpose all along to leave the Pershing expedition in Mexico until the Carranza authorities demonstrated absolute control of the situation sufficient to protect the Mexican border and American colonists in Chihuahua against raids and outrages. The Carranza note, instead of weakening, has strengthened the determination of the President and his Cabinet to maintain the American forces in Mexico.

The feeling in official circles here is that the presentation of such a note, which is regarded as having been based on false premises and misstatements of fact, and as reiterating the Carranzista demands in sharp and offensive language, will tend to make it more difficult to withdraw the American troops than if the note had never been written.

The fact that the American forces will not be withdrawn except in this Government's own way and in its own time was developed authoritatively today. President Wilson will answer the note by informing the Carranza Government that the troops will not be brought out until the United States is convinced beyond reasonable doubt of the ability of the Carranza Government to control the situation. This answer is not to be hurried. A week or ten days may elapse before it is sent. The fact that President Wilson decided to go to Annapolis tomorrow and called off the Cabinet meeting is of itself sufficient evidence that the Chief Executive does not look upon the presentation of the Carranza note as calling for an immediate answer, or as necessarily producing any real crisis in the relations between the two Governments. Such a crisis will not be considered as having been precipitated unless the Carranza Government attempts to translate its words into action by attempting to use force to compel the American troops to leave.

Ready to Challenge Contention.

The reiteration of the Carranza demand for the withdrawal of the American forces is not regarded as presenting any new or additional reasons for American evacuation of Northern Chihuahua. Most of the note is looked upon as a reiteration of the Carranza demand of April 12, presented in a communication that has not yet been answered, because it was not considered as necessarily calling for an answer.

According to the official view here, the April 12 note was primarily intended for home consumption in Mexico, and when simmered down, merely insisted that the American forces should be withdrawn because the Carranza Government did not think permission had been granted for their crossing into Mexico. Whenever the note of May 22, just delivered, is answered, the United States will challenge the Mexican contention that the American forces entered Mexico either through error, pretext, bad faith, wrong motives, or illegally.

President Wilson and Secretary Lansing hold that the American forces are in Mexico by virtue of a written agreement between the two Governments granting reciprocal rights to each to send its troops over the border under certain stipulated circumstances. They take the position that the Mexican Government itself proposed the reciprocal arrangement that this proposal was accepted by the United States and that before any troops were sent into Mexico as part of the present expedition under command of General Pershing the de facto Government was formally notified that the United States regarded the agreement which had been reached as in full force and was not so notified to the contrary by the Carranza Government before the American troops crossed the border.

It is not admitted for an instant by the Washington Government that it ever misinterpreted the agreement as

Continued on Page 2.

CONFIRM BRANDEIS BY VOTE OF 47 TO 22

Long Fight in Senate Over His Nomination Ends in Victory for Administration.

ONE DEMOCRAT OPPOSED

Newlands Later Explains His Vote—Three Republicans for Him—May Take Oath June 12.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The nomination of Louis D. Brandeis of Boston to be an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States was confirmed by the Senate in executive session this afternoon by a vote of 47 to 22. Only one Democrat voted against confirmation. Three Republicans voted in favor of Brandeis. Two Republicans were paired in favor of confirming the nomination.

No debate preceded the vote. By prior agreement the vote was to be taken at 5 o'clock, and when that hour arrived the Senate proceeded to the business of calling the roll to determine who was for and who was against the nominee, whose case has aroused more comment and caused more controversy than any other Supreme Court nomination.

The one Democrat who voted against Brandeis was Newlands of Nevada. The three Republicans who voted in favor of confirming the nomination were La Follette of Wisconsin, Norris of Nebraska, and Poindexter of Washington, all of the radical Progressive faction. The two Republicans who were paired in favor of confirmation were Clapp of Minnesota and Gronna of North Dakota, both of the Progressive element.

The vote in detail follows:

FOR CONFIRMATION.—DEMOCRATS—Ashurst of Arizona, Bankhead of Alabama, Beckham of Kentucky, Broussard of Louisiana, Chamberlain of Oregon, Chilton of West Virginia, Culberson of Texas, Fletcher of Florida, Gore of Oklahoma, Hardwick of Georgia, Hitchcock of Nebraska, Hollis of New Hampshire, Hughes of New Jersey, Husting of Wisconsin, James of Kentucky, Kern of Indiana, Lane of Oregon, Lea of Tennessee, Lee of Maryland, Lewis of Illinois, Myers of Montana, O'Gorman of New York, Overman of North Carolina, Owen of Oklahoma, Phelan of California, Pittman of Nevada, Ransdell of Louisiana, Reed of Missouri, Saulsbury of Delaware, Shafroth of Colorado, Sheppard of Texas, Shields of Tennessee, Simmons of North Carolina, Smith of Arizona, Smith of Georgia, Smith of Maryland, Smith of South Carolina, Stone of Missouri, Taggart of Indiana, Thomas of Colorado, Thompson of Kansas, Underwood of Alabama, Vardaman of Mississippi, and Walsh of Montana. Total—44.

REPUBLICANS—La Follette of Wisconsin, Norris of Nebraska, and Poindexter of Washington. Total—3.

AGAINST CONFIRMATION.—DEMOCRAT—Newlands of Nevada.

REPUBLICANS—Brady of Idaho, Brandegee of Connecticut; Clark of Wyoming, Cummins of Iowa, Curtis of Kansas, Dillingham of Vermont, du Pont of Delaware, Fall of New Mexico, Gallinger of New Hampshire, Harding of Ohio, Lippitt of Rhode Island, Lodge of Massachusetts, Nelson of Minnesota, Oliver of Pennsylvania, Page of Vermont, Smith of Michigan, Sterling of South Dakota, Sutherland of Utah, Townsend of Michigan, Warren of Wyoming, and Works of California. Total—21.

PAIRED FOR CONFIRMATION.—DEMOCRATS—Martine of New Jersey, Johnson of Maine, Swanson of Virginia, Bryan of Florida, Pomerene of Ohio, Johnson of South Dakota, Martin of Virginia, Williams of Mississippi, Tillman of South Carolina, and Robinson of Arkansas.

REPUBLICANS—Clapp of Minnesota and Gronna of North Dakota.

PAIRED AGAINST CONFIRMATION.—REPUBLICANS—Smoot of Utah, Wadsworth of New York, Kenyon of Iowa, Jones of Washington, Borah of Idaho, Catron of New Mexico, Weeks of Massachusetts, Colt of Rhode Island, McCumber of North Dakota, Penrose of Pennsylvania, Goff of West Virginia, and Burleigh of Maine.

ABSENT.—DEMOCRAT—Clarke of Arkansas. REPUBLICANS—McLean of Connecticut and Sherman of Illinois.

Newlands Explains Vote.

The negative vote of Senator Newlands was a complete surprise to the Senate and the Nevada Senator, recognizing that his action had aroused comment, later made public a formal explanation.

"I have a high admiration for Mr. Brandeis as a publicist and propagandist of distinction," said Senator Newlands. "I do not regard him as a man of judicial temperament, and for that reason I have voted against his confirmation."

Majority reports favoring the confirmation of Mr. Brandeis's nomination,

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BOSCA ITALIAN SPARKLING WINES. The Wines for the Connoisseurs.—Advt.

NEW LAND FOUND BY SHACKLETON

Named 200 Miles of Shore Caird Coast—New South Greenland a Myth.

HIS SHIP SANK AT SEA

Expedition Made Way to South Shetlands by Ice Floes and Boats.

HOPE FOR MAROONED MEN

Whaler to Seek Those Explorers Left Behind—Relief from Australia for Ross Sea Party.

LONDON, Friday, June 2.—A long dispatch from Lieutenant Sir Ernest Shackleton, who has arrived at Port Stanley, Falkland Islands, describes the misfortunes which overtook his antarctic expedition. His ship Endurance was pierced by icebergs and sank in the Weddell Sea on Nov. 20, having been abandoned by all hands on Oct. 27.

Almost from the first after starting from South Georgia in December, 1914, the Endurance experienced unfavorable conditions. Within a month the little ship was forging its way through ice floes. A new land, with a coastline of about 200 miles and great glaciers discharging into the sea, was discovered during this period. Future maps will show this latest addition to British territory, but will contain no mention of New South Greenland, which Shackleton proved to have been a myth. Shackleton's soundings in the region heretofore charted on the maps as New South Greenland are declared to have shown 1,901 fathoms of water. Other work of the expedition included a complete hydrological survey of the Weddell Sea, continuous magnetic and meteorological observations, important biological observations, cinema records to Oct. 30, and photographic records up to date.

Satisfaction over their earlier achievements was soon overshadowed by a foreboding that the approaching season was likely to be an abnormal one. A "great migration of thousands of seals northward" was observed. They were escaping from a doom of which they had been forewarned by instinct. The Endurance pushed on, only to meet with worse conditions. At length she became wedged in ice floes, while bergs towered above her as though they might at any moment overwhelm the vessel. For weeks on end the Endurance resisted the pressure, but by August it was apparent she must be crushed into a mass of splinters. The party was then forced to make camp on one of the ice floes.

Then came the end of the Endurance. "The terrific pressure," says Shackleton, "terminated in the tearing out of her stern ad rudder post." The main deck drove upward, ice cut in to the hull, the fires were extinguished, and, caught in a trap from which there was no escape, the vessel became a hopeless wreck.

The little party of explorers found themselves strangers in a frozen world of their own. They were the sole inhabitants of the field of ice. Their only sustenance was the small supply of provisions taken from the lost ship before she was abandoned and their only hope of safety resided in three small boats. Days of danger followed. An attempt to escape was foiled after a period of fruitless effort. "At times," says Shackleton, "the various units were isolated on separate floes."

There was nothing to be done but to retreat and await developments. "Patience Camp" was set up, and there these solitary men passed February and March of this year, slowly drifting north. Winter descended on them. They saw the desired land at times, but could not reach it. At length the floe on which they were imprisoned split in pieces under the influence of the swell, and the marooned men had to take to their frail boats.

Another floe was selected for a night's rest, but it broke up under their tent. Then came a period of arduous boat work. The party was threatened by wind, sea and ice until, after many days and worn out by hardships, they arrived at Elephant Island on April 15. A gale was blowing, as though the elements had determined that no man should reach safety, but the haven was eventually won.

The haven was merely an ice-bound, storm-swept spot in a land of desolation, but even this sanctuary was welcome to the explorers, who had found it no easy matter to support life. Then, owing to a shortage of food, Lieutenant Shackleton determined to endeavor to break through to the known world. With a few of his companions not too exhausted to undertake such further exertion and hardships as the effort promised, Shackleton braved the obstables and by sheer pluck, resource, and hard work, reached the head of King Haakon Bay. On May 19 he started across the island of South Georgia, the interior of which had, so far as is known, hitherto not been trod by the foot of man.

In thirty-six hours of continuous marching, Shackleton says he covered thirty miles over glaciers, across mountain ridges and snowfields from 2,000 feet to 4,000 feet above sea level, and then the Stromness whaling station was reached, nearly a month having elapsed since he set out from Elephant Island.

At Stromness Whaling Station they obtained an eighty-ton Norwegian whaler for an attempt to relieve the men left behind.

The whaler started south with a volunteer crew on May 26, but found the ice too formidable for an unprotected boat, and after several attempts reluctantly decided to turn north to the Falklands for assistance.

The party on the beach at Elephant Island were all well when Shackleton left on April 24. They had five weeks'

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PRESIDENT TO MARCH IN FLAG DAY PARADE

He Volunteers to Lead the Preparedness Hosts at the Capital on June 14.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—President Wilson will march at the head of the Preparedness parade to take place here on June 14, the opening day of the Democratic National Convention at St. Louis, which is to renominate him. When a committee in charge of the arrangements for the Preparedness parade called on the President today to invite him to review the procession, he said that he would not only review it but desired to take part in it. An agreement was reached then and there that the President should march at the head of the procession.

The President will lead the paraders from the Peace Monument at the west foot of Capitol Hill to the Post Office Department Building, a mile away, where the reviewing stand will be erected. He will draw out of line there, and after the review will go to the Washington Monument lot to deliver an address at the annual Flag Day celebration.

The members of the Cabinet will be invited to march with the President. Joseph P. Tumulty, the Secretary to the President, had already informed the committee in charge that he would march in the procession at the head of the members of the White House clerical force.

It is said that no other President of the United States ever marched on foot in a procession here.

NOTE DRAWS PARTISANS OF DIAZ TO CARRANZA

Mexico City Receives It With Approval and Many Offer Aid to the First Chief.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 1.—The Carranza note as published here last night and today caused a great sensation, and the general opinion is that it strengthens General Carranza's position with the majority of the Mexicans. Upward of 100 visitors called at the palace today, offering their support. Many who were only lukewarm supporters of the de facto Government have openly offered their support and promised to take an active part.

As yet no signs of anti-American feeling have been shown in this city. The foreign element believes the outcome of the present situation will relieve the uncertainty which has hung over Mexico since the Huerta incident.

A number of former Federal officials who had served under President Diaz, but not under Huerta, visited the palace today, offering their services in case of intervention. Government officials have an expectant air, and likewise are waiting to see what attitude the note has caused in the United States. Mexico is determined to resist the continued presence of American troops across the border unless Washington adopts a more friendly attitude.

BRITAIN EXTENDS LIST OF PROHIBITED IMPORTS

Matches, Stoves, Bath Tubs, and Beer Among the Excluded Commodities.

LONDON, June 1.—A royal proclamatiton issued today extends the list of articles not to be imported except under special license. The new prohibitions will become effective on June 8, and include carpet sweepers, cash registers, lawn mowers, sewing machines, stoves and ranges, wringers and mangles, toilet articles containing glycerine, metal bathtubs, beer, hops, matches, aluminium goods, and leather goods, except belting, boots, shoes, and gloves.

The prohibition which had been imposed on the importation of starch, dextrin, farina, and potato flour has been removed.

BROKER LOST ON YACHT TRIP

R. G. Estee Started Out in Canoe. Empty Craft Is Found Later.

Special to The New York Times.

DULUTH, June 1.—Duluth police tonight were trying to solve the disappearance here of Rush G. Estee, aged 30, a member of the New York Stock Exchange. Estee, a guest of Kenneth B. Van Riper on the Yacht Rambler, now anchored off the Duluth Boat Club on St. Louis Bay, vanished from the boat Wednesday night shortly after 9 o'clock. Members of the yachting party were at dinner and did not notice Estee's absence until after midnight.

When he failed to return they investigated and learned a canoe, kept on the yacht, was missing. The canoe was found deserted and upturned shortly after 4 o'clock this morning, floating on St. Louis Bay, a mile from the yacht anchorage. Chief of Police McKercher was notified at once.

Van Riper said tonight that he believed that Estee's disappearance was caused by an attack of mental aberration, due to overwork, as the cruise was organized with the view of giving Estee a vacation, the first he has had in eight years.

The Rambler flies the pennants of the Columbia and New York Yacht Clubs. Members of the party are skeptical as to the possibility of Estee having been drowned, but the bay is being dragged for his body.

At the Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity house, 608 West 113th Street, it was said that Rush G. Estee was a member of the fraternity, a bachelor, and made his home at the chapter house. Estee had been at the fraternity house a week or ten days ago and spoke of going on a yachting trip. His parents live in Greenwich, Conn. Estee was about 30 years old and was graduated from Columbia in 1908. The directory lists him as President of the R. G. Estee Investment Company, at 52 Broadway.

At the home of Kenneth B. Van Riper, 375 Park Avenue, it was said that the family were out of town.

DEWEY'S WINES GRACE ANY TABLE.
Pure, wholesome, delicious, yet inexpensive, 138 Fulton & 31 Nassau Sts., N. Y. C. Phone 3061 Cort.—Advt.

LEADERS SAY IT WILL BE HUGHES OR ROOSEVELT

Old Guard Wants Neither, but Expects Clamor from Delegates for a Winner.

ROOSEVELT RALLY PLANNED

Business Men Project Big Demonstration—Perkins Takes Charge of Campaign.

OLD HUGHES LETTER DUG UP

Can't Be a Candidate, He Wrote, and Favorite Sons Say That Is Conclusive Now.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 1.—In the opinion of long-headed leaders who will wield a decided influence in the Republican National Convention next week, the situation, as affecting candidates, has practically narrowed down to Roosevelt or Hughes. Neither is wanted by the chieftains of the Republican Old Guard, who until a few days ago believed that they would hold the convention in the hollow of their hands, and who are doing all the talking for their party here at present.

They oppose Colonel Roosevelt in 1916 with all the vengeful spirit that marked their opposition to him in 1912, on the ground that he wrecked their party and is now enrolled with the third party which played havoc with their hopes of victory four years ago. They object to Justice Hughes because bitter experience has taught a few of them that even victory, should it perch on the Republican banners this Fall, would be barren in a patronage sense should he be tenant of the White House for four years to come.

Tonight the Old Guard leaders are still talking with well-simulated assurance of "putting Root over," while the press agents and managers of various favorite sons are discussing the prospects of their candidates in an equally hopeful vein. But only a handful of delegates are here and all indications point to a united clamor for a winning candidate when they arrive. Of all the candidates so far mentioned, only Hughes or Roosevelt, in the estimation of Republicans who view the situation in the cold light of reason, without personal bias or rancor, fits that description.

Smoot Sees Hughes Leading.

That some of the light has penetrated into the inner circles of the Old Guard became apparent today when United States Senator Reed Smoot, who is Chairman of the Utah delegation to the Republican National Convention, arrived here.

"It will be Hughes or Roosevelt," he said. "In my opinion the chances decidedly favor Hughes. If I were a betting man and making a book I would lay odds at the ratio of 10 to 1 on Hughes and 20 to 1 on Roosevelt. That is the way I size up the situation after conferring with leaders from all parts of the country."

The statement of Senator Smoot created a rumpus among the supporters of Elihu Root, who had counted upon Senator Smoot to support their candidate. Senator Smoot recently expressed a decided preference for Mr. Root. His friends declare that he still regards the former New York Senator as the man best fitted for the Presidency in the present crisis, and that his only reason for desiring the nomination of some other candidate is his fear that Senator Root, if nominated, could not defeat President Wilson.

The joint attack on Justice Hughes on the part of the favorite sons continued today with unabated vigor. The anti-Hughes forces dug up and made public a letter which it was said Justice Hughes wrote to ex-Governor Edward S. Stokes of New Jersey about a year ago. This missive was regarded by the anti-Hughes men as definitely taking the Justice out of the race, inasmuch as in it he took a decided stand against dragging the United States Supreme Court into politics. Here is the letter:

"No Right to be a Candidate."

Washington, D. C., May 20, 1915.

Hon. E. C. Stokes, Mechanics' National Bank of Trenton, N. J.

My Dear Governor: Your letter of May 17 has been received. I think my statement covers the ground. It seems to me very clear that, as a member of the Supreme Court, I have no right to be a candidate, either openly or passively. I cannot remain working here and hold an equivocal position before the country. I must, therefore, ask that no steps be taken to bring my name before the convention.

With cordial regards, I am, very sincerely, yours, CHARLES E. HUGHES.

The substance of this letter was made public by Governor Stokes in August last, though he had received it in May. Later, on Aug. 21, he gave out the text of the letter for publication.

Frank H. Hitchcock, ex-Chairman of the Republican National Committee, who is actively at work in furtherance of the Hughes boom, said he had no comment to make on the letter or its publication, except to say that in his opinion it did not conflict in any sense with what was already known regarding the attitude of Justice Hughes, nor did it go any further than did his statement, frequently reiterated, that he was not a candidate for the nomination. Mr. Hitchcock said it would not affect his activities in any way.

Suffragists Seek Hughes's Views.

A new attempt to "smoke out" Justice Hughes is being planned by the woman suffragists. Mrs. Antoinette Funk of Wisconsin, Secretary of the National Woman Suffrage Association, who is here in connection with the arrangements being made for the woman suffrage convention, which is to be held next week, announced that she would call on Mr. Hitchcock tomorrow and demand that he tell where Justice Hughes stood on the question of amending the Federal Constitution so as to give women the ballot all over the United States.

"If Mr. Hitchcock is not able to give us the desired information we will insist that he wire Justice Hughes at once with a view of getting him to take his stand on this important question."

Colonel Roosevelt, as a Progressive and individually, already has announced that he favors votes for women. Woman suffrage is a tenet of the Bull Moose faith. The women believe that, with their sisters in nine Western States voting in Presidential elections, they are in a position to bring decided pressure to bear on candidates for the nomination.

When Justice Hughes was Governor of New York he turned a deaf ear to the requests made by suffragists that he intercede in their behalf with the Legislature in the interest of action looking to an amendment of the State Constitution to give women the ballot.

Perkins Now in Charge.

There was much activity, with some significant developments, in the Roosevelt camp. George W. Perkins, Executive National Chairman of the Progressives, was an early arrival of the day. He opened headquarters at the Blackstone and took official charge of the campaign for Colonel Roosevelt's nomination by joint action in the Republican and Progressive Conventions.

John W. McGrath, Colonel Roosevelt's private secretary, also appeared on the scene. It was generally understood that he had come to watch developments and keep the Colonel informed. Mr. McGrath put in a day of tremendous activity, in the course of which he talked with a number of the delegates who already have appeared, and kept a close watch on developments at the hearing on contests before the Republican National Committee. In some of the Southern States, where the "black and tan" delegations are contending for seats in the convention with the "lily whites," the Roosevelt people are understood to have vital interests in common with the colored contestants.

Shortly after the simultaneous appearance of Mr. Perkins and Secretary McGrath it became known that friendly overtures had been made by friends of Colonel Roosevelt to some of the favorite sons. From now on, it is the general belief, the Roosevelt boomers will bend every energy toward the prevention of any general movement on the part of delegates who have fulfilled their obligations to favorite sons in the direction of Justice Hughes on the second or third ballot. As yet there have been no negotiations looking to a turning over of favorite son strength to the Colonel, but merely representations to establish a community of interest between the Roosevelt supporters and the boomers of favorite sons in keeping their delegations together behind the latter long enough to make it apparent to Justice Hughes that if his nomination eventually should result it could be only after a fight and not as the result of a spontaneous party demand.

There is a belief among the opponents of Justice Hughes that once this is apparent to the Justice he will demand that his name be withdrawn. Under such circumstances a good many friends of Colonel Roosevelt here express the belief that the Colonel's nomination would be inevitable.

Reputed Deal With Fairbanks.

In connection with these activities, associated with the Roosevelt boom, there is an interesting report tonight that exceedingly close and friendly relations have been established between the Roosevelt camp and the camp of Charles W. Fairbanks, Indiana's favorite for the Presidential nomination.

The Fairbanks boom has behind it a better organization than any of the other favorite son booms that have pitched their tents in the convention city. The delegates pledged to his nomination, according to report, are bound to him for keeps, so that they will form an element decidedly to be reckoned with in the convention. Tonight it was whispered about that, in the event of Colonel Roosevelt's nomination, Mr. Fairbanks, who was the Colonel's successful running mate in 1904, would occupy the same place on the Roosevelt ticket this year.

In this connection a whole lot is being said by the friends of Colonel Roosevelt to recall the fact that in 1904 the Roosevelt-Fairbanks ticket was carried to victory by the biggest majority in the history of the Republican Party. Nothing is said, on the other hand, to recall the fact that Alton B. Parker was the Democratic candidate in that year, not Woodrow Wilson.

Friends of Mr. Fairbanks are not denying that overtures have been made, but they frown on the suggestion that their candidate would be open to any proposition having in view anything less than the Presidential nomination.

That Colonel Roosevelt's willingness, in the event of his nomination and election, to give grateful recognition to those who helped him reach the goal would prove a strong inducement with the delegations, from Southern States in particular, is generally recognized here. That the resourceful Roosevelt boomers, when their dragnet is spread to gather in delegates early next week, will not overlook this fact is the general prediction among the friends of other candidates, who are frankly apprehensive of the result.

Statement by Perkins.

While Mr. Perkins's statement made at the time of the general Progressive conference here last January, when he said that he hoped for harmonious Republican-Progressive action in the conventions and that "the candidate need not necessarily be Colonel Roosevelt," has been practically forgotten in the light of more recent Progressive pronounciamentos and activities, this part of his January talk was recalled by a statement he made shortly after his arrival here today. In this statement Mr. Perkins emphasized issues and the necessity of beating Wilson and did not mention Roosevelt once. Said Mr. Perkins:

"I see by the morning papers, as I heard on my way here, that there is a lot of bitter feeling being worked up in Chicago over the different candidates for the Republican nomination. This I think is very unfortunate, and, so far as we Progressives are concerned, we are going to approach the subject with the feeling indicated in the statement made last January by the representatives of our National Committee.

"This is pre-eminently the time when the feeling of every man in the convention should be 'America first.' I believe this is the spirit they will have.

"I have noted that Carranza, in a note received in Washington yesterday, accuses the Wilson Administration of duplicity and of misleading the Mexican Government. This is the first time any foreign power has dared to accuse the United States of treachery. Our final object is, with all possible speed and certainty, to stop this sort of thing and restore our good name."

After Mr. Perkins had dictated his statement a newspaper correspondent said: "What about Colonel Roosevelt, Mr. Perkins? You have not said a word about the Colonel in your statement."

"Oh, yes," said Mr. Perkins, as if quite incidentally, "of course, I believe Colonel Roosevelt is the man who could and should lead us to victory along the lines I have suggested."

Many Progressives Impatient.

Mr. Perkins, in a later statement, said:

"There is no denying the fact that many of our delegates are in favor of nominating Roosevelt without waiting. Just what will be done no one can tell at this time. Personally I am in favor of waiting until we see the temper and atmosphere of the Republican convention before making a nomination. I stand by the statement issued by the Progressive National Committee last January. I am here in a spirit of conciliation and am hoping that the Republicans will nominate a candidate and adopt a platform that we can indorse. I think we should confer with the Republican leaders in an effort to reach a satisfactory agreement. I have talked to none of the Republican leaders, but I expect to before we get through."

Harold L. Ickes, Progressive National Committeeman from Illinois, declared that he favored nominating Roosevelt regardless of any action taken by the Republicans. He said that Roosevelt was the first and only choice of the Progressives for President and that he believed Roosevelt would be nominated. Word was received from numerous Progressive State delegations that they favored nominating Roosevelt on the first ballot and adjourning the convention without waiting to see what the Republicans would do.

Pre-Convention Roosevelt Rally.

The Roosevelt boom is making more noise here than all of the other booms put together. A matter of much comment is the general approval his candidacy is winning among the most influential and conservative men in the world of business, industry and finance throughout the Middle West, and particularly in Illinois. The present situation is a direct reversal of the experiences in other Roosevelt campaigns, when big business turned a cold shoulder to the Colonel.

The headquarters of the Roosevelt Republican League was the scene this afternoon of a gathering of local business men, banded together as the Illinois Branch of the Roosevelt Republican League, at which J. Ogden Armour was elected permanent Chairman of the organization, A. A. Sprague, Secretary, and Arthur L. Farwell, Treasurer. All three are prominent in the business world.

The meeting determined to hold a Roosevelt mass meeting on the eve of the Republican Convention next week. The meeting will be held at the Garrick Theatre and J. Ogden Armour will preside. The following resolution was also adopted:

> The Republican Party came into being to meet a crisis in our country's history, in which there was at stake the integrity of our nation and institutions. During the Administration of its first President, Abraham Lincoln, there was an exhibition of the patriotism and devotion of a free people and of the strength and efficiency of Republican institutions, which made the foundations secure and their growth and extension inevitable among the nations of the world. That crisis found our country unprepared, and its settlement cost the sacrifice of hundreds of thousands of American citizens.
>
> After many years of peace another crisis has arisen, and the appeal is made to the patriotism and manhood of our country. In order to make our peace secure it is now necessary to demonstrate that we are prepared to defend ourselves against aggression or insult. The Republican Party in this campaign must answer it. The choice of the candidate for the Presidency at the coming convention will, in large part, be its answer.
>
> There is one man who, from first appearance of danger to our peace, has sounded the call and expressed the great, deliberate, final judgment of the patriotic American people. His nomination and election will be a guarantee that this country will be so prepared to defend itself. For that reason it will be a guarantee that our peace will not be violated.
>
> Without the least disparagement of any of the great statesmen whose names have been mentioned as candidates before the coming convention, it is our deliberate judgment as Republicans that the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt, ever that of any other man, is called for at this time. It is our judgment that Mr. Roosevelt's nomination will be followed by his election, and, with that accomplished, a policy of adequate preparedness for our defense will be carried out, and, that once assured, all danger of aggression will cease and our continued peace be insured.

New York's Advance Guard.

A small advance guard of the New York leaders arrived today. William Barnes, who, while he will not have a seat in the convention, nevertheless is expected to carry considerable weight in the selection of a candidate, came for the meeting of the Republican National Committee set down for today. He was asked his opinion of the new show of vigor made by the Roosevelt boom.

"There is nothing to it. Colonel Roosevelt's nomination, in my opinion, is out of the question," he said.

"What about the Hughes boom?" he was asked.

"What do I know about it?" said Mr. Barnes with irritation. "I have been away on an automobile trip and have just come in."

William L. Ward, ex-Congressman Lucius N. Littauer, who is a warm friend of Colonel Roosevelt; ex-Congressman J. Sloat Fassett, Cornelius N. Bliss, George R. Sheldon, and James R. Sheffield, President of the Republican Club, are among other New York arrivals. Messrs. Bliss, Sheldon, Sheffield, and Fassett are signatories to the Root indorsement, and they at once got busy laboring with members of other delegations in the interest of his candidacy. At the Root headquarters it was asserted that they were meeting with decided success.

William L. Ward of Westchester has been here for a couple of days, but has been noncommittal regarding the outcome of the convention. Mr. Ward, while expected to vote for Justice Hughes on the first ballot, said that he had come to the convention not pledged to any candidate. George W. Aldridge, another leader from New York, whose relations with Governor Whitman has been fully as close as have those of Mr. Ward, while reckoned as a prospective Hughes supporter, was said by his friends today to be not committed.

It was said in Hughes circles here tonight that Mr. Root would have thirty-six of the eighty-seven delegates from his own State on the first ballot. It was said there would be forty-eight or forty-nine votes to insure the election of Herbert Parsons, who is the candidate of Governor Whitman and his friends to succeed William Barnes as Republican National Committeeman.

Whitman-Wadsworth Fight.

The question whether United States Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., or Governor Whitman is to be Chairman of the New York delegation, in the opinion of many New York Republicans here, is still an open one. The Governor's friends hope to see him picked without opposition, but they realize that the position might be won by Senator Wadsworth, whose popularity is admitted, should he decide to make a fight for it.

There is no doubt among well-informed New York politicians here that on the second ballot all but twenty or twenty-five of the New York delegates will be for Justice Hughes should he still be in the running. A close canvass of the delegates from New York, it was said here today, had failed to disclose any votes that could be counted on with any degree of assurance by Colonel Roosevelt.

Governor Whitman is expected here on Sunday with the New York delegation. That body will meet to elect its Chairman on Tuesday evening. It was said here tonight by William A. Orr, the Governor's secretary, that Governor Whitman would make the speech placing Justice Hughes's name before the convention.

State Chairman Charles A. Rawson of Iowa, in charge of the campaign headquarters of Senator Albert B. Cummins, gave out a statement claiming 106 votes for Cummins on the first ballot, as follows: Iowa, 26; Minnesota, 24; Nebraska, 16; South Dakota, 10; Montana, 8; Arkansas, 10; Wyoming, 2; California, 6; Oklahoma, 4. Sixty-four second-choice votes are claimed, as follows: North Dakota, 9; Wisconsin, 16; Oregon, 10; Washington, 14, and Michigan, 15.

The claim that Senator Weeks of Massachusetts would have 200 votes on the first roll call in the convention was made by O. E. Weller of Baltimore, manager of the Weeks campaign.

A statement issued by the Root Headquarters claims a majority of the New York delegation for Elihu Root on the first ballot.

Complaint was made to those in charge of Chicago's preparedness parade to be held Saturday that friends of Roosevelt were planning to use the demonstration to advance the interests of their candidate. The charge is made that large electric signs are being erected bearing Roosevelt's name along the line of march and that thousands of banners with Roosevelt's name on them have been purchased for distribution among the marchers. Those in charge of the parade declare that every effort will be made to prevent the demonstration from being used for political purposes.

DECISION DEPRIVES HUGHES OF 16 VOTES

Contesting Georgia Delegation Seated by Committee—First Day's Work on Hearings.

CHICAGO, June 1.—Political supporters of Roosevelt and Hughes were jubilant tonight over the defeat of the attempt made by certain members of the Republican National Committee to have the contests over delegates heard by sub-committees instead of by the full committee, which always has decided these disputes.

When Chairman C. D. Hilles suggested that sub-committees be named to go over the documents in the contests so that the full committee would waste no time considering trivial disputes the Roosevelt and Hughes supporters scented a possible plot to have the contests considered in secret sessions and vigorously protested. Senator Reed Smoot, National Committeeman from Utah, a Hughes supporter, led the fight against the plan and succeeded in having the motion voted down.

Roosevelt and Hughes forces in the committee joined hands to defeat the plan, and claimed an important victory in the first scrimmage with the organization. Chairman Hilles and managers of the "favorite son" candidates professed to see no significance in the action, and insisted that the only purpose of the proposed appointment of sub-committees was to expedite the hearings.

The decision to have all the forty contests, covering sixty-two delegates, heard by the full committee was reached at the initial session of the committee, after a spirited discussion of the recommendation by Chairman Hilles, which was to have a sub-committee pay special attention to each contest, all being heard in the presence of the whole committee, and report a summary of the contest to the full committee.

Senator Smoot, declaring that every contest should receive the undivided attention of every committeeman, moved that after each case was decided a sub-committee should formulate the opinion of the committee for submission to the Committee on Credentials of the convention. It was this motion that prevailed.

Votes for Overseas Delegates.

The committee voted to place on the temporary roll of the convention the names of two delegates each from Porto Rico, Hawaii, and the Philippines, with the recommendation to the convention that they be permitted to vote.

A time limit of twenty-five minutes was allotted for the presentation of each side of a contest. The committee, after an executive session, announced that reporters from press associations would be allowed to attend the hearings. Announcement was made of the selection of W. S. Bennet, a New York Congressman, as parliamentarian of the convention.

The case of Virginia, which elected twice the ordinary number of delegates, was the first considered. On suggestion of Chairman Hilles the question was referred to the delegation itself as to who should be seated.

Senators Smoot and Warren were appointed a sub-committee to draw up resolutions to govern the Texas delegation, where, under a State law, two delegates from each district were elected. Mr. Hilles recommended that the delegation be seated as elected, but there was some opposition to this, and the sub-committee was appointed.

After disposing of the Virginia and Texas delegations the committee decided to enter on the temporary roll of delegates all the States from which no contests had been presented. On the recommendation of the Chairman the committee decided that when contests were reached the National Committeeman from the State presenting the contest should refrain from voting.

There were forty-eight Committeemen present and six absent. The six absent Committeemen were from Porto Rico, Alaska, Connecticut, Nebraska, North Dakota, and West Virginia.

The following proxies were seated with the committee: George W. Norton, for Maine; Fred W. Upham, for New Jersey; Charles H. Innes, for Massachusetts; C. D. Hilles, for Ohio, and W. B. McKinley, for Hawaii.

In the case of Tennessee, which elected double the number of delegates at large provided for in the call, it was decided to seat the four delegates at large who received the highest number of votes in the convention, the other four delegates at large being seated as alternates.

It was decided that delegates unopposed in the West Virginia primaries be accepted tentatively and that the committee meet on the morning of June 7 to receive the official ratification of the State.

Seat a Negro Contestant.

W. L. Saunders, a negro contestant for delegate from the Ninth Congressional District of Alabama, was seated. Saunders contended that no proper notice of the election of district delegates was given—that Saunders's friends were not told of the election in an attempt to organize the district on a "lily white" basis.

Six members of the regular Alabama delegation, whose seats were contested, won their places in the convention—Pope M. Long, Mayor P. D. Barker, O. D. Street, James J. Curtis, William L. Chenault, and John M. Aitken, delegates at large. The contesting delegates contended that they were excluded from the councils of the party because of their color. O. D. Street, who spoke for the regular delegation, charged that a majority of the registered negro voters of Alabama voted the Democratic ticket.

Hughes Loses 16 Votes.

Sixteen prospective votes for Justice Charles E. Hughes in the convention went by the board when the committee voted to seat the Henry S. Jackson delegation of Georgia. The action was taken after a lively contest, which lasted more than six hours and in which it was necessary to determine the personnel of the Georgia State Committee.

A delegation representing the Walter H. Johnson wing of the party in Georgia fought a stubborn battle. Each delegation came to Chicago uninstructed, but it has been generally understood that the Johnson delegation was prepared to support Justice Hughes, while the Jackson delegates were friendly to the candidacy of ex-Senator Root, with John W. Weeks of Massachusetts as second choice.

The question involved in the contest was one of control of the State organization. The Johnson and Jackson factions were together four years ago and formed the Taft delegation, which was seated after a contest. When the State Central Committee met this year to issue a call for a State Convention there came a sharp disagreement over the place of holding the convention, and the committee divided, each holding a meeting and issuing a call for a convention—the Johnson faction at Macon and the Jackson wing at Atlanta. Both State Conventions were held, and each, it was contended, was called by a majority of the State Central Committee.

In the hearing of the contest today scores of affidavits were presented, many of them contradictory. After two hours of argument, Senator Smoot declared that the issue could be settled only by determining which side really had with it a majority of the State organization.

Delegates representing the Jackson faction had affidavits to prove control, and his delegates were seated, with only a few dissenting votes. This delegation consists of Henry J. Jackson, John M. Barnes, Henry Lincoln Johnson, and B. J. Davis, delegates at large, and twelve district delegates.

The committee sat for ten hours today. The determination of the committee to dispose of the remainder of the sixty-two contests early was made manifest when, at the conclusion of the long session, it was voted to start tomorrow's session at 9 o'clock and continue without recess, as was done today. The Louisiana contest, involving twelve delegates, will be the first taken up tomorrow.

EXODUS FROM WASHINGTON.

Members of Congress to Attend Chicago Convention in Force.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The exodus of members of Congress from Washington will begin tomorrow night, immediately following the vote in the House on the Naval Appropriation bill, and Chicago, the Republican convention city, will be invaded by several hundred national legislators on Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

Republican members were consulting railroad time tables and packing suitcases today. Several dozen Senators and Representatives will quit Washington tomorrow night and Saturday noon will mark the departure of another large delegation that will include "Uncle Joe" Cannon of Illinois. "Uncle Joe" will travel on a special train made up for newspaper correspondents and members of Congress. The former Speaker of the House has attended every convention, except two, since 1860, and is looking forward to one of the liveliest times of his career in Chicago.

After Saturday work, both in House and Senate, will be carried on by unanimous consent. A gentlemen's agreement has been reached that no legislation which requires a roll call shall be taken up. As the Republican members return from Chicago the Democrats will begin to leave for St. Louis and the legislative tables in both houses will be reversed.

Some of the members of Congress are going as delegates, others as the promoters of this boom or that, and still others as onlookers. The interest in the Republican Convention is so great that the attendance of members of Congress probably will be the largest in years.

ROOSEVELT AT EVEN MONEY.

Now Favorite in St. Louis Betting—Two to One Against Hughes.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, June 1—Theodore Roosevelt today became the favorite in the betting here on the Republican nomination for President. Two days ago odds of two to one against him were offered. Today, after Tom Keanney, a local broker, bet $1,600 to $1,000 against the Colonel, $10,000 was offered by Roosevelt backers at those odds. The bookmaker changed the odds to even money, and tonight was pondering whether to accept the $10,000 Roosevelt bet, which came back at even money.

Odds against Hughes are now quoted at 2 to 1. It was even money a few days ago. Odds against Root are 4 to 1, Weeks, 10 to 1, and Fairbanks and Burton also 10 to 1.

JERSEY OLD GUARD GREET ROOSEVELT

Franklin Murphy Talks to Colonel as an Old Friend and Pins Flag Upon Him.

COLGATE DONS THE BUTTON

Franklin Fort Another Republican Who Aids in Making Newark Reception Cordial.

THOUSANDS CHEER SPEECH

Bob Fitzsimmons Welcomed by Colonel and Introduced to Diners as an Old Acquaintance.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt finished his stumping tour for the Republican nomination for President in Newark last night, where he addressed a meeting of 5,000 at the Industrial Exposition in the First Regiment Armory.

It was another busy day for the Colonel, and he said his only regret was that it was impossible to go to Weequahic Park, where, the police reported, 35,000 persons who had gone to see the pageant were waiting to greet him.

At the First Regiment Armory Colonel Roosevelt made his address from what is known as the illuminated tower, in the centre of the great drillshed. On every side was a cheering crowd that kept the Colonel running from side to side of the tower platform.

Near the Colonel in the illuminated tower, where all might see him, was ex-Governor Franklin Murphy, so-called "absolute boss" of the Old Guard, the anti-Roosevelt Republicanism of the State. With Mr. Murphy was his daughter. It has been a much-discussed declaration in Newark that Murphy and Roosevelt had not been on political "speaking terms" since the fight of 1912 which resulted in the formation of the Progressive Party.

Mr. Murphy seemed enthusiastic over the reception to the Colonel. He followed every word of the speech, and on one occasion, pointing to the crowd which was cheering wildly, he exclaimed: "Look at the heads!" He remained in the Illuminated Tower until Mr. Roosevelt completed his address, and then went with the Colonel as one of his escort to the Robert Treat Hotel, where the party made its headquarters. It was also noted that he pinned an American flag on the Colonel in the tower.

On the Reception Committee, which met Mr. Roosevelt at the station when he arrived from St. Louis at 7 o'clock, were many Old Guardsmen, and none seemed displeased with his job.

At a supper tendered to the Colonel at the Robert Treat Hotel soon after his arrival Mr. Murphy sat on his right and throughout the meal they had their heads together in animated conversation. While the meal was in progress Austen Colgate appeared in the dining room and walking up the centre aisle cordially shook hands with Mr. Roosevelt. This action was the signal for a demonstration from the 200 business and professional men and political leaders present. One of them called the attention of the newspapermen to the fact that Mr. Colgate wore a Roosevelt button.

Glad to See Bob Fitzsimmons.

Another incident at the supper attracted attention. An attendant appeared in the lobby bearing a card and acting in a manner that made it evident that he was uncertain what to do. A member of the Roosevelt party asked what was troubling him, and he whispered: "Bob Fitzsimmons, the fighter, is here and wants to see the Colonel."

The Colonel was informed of the visit, and asked that Fitzsimmons be shown in. A moment later the ex-prizefighter appeared in the dining room and the Colonel, with his "Glad to see you, Bob, fine," gave his hand a mighty shake. Then he introduced Fitzsimmons to ex-Governor Murphy, ex-Governor John Franklin Fort, Mayor Thomas L. Raymond, and other leading citizens, as "My old friend, Bob." Everybody was as cordial to "Bob" as if he had been an ex-President.

The Colonel's visit has started no end of political talk in Newark, and while Mr. Murphy would make no definite statement there were many who ventured the opinion that he might be found with the Colonel in Chicago. He is a candidate for United States Senator on the Republican ticket in New Jersey and some of the leaders feel that the nomination of Roosevelt would have an excellent effect on his chances.

Mr. Colgate is the Republican nominee for Governor on the organization ticket.

The Colonel's treatment was cordial from the time he arrived in Newark until he left at 11 o'clock to motor to Oyster Bay. There were crowds at the station, and the armory where he spoke was jammed to capacity. Most of his talk was devoted to a discussion of industrial conditions, but it was when he talked preparedness that the cheering was loudest. There was a tremendous outburst when he first appeared, and the Colonel led the cheering, waiving a big American flag.

The acoustics of the hall are not the best but, although many could not hear a word, not more than 500 of his auditors left before his address was finished.

Before he spoke to the crowd in the big drillshed the Colonel addressed the officers of the First Regiment in their rooms.

"As you know I do not believe in weasel words," he said, "and I do not believe in weasel deeds, either, and that is why I want to congratulate you men who show by your deeds that you mean what you say. It is on men of your kind that this country must depend. I don't believe in letting 'George do it' any more than you do."

The Colonel was a bit tired and showed it after he had been talking for half an hour in the armory. He went from there through a cheering crowd of 15,000 persons to take a brief rest before going to Oyster Bay. A strong-voiced man shouted to him: "I hope they hear this in Chicago and that it will let them know what the people want."

"Thank you, thank you," said the Colonel as he was hurried away.

Colonel Roosevelt's Speech.

Here is what Mr. Roosevelt said in Newark:

> I am glad to be able to speak at this industrial exposition which commemorates the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the founding of Newark. For over a century and a half after that date this country of ours was overwhelmingly agricultural in character. For the last half century its industrial development has grown by leaps and bounds. Newark typifies to a peculiar degree, what our country is growing to be. Therefore, both the causes of hope and the causes of fear for our national future are at work with full strength in this city.
>
> When all is said and done as to how much other classes contribute to our national welfare, it yet remains true that the whole structure rests on the men who do the work of industry and men who do the work of agriculture. The farmers, big and little, and their hired men, and the men engaged in business, including those who furnish the capital for, those who furnish management for, and those who for wages do the actual work of the factories and the railroads and all other industrial agencies—these are the two great classes who compose the bulk of our people, and whose welfare is absolutely fundamental not merely to national welfare but to national existence.
>
> Of recent years we have grown more and more to realize that as a mere business population, while the welfare of each is primarily his own concern, yet it must also be to a large extent the concern of all of us. As regards farming, for instance, if the soil is exhausted, then the people who draw their living from the soil will become impoverished, and then the whole social structure will topple. It is the business of the whole community to see that the soil that has been tilled for fifty years is more productive and not less productive at the end of that time. It is our business to help the men who dwell in the open country in such a fashion that not only their work be more productive but that their lives, and especially the lives of their women and children, be led in full and satisfactory fashion.

Efficiency with Justice.

> The same thing applies here in industry. It is essential that industry shall be in the highest degree productive—that is, that there shall be great efficiency and, as a necessary corollary, the ample rewards for great leadership without which such efficiency cannot be accomplished. It is no less essential that justice shall go hand in hand with the efficiency, and that the great rewards paid to the captains shall be paid, not at the expense of those who work under them or of the public which they serve, but as a just recognition of the fact that their activities have been to the benefit of the public, and that the reward of these activities has been, with a measurable approximation to justice, shared with and among the people who work for them. Unfortunately, there are many of our people who have refused to consider more than one side of this problem. It can never be rightly approached or satisfactorily solved unless full consideration is given both sides, unless there is a real attempt to combine common sense with a love of fair play. There are some men who talk and act as if all that is necessary is that kind of efficiency which produces an enormous immediate result and great prosperity for the few without regard to the fact that it creates among many others a rankling sense of injustice which is bound in the future to work harm.
>
> On the other hand, there are any number of visionaries, and of demagogues, who take advantage of visionaries; and both these classes often talk and act as if men who did not receive their fair share of prosperity could somehow be benefited by having the prosperity destroyed so that they would receive no share at all. Both types, the type of prosperous man who gains his prosperity by exploiting his fellows, and the type of unprosperous man who seeks to gratify his anger by wrecking the prosperity of others, are equally undesirable from the standpoint of the republic, as a whole. Moreover, morally they are really of the same type. Each denounces the views of the other; and yet his own view is merely the other's changed in form, but identical in essence. The arrogance of the malignant envy and hatred with which a certain type of agitator regards the man who is better off, although in appearance opposite views, are fundamentally merely diverse manifestations of the same evil spirit. The arrogance felt by the unscrupulous man of means toward his less favored brother and the envious hatred felt by the unscrupulous man of poverty toward his brother who is better off are two sides of the same evil shield. Arrogance is painted on one side and envy on the other, but the shield itself is the shield of selfish disregard for a brother's welfare.

Americanize Our Industry.

> After this war we shall face a Europe which has cast off the shackles of the past and which industrially will be as aggressive as any military power has ever been in a military sense. It is time for this great country of ours to be unified in its Americanism. One phase of that Americanism must be the Americanization of our industries. With this end in view it is an absolute necessity that there shall be protection, that we shall have a protective tariff administered as I have elsewhere described. But while such a tariff is essential to our permanent well being, and while, if there is not such a tariff, we shall face the gravest economic disaster after the close of the war, we cannot afford to forget that it is merely the beginning of securing for our industries the efficiency and the justice which are indispensable. The protective tariff is the barrier behind which our industries can be developed in safety. But it remains for us to see that they are thus developed with the highest efficiency and in nationalized fashion for the good of all of us.
>
> This legislation ought to embody the principle of reciprocity, which years ago was advocated by Blaine and McKinley, who were ahead of their time.
>
> It is not easy even measurably to realize the ideal of industrial justice. It is not easy to realize any ideal in actual life for, as all men of public affairs grow sadly to know, nothing is easier than to lay down lofty principles in the study or on the platform and nothing harder than successfully to apply them in the stream of the workaday world. Nevertheless the attempt must be made and must be measurably successful if we wish to avoid grave trouble for ourselves and for those who are to come after us.
>
> We must in every way encourage industry. We must recognize in the fullest and frankest manner the great services of those exceptionally able men without whose leadership there is not progress in industry. At the same time we must recognize that together with the exceptional rewards rightly due for exceptional service there must be a sincere and common-sense attempt to secure the passing around of prosperity, a reasonably just division of the rewards of prosperity. Upon our success in these two lines of endeavor depends the real greatness of our industrial and therefore of our national future. If we fail in one respect there will be no prosperity, no material well-being, and therefore no real future at all. If we fail in the other respect, the future will bring so much evil as in the long run probable to counteract the good. It is for the great leaders of industry and for the men of the type who have organized this extraordinary exposition to see that our course in these matters is shaped with such good-humored sanity and at the same time such appreciation of high ideals and such perseverance in following them that we shall avoid the twin gulfs of disaster. We must steer between them toward the realization of hope of those who when they made this republic, made it with the expectation that its citizens should be prosperous men and women who did justice to others and demanded justice for themselves.

Colonel Roosevelt departed from his set speech to reiterate his denunciation of hyphenates of all kinds, and to declare that "we are a full-grown country, and if we think we need a nurse and a perambulator we are mistaken.

"We have seen in the last two months," declared Colonel Roosevelt, "just how unprepared we are. We have had peace with Mexico. I say that because we have been officially assured. Peace," he added, smilingly, "continues to rage in Mexico with unabated violence."

He said he had heard many persons ask: "Who will we be prepared against?" His answer, he said, invariably was: "Against any one who might be tempted by our being weak."

Colonel Roosevelt also referred to the Panama Canal, and said he had no apology to offer for having "dug it."

"I might have written an elaborate message to Congress," declared the Colonel, "but if I had Congress would have debated on it and the canal would have been fifty years in the future. I decided to dig it and let Congress debate afterward. It is debating still."

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The Colonel's trip to Newark from St. Louis was uneventful except for a demonstration at Pittsburgh, where the Friars, under George M. Cohan, appeared at the station to greet him.

SEES DANGER IN COWARDICE.

Col. Roosevelt Writes for Patriotic and Social Preparedness.

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt in an article entitled "Peace Purchased by Cowardice Invites War" in the current issue of the Metropolitan attacks the belief that the policy of keeping out of the war, in spite of the Lusitania and other submarine incidents, has impressed other nations in our favor, and denies that "our three years of tame submission to the repeated murder of men, women, and children" had conciliated the Mexicans or other Latin Americans. Colonel Roosevelt quotes from El Radical, a Carranzista paper printed at Victoria, Mexico, an editorial written while the United States was still backing Villa. One paragraph quoted follows:

"May the victims and the survivors of the Lusitania pardon us, but our joy is greater than the sorrow we feel for the holocaust. Why? Because in the sight of the world the torpedoes which destroyed that ship sunk the honor of the United States in the ocean of ignominy. The sword of Barbarossa has slashed the cheek of Uncle Sam, and it makes the heart leap with delight to see the barbarian of America go down before the barbarian of Europe."

Colonel Roosevelt in the articles discusses questions of preparedness, and argues that the duty of military services goes with the right to vote.

"The prime lesson to be drawn from our gross misconduct both in relation to Germany and in relation to Mexico," he says, "is the absolute need of preparedness in this country. There is need of industrial preparedness no less than military preparedness. Military preparation must not be only with a view to the possibility of war, but to secure a feeling of patriotism and duty toward the central Government, a profounder sense of responsibility and a deeper appreciation of the meaning of discipline. Such preparation will mean that we will talk less about our rights and more about our duties, our obligations. Universal military service of the kind I advocate, based on universal military training, means co-operation and the establishment of a collective national spirit. This means laying the foundation for further steps in social reform. It means preparing the way in the popular mind for necessary social reforms. All this, of course, means immense social progress."

FORCOLONELAND FAIRBANKS

Indianians Would Like to Have Favorite Son for Running Mate.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 1.—Roosevelt for President and Fairbanks for Vice President—this is the aim of a well-laid movement which developed in the political horizon here today. Those on the inside of the movement have expressed confidence that the Roosevelt-Fairbanks slate would afford a solution of the blending of the two wings of the Republican party, not only in Indiana but the country at large, and especially in the Middle West.

Although the solid Indiana delegation to the Chicago Convention must support Fairbanks as long as his name is before that body, the present plan is said to go a little further than the first few ballots.

ANGLO-GERMAN TREATY THAT WAS NOT SIGNED

McClure Tells About It and Says Both Nations Are Near Accord on Peace Outlines.

S. S. McClure, editor of the Evening Mail, in an address last night to a large audience at Carnegie Hall, read the terms of a treaty between England and Germany which he said was drafted and initialed by the conferees in June, 1914. If signed, it would have satisfied Germany for decades, he said, and would not have endangered the British Empire. He had learned of this proposed treaty from official German sources and had obtained some confirmation of it in England. Following is a summary of it as given out by Mr. McClure:

> The Bagdad Railway from Constantinople to Basra is definitely left to German capital in co-operation with Turkey. In the territory of the Bagdad Railway German economical working will not be hindered by England.
>
> Basra becomes sea-harbor in the building of which German capital is concerned with 60 per cent. and English capital with 40 per cent. For the navigation from Basra to the Persian Gulf the independence of the open sea is agreed to.
>
> Kuweit is excluded from the agreements between Germany and England.
>
> In the navigation on the Tigris English capital is interested with 50 per cent., German capital with 25 per cent., and Turkish with 25 per cent.
>
> The oil wells of the whole of Mesopotamia shall be developed by a British company, the capital of which shall be given at 50 per cent. by England, at 25 per cent. by the German Bank, at 25 per cent. by the Royal Dutch Company, (a company which is Dutch but closely connected with England.) For the irrigation works there had been intended a similar understanding. The rights of the Anglo-Persian Oil Company, in which, as is known, the English Government is concerned, remained unaffected; this society exercises south of Basra on the Schat-el-Arab, as well as in all South and Central Persia, a monopoly on the production and transport of oil.
>
> A simultaneous German-French agreement leaves a free hand to French capital for the construction of railways in Southern Syria and Palestine.
>
> Besides this there is an agreement, already made before between Germany and England concerning Africa, with the reparation of their spheres of influence in Angola and Mosambique.
>
> Finally, there is to be mentioned the Morocco agreement, which established the political predominance of France in Morocco, but on the other hand stated the principle of "open door" as to the trade of all nations.

Mr. McClure said that England and Germany today were almost in accord in the outlines of the settlement of war. Both, he said, wanted security above all else—England, security against the doctrine that the power possessing the might has the right to force other nations to do its will; Germany, security against the threat for the future in the great growth of population in Russia. Mr. McClure said that England was ready to return the German colonies, but would insist on the restoration of Belgium.

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ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS CUT.

Number Reduced from 31 to 23—New Scheme for Leadership.

The new apportionment of Assembly districts has cut down the districts in New York County from thirty-one to twenty-three, and the Aldermanic districts from thirty-three to twenty-seven. To provide leaderships for all the Republican leaders, the Republican County Committee has made the Aldermanic district the unit for representation on the Executive Committee of the County Committee, instead of the Assembly district. The Aldermanic District Committees met Wednesday night and elected members of the Executive Committee, which carries with it the leadership of the district.

In the twenty-seven districts there are six dual leaderships. The new Aldermanic districts and Republican leaders are as follows:

1—James E. March and William J. Rose; 2—Joseph Levenson; 3—Frank Pepino and Richard Greenbank; 4—Alexander Wolf and Lewis Jacobson; 5—Benjamin F. Fox; 6—Samuel S. Koenig; 7—Herman W. Beyer and Michael H. Blake; 8—Jacob Samuels; 9—Anthony P. Ludden; 10—William Henkel; 11—Albert J. Berwin; 12—John S. Shea and Charles K. Lexow; 13—Charles Heydt; 14—Joseph E. Nejedly; 15—Valentine Hahn; 16—William C. Hecht; 17—John A. Bolles; 18—Ambrose O. Neal; 19—Collin H. Woodward; 20—Morris Levy and Samuel Krulewitch; 21—Beverly R. Robinson; 22—Frederick Trau; 23—Thomas F. Gleason; 24—Frank K. Bowers; 25—John J. Lyons; 26—Hyman Pouker; 27—Moses H. McKee.

The Democrats have not yet announced their district leaders.

BAKER PRAISES WILSON.

War Secretary Recites Party Achievements at Ohio Convention.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, June 1.—Ohio Democrats opened their State convention here this afternoon to hear Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, deliver the keynote speech, selected Presidential electors-at-large and then adjourned to a future date.

Secretary Baker praised President Wilson for pressing enactment of the Federal reserve and rural credits systems, tariff reduction, for upholding American ideals in dealing with Mexico, and for steering the United States away from participation in the European war. He expressed satisfaction that the preparedness program had been moderate.

"To speak of a man as a Republican today identifies him with no cause, ascribes to him no opinion, and whether it affiliates him with progressives or reactionaries, or both, cannot be told until after the National Convention in Chicago next week," said Mr. Baker.

He said the Federal Reserve act, by steadying business and commerce during the trying period of the European war, alone "would afford a record for courage and wisdom upon which the party could confidently appeal to the country." It has eliminated the power of a few financiers to cause a panic, he said. The rural credits legislation "is the first comprehensive recognition by the nation of the needs and rights of those who till the soil as the foundation of our entire economic structure," said the Secretary.

Ex-Governor James M. Cox of Dayton formally announced to the delegates his intention of again being a candidate for Governor. Ex-Governors Campbell and Harmon were chosen electors at large.

After being in session little more than two hours the convention adjourned, without adopting a platform or indorsing candidates, to meet at the call of Senator Pomerene, as permanent Chairman, some time after the State primaries, and not later than Aug. 30.

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KERSTING FOR CONGRESS.

German Leader in St. Louis Asks for Republican Nomination.

ST. LOUIS, June 1.—Henry A. Kersting, President of the St. Louis Branch of the German-American Alliance, today filed notice with the Republican State Committee of his candidacy for the Republican nomination for Congress in the Tenth Missouri District. This is the district formerly represented by Richard Bartholdt.

Mr. Kersting today resigned from the Presidency of the German-American Alliance, saying he did not wish to appear to use his office in the alliance to advance his political interests.

NEW LAND FOUND BY SHACKLETON

Continued from Page 1.

provisions, with the possibility of reinforcing these by the capture of seals.

Following is the log of Lieutenant Shackleton's course as recorded in his message:

The Endurance started from South Georgia Dec. 6, sailed southward through the Sandwich Islands and entered the ice pack in latitude 58.40, longitude 18. The ship was forced by devious courses through a thousand miles of bergs until Goats Land was sighted Jan. 10. Shortly afterward Shackleton discovered new land with 200 miles of coastline, which he named Caird Coast.

The expedition reached the furthest south point of the drift in latitude 77 longitude 35.

The ship was carried northward Oct. 27 and badly crushed by the ice. The position was serious in latitude 69.5 longitude 51.32. The nearest land was Paulet Island, 346 miles distant. The Endurance sank Nov. 20.

The party arrived at Elephant Island April 15. Shackleton and five men left for South Georgia April 24 and arrived May 10. They reached Port Stanley May 31.

In view of the information received from Lieutenant Shackleton, the plans of the Government for sending a relief expedition from England will be abandoned, and a whaler will be sent from the Falkland Islands to rescue the marooned men.

According to Sir Douglas Mawson, Australia is sending a relief party to reach the ten men who are stranded on the great barrier on the Ross Sea side, owing to the breaking away of the auxiliary Aurora, which was to have met the main party when it emerged.

"I am, of course, glad to hear the good news concerning my husband, but I am still anxious to know how his companions have fared," said Lady Shackleton last evening. "The twenty-two men who were left behind in the hole in the ice cliffs on Elephant Island and the five men who accompanied Sir Ernest have my sincerest regard, and it is a relief to me to know that they are alive and safe so far. I hope it will be possible shortly for the safety of the whole party to be placed beyond doubt.

"The last time I heard from my husband was in December, 1914, when the Endurance left South Georgia. Naturally, as the end of May drew near, I had already begun to give up hope of seeing him again. When the present news came I was overjoyed. I am also concerned about the Aurora and the welfare of the Ross sea party who had hoped to meet Sir Ernest across the Trans-Anarctic continent. But I shall always think of the endurance of the men and the terrible privations they must have suffered during those 700 miles through the ice field."

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END OF THE ENDURANCE.

Shackleton Tells of Days of Terror Amid Crashing Floes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, June 2.—Lieutenant Shackleton in his story of the loss of the Endurance says that from mid-April until the final crushing of the vessel the explorers passed a time of the gravest anxiety. Icebergs towered above the Endurance as though they might crush her at any time. The ice pressure which began in June became increased in July. The ship was shaken by the concussion of huge blocks of ice thrown about, some of them weighing thirty tons.

Describing the end of the Endurance Shackleton tells how he was examining floes during the blizzard when the ice split under his feet. With a grinding crash the pressure hove the Endurance out of the ice, and flung her against the floes. Although she heeled over half out of water with her rudder split for weeks she resisted the pressure, but by August it was apparent that she must be crushed to splinters. Hope, however, arose in mid-October when she broke clear of the floe, but only to be seized again in a pressure which on one occasion threw her out on the ice on her beam-ends. Then on Oct. 27 the end came.

During the voyage one man had a narrow escape. He fell into the sea and was rescued only just before the floes closed over him. This was an occasion when the party were compelled to spend the night on a rocking floe only 100 feet long.

News of Shackleton's safety was communicated to the King, who telegraphed direct to Shackleton.

CRITICISES SHACKLETON'S TRIP

London Morning Post Calls Undertaking Ill-Advised in War Time.

LONDON, Friday, June 2.—All of the morning papers publish the story of Sir Ernest Shackelton's Antarctic expedition in full with the exception of The Morning Post. The Post devotes two paragraphs to an account of the expedition, and in an editorial denounces the undertaking as ill-advised in war time.

"A nation fighting for its life," says the editorial, "has other things to absorb its thoughts and energies than discovery, and when we remember all that is now at stake on the battlefields of Europe we cannot affect more than relief that the news from the Falklands is no worse.

"No doubt in other times it would have been thrilling to read all that has befallen Shackleton and his devoted company at the South Pole. It is impossible today, however, not to reflect on all that might have befallen this country and that has been so narrowly averted while the Shackleton expedition has been locked helplessly in the antarctic ice floes."

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JOFFRE UNTOUCHED BY STRAIN OF WAR

French Commander as Calm and Fresh as When He Mapped Out the Marne Victory.

WORKS 17 HOURS A DAY

On a Clocklike Schedule Which Covers Every Detail of the Great West Front.

PARIS, May 20, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Twenty-one months of responsibility by General Joffre in the conduct of the greatest war in history, during which time he has been on duty an average of seventeen hours a day and has traveled more than 70,000 miles in a motor car, do not seem to have aged this veteran soldier a bit; there is not the slightest betrayal of fatigue in his countenance, his step, or in his mind; he is quite as ready for any development today as at any time since the war began, and his decisions are as prompt and clearly thought out as on the historical Aug. 26, 1914, when he issued to the French armies the general instructions for the battle of the Marne.

It is in a quiet villa surrounded by a pretty garden and in a spacious room on the ground floor with a billiard table covered with maps in the centre and maps on all the walls that the General in Chief begins to receive reports from his staff officers between 5 and 6 o'clock in the morning.

General Joffre on sitting down at his work table finds a single sheet of paper on which is noted the latest news of the situation of the French and German armies receiving during the night. There is no inkstand on the table, for the General writes very little, and no telephone, an instrument that he detests, and never uses excepting by proxy. There is a complicated set of colored crayons, however, with which the General with his own hand marks changes in the situation of the armies upon the maps.

After a hasty glance at the memorandum, the General listens to reports from the staff, which are rapidly commented upon, while concise orders are given covering questions of detail; afterward projected orders of considerable consequence are submitted to the General by members of his staff, or submitted by him to the staff.

A Detached Commander in Chief.

General Joffre listens to his officers with a rather detached air; he even has the appearance of paying no attention to what is being said; then suddenly will surprise his staff by interrupting the reader of the report or letter and reaching out for it. Whenever a phrase or a word strikes him he insists upon reading for himself; he also follows for himself, pencil in hand, reports concerning military operations and movements of troops, and seeks out for himself even the most insignificant points named in the dispatches. With the same care he reads every telegram, every order, before signing it.

The first session of the day disposes of questions of organization, troops required at different points, movement by rail, sanitary service, arrangements for reinforcements, all of which are decided to the smallest detail.

The first part of the session is devoted to what is called the situation of the "Northeast," which means the north and east of France, or the Franco-Belgian front; then follows a discussion of what is called the "T. O. E.," standing for "Theatre Operations Exterior."

After about three hours consecrated to reports and the necessary orders to provide for the eventualities of the day, Joffre rises from his desk and puts on his cap, which is the signal for the departure from the General Headquarters to some one of the armies at the front. It is generally about half past nine. Three powerful motor cars are always waiting at that hour in front of the villa. As the General passes out of the door an officer pushes into his hand a small paper that he sticks into the pocket of his jacket. It is the time table and the itinerary of the day's journey, arranged and approved by him the evening before and from which no divergence is permitted.

The General in Chief and an ordnance officer get the first car, while a second officer follows in what is called the "relief car," the third one being reserved for two secretaries who accompany Joffre on all his visits to the armies. These same cars have carried the General and his suite ever since the beginning of the war over nearly every mile of the ground from the sea to the Vosges. The hours he spends speeding over the country are hours of comparative rest for him. He improves the occasion to read in more detail long reports that have not required immediate attention, but which he wants to know from beginning to end, but most of the route is spent in rest, the General being an adept in the art of catching snatches of sleep en route. He is credited with the power of sleeping when he wants to and of awakening at will.

The General's car is known to every one in the army by the tri-colored fanion with a gold-fringed cravat that it carries. He always arrives without ceremony and proceeds immediately and simply to the business at hand, whether it be a discussion of important projected operations with the commander of an army or whether it be his simple lunch, which he often takes seated on the ground at the side of the road, and which he dispatches with good appetite. Frequently, instead of leaving the car to visit the headquarters of an army, he takes the General in command into the car with him and discusses matters en route, thus saving time and keeping to the time table prepared for his round. The discussion goes on while the General in Chief and the General in command of an army are making their way to the communicating trench through which they will proceed to the first line trenches.

Nothing in the construction of these trenches escapes Joffre. If there is anything wrong anywhere, the officers and soldiers say, it is that very thing that the General's eye will light upon. He prefers to be unnoticed in these sort of business trips to the front, insisting that they in no way partake of the form and ceremony that attaches to reviews, but, instinctively, when the old "grandfather" passes, the sentinels and soldiers present arms, reddening with pleasurable emotion because of this opportunity to honor the General in Chief.

Two First Requirements.

None of the army commanders have yet been able to satisfy Joffre on two points—the shelters for the men along the first line are never deep enough, and the barbed wire entanglements that protect the first line are never dense enough.

"It's very well, it's very well," says he generally to the Colonel, shaking his hand, "but you must put up a little more barbed wire. I am going to send you more, and when you have a few men available just deepen these shelters a bit, too."

He never forgets such things; the barbed wire is always forthcoming, and if he passes that way again and finds the shelters have not been deepened, he notices it and makes the Colonel notice it.

The numerous reviews that Joffre has had occasion to pass in twenty-one months of war are not entirely matters of show and parade. He first visits the installation of one of the battalions and inspects the kitchens, the laundry, and the organization of the baths. After he has assured himself that the material wants of the soldiers are cared for he passes along the line to salute the regimental flag.

Of all the Generals who have conferred decorations during the war, none, it is said, do it with such real feeling as Joffre. When he gives the "accolade" after pinning the cross upon the brave soldier's breast, whether it be the simplest trooper, the blackest Senegalese rifleman, or an officer, he kisses him heartily on both cheeks, never being satisfied with a semblance of an embrace as are some other Generals.

After conferring with the General of an army, visiting the quarters of the troops, or passing a regiment in review, Joffre always consults his little paper, the itinerary of his round, and this is about the only thing that disturbs the equanimity of his temper. "We are going to be at least twenty minutes late," he often says, impatiently, and this means that the man at the wheel must make up that time in order to get back into the General's good graces; he never goes too fast to suit his illustrious passenger.

The Evening's Work.

The tour of inspection is generally finished about 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Then back at headquarters, comes the most annoying part of his day's work—questions of displacement, promotion, retirement, recompenses of officers, and citations of soldiers, besides a thousand and one questions relating to arms, material, ammunition supplies, and the sanitary department. The reserve supplies of shells for cannon of different calibre is a matter of such momentous importance in this war that Joffre leaves these details to no one else; he keeps the figures in his head, and he, any day, can give the exact reserve stock of ammunition in hand. He knows also the exact figures representing the daily output of the ammunition factories. He personally attends to all trials of new engines of destruction or protection.

After the audiences relating to these questions, the General receives the director of what is called the "services of the rear," to discuss transportation and plans for the repair or construction of railroads; still more designs, more figures, all of which are organized, coordinated, and filed in the prodigious memory of the General in Chief, so accurately as to require no memorandum.

General Joffre has been described by some of his Generals as the safety valve of the army. While he is the directing intelligence of the great machine, he is at the same time the relief for overcharged minds of subordinates who, under certain contingencies, may be overaffected by matters of secondary importance. Surprised by some unlooked-for development, and impressed by a complication that seems to them decisive and perhaps irremediable, a simple observation from Joffre often reduces the exaggerated incident to its proper proportions and cools the blood of his subordinates.

The General in Chief is not partial to the visits of civilians in wartime. He has resisted with admirable consistency the constant pressure of thousands of influential civilians who have no business at the front, but nevertheless desire ardently to see it. Besides the hundreds of war correspondents, the supervising committees of the Chamber of Deputies, hundreds of other influential politicians, Ministers, and other governmental officers, there are the visiting notabilities from the allied countries who never fail to put in an application for a visit to the front.

When the General lunches at the General Headquarters he manages to satisfy some of these innumerable demands by receiving French or foreign Ministers, Generals, other officers of the Allies' armies, or notabilities at his table. The dinner is generally a good one, because Joffre eats with an excellent appetite, although he drinks little and smokes not at all. It is one of the hours of the day which he looks forward to, because questions relating to the service are rigorously barred from the conversation, and gayety is the rule. After dinner the General turns over rapidly the leaves of the latest illustrated papers, and complains of the multiplicity of photographs representing him in all sorts of positions and poses that he rarely finds to his taste.

The General in Chief returns to his work at 8:30 in the evening, to receive the reports of the day that have arrived in his absence and to approve the communiqué to the press, which is never transmitted to Paris without having received his approbation. The ordnance officers bring in the last telegrams and receive their orders for the morrow. At 10 o'clock, after the members of his staff have all retired, the General finally, entirely alone in his workroom, finishes his day's task.

RUSSIAN ADVANCE CHECKED BY TURKS

Ottoman Forces Stiffened by Heavy Reinforcements of German and Austrian Troops.

MAMAKHTUM IS RETAKEN

Petrograd Considers Foe's Vigorous Offensive Has Merely Delayed the Conquest of Mesopotamia.

PETROGRAD, June 1.—The last week has brought no noteworthy change in the position of the opposing forces in Asia Minor, but the Turks, heavily reinforced by Germans and Austrians, have, by executing a series of sharp thrusts at various points along the Russian line, succeeded in checking the Russian advance. These Turkish attacks have been directed against the main lines of the Russians beyond Trebizond, and in the region of Baiburt, Erzingan, and Rivandouza.

While not making permanent gains in any of these directions, the effect of the persistent drives has been to bring the Russian advance to a standstill, temporarily at least. The Turkish attempt to advance upon Kargha-Bazar, (between Erzerum and Diarbekr,) mentioned in last night's official communication, was evidently conducted with the intent of dividing the two Russian groups operating beyond Erzerum and Mush. But the wedge which the Turks succeeded in driving into the line at this point could not be maintained before the Russian counterattack. Thus the Russian communications are still intact and the situation is unchanged.

The Turkish offensive, which has been the most energetic of all their efforts in this theatre, is now considered to have spent itself, without achieving any more definite result than that accomplished by previous opposition—the temporary delay at great cost of the Russian forces into Mesopotamia.

The War Office today issued the following bulletin:

In the direction of Baiburt strong Turkish forces attacked thrice on the night of May 30, one of our sectors, but, thanks to the concentration of our infantry fire, were compelled to retire.

Simultaneously, a number of enemy contingents took the offensive, aiming to outflank our salient near Mamakhatum. We evacuated Mamakhatum after the demolition of the bridge.

In the direction of Diarbekr we repulsed, by our fire, an attack by infantry and Kurdish cavalry.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 1, (via London.)—Turkish troops in the Caucasus took the offensive against the Russians over a front of thirty miles on Tuesday. The War Office announces the recapture by the Turks of Mamakhatum, fifty miles west of Erzerum, which recently was taken by the Russians. The statement follows:

An offensive movement which we opened on the morning of May 30 from the general direction of Puzladers and Mamakhatum against Russian positions 8 kilometers west, 6 kilometers south, and 18 kilometers southeast of Mamakhatum, along a front of 30 kilometers (20 miles) was successful. The Russians were taken by surprise and were compelled to retreat to the east and northeast without being able to offer serious resistance. We occupied Mamakhatum.

A counteroffensive undertaken by the Russians from Tohoruk Anaf, on the left wing, failed after vigorous fighting with artillery, infantry, and bombs.

An enemy monitor and two torpedo boats shelled several undefended villages on the western part of Kesten Island, (off the coast of Asia Minor.) Some houses were slightly damaged and one civilian was killed.

ITALIAN LINES HOLD AGAINST ALL ATTACKS

Austrians Thrown Back in the Lagarina Valley and on the Arsiero Front.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, June 1, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—It is presumed that the next stern clash of arms will be directed against the Italian barriers at Arsiero hollow and the positions on the Seven Communes plateau, dominating Asiago hollow and its communications with Sugana Vale.

The Italian official outlook nevertheless is cheerful. The Austrians will have a tough task to pour down into the plain, and military critics believe they may find to their discomfiture that the Italian General Staff has there prepared for them another Sedan.

ROME, June 1.—The Austrian offensive has been resumed with increased vigor, especially along the Posina rivulet. The object of the Austrians is to surround Arsiero, which would enable them to descend toward Schio. Confronted by stubborn resistance the Austrians here have been compelled to retire back across the Posina, after suffering heavy losses. It is said that two Austrian Generals were killed in the fighting in addition to a large number of other officers.

The heavy casualty list is attributable to the nature of the terrain, which consists of rugged peaks, gorges, precipices, and very narrow valleys, where the making of shelter trenches is impossible.

The War Office communication issued today follows:

In the Lagarina Valley there have been artillery duels. The enemy again attempted during the afternoon a surprise attack at Buole Pass, which we repulsed with the bayonet. On the Pasubio sector there has been artillery activity. Repeated enemy attacks in the direction of the Upper Forni were brilliantly repulsed by our Alpine troops.

In the zone between the Posina and the Upper Astico the violent artillery action continued yesterday. In the afternoon an enemy column, having crossed the Posina torrent, attacked in the direction of Monte Spiri. Their attack was arrested on the extreme northern slopes of that mountain. Another column advanced toward Santobaldo, southeast of Arsiero, but was beaten and driven back in disorder beyond the Posina. On the Sette Communi there is strong enemy pressure against our wing positions at Monte Cengio and on the little valley of Campomulo.

The situation in the Sugana Valley is unchanged. On the upper But there has been the customary enemy artillery fire.

Along the Isonzo front our detachments continue their bold incursions, in one instance capturing a bomb thrower. On Tuesday and Wednesday our air squadrons raided the Assa Valley, dropping bombs on camps and depots with effective results. The aviators returned safely.

SAYS KING HAS GONE TO REAR.

German Report That Victor Retired Because of Austrian Offensive.

BERLIN, June 1, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—The Cologne Volkszeitung says it is reported, although not confirmed, that King Victor Emmanuel and his personal staff have departed secretly from the Italian General Headquarters at Udine on account of the Austrian offensive and retired to Venice.

Major Moraht, military critic of the Tageblatt, writes of the Austro-Italian campaign:

"The Austro-Hungarian advance is in progress on a front of fifty kilometers (thirty-one miles) between the Adige and the Brenta. This is about the same distance as the front between Gorlice and Tarnow, in Galicia, over which the offensive against the Russians was conducted thirteen months ago.

"The general direction of the advance is toward the Italian line running through Asiago, Arsiero, and Schio, which up to the present time had been protected by advanced positions. This line represents the third and last fortified defensive position, the strategic object of which is to prevent an invasion of the Venetian plain.

"The Austro-Hungarian troops already have disposed of the loftiest heights, which presents a situation favorable to them. When the heavy artillery has been brought into place there will be visible evidence of this.

"The total Italian casualties thus far are not less than 80,000 men. The loss of more than 200 cannon is exceedingly serious for the Italians, since they cannot be replaced during the war. The task of the Italian commander, General Cadorna, is to rescue his entire army from a situation which may be regarded as exceedingly difficult. General Cadorna should have foreseen this situation, but he overestimated the effectiveness of the Italian Army and perhaps his own capacities."

LEASED CABLE TO CUBA.

Associated Press Opens Direct Wire Between Here and Havana.

A direct leased wire between New York and Havana has been installed by The Associated Press, beginning last night, to serve its Havana members. Heretofore service to the Havana papers was transmitted at the cable word rate, and this is the first leased news circuit ever installed between this country and Cuba.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—President Wilson, en route to Annapolis on the naval yacht Mayflower, sent by wireless tonight for transmission over the new Associated Press leased wire to Havana the following message to President Menocal of Cuba:

His Excellency the President of Cuba:

On the opening of another direct channel of news between the United States and Cuba, I extend to your Excellency my felicitations on this new evidence of the increase of the mutual interests of our countries, which are being constantly drawn more closely by the bonds of friendship and sympathy which have always united the two republics and which I sincerely hope may never be broken.

WOODROW WILSON.

CONFIRM BRANDEIS BY VOTE OF 47 TO 22

Continued from Page 1.

and minority reports opposing it, were submitted to the Senate by the Democratic and the Republican members respectively of the Committee on the Judiciary, and these were made public when the Senate acted this afternoon. Some of the members of the committee submitted individual reports, agreeing in general, however, with the views of the larger number of their party associates. Senator Chilton, who submitted the principal report advocating confirmation, had this to say in regard to the charge that Mr Brandeis did not possess the judicial temperament:

"Judicial temperament is a thing which it is not for a man to judge except by actual experience on the bench. No one can tell whether a great lawyer will be a great Judge until he has been tried. It seems to me that there is more in the life of Mr. Brandeis, as shown by this record, to incline one to the belief that he has the qualities of a good Judge than there is to the contrary. It is remarkable that friend and foe alike speak of his ability as a lawyer. The late Chief Justice Fuller advised one seeking a lawyer in the East as follows: 'Go to Boston and see Mr. Louis D. Brandeis, as I consider him the ablest man who has ever appeared before the Supreme Court of the United States. He is also absolutely fearless in the discharge of his duties.'"

Considered Him Unfit.

The minority report, signed by the eight Republican members of the Judiciary Committee, concludes as follows:

"Never before in the history of the country has a man been appointed a Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States whose honesty and integrity were seriously brought in question. It must be evident to any thinking and unbiased mind that this appointment has resulted from something other than the qualifications and fitness of the appointee for the office. We regard it as a great misfortune and a distinct lowering of the standard heretofore maintained in making appointments to this high office that one should be selected for the place whose reputation for honesty and integrity amongst his associates at the bar has been proved to be bad, which reputation has been justified by his own course of conduct. We cannot conscientiously give our consent to the confirmation of such an appointment."

Mr. Brandeis, who has been in Washington in connection with legal work for the Interstate Commerce Commission, is out of the city today. There has been a report in circulation for weeks that if his nomination was confirmed by the Senate Mr. Brandeis would inform President Wilson that he would not take the office. A high officer of the Administration who is a close friend of Mr. Brandeis, said tonight that he did not credit this report.

The nomination of Mr. Brandeis was sent to the Senate January 28. It was referred to the Judiciary Committee, and immediately a flood of protests against confirmation and memorials in favor thereof began to pour in.

A Sub-Committee consisting of Senators Chilton, Fletcher, Walsh, Cummins and Works was appointed to report on the nomination. It adopted the unusual course of holding public hearings which continued until nearly a week ago.

Clifford W. Thorne and Sidney W. Winslow, President of the United Shoe Machinery Company, testified that Mr. Brandeis had been guilty of unprofessional conduct. Shortly thereafter Austen G. Fox, a New York attorney, appeared as the representative of fifty-five citizens of Boston, headed by A. Lawrence Lowell, President of Harvard, and took charge of the opposition. Then United States District Attorney George W. Anderson of Boston, at the request of the committee, undertook direction of the case for those favoring confirmation.

In all forty-seven witnesses were heard and 1,500 pages of testimony taken. William H. Taft, Simeon E. Baldwin, Francis Rawle, Joseph H. Choate, Elihu Root, Moorfield Storey and Peter W. Meldrum, all former Presidents of the American Bar Association, wrote protests to the committee against confirmation, and Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard, and many others wrote in favor of confirmation.

On April 3, the sub-committee by a strict party vote, recommended confirmation, and on May 24 the full committee agreed to a favorable report by another strict party division.

President Stood by Him.

Throughout the fight President Wilson stood firmly behind his nominee, never wavering even when it seemed certain that an unfavorable report would be returned by the Senate Judiciary Committee. Before the committee voted he wrote a letter to Chairman Culberson, strongly urging prompt and favorable action.

Mr. Brandeis was born in Louisville, Ky., and is now in his sixty-first year. He was educated in the schools of that city and later attended the Annen Realschule in Dresden, and Harvard University, from which he received the degree of LL.B., in 1877, and the honorary degree of A.M., in 1891. He was admitted to the Bar in 1878, and began practice in Boston a year later. He was first a member of the firm of Warren & Brandeis, later, in 1897, joining the firm of Brandeis, Dunbar & Nutter.

He has been active in a number of important cases, and was counsel for Mr. Glavis in the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation in 1910, and for the shippers in the advanced freight rate investigation before the Interstate Commerce Commission a year later. He was counsel for the people in the proceedings involving the constitutionality of the Oregon and Illinois women's ten-hour laws and the Ohio nine-hour law; he also was counsel for the people in preserving the Boston municipal subway system and in establishing the Boston sliding-scale gas system and the Massachusetts savings bank insurance. Previously, during 1906-13, he opposed the New Haven Railroad's monopoly of transportation in New England. Mr. Brandeis was Chairman of the Arbitration Board of the New York garment workers' strike in 1910.

He probably will take the oath of office June 12, a week from Monday, just before the court adjourns for the Summer recess.

ALLIES MOVING OUT FROM SALONIKI BASE

For Two Months They Have Been Spreading Out Along Greek Border, Sofia Asserts.

DAILY ARTILLERY BATTLES

German Aeroplane Attack Enemy Ships from Their Base on the Bulgarian Coast.

BERLIN, June 1, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—A general movement of the Anglo-French forces at Saloniki toward the Macedonian border that has been in progress for some time is reported in an official statement issued by Bulgarian Army Headquarters under date of May 24. The report also tells of the driving back of a French reconnoitring party near the frontier line.

"Two months ago," says the Bulgarian statement, "the Anglo-French troops began the abandonment of the fortified camp at Saloniki and started a movement toward our frontier. The principal enemy forces were stationed in the Vardar Valley and to the eastward through Dovatupete to the Struma Valley, and to the westward through the district of Subotsko and Vodena to Florina. A part of the reconstituted Serbian Army was landed at Saloniki.

"Artillery fire has occurred daily during the last month on the Gievgeli-Doiran front, but up to this time Anglo-French troops had nowhere crossed the frontier. The day before (May 22) a French reconnoitring detachment was fired at by our patrols in the village of Gorni-Garbale. The French fled, abandoning their horses, which were captured by our troops."

An attack by German seaplanes on a hostile squadron in the Aegean Sea off Dedeagatch, Bulgaria, on May 22, in which one of the vessels attacked was twice struck by bombs is reported today by the German Admiralty as follows:

"On May 22 German naval aeroplanes in the Aegean Sea, between Dedeagatch and Samothraki Island, attacked a squadron of four enemy ships. One ship employed as a vessel on which to start aeroplane flights was twice hit. The enemy ships then sailed off in the direction of Imbros."

BERLIN, May 31, (via London.)—Today's official report contains the following on the Balkan front:

A weak attack by the enemy at the southern end of Lake Doiran was repulsed. Near Brest, northeast of Lake Some, Serbians in British uniforms were taken prisoners.

LAY TREASON TO LIEBKNECHT

Berlin Court, After Examination, Accuses Noted Socialist.

COPENHAGEN, June 1, (via London.)—A Berlin dispatch to the Politiken says that the court which conducted the preliminary examination of Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the Socialist leader, decided that he should be prosecuted for treason.

Dr. Liebknecht, who has aroused much antagonism by his opposition of policies of the German Government in relation to the war, was arrested in Berlin for having participated in a peace demonstration on May Day.

GERMANS PIERCE EAST VERDUN LINE

Continued from Page 1.

meters and returned with booty and prisoners.

A British biplane was brought down west of Cambrai in an aerial battle. The occupants, who were officers, were wounded and taken prisoner.

The French communiqué of May 29 stated that on May 25 five German aeroplanes were destroyed by French aviators and anti-aircraft guns. For a long time we have not corrected enemy communiqués, but here, where the utility of a young branch of the service is concerned, we state that neither on the date mentioned nor during the preceding week had a single German aeroplane been lost through enemy action.

The British official statement issued at midnight tonight reads:

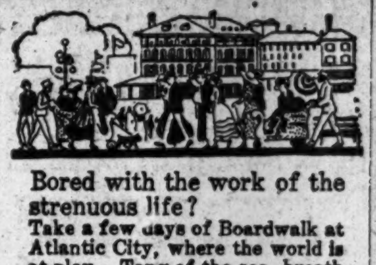
Our aeroplanes yesterday had a long running fight with three hostile machines. One of the latter was driven down; one of ours is missing.

During the night hostile aircraft dropped eight bombs on Poperinghe without damage.

Throughout the day there was continuous and heavy shelling by the British and German guns of all calibres in the neighborhood of Vimy ridge, the fire ofttimes becoming intense. The artillery activity extended to a minor degree in the direction of Loos, Ypres, and the River Somme.

There was some mining in the vicinity of Loos, at the rentrant of our trench line about Fricourt, and just north of the Somme.

Except for ordinary trench activity, there was no infantry engagement in the last twenty-four hours.



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KAISER AT EAST FRONT IS SURE OF VICTORY

Thanks Hindenburg for His Success and Tells Him Fatherland Will Never Forget It.

LONDON, Friday, June 2.—An Amsterdam dispatch describes the recent visit paid by Emperor William to the headquarters of Field Marshal von Hindenburg, Commander in Chief in the eastern war theatre. In welcoming the Emperor, Field Marshal von Hindenburg said:

"We are simple soldiers and we do not express our feelings by eloquent words, but I can assure your Majesty that we remember the advice of our fathers: 'Forward with God for King and Fatherland.' It is firmly rooted in our hearts, it has been our guidance in the past and will remain so to the last."

The Emperor replied:

"My dear Field Marshal, I thank you for the soldier's words wherewith you have saluted me. I came to the eastern front to express to you my thanks for the great achievements of last year, for the brave perseverance of last Winter, and for the splendid fighting during the enemy's last offensive. We are fighting against superior numbers, but this is nothing new to us. Providence has so willed that we should be still here and this has only served to spur us on to greater efforts.

"My armies will be victorious and with God's help will win an honorable peace such as we desire. To you, my dear Field Marshal, Providence has allotted the task of freeing the Province of East Prussia of the enemy and of carrying our arms far into the enemy's country. The German Fatherland will never forget your deeds, and, as your War Lord and King, I thank you from the bottom of my heart. You have become a national hero, and whenever the name of von Hindenburg is spoken it excites admiration."

The Emperor then toasted the Field Marshal.

Later the Emperor visited Mitau and received reports regarding the administration of Poland. He reviewed the troops and distributed a number of iron crosses.

AUSTRIANS AT VERDUN.

Several Thousand Troops Among Reinforcements on Meuse Bank.

PARIS, June 1.—Several thousand Austrian troops have been observed among recent reinforcements brought to the vicinity of Douaumont.

Among military observers here this is believed to indicate that Germany has insisted that Austria divide her effectives in aid of the Germans, in spite of the fact that an Austrian offensive is being pressed against Italy.

MEXICO EXPEDITION STAYS DESPITE NOTE

Continued from Page 1.

proposed by the de facto Government, or that our troops entered Mexico through any error.

Carranza Must Make Good.

While it is true that officials of the State Department expressed regret if there had been any misunderstanding, this expression was not intended as one of regret for any misunderstanding on the part of the United States. If there was any misunderstanding over the agreement, according to the position of the United States, it was the de facto Government and not the American Government that failed to comprehend the scope and meaning of the reciprocal arrangement to which the United States agreed.

The Carranza Government has been professing ability to handle the border situation. The United States is not ready to admit that the de facto Government has demonstrated any such ability. As a matter of fact, the reports made to the War Department by Colonel Sibley and Major Langhorne, who were sent into Mexico in pursuit of bandits following the raids on Glenn Springs and Boquillas, show that the American military forces under their command penetrated nearly 200 miles into Mexico without so much as encountering a single Mexican soldier or official representing the Carranza Government, and that under such a situation this Government could not be expected to believe that the de facto Government was in sufficient control of the Chihuahua situation to prevent other raids on the American border if the American troops were immediately withdrawn.

President Wilson read a hasty translation of the long Carranza communication last night. A corrected text was being prepared for his information by the State Department today. The President himself will decide what course shall be pursued. So far as could be learned tonight, no conferences or preliminary inquiries have yet been initiated to determine the nature of the reply.

The Mexican note was sent by messenger, requiring a week in transit, and was further delayed after its arrival here. Officials feel there can be no question of urgency in a communication so handled, and will not treat it as a pressing matter.

As a matter of fact the new note caused hardly a riple in Administration circles. No new orders went to General Funston beyond a request by officials of the General Staff for detailed information as to the disposition of Carranza troops. In view of the note's open threat of an attack on Pershing's column, it was thought wise to give attention to the military problem, although no doubt is felt as to the complete security of the American force under any circumstances.

No Advices from Pershing.

The Mexican Embassy distributed copies of the new note to all embassies and legations in Washington today, explaining that it did so in an effort to enlist the sympathy of other Governments for the cause it sets forth.

Some diplomatic officials expressed the opinion that European influence might be behind this move, while others thought it merely an attempt to gain publicity, and noted that the matter was urged just on the eve of the political conventions in the United States.

The War Department had no advices today as to the local conference at Colonia Dublan between General Pershing and General Gavira over the Mexican expedition. Gavira arrived at Colonia Dublan last night. Border advices that he was returning to Juarez tonight were taken to mean that only a brief discussion was found necessary, whatever the outcome. General Pershing had specific instructions not to enter into any conversation as to the withdrawal of his forces from Mexico. The conference was strictly limited by General Funston to a talking over of possible co-operative steps to clean out the bandits between the two forces.

GAVIRA SEES PERSHING; MEETING IS 'PLEASANT'

Two Generals Confer at Two Sessions and Later Dine Together.

By FRANK B. ELSER,
Special Correspondent of The New York Times.

TEMPORARY FIELD HEADQUARTERS, ARMY PUNITIVE EXPEDITION, COLONIA DUBLAN, Mexico, June 1, (by Army Radio to Columbus, N. M.)—General John J. Pershing, Commander of the American expedition in the field, and General Gabriel Gavira, Carranza commander in Northern Chihuahua, with headquarters at Juarez, conferred for two hours today. Both had come from their respective headquarters for the conference.

The two Generals met in General Gavira's private car shortly after 11 o'clock this morning and discussed in preliminary details the military situation in Chihuahua. Later another session was held, and then the conferees dined together. Neither chief would give out just what had resulted.

General Pershing returned to the camp and confined himself to this brief statement:

"General Gavira and I had a pleasant and profitable talk. We went over plans which I am not at liberty to disclose and will meet again later. General Gavira outlined what he proposed to do, and we discussed the situation simply as it affects us."

Asked if there was the slightest note of belligerency, General Pershing replied, "no." The entire party were photographed before their entrance into the private car and after the proceedings had begun.

The first meeting of the two Generals took place shortly after 11 o'clock this morning. It lasted two hours, and was followed by announcements of mutual satisfaction with its results, and with the further announcement that a second conference would be held this afternoon. Incidentally, it was the first conference General Pershing had held in the field with any Carranza military representative since the expedition has been in existence, barring a chat with Luis Herrera last April.

General Gavira and His Train.

Even this heat-besieged, dust-infested, and almost barren and desolate country could not rob the preliminaries of the ceremonial in which the Mexican heart delights. Some show of pomp had marked General Gavira's trip from Juarez to his first stop at Nuevo Casas Grandes, near where the Pershing party, trekking up the army trail in a fleet of automobiles, by a singular coincidence passed the Gavira party, both going at full speed to their destination. The exigencies of travel over the crippled Mexican railways could not rob General Gavira and his staff of a certain dignity. His special train was a "mixed" one of box cars, baggage car, and a converted parlor car of the Mexico Northwestern system which had been made suitable for sleeping purposes.

In this car, at the end of the train, which looked more like a small one-ring circus on the road than a military mission, Gavira and his dusty aids spent the night.

The first stop was at Nuevo Casas Grandes, where there is a considerable garrison of Carranza troops. Here the correspondents with the Pershing party were able to get their first survey of Gavira and his entourage. Later on the train proceeded eighteen miles to Pearson, where the Mexican deputation passed the night, returning for the first conference at 9 o'clock this morning.

In two box cars ahead of the Gavira coach were the general's escort. They were also on the cars, these 100 heavily armed and bespangled Carranza soldiers, in brand-new khaki uniforms.

Some lolled in their mobile siesta on the roofs, and others, their feet dangling out the doors, sat on the floors. Next was a baggage car with the mounts of the Gavira staff and lastly the private car. The Pershing party, in which was THE TIMES correspondent, had more than an inkling of the mission of the train as they met half way between Nuevo Casas Grandes and Colonia Dublan, but the heavy clouds of dust obscured more than a cursory view of the train and its contents and no effort was made to exchange greetings.

Contrast Between Two Escorts.

The correspondent was struck with the contrast between the Pershing and the Gavira escorts. The American soldiers rode in five motor cars, the General's leading. When we had arrived here the trip on to Pearson had been begun by General Gavira. He had left a Major behind, however, in charge of a guard at the Nuevo Casas Grandes Station. About sunset a messenger from this Major rode on horseback to General Pershing's tent and announced that General Gavira would be glad to see General Pershing this morning. It was suggested by the messenger that some Mormon residence or the Nuevo Casas Grandes Railroad Station be used as a meeting place, but this matter was left open until today.

General Pershing spent the night at the camp here, where many semi-permanent conveniences had been installed since he had left on his trip southward on March 28, during the height of the Villa pursuit. Before he retired the General held an informal reception with the officers at headquarters, then he had his tent pitched under a clump of cottonwood trees at the river's bank. He retired early, rising shortly after sun-up today for a motor trip to Nuevo Casas Grandes, where the first informal meeting was held.

Correspondents on this trip, while not allowed to mention the strength or locations of the troops, may state that the main line of communication between here and Namiquipa is policed most effectively. There are many mess halls for the field officers, and sleeping quarters, either of adobe or timber, have been erected.

With the death of the Villa chief Cervantes, it has been much easier to obtain native labor for road work, and upward of 500 natives are now engaged on the 250-mile stretch between Namiquipa and Columbus. A hundred Mexican teams are likewise assisting in the work, and all along the route may be seen the camps of peons, laboring in the sun, with the troops standing guard over them. Eighteen miles of the old Mormon railroad grade near Boca Grandes is being used as a motor road, while at other places short cuts are utilized.

It is readily seen, however, that a drastic improvement of the truck route is imperative before the rainy season sets in, if communications are to be maintained.

NO AGREEMENT REACHED.

Statement by Funston Declares Troops Are Free to Move.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, June 1.—General Funston issued a statement today denying that the future crossing of the Mexican border by American troops in pursuit of raiding bandits was discussed at the El Paso conference between the Mexican and the American officers. He also insisted that, with the exception of the tentative agreement, which was not ratified by the head of the Mexican de facto Government, no agreement was reached. The statement in part is as follows:

"There was drawn up and signed by General Scott, General Obregon, and myself a tentative written agreement subject to ratification by President Wilson and Mr. Carranza. The former promptly approved of the arrangement, but the latter, after several days of consideration, declined to do so on the ground that any future raid, even on a small scale at any point on the border, might nullify it.

"Neither at this meeting nor at any other was the subject of the possibility of our troops following the Glenn Springs or any other raiders over the border brought up by any one.

"The tentative agreement was not ratified and fell through entirely, and there was no agreement of any kind that ever took its place, although the Mexican conferees were assured that our Government was acting in good faith and desired to withdraw our troops as soon as it was satisfied that law and order had been established along the south side of the boundary, and our border rendered safe.

"General Obregon assured us that he was making every effort to bring about such a condition."

Steps have been taken by the War Department to hold the army along the border and in Mexico to its present strength, in view of the Mexican situation, it was learned today.

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TO your individual measure for $20—Cool Homespun Suitings, hand-woven by Irish colleens. Meshy Crashes that you can see through but cannot wear through. Light Flannels that shake off creases as a dog shakes off water.

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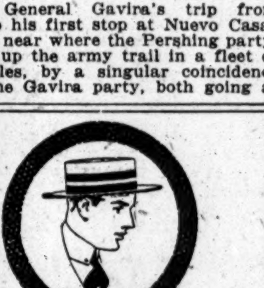

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We beg to announce, beginning today, in each of our eleven stores, a Sale of

WHITE SATIN-STRIPED MADRAS
ATHLETIC UNDERWEAR
AT 55 CENTS A GARMENT

consisting of athletic shirts and knee drawers, unusually well tailored and finished.

This underwear was contracted for when cotton goods were very much lower priced than at present, for the purposes of this Sale.

When the goods arrived they were such extraordinary values that we attempted to duplicate the order, and the manufacturers have informed us that *they cannot now be duplicated to sell for less than One Dollar a garment.*

There are about 6,000 of the garments.

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Style is the keynote to genius. Render a few measures from any opera to a musician and he will recognize the composer from the style.

Omit "Georges" label from a suit in any city where our stores are located and many men can tell you it is a "Georges" garment—from the style!

What is art, literature, music or clothes but a way of expressing the individuality of the artist, author, musician or maker?

And what is genuis in these things but something in the style which we are compelled to admire and unable to forget?

Such are "Georges" Clothes, for they too have in them that flash of genuis WHICH IS STYLE—being reproductions of the latest creations of 5th Avenue's leading style originators. They have that sure and subtle something which identifies them from the commonplace in clothes!

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$1 NEXT SUNDAY
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HARD COAL NO SMOKE COMFORT

$6,000,000 ADDED TO THE NAVY BILL

House Committee Provides an Emergency Fund to Equip Yards to Build Battleships.

REDUCES ENLISTMENT TERM

Gardner Tries in Vain to Kill Arbitration Amendment—Bill to be Voted on Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—An appropriation of $6,000,000 to equip navy yards to build battleships and other vessels, in the event that private contractors fail to offer satisfactory terms to the Navy Department, was added to the Naval Appropriation bill in the House today by motion of Chairman Padgett of the Naval Affairs Committee.

The Government yards at Puget Sound, Philadelphia, Norfolk, New Orleans, Boston, Portsmouth, and Charleston are to be equipped for extensive building operations. The amendment provides that the yards at Philadelphia, Puget Sound, Norfolk, and Boston shall be equipped for the construction of capital ships—dreadnoughts and battle cruisers.

In contrast to these warlike preparations was the action of the House in refusing to strike from the Naval Appropriation bill the so-called Hensley resolution which authorizes the President to take the initiative in creating an international court of arbitration, which shall consider the question of disarmament, after the conclusion of the war in Europe.

Representative Augustus P. Gardner of Massachusetts sought to strike this provision from the naval bill, but his motion was rejected on a viva voce vote.

A provision designed to encourage enlistments in the navy was inserted in the bill today at the instance of Representative Padgett. The amendment lowers the term of enlistment from four to three years and provides further that an enlisted man may enter the reserve after one year's active service. Mr. Padgett explained that this would mean an active service of about a year and a half, inasmuch as releases were to be made only in the months of December and June, when the ships were not on cruise, and there was no need of a large number of men.

Representative Hill, a Connecticut Republican, proposed an amendment offering a bonus of $100 to all men who enlisted in the American Navy during the European war. Mr. Padgett said this amendment was entirely unnecessary. He quoted Secretary Daniels as saying that the responses to enlistment appeals are generous at this time and no difficulty is being experienced in getting men for the navy. The Hill amendment was not adopted.

Speaker Clark was one of the advocates of the Hensley resolution, carried as a rider in the bill, authorizing the President to call an international conference to discuss arbitration of all future international disputes and to consider the question of disarmament.

The amendment authorizing additional appropriations for improvements at navy yards did not include the New York and Mare Island yards. These Government institutions were recently provided for in one of the Urgent Deficiency bills and will be equipped for battleship construction. The amendment approved today reads:

"In the event the Secretary of the Navy is unable to secure from shipbuilders contracts for the expeditious construction of the ships herein authorized, at a fair and reasonable price, the sum of $6,000,000, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated to enable the Secretary of the Navy to equip the navy yards at Puget Sound, Philadelphia, Norfolk, Boston, Portsmouth, Charleston, and New Orleans with suitable and necessary machinery, implements, building ways and equipment for the construction of such of the ships herein authorized as may be assigned to each yard for construction. The yards at Puget Sound, Philadelphia, Norfolk, and Boston are to be equipped for construction of capital ships."

The Naval Appropriation bill will be put on final passage in the House tomorrow afternoon. The bill is being considered under a special rule calling for a vote before adjournment tomorrow. With the exception of the amendments heretofore authorized, it is probable that the bill will go through the House substantially as reported by committee.

Important amendments so far approved call for the construction of fifty, instead of twenty, submarines; an appropriation of $3,500,000 instead of the proposed $2,000,000 for aeronautics, and the addition today of $6,000,000 for navy yards.

ATTACKS ARBITRATION PLAN.

Gardner Calls Navy Bill Amendment a "Pacifist Dream."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—A satirical speech in criticism of the legislative provision in the Naval Appropriation bill that this nation shall take the initiative in creating an international court of arbitration after the European war was delivered in the House today by Representative Augustus P. Gardner of Massachusetts.

Mr. Gardner called it a pacifist dream intended "to send nine pacifists to a European peace conclave." He suggested that if such a court had been in existence in 1914 and had decided that Germany and Austria were in the wrong this country would never have sent 500,000 or more men to Europe to enforce the peace mandate of the court of arbitration.

That the United States, on the other hand, would not submit to the dictates of such a court on questions affecting the Monroe Doctrine, or the exclusion of Japanese and Chinese laborers from this country, was vigorously argued by Mr. Gardner.

"The best way to keep out of European troubles is to keep your fingers out of meddling with European business, if the peace at any price advocates want to keep out of war," said Mr. Gardner.

Although Mr. Gardner's amendment to strike the Hensley provision from the Naval bill was defeated, he warned the House that it was useless legislation. In part, he said:

"The United States has talked so much and done so little that we would stand better in the eyes of the world if we hold our tongues and let the men who have been doing the fighting do some of the talking as well. I confess that my bosom does not particularly swell with pride merely because I am told that there is a possibility that Woodrow Wilson may be selected as middleman in the conduct of peace negotiations—that is, in case King Alfonso of Spain or Henry Ford of Detroit is not selected in his place.

"We Americans have been sitting like a set of overfed dowagers in the best seats at the opera. We have been criticising and scolding and patronizing the men who are doing the fighting, and simultaneously we have been filling our pockets at their expense, moralizing all the while as if we were actuated solely by motives of virtue and not in the least by greed or timidity.

"Suppose that we had had such an international court in 1914, and suppose that that international court had decided that Germany and Austria were in the wrong and had then called upon the United States to furnish its quota of men and money and ships to put down the Austrian and German belligerents. Looking the proposition honestly and squarely in the face, what chance is there that this Congress would have voted in 1914 to raise half a million men and send them to war in Europe to support the Allies against Germany and Austria? Why, even today, with all the unavenged ghosts of the Lusitania victims haunting our pacifist dreams, even now today we could not get a vote through this Congress to raise half a million men to participate in civilization's struggle.

"Now, take the Monroe Doctrine. Supposing Germany goes before that international court and claims the right to restore order in Mexico in order to recover property which his been taken from the Kaiser's subjects. Supposing that we refuse to intervene and refuse to let Germany intervene. Will the international court support us, or will it support the side of Germany? If it decrees that Germany has the right to send an army into Mexico, what are we going to do? Submit to the decree of the court, or repudiate our international agreement?"

Mr. Gardner's references to the Monroe Doctrine brought Speaker Clark to his feet.

"I wouldn't take the time of this committee if I did not believe that this is the most important section of this bill," said the Speaker. "The gentleman from Massachusetts wants to know if we would ever arbitrate the Monroe Doctrine. No, we never will arbitrate it while the earth spins on its axis. It is the only political proposition that all the American people ever did agree on. He wants to know if we will ever arbitrate questions of war and peace. No. I hope we never will be engaged in another war, and if we attend to our own business I don't think we ever will. No nation is foolish enough to attack us, and if one does it will get whipped.

"I don't believe that great nations will stand much longer for the policy of piling up armament on land and sea. This policy has to come to an end, and it will only come to an end by conferences. We are the people to make this suggestion. We are the richest nation, we have the largest homogeneous population, and we are not afraid of anybody."

OREGON LAND BILL PASSED.

Amended by Senate to Provide That Sales Shall Be for Cash.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The House bill providing for reclamation by the Government of 2,300,000 acres of Oregon land granted the Oregon & California Railroad was passed today by the Senate. The lands, valued at about $30,000,000, are alleged to have been forfeited by violations of the terms of the grant, which required their sale to settlers at $2.50 an acre.

Amendments were adopted to provide that 80 per cent. of the proceeds of resale should go to the State of Oregon, 10 per cent. to the reclamation fund for use in Oregon, and 10 per cent. to the Federal Government.

The House bill provided that 50 per cent. should go to Oregon for the use of the roads and schools, 10 per cent. to the Federal Government, and 40 per cent. to the general reclamation fund. Another amendment provides that sales of land should be made for cash.

WILSON OFF FOR ANNAPOLIS.

Will Deliver Diplomas to Graduates at Exercises Today.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—President Wilson left tonight on the naval yacht Mayflower for Annapolis, Md., where he will deliver diplomas tomorrow morning to the graduates of the Naval Academy. He was accompanied by Mrs. Wilson and several relatives.

The President had planned to remain on board the yacht for the week-end, but decided late today to return by automobile tomorrow afternoon. Secretary Daniels will deliver the commencement address at the exercises tomorrow. The President does not plan to speak.

PAPER TESTS SUCCESSFUL.

Hitherto Unused Woods Found Suitable as Substitute for Pulp.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—News print paper made from hitherto unused woods, under direction of the Forest Service Laboratories, has been successfully tried by two large newspapers, and in all eleven kinds of wood never used before have given promise of being suitable. A number of others have been found suitable for manila paper and boxboards.

This announcement was made today by the Forest Service, which has made seventy samples of paper by different processes from practically unused woods in its search for a substitute for the fast diminishing supply of pulp wood.

The announcement says that if the price of news print paper is to be kept at a reasonable figure, more efficient methods of converting spruce into pulp must be developed or cheaper woods must be substituted.

DANIELS DENOUNCED BY SECURITY LEAGUE

Delegates Applaud Demand by Henry Reuterdahl That Secretary Resign.

TO RECORD CONGRESS VOTES

Lawmakers Will Be Held to Strict Accountability by Those Who Favor Bigger Navy.

Demands for the relegation to private life of Secretary of the Navy Daniels, attacks on President Wilson, and mention of the name of Theodore Roosevelt were applauded yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the National Security League in the Hotel Astor, at which about 250 persons attended.

Henry Reuterdahl, one of the speakers, made the direct demand that "Daniels must go," and in doing so said he was only the mouthpiece of the officers and men in the navy.

"What I am saying here I have told Mr. Daniels to his face—and I know the price I have paid for telling it," said he. "An Admiral in the navy, whose name I cannot mention because of Mr. Daniels's latest muzzling order which prevents from talking those who know most about the navy, has written me a letter in which he has said:

"'Mr. Daniels has lost not only the confidence but the respect of the men in the navy. He has not been square. The navy men know this and they know, too, that he has done the navy incalculable harm.'"

Mr. Reuterdahl read another letter from a naval officer who said that, in his opinion, Mr. Daniels represented accurately the Administration.

Applause followed Mr. Reuterdahl's address, and then J. C. Sprigg of 39 West Fifty-fifth Street arose and said that he wished to refute what he considered a slur upon Southerners uttered by Mr. Reuterdahl. Mr. Reuterdahl said that the present "inefficient Administration" was a Southern one, and Mr. Sprigg's point was that the members of the Administration, notably President Wilson, were not true Southerners.

S. Stanwood Menken, one of the Vice Presidents of the league, and Chairman of the meeting, announced that at a meeting of the league's Executive Committee held earlier in the day a resolution had been adopted directing a record to be made of the votes of all the Senators and Representatives on defense measures before Congress since the opening of the session. This record will be communicated to the 200 branches of the league in every State in the Union.

Mr. Menken said also that the Executive Committee had appointed two committeees to attend the national conventions of the Republican and Democratic Parties "to demand preparedness planks" which should represent the recommendations of the military and naval authorities in the matter of adequate preparedness. He announced, too, that the league would make June 14, Flag Day, an occasion of special celebration in the public schools, and that July 4 would be the league's "Americanism Day." In making these announcements Mr. Menken mentioned Colonel Roosevelt's name incidentally, and was interrupted with applause.

J. B. Walker, editor of The Scientific American, introduced a resolution which was passed unanimously, demanding that Congress "restore the navy to first place among world powers in the Pacific and to second place in the Atlantic."

According to estimates furnished by the league more than 2,000,000 persons will march for preparedness in various cities tomorrow. These parades, organized by the league through its branches, will be held in twenty-five or more of the larger cities. Preparedness demonstrations will be held throughout the country during June, the biggest of the demonstrations being scheduled for Flag Day in Washington.

NAVY READY, SAYS BENSON.

Chief of Operations Declares Every Unit Is Prepared for Action.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., June 1.—What the Bureau of Operations, which was created fourteen months ago, has done to co-ordinate the navy's activities and to put it on a more efficient basis was detailed by Rear Admiral William S. Benson, chief of operations, at a banquet given tonight by the graduating class of the Naval Academy.

Responding to the toast, "The Navy," Admiral Benson said that Secretary Daniels's creed was 100 per cent. efficiency for men and ships, and that the Operations Bureau had made possible a long step toward realization of such a policy, under which every unit of the fleet will at all times be ready to perform its functions, whatever the occasion that may require its services."

Only the fragments of organization existed in the Navy Department before the bureau was created, Admiral Benson said, and his work necessarily began at the bottom. There was no assembled data with which to work, he declared, not even adequate information as to the naval strength of other countries. To find what ship was available for special duty was a task of several months' inquiry.

Outlining what has been accomplished by the bureau, Admiral Benson cited the mobilization of communications systems recently demonstrated by the department, the reorganization of the entire naval service with flag officers in command of all distinct divisions; the measures taken to develop the submarine and aviation service; reorganization of the reserve ships with adequate crews of highly trained men capable of breaking in quickly volunteers in time of war; arrangements for mobilization of the naval militia and the establishment of Summer training cruises for citizen volunteers; mapping out plans for advance and submarine bases; preparation of annual manoeuvre and cruising programs for the fleet which are carried out strictly on schedule; co-operation through councils composed of bureau officials and the Naval Consulting Board.

"A thoroughly digested and well developed plan of mobilization for the entire fleet in the event of war," Admiral Benson said, "has been submitted to the department and approvd."

STANDARD OIL CASE MOVE.

Government Near Decision as to Course It Will Take.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Attorney General Gregory said today that consideration of whether the Standard Oil Company had committed any contempt of court by violating the Supreme Court's dissolution decree had reached a stage in the Department of Justice where, while no final decision had been reached, the Government's course one way or the other would probably be decided by the next few developments, which are expected soon.

The Attorney General conferred with President Wilson today, but would not say they discussed the subject, and he would not indicate what conclusions were reached by his investigation so far.

For some time the department, in co-operation with the Federal Trade Commission, has been investigating particularly the recent rise in the price of gasoline, as well as the general question of whether the Supreme Court's dissolution decree has been carried actually into effect.

The Attorney General is of the opinion that, inasmuch as the decree permitted the dissolution of the big company into separate corporations having practically the same ownership as the trust which the Government prosecuted so many years, competition has not actually been brought about by the dissolution. There is also the question as to how far the decree itself has been carried out. The Department of Justice has called in some of the lawyers who handled the Government's case, and there have been frequent conference during the last few weeks.

TO VOTE ON MARSHALL CASE

House Will Decide on June 20 Whether He Is Guilty of Contempt.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The House today agreed to vote June 20 on the report of the committee appointed to investigate whether H. Snowden Marshall, District Attorney for the Southern District of New York, is guilty of contempt of the House because of his criticism of a judiciary sub-committee which inquired into impeachment charges against him. The committee, headed by Representative Moon of Tennessee, reported Mr. Marshall in contempt.

Under the agreement reached in the House today there will be four hours' debate on the Marshall case. The report of the committee has remained on the Speaker's table for several weeks pending an agreement as to a time for a vote on it.

The judiciary sub-committee still has before it the impeachment resolution directed at Mr. Marshall by Representative Buchanan of Illinois, who is under indictment in New York for alleged violation of the neutrality laws. It is understood the Judiciary Committee will not make its report until the findings of the Moon Committee have been acted upon by the House.

A MORGAN TAPESTRY SOLD.

J. E. Widener Pays $200,000 for "Dolfus Crucifixion."

The tapestry known as the Dolfus Crucifixion, which was a part of the J. Pierpont Morgan collection at the Metropolitan Museum, has been purchased by Joseph E. Widener of Philadelphia, through P. W. French & Co., art dealers, for $200,000. Mr. Widener bought another of the Morgan tapestries, the Mazarin tapestry, for $600,000 recently. Both tapestries will stay at the Museum until September, when they will be removed to Philadelphia and added to Mr. Widener's art collection, which, since the dispersal of the Morgan collection, ranks as the greatest in America.

The Dolfus Crucifixion is woven with gold and silk and is one of the great tapestries. It once belonged to the Dukes of Alba and Derwick and was designed by the Flemish painter, Bernard Van Orley, who made more cartoons for tapestries than any other painter of his period. It was woven about 1525, in the style of the early Renaissance.

ASK WILSON TO AID WOULD-BE CAMPERS

Defense Advocates Favor an Appropriation to Send 50,000 to Plattsburg.

HELP OF CONGRESS SOUGHT

Men Who Can't Afford to Make Trip Are Willing, Telegram to President Says.

The Executive Committee of the Military Training Camps Association sent a telegram to President Wilson yesterday urging him to use his influence with Congress to pass an appropriation of $3,000,000 to pay the expenses of 50,000 deserving young men who are willing, but financially unable, to attend any of the various training camps to be held in different parts of the United States this Summer. With Government aid the committee believes that more than 50,000 men would attend the Plattsburg camps alone, while thousands of others, similarly situated, would enroll for the camps in California, Texas, Georgia, and other parts of the country.

The telegram sent to President Wilson yesterday by the Executive Committee read:

The President,
White House, Washington, D. C.

We address you representing the Military Training Camps Association of the United States, composed of all the men who, at their own expense, have served at Federal training camps since their inception in 1913. Referring to your Memorial Day speech, in which you said that a test is now to be made of the readiness of the employers of the country to permit their men to volunteer for military training we respectfully point out that over 800 of the largest industrial, financial, commercial, and public service corporations in the country employing over 1,000,000 men, have already signed a declaration that they will permit a reasonable number of their employes to attend the Federal training camps without loss of pay or opportunity of advancement. This declaration has been signed at the request of our association, and we have found the attitude of the employers patriotic and helpful.

There remains, however, the matter of individual expenses, amounting to $50 or $60 for each man. Even on this basis, 30,000 men will attend the camps this Summer, which means that citizens are willing to pay out of their own pockets nearly $2,000,000 to take this training. It is essential that these camps be put immediately within the reach of every citizen. The provision of Section 54 of the New Army bill, if supported by the appropriations deemed necessary by the War Department, will make these camps available for tens of thousands of men who are willing to go but unable to afford the expense now imposed on them. Immediate action is necessary if the opportunity afforded by Section 54 is to be placed before the young men of the country in time for them to take advantage of it this Summer. Thousands of men are daily waiting for an announcement that the Government will make it possible for them to enlist in a Federal camp this year. We are informed, however, that Congress may delay passage of the necessary appropriation for another six weeks. The Secretary of War has recommended an appropriation. The employers and citizens are doing their part. It only remains for Congress to do its part. We respectfully appeal to you for assistance in this situation.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,
Military Training Camps Association.

Among the members of the committee are Mayor Mitchel, Grenville Clark, George Wharton Pepper, Lloyd Derby, Professor R. M. McElroy of Princeton, William Marshall Bullitt and Philip A. Carroll.

More than 1,000 men will leave New York next Sunday night for Plattsburg, and on Monday morning will enroll as members of the First Training Regiment of 1916. Between 700 and 800 others will go from Boston, Philadelphia and other Eastern cities. The New Yorkers will go on special trains from the Grand Central Terminal.

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"The LITTLE BROWN BOX"
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Gain 19% to 36% in daylight!
Cut down light bills.
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Make workers comfortable, happy and loyal—prevent accidents—save spoilage.
Rice's Gloss Mill White (Barreled Sunlight) leaves a permanently white, glossy, tile-like surface that can be easily washed. It won't turn yellow like other white paints and can be applied over old, cold water paint. Sanitary!
Send for free booklet "More Light!"
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Suits that were $55 to $75—at $27.50 to $37.50
" " $85 to $125—at $42.50 to $62.50
" " $150 to $350—at $75 to $175

Gowns " " $65 to $125—at $35 to $58
" " $125 to $250—at $85 and $125

Wraps " " $85 & $95—at $55
" " $125 to $175—at $95

Coats " " $45 to $65—at $25 and $35
" " $75 to $125—at $45 to $75

Blouses " " $18 to $25—at $10 and $15
" " $30 to $40—at $20

Hats " " $18 to $25—at $5
" " $25 to $35—at $10
" " $40 to $65—$15 to $35

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First Sale of
Men's Bathing Suits
Strongly knitted Suits from hard twisted yarns that easily shed water—all wool, steam shrunk, fast colors, in the following styles:
Professional style two-piece Suits.
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Pacific Suits, shirt and trunks joined.
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In the Millinery Salon
At ½ Its Original Price
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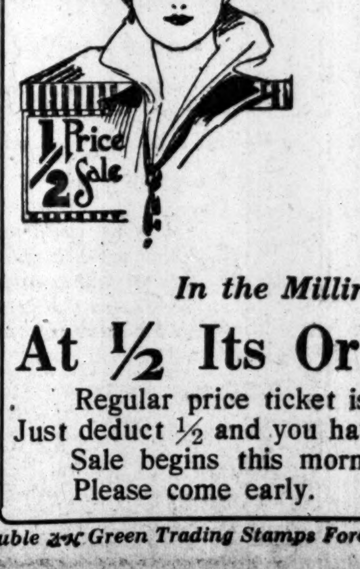

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Any car that will run is a convenience—in the sense that street cars are. For that matter, last year's gowns are sufficiently warm and concealing. But 99⅞% of the real pleasure in owning a car is in being proud of it. *Your car* must be smart. Every curve in it—every detail of design and mechanism must snap with newness. Your friends must gasp at its bigness and beauty—they must thrill with joy at its luxurious, air cushion comfort—they must respect its noiseless power. When your friends ask, you answer proudly: "This is a Lexington 'Minute Man' Six."
Telephone us and we'll be glad to make your own demonstration.
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1840 Broadway, N. Y.

TURKEY NOT DYING, SAYS MORGENTHAU

Ex-Ambassador Sees a Great Opening for American Trade in Europe After the War.

URGES LARGE RELIEF GIFTS

Free Aid to War Sufferers Needed to Overcome Dislike Existing in Many Countries.

Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to Turkey, sketched before the Chamber of Commerce at its monthly meeting yesterday some experiences in the Ottoman Empire which had not been made public before. Mr. Morgenthau was on the program to discuss possibilities for American trade in the Near East after the war, but he abandoned his prepared address from the start, saying his audience was probably too much in need of luncheon to listen to a long speech.

"The Turks," said he, "are not what you gentlemen think they are. They are not a nation that is about to die. They feel that they have accomplished more in this war than any other country, because they are the only ones, as they put it, who have been able to stop the English. They prevented the British fleet from entering their harbors, and they have, so far, kept the Russians from making much of an inroad.

"It was an enlightening experience to have the opportunity of seeing how a war is created. I was there as the American Ambassador, friendly to all, and it was most interesting to watch the Ambassadors of other nations courting Turkish officials. It was a toss-up who would win, until England refused to deliver those two warships which were being built for the Turks. Great Britain had a perfect right to do that under the law, but unfortunately the Turks had set their hearts upon those vessels because they were not to be paid for by the Turkish Government, but from money raised voluntarily by the people.

"And then when, by a curious set of circumstances, the Germans had the Goeben and Breslau brought into the Marmora and offered the use of them to the Turks, it was no longer a question of who would win. It was quite apparent that Germany would have Turkey on her side."

Mr. Morgenthau said the Italian and Balkan wars had drained the Turkish treasury, and yet when the war began she easily mobilized a great army without funds. This was done through a general conscription, and the soldiers came together quickly enough when notice went abroad that men who declined to answer the call would be shot.

Mr. Morgenthau likened the European countries to a vast factory, built up and made efficient through fifty years of effort. The war disrupted the plant, and, in his opinion, it would be a long time before it could be made to work properly again. Because of these troubles lying before the European nations, he said the United States had a great commercial opportunity ahead.

In the countries through which he traveled on his way home, Mr. Morgenthau said he found dislike for the United States. In Germany we are blamed for selling munitions to the Allies, and in England there is feeling because this country has not openly taken the Allies' side. Mr. Morgenthau thought that in order to counteract this feeling a great effort should be made to raise a large fund to relieve the suffering of the people in the countries at war. This, he said, would react favorably in restoring the respect of those nations for this country and would also be of commercial value.

In introducing Mr. Morgenthau, E. H. Outerbridge, President of the Chamber, said it was not generally known that the Turkish Government had attempted to "lure the American Ambassador away" from his work. It was learned after the meeting that the portfolio of Minister of Agriculture for the Turkish Empire had been offered to Mr. Morgenthau.

Preceding the ex-Ambassador's address, the Chamber was enlivened by debate on a resolution supporting the Administration's communication to the British Government on the seizures of neutral mails. It was finally adopted by an enthusiastic vote.

U. S. TO LOAN $1,000,000,000.

Dr. Gulick Suggests Disarmament and Aid to Europe After War.

A billion-dollar loan to the nations of Europe for purposes of relief and rehabilitation after the war and concomitant disarmament by the United States was advocated as a plan of international policy yesterday by Dr. Sidney L. Gulick, professor in Doshisha University and lecturer in the Imperial University of Kyoto, Japan, who spoke at the "war against war" meeting of the Woman's Peace Party, 208 Fifth Avenue. Some one in the audience asked Dr. Gulick what, in his opinion, would happen if the United States disarmed.

"If we disarmed," he replied, "and followed a policy of national selfishness and aggressiveness we would surely get into trouble. But if we disarmed and in addition, to show unmistakably our real friendship for all the nations of the world, raised $1,000,000,000 as a loan to the European countries and maintained always a friendly and fair spirit in diplomacy and policy I cannot believe that we would be the object of attack."

The audience of 100 applauded this suggestion.

Other speakers were J. A. Fairley, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Rabbi Alexander Lyons and William I. Hull. Today's speakers will be Darwin J. Meserole, Morris Hillquit, and Mary Winson.

Reorganize The American Hebrew.

Announcement was made yesterday that the American Hebrew Publishing Company, which is publishing The American Hebrew, the oldest Jewish weekly, has been reorganized. Herman Bernstein, its editor, is President; Adolph Lewisohn, Vice President; Samuel W. Goldberg, Second Vice President, and Bernard Edelhertz, Secretary. Mr. Bernstein is also editor in chief of The Day.

N. Y. U. COMMENCEMENT.

More Than 800 Will Be Graduated —Reunion of Alumni.

Beginning with the annual alumni reunion tomorrow, New York University will open its eighty-fourth commencement festivities, which will last until next Thursday. More than eight hundred candidates for various academic degrees will receive diplomas. Because of the unprecedented size of this year's graduating class, which includes students from the nine different university administrative departments, there will be, for the first time in the history of the university, three different graduation ceremonies.

With the exception of students from the School of Commerce, Accounts, and Finance, the graduates will receive their diplomas in two sessions next Wednesday at the University Heights Auditorium. Henry Pritchett, President of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, will deliver the commencement address.

Commencement exercises for the 300 graduates of the School of Commerce will take place at University Heights on Thursday, while honorary degrees for distinction in commercial science will be announced as a part of these ceremonies.

The alumni festivities will commence with the annual meeting of the New York University Historical Society at noon tomorrow, which will be followed by the annual meeting of the Phi Beta Kappa Honorary Society. The annual meetings of the various alumni associations are scheduled to take place in the gymnasium building, following a luncheon to graduates of the university.

There will be a baccalaurate service on Sunday, when the Right Rev. James Henry Darlington, Episcopal Bishop of Harrisburg, Penn., will deliver the sermon.

PRO-GERMANS START A ROW.

Herald Square Meeting Brings Out Reserves and Two Are Arrested.

A combination of meetings of the Salvation Army, a pro-German organization, and the New York Secular Society at Herald Square last night resulted in a series of complaints at the West Thirtieth Street police station, the arrest of two men and the calling out twice of the police reserves.

The prisoners were Irving Meirovits, a chemist's assistant, of 539 East Sixth Street, and Harry Lyman Browning, photographer, of 232 West Thirty-fourth Street. Both were charged with disorderly conduct.

Meirovits was discharged in the Men's Night Court. Browning was fined $10.

LONE DOG GUARDS GIRLS' PLATTSBURG

Miss Hewitt's Rookies Scorn Male Assistance in Pitching Tents.

CAMP ARMED WITH 2 RIFLES

Attack by Army of Black Flies Results in Active Work for the Hospital Corps.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP HEWITT, N. J., June 1.—Up here, where the Weewappo River turns a tortuous twist through the Ramapo Hills of Passaic County, the stars shine tonight on the tops of sixteen small brown tents lined in double file. Within the tents sleep thirty daughters of prominent New York families, while Zeus, a Great Dane, does silent sentry duty about the camp. Zeus is the only male thing about.

In a lone tent, on a hill well removed from the main camp, is General E. S. Steever, U. S. A., retired, who will start with "reveille" at 6 o'clock tomorrow morning to teach the young women all the arts of war that a woman ought to be taught.

The tents sprang up today when the young women came down from New York to Erskine and marched the two miles to their feminine Plattsburg. They found some men who had hauled up their supplies had pitched five of the tents. Incensed, the young women pulled them down and pitched the whole sixteen themselves. They spent the afternoon, under the direction of Captain Condace Hewitt, in putting the camp in shape, and when all was done it was found that some man had neglected to send all the cots, and it was announced that half of the girls would have to sleep on straw tonight. There was a scramble of volunteers for the privilege. The tents were put up in two rows, with Captain Hewitt's tent at one end and the mess tent at the other end of the "street." Back of the mess tent was put up the cook tent.

When the tents were all up, Captain Hewitt announced that the "rookies" would be divided into a cook squad, a police squad, a Quartermaster's squad, and a stable squad. There is a stable squad because the campers have fifteen horses. No, they will not ride two on a horse. There are fifteen bicycles for the rest—men's style, by the way.

When the tents were all up, about sundown, General Steever came around and said the job was well done.

It is the camp of the Emergency Service Corps. It is all the idea of Miss Hewitt, daughter of Edward Ringwood Hewitt, and after she had obtained the volunteers, she invited them all to camp on her father's big estate here to get "prepared." Miss Hewitt says there isn't any reason at all why if the girls' fathers and brothers go to Plattsburg there shouldn't be some place for the young women to become prepared for the call to help the nation."

Captain Hewitt was asked about the sentries.

"We don't need any," she replied, "except 'Zeus' here. He has been my pet for a long time, and can look out for us. But, by the way, up at the house there's a trained bloodhound—do you get the point?"

The girls ran into trouble soon after they got here when a swarm of small black flies with a severe sting descended upon them. That accounts for the mosquito netting that hangs about the tents and over cots tonight. There was immediate resort to the hospital tent, which is in charge of a trained nurse. Miss Baelen, who has just returned from the European war front.

There will be two rifles in camp, and they are to be kept in Captain Hewitt's tent except when in use for target practice. The girls will be taught "self-reliance." The course includes swimming, shooting, military drill, rowing, canoeing, first aid, and Red Cross work.

This morning the following day's program will start and be continued until June 24: Reveille, 6 o'clock; roll-call, 6:15; physical exercise, 6:30; breakfast, 7:10; general instruction, 8 to 8:45. Then will come rowing and other things, with dinner at 12:30. Red Cross instruction will follow dinner, with hikes and other drills from 3 o'clock on. Supper will be served at 6:30 and "taps" will be sounded at 9:30. Visitors will be allowed only on Sunday afternoons.

The girls will do all the camp work, including cooking with no recipe books allowed. The hikes will be short at first and increased until they reach about thirty miles daily before the end of the encampment.

Among the "rookies" are the Misses Roxanna Bowen, Florence Colgate, Catherine Dahlgren, Madeline Dahlgren, Martha Gay, Helen Green, Agnes Fowler, Lucy Hewitt, Marion Post, Dorothy Rives, Dorothy, Dwight Porter, Mildred Sawyer, Margaret Lindabury, Abby Morrison, Helen Seton, Alice Thorne, Rita Norrie, Elizabeth Mosley, Elizabeth Harrison, and Mildred Rives.

Major Gen. Leonard Wood has promised to make an address to the corps.

TRINITY'S ASCENSION DAY.

Special Services Commemorated Consecration of the Church.

The seventieth anniversary of the consecration of the present building of Trinity Church was commemorated yesterday by special Ascension Day services. There was a celebration of the Holy Communion at 7:30 A. M. and morning prayer, with a sermon by the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of the church, at 11 o'clock. The music at each service was appropriate to Ascension Day, and was a special feature of the worship.

The program at the high celebration at 11 o'clock included:

Prelude, Ascension Offertoire.......Dubois
Processional, Crusaders........Henry Hiles
Introit, Psalm xxiv,............Louis Spohr
Kyrie eleison, Credo, Sanctus, Agnus Dei, Gloria in Excelsis, in C......E. Silas
Offertory, Psalm cxxvii., verses 1, 2
F. H. Cowen
Recessional, Hymn 374, "Crown Him with many crowns".....Sir George Elvey
Postlude, Andante and Finale, Reformation Symphony
Felix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy

Dr. Manning's sermon was on the subject of the ascension of Christ.

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Awnings, Window Shades and Furniture Slip Covers
Made to Order at Reasonable Prices

Immediate consideration of these Summer necessities is advisable to avoid the delay incident to the great mid-season activity in this line in our workrooms.

A wide range of dependable fabrics is being shown in the Fourth Floor Upholstery Sections for this purpose.

Chickering Pianos
could be no more beautiful if they were made *expressly* for
Gifts to June
Brides and Graduates

Upright Pianos $500-$550 Grand Pianos $700-$1500
Player Pianos $825-$1750 *Convenient Terms*

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VICHY
(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)
Natural Alkaline Water
For 50 years the standard Mineral Water for the relief of Sour Stomach, Indigestion and Uric Acid.
Bottled at the Springs

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785 Men's Summer Suits
A Friday and Saturday Treat
at $19.50

You might as well attempt to "paint the lily" as describe justly the style and quality embodied in these suits at $19.50, and so we leave the story to your imagination.

Plain Blue serges galore, Plain Gray serges galore, Shepherd checks, Club checks,
Dark mixtures and Homespuns in light colors. Striped Flannels in Blues, Greens and Browns.

¼ to ½ or full lined for Summer Wear.

An Almost Inexhaustible Choice at $19.50

Other Summery Apparel

Men's Genuine Palm Beach Cloth Suits, $5

Norfolk Pinch Back or Sack Models —plain or fancy colors. All sizes.

Men's White Flannel Tennis Trousers, $3.75
New cut and made well — for outing or street wear.

Men's Knitted or Flannel Sport Coat, $7.50 and $8.50
Norfolk Pinch Back Style. Oxford Gray, Brown, Green, Plain Blue, Shepherd Checks.

Men's $10 Double Breasted Duster, $6.00
In a new full skirt Model and made to our own specifications.

GIMBELS—Fourth Floor

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Fifth Floor Broadway
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
Fifth Floor Broadway

When Seeing Is Believing
When you see this large assortment of
Suits for Men & Young Men $19.75

You will realize just what the Macy "cash buying and selling plan" will do for you. When you examine the smart English Sacks in 1, 2 and 3 button effects, the snappy, close-fitting "pinch back" Norfolks, with patch pockets and narrow lapels, even the more conservative models—when you examine the unfinished worsteds, cassimeres, cheviots, flannels, homespuns, and other fabrics of which they are made—when you see how well they are tailored with full, half and quarter linings—then you will come to the conclusion that $19.75 will buy, at Macy's, a great deal more clothing value than other New York tailors can offer. Others at **$14.75** to **$38.50.**

MORE ABOUT THAT $16.75 SALE
Most of the Suits in stock were $18.50 and $19.50—some of them were higher
We took these suits from our regular stock and added to them a special purchase of similar quality. Here is a chance which comes very seldom. High grade worsteds, cheviots, serges, cassimeres, flannels, unfinished worsteds, silk mixtures and homespuns in English sacks with two or three buttons, patch or slope pockets; a variety of conservative models and the smart "pinch back" Norfolks. The colors are blue, gray, tan, brown, green, heather mixtures, club checks and plaids, stripes and mixtures in large variety.

White Flannel Trousers, $3.49
Made of good quality material, fully shrunk. Belt straps and cuff bottoms. Others at **$4.75** to **$6.75.**

Men's Golf Suits, $19.75
With long trousers or knickerbockers
Homespuns, Donegals and Cassimeres made up in new Norfolk models. Others at **$16.75** to **$29.75.**

J. & J. Slater
Golf and Tennis Shoes

Men's white buckskin shoe, with trimmings of tan or black.
Price, $8.50

Men's oxford in tan or black, wing tip. Heavily perforated.
Price, $9.00

Men's rubber sole tennis oxford, in white buckskin or tan russia. Price, $7.00.

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The Man Who Buys a Saks Suit at $20 is $20 in! *not $20 out!*

¶ Putting $20 into a suit of clothes is one thing—getting $20 out of a suit of clothes is another.

¶ When a man spends $20 for a Saks suit he is investing his money, not speculating in a War Bride.

¶ It is true that the war has advanced woolens and other materials far beyond normal, but Saks $20 suits still maintain their great standards of excellence as New York's premier values in popular-priced clothes.

Why?

¶ First, because as clothes-makers we are in the position of "a favored nation" in the woolen markets; second, because by eliminating middlemen's profits, we have a wider margin of cost to put into the materials and the making.

¶ That is why, in this era of high prices and "excuses," Saks $20 suits look better and actually are better value than any other $20 suits in this City, *let the chips fall where they may!*

Single breasters, and double breasters, Norfolk models, and pleated back effects in a range of styles and fabrics which is nothing short of phenomenal.

Saks & Company
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B. Altman & Co.

Women's Tailor-made Suits
(sizes 34 to 44)
in a large assortment, will be specially priced for to-day and Saturday
at $19.00
(Ready-to-wear Suits, Third Floor)

B. Altman & Co.

Men's Summer Suits
at $10.00, $18.00, $20.00 to $25.00
are specially featured in the regular stock of the Men's Wear Department
(First Floor)

These Suits are in two-piece models, the coats in Norfolk or regulation style, skeleton-lined and, in many instances, having sleeve linings of silk. The materials cover a wide range of desirable warm-weather fabrics, including flannels in blue, gray or white, tropical worsteds, and pongee silk.

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scouring—repairing—moth packing and storage of
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WET CELLARS MADE DRY
FROM INSIDE WITH
SMOOTH-ON
IRON CEMENT No. 7
Write for Catalogue.
SMOOTH-ON MFG. CO.,
Jersey City, N. J.

BURNS DENIES CRIME IN SEYMOUR SEARCH

"No Act of Mine an Unlawful Entry," Detective Asserts, Describing Office Raid.

LIGHTS ON AS HE WORKED

Says He and Stenographer, Having Permission to Enter Place, Did So Without Concealment.

Owing to unexpected manoeuvring by District Attorney Swann, Frederick Seymour of the firm of Seymour & Seymour found it advisable to explain before Chief Magistrate McAdoo yesterday just what his connections were with certain munition deals emanating from his office. Although the hearing was to ascertain whether William J. Burns, acting for J. P. Morgan & Co., had a right to invade the Seymour offices, Seymour himself was subjected to considerable questioning.

What he had to explain related especially to the appearance of his signature on certain correspondence between his office and the Humboldt Fibre Company of Humboldt, Tenn., this correspondence being a part of the "grape vine" over which, the Morgan firm suspected, information from their office was going to persons not entitled to it.

Mr. Seymour admitted that he gave advice and assistance to several occupants in his office, who were alleged to have made use of that information by representing themselves as confidential agents of J. P. Morgan & Co. He emphatically denied, however, that he had ever authorized or participated in any false representations.

District Attorney Swann met that denial with the production of a letter written by J. T. Jarrett, President of the Humboldt Fibre Company, in which he repudiated his negotiations with Seymour because, he said, he had been led to believe that the Seymour office was acting as confidential agent for J. P. Morgan & Co., when such was not the fact.

Seymour said he had sent a reply to Mr. Jarrett setting him straight on the matter, but under cross-examination he admitted he had not taken this step uutil fully a week after he learned of the installation of a detectophone in his office by the Burns agency.

Burns Tells of Entering Office.

William J. Burns took the stand early in the hearing and described in full his invasion of the Seymour office. Having obtained the consent of George T. Mortimer, President of the Equitable Building Corporation, the detective said, he felt fully justified in entering the Seymour premises and examining whatever papers appeared to be purtenant to his investigation. He denied, however, that he had broken into any desk or removed any papers, or committed any act that might constitute the crime of unlawful entry.

In all his operations involving the Seymours, he said, he was acting on behalf of J. P. Morgan & Co., and not for the United States or any other Government. He said the only intimation he had that the affair might develop into a Federal matter came from Martin Egan, representative of the Morgan firm, who employed him and who expressed the fear that information stolen from the Morgan firm was being sold to the German Government through certain occupants of the Seymour office. In reply to questions by John Seymour, however, Mr. Burns admitted he found nothing to justify Mr. Egan's apprehensions.

Although he admitted that he installed two detectaphones in the Seymour office, Mr. Burns emphatically denied that he had ever tapped the Seymour telephone wires, or, in fact, any wires. On this point District Attorney Swann pursued the detective very closely.

In telling of his raid on the Seymour office Mr. Burns said he advised the stenographer, who accompanied him, to avoid disturbance of the papers copied. "We did not want any one to know that we had been there," he said. "We made several trips, all at night, and made ourselves perfectly at home in the Seymour office, without touching anything that we had no right to touch. All we wanted was to get material relative to the leaks in the Morgan office. Lynch made the copies and sent them sealed to the Morgan office. When we worked in the Seymour office it was with the lights burning, just as if we belonged there."

No Mexican-German Plot.

The detectaphones, according to Mr. Burns, proved a fairly effective means of getting information, until he was "betrayed and double-crossed" by Bartlett Smith, who assisted in installing the instruments. He is a son of Gaillard Smith, inventor of the detectaphone. To the younger Smith Mr. Burns ascribed the sudden collapse of his investigation of the Seymours.

Mr. Burns, questioned by John Seymour, denied finding evidence of any plot in the Seymour office to ship arms to "bandits in Mexico."

Frederick Seymour then took the stand. He did so of his own accord, being asked to tell what he knew of a J. Condit Smith, who was arrested some time ago and who was at that time supposed to be an occupant of his office at 61 Broadway.

According to Mr. Seymour, Smith was a brother-in-law of General Leonard Wood, a man of good character and family, who was really a victim of a plot. Having disposed of Smith, Mr. Seymour was also asked to testify to the character of other occupants of his office—Messrs. Phillips, De Witt, Hills, and Sultzer, all of whom have been charged by Martin Egan with being implicated in the use of information stolen from the Morgan offices.

Mr. Seymour spoke favorably of Phillips and Hills. Sultzer and DeWitt, he said, he did not know very well, having allowed them to take desk room in his suite merely on recommendation of Phillips and Hills. He said he had no information whatever to offer as to Sultzer, who was put on trial in the County Court yesterday on a charge of passing bad checks.

According to Mr. Seymour, it was Phillips who supplied the information contained in the letters to the Humboldt Fibre Company when that concern was trying to obtain a munition contract with J. P. Morgan & Co. Mr. Seymour said he was first persuaded to lend his signature to some of the correspondence simply because his name would carry more weight than that of Phillips. He participated personally, however, in dictating the terms of an agreement whereby the office of Seymour & Seymour and associates were to receive a brokerage fee for "landing" the Morgan contract for the Humboldt company.

Before an adjournment was taken until next Monday, James M. Beck, counsel for Burns, declared he would show that the lease the Seymours held in the Equitable Building was so worded that Burns was within his rights, acting with the consent of the building owners.

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Recommended by Physicians.

Economical when diluted as directed.

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Two sizes, 25 and 50 cents.

DINERS CHEER SHERRILL.

Men Who Organized Preparedness Parade Have Jolly Evening.

The last step in the great Citizens' Preparedness Parade was taken in the Hotel Astor last night, when the Executive Committee, which organized the parade, gave a dinner in honor of the marshals and other officials who labored so hard to make the demonstration the biggest thing of the kind ever held in the United States. There was nothing formal about the dinner. It was a wind-up jollification of the old-time sort, with plenty of cheering, lots of singing, and no speeches.

Charles H. Sherrill, the grand marshal of the parade, was cheered so many times that the official scorer, who was Roger W. Allen, threw away his counting machine. Mr. Sherrill insisted that he did not deserve the tribute, but the diners would not see it that way. Colonel George T. Wilson in a red, white, and blue silk hat also came in for a big demonstration, and while he refused to speak he did consent to sing and brought the crowd cheering to its feet by giving a verse or two of "Annie Rooney," the only complete song he had in his private collection, he explained.

Everybody present received a letter from Colonel Sherrill. It was his last official communication to his comrades and gave for the first time the official figures of the parade. The number that paraded was 140,139. The Bankers and Brokers Division headed the list with 15,000 men in line. Insurance and Lighting Trades Divisions tied for second place, with 9,500 paraders each, while the Wholesale Drygoods Division was third, with 7,588 men in line.

Colonel Sherrill's letter said in part:

"Ours was the largest body of marching Americans since the close of the civil war. In addition to the splendid total of 140,139 paraders, marching twenty abreast, we had to decline new units totaling 62,000, while from the very beginning of our work we had steadily refused all out-of-town organizations, even from nearby Jersey City. Chicago's plan of accepting groups from Joliet, Elgin, and other neighboring cities is better than our narrower one because it spreads the preparedness campaign, but unfortunately our limit was reached ten days before the parade.

"It is well to remember that it took six weeks of hard work by hundreds of men to put this parade on the street, and yet we did not equip, or feed, or transport them. This proves that talk of raising an army of a million armed citizenry overnight is only political bosh.

"The chief responsibility of our city to our nation is to Americanize those who come to us from Europe, and to that worthy task our parade most usefully contributed. Large numbers of these new neighbors of ours joined in our march. It is significant that the Street Cleaning Commissioner reports that not a single one of the thousands of American flags carried by the marchers was thrown away.

"It is a source of pardonable pride that our city should have been the leader in this splendid crusade to awaken the nation to its need of preparedness, and most gratifying that seventy-nine other cities are following our example."

The total cost of the parade was $78,218, which was contributed by 14,427 business and professional men of New York City.

Among those at the dinner last night were Roger W. Allen, David T. Abercrombie, M. W. Amberg, William Barbour, Warren Barbour, J. G. Battersall, David Bispham, Major Harrison K. Bird, Bertram H. Borden, Howard S. Borden, General O. B. Bridgman, Raymond S. Clark, George W. Curtis, H. G. Cleveland, Nicholas Danforth, Joseph P. Day, Frank Depew, Louis H. Dos Passos, Major Dewitt C. Falls, William L. Fish, A. C. Hegeman, William D. Judson, Henry S. Kip, E. W. Van C. Lucas, the Rev. Dr. W. Merle-Smith, Courtlandt Nicoll, W. S. Patten, Colonel Arthur F. Schermerhorn, the Rev. Dr. Herbert Shipman, Lloyd Taylor, A. Wakeman, Thomas R. Fleming, and General George W. Wingate.

ADVICE ON SHIPPING BILL.

P. A. S. Franklin Opposes Government Operation of Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—P. A. S. Franklin, Vice President of the International Mercantile Marine; George S. Dearborne of the American Hawaiian Steamship Company, and Mr. Shearman of W. R. Grace & Co., constituting a committee of the Chamber of Commerce, appeared tonight before the subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Commerce, in charge of the Government Ship Purchase bill. Mr. Franklin, who was the chief spokesman, advocated the elimination of Government operation of the vessels to be obtained by the Government. He approved the creation of a Shipping Board, but insisted that what was most needed to build up the merchant marine of the country was hearty Government co-operation with private interests, and not Government competition.

The Senators seemed to be impressed with a suggestion that the bill should provide that the ships to be controlled by the Government should be so constructed as to be readily converted into naval auxiliaries.

WAITE THANKS STATE FOR DEATH PENALTY

Tells Court He Wishes He Had Two Bodies to Give in Expiation for His Crime.

HEARS SENTENCE CALMLY

Nerve Stands by Murderer When He Reaches Sing Sing and Coolly Asks for His Cell.

Like an after dinner speaker rising to a toast, Dr. Arthur Warren Waite responded to a sentence of death in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday with a brief address in which he expressed his gratitude for the penalty which the State intended to inflict upon him. Before Justice Shearn had announced that he would have to die in the electric chair in the week of July 10 for the murder of his father-in-law, John E. Peck, the poisoner with a quiet smile courteously asked that he be permitted to "say a few words." Justice Shearn nodded his consent.

"I would just like to say that I would like to thank the court for the very fair and expeditious manner that the case has been conducted," began the prisoner. "And I would like to express my appreciation of the conscientiousness with which the prosecuting attorney, Mr. Brothers, has endeavored to do his duty by society and also be fair to me in this matter. And I would like to add that my counsel, Mr. Deuel, has been in every respect kind and above reproach and has been sincere in his belief in this case.

"And then I would like to say, if I may, that I know I cannot undo the wrong that I have done. I realize fully what it is. To some of the people the wrong is far beyond the point of possible forgiveness. It would be humanly impossible. I simply would like to say that I am glad, very glad, to give my body in expiation, if it may, in any small degree, make up or rectify in their minds that hurt which I have done them.

"I only wish I had more than one body to give, and I hope that my soul may go on and serve hereafter those whom I have injured. If there be any whom I have not so grievously injured, I hope that they will forgive me. I am thoroughly sorry. Thank you. That is all."

The prisoner, having concluded his remarks, stood erect and heard Justice Shearn read off the sentence of death without moving a muscle. Never for even a second did his calm composure desert him. His interest in the proceedings seemed entirely that of a spectator witnessing an absorbing episode in a drama and anxious to capture every possible thrill.

From all appearances he seemed to be in the best of health, perfectly competent to win many a set at his favorite game of tennis. He was neatly dressed in a suit of quiet blue, and walked with the air of a man who was inwardly at peace, if not really happy. If it was a pose, as many believed it to be, it was a perfect one, and remained with him all the way up to Sing Sing. And even when the door of the death house closed upon him he merely glanced at the row of gloomy cells and asked his keeper, with a smile:

"Which one do I take?"

On his way to Sing Sing in the custody of Deputy Sheriff Burke the dentist was handcuffed to Leo James, a prisoner starting off for a two-year term for highway robbery. Waite showed far more interest in this man's predicament than he did in his own. Seated with him in the smoking car, he asked him many questions, stopping now and then to look out of the window and make some enthusiastic remark about the charm of the landscape.

His last few hours in the Tombs Waite spent reading the Bible, refusing to close the book until the very moment that a prison attendant informed him that the time had come for sentence. As he made ready to go to court, he remarked to the keeper:

"You know if I had read the Bible some fifteen years ago as I have since I have been in the Tombs I would never have been heard of except in some honorable pursuit."

A search of his pockets before he left the Tombs revealed the pieces of a broken mirror in one of his pockets. With a bland smile however, he assured the attendants that he had no intention of committing suicide. But the Tombs officials could not understand how he had come into possession of the mirror.

Of his relatives, only two were present in court when he was sentenced, his brother, Frank A. Waite, and his brother-in-law, Percy Peck, to whom he had always felt bitterly antagonistic.

On passing out of the Criminal Court Building after he was sentenced he gave Detective Cuniffee a last message for his wife. At the Grand Central Station before boarding the train for Sing Sing, he mailed several letters to his mother in Grand Rapids. He arrived at Sing Sing at 1 o'clock, and was immediately transferred to the death house.

ALBODON.

It is amazing to find discriminating people using a liquid for their dentifrice. The liquid is impracticable for use on a toothbrush, as the bristles absorb what does not drip off the brush.

A modern, scientific dentrifice like Albodon has as much antiseptic property as most liquids. It contains a higher percentage of actual cleansing and polishing ingredients than any other dentifrice, so it is the best preparation to keep the teeth clean. It does not melt or harden. It has no grit. It is not artificially colored.

Try it to-day.

Albodon can be had at 25 cents a liberal tube wherever toilet articles are sold, and a free sample can be had by sending your name and address to The Albodon Company, Dept. A, 154 West 18th St., N. Y. A postal will do.

PARIS HONORS GEN. GALLIENI

Dead Strategist Regarded as Savior of the City Is Buried.

PARIS, June 1.—The funeral today of General Joseph Simeon Gallieni, former Minister of War, was the occasion of an impressive public demonstration. It began with a religious ceremony in the Hotel des Invalides, where the dead warrior's body had lain in state, at which Cardinal Amette, Archbishop of Paris, officiated. There followed a funeral oration in the Court of the Invalides by Pierre Auguste Roques, Minister of War, and a military procession through the streets of Paris, the route of the cortège being packed with a vast multitude.

The ceremonies in the Invalides were attended by President Poincaré, Cabinet Ministers, members of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies, members of the diplomatic corps, the highest officers of the army and the navy, academicians and savants. The military procession represented all branches of the service and included the regiments that were in the battle of Ourcq, when General Gallieni turned back the German rush on Paris.

All business and amusements were suspended during the ceremony, the entire city being given up to demonstrations of mourning.

Submarine Sinks Five Turk Ships.

PETROGRAD, June 1.—It is announced officialy that a Russian submarine in the Black Sea sank five sailing vessels and brought one to Sebastopol. The submarine was unsuccessfully attacked by an enemy seaplane.

German Steel Production Is Less.

BERLIN, June 1, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—The German steel output for April was 1,203,398 tons, as compared with 1,347,795 tons during March, the Overseas News Agency announced today.

AMERICANS OBJECT TO TAX.

Holders of Securities Make Appeal to English Treasury.

LONDON, June 1.—A large number of Americans resident in England, the holders of American securities here and in the United States, having protested against the new tax of 2 shillings in the pound on these holdings being applied to them, the American Embassy addressed an inquiry to the British Foreign Office.

The latter referred the matter to the Treasury Commissioners, who have before them the whole question of applying the new tax to foreign residents.

GERARD SEES CHANCELLOR.

Discussed Other Topics Than Polish Relief, but Is Silent.

BERLIN, June 1, (by Wireless to Sayville.)—James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador, had a half hour's conversation on Tuesday with Chancellor von Bethmann Hollweg. The immediate occasion for the conference was the question of Polish relief, but the Chancellor and the Ambassador also discussed topics of more general interest.

Following the conference Ambassador Gerard would say nothing for publication.

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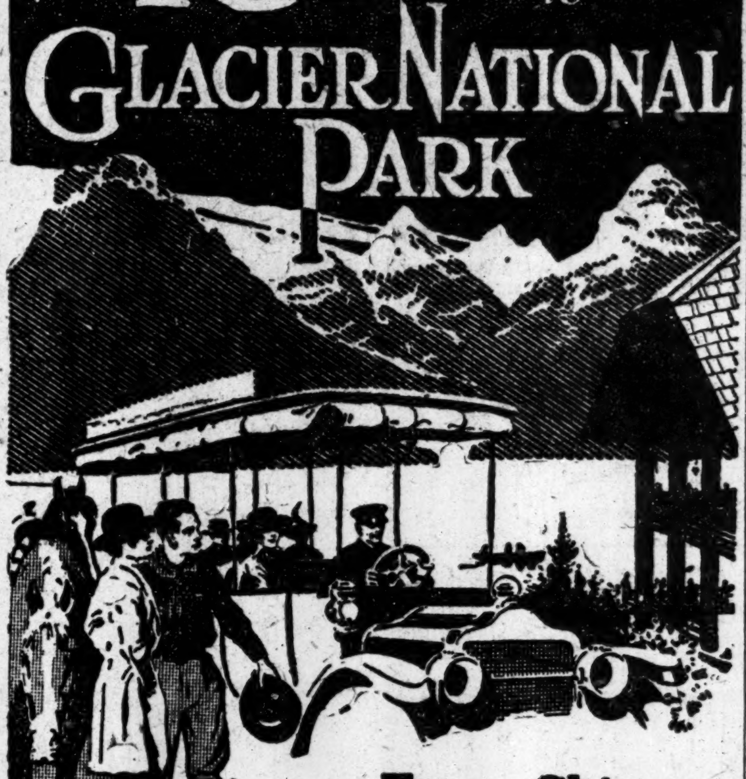

—From Chicago

Proportionately low fares from all other Eastern points. Tickets on sale June 10th to Sept. 30th via Great Northern, the only transcontinental railway in the United States whose main line touches a National Park direct.

VISIT America's Vacation Paradise *this summer*. Wonderful mountains—glaciers—skyland lakes. Tour on horseback or afoot—by automobile and launch. It's always cool in Glacier Park. Modern hotels or Swiss chalets. Tepee camps. Vacations $1 to $5 a day. Special round trip tourist fares in effect daily until Sept. 30th to Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma, Vancouver, Victoria—delightful resort-land—and other points on Puget Sound and the Pacific. Tickets permit stop-over at Glacier National Park, either going or returning. Enjoy the famous in-sight-of-land voyage to Alaska. Write for folder, "Western Trips for Eastern People," giving detailed information regarding special fares, train service, etc.

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—a California summer is delightful—cool always by the seashore and in the mountains.

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Stop on your way and visit the Colorado Rockies • Old Santa Fe The Painted Desert • Ancient Indian Puebloes • Petrified Forest and the Grand Canyon of Arizona —four daily California trains Fred Harvey serves the meals

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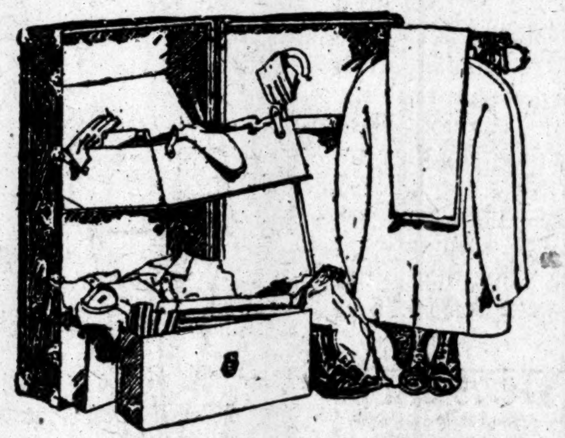

Guaranteed for Five Years

The most remarkable value in trunks that we have ever had the pleasure of offering to men and women—they are roomy but by no means bulky, have removable garment racks and are *guaranteed not to break.*

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Business men demand comfortable underwear. Many of them buy

KAVANAUGH BALBRIGGAN

because it is the long wearing, satisfactory underwear that fits and feels well. We spin our own yarns and thread to secure uniform quality. 50c per garment. Ask your dealer.

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THE LOCOMOBILE COMPANY OF AMERICA

Announces

A series of Six Cylinder Cars, fashionably low in appearance, quickly responsive to power demands, sweet-running, and restful.

Locomobile Coach Work equips the perfected Chassis with a beautiful body, individual in detail, and finish, and of any desired style.

These luxurious cars are expensive, but having the finest materials and workmanship, are undeniably superior, and being produced in small quantities, are exclusive.

Now on exhibition at
Sixty-first Street next to Broadway

"Just Like Home Grown"
Seabrook's Honey Heart Strawberries

Four inches around. Three bites to a berry.

HAVE you ever gone out in a strawberry patch yourself and picked the big, red ripe beauties, and holding the stem, bitten into their succulent deliciousness?

Well, then, you know what real strawberry eating joy is.

The nearest approach to duplicating it is to buy Seabrook's long stemmed Honey Hearts, and, dipping them in sugar, take "three bites to a berry."

If you can't go out to your own patch, your grocer can happily furnish you with our Honey Hearts picked yesterday from our little patch of 50 acres.

SEABROOK STRAWBERRIES Honey Heart

SEABROOK FARMS CO., Bridgeton, N. J.
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Sole Distributor for New York.

A.F. ENO'S SECURITIES VALUED AT $5,741,988

Expert Appraiser Testifies to Worth of Stocks and Bonds Left by Financier.

WHOLE ESTATE $12,636,898

Oculist Who Operated on Decedent Tells of Marked Changes in His Patient in Two Years.

At the continuation of the contest before Surrogate Cohalan and a jury yesterday of the will of Amos F. Eno, who left the residue of his estate, estimated at $5,000,000 or more, to Columbia University, L. A. Griffen, an expert appraiser of securities, testified that Mr. Eno's holdings in various stocks and bonds totaled $5,741,988.

"Assuming," asked counsel for the contestants, who include Amos R. E. Pinchot, Gifford Pinchot, and William P. Eno, "the value of the real estate left by the decedent to be $6,003,480, as appraised by Joseph P. Day, and cash in the banks to the amount of $359,430, what is the value of the entire estate?"

"Twelve million six hundred thirty-six thousand eight hundred ninety-eight dollars," the witness replied.

According to Mr. Griffen, Mr. Eno owned 19,400 shares in the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, valued at $3,899,400, and 2,920 shares in the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Coal Company, worth $328,500. Mr. Eno's holdings in the Lackawanna Railroad of New Jersey were appraised at $206,800, in the Erie Railroad at $136,950, and in the Ann Arbor Railroad at $187,425. He also owned New York City bonds worth $313,000 and stock in the St. Louis Bridge Company valued at $150,000, the witness stated. Mr. Griffen said that few of the investments made by Mr. Eno which he had examined had been unprofitable.

The contestants continued to place witnesses on the stand, all of whom testified concerning the irrational acts of Mr. Eno which they had noticed during the last year of his life. Dr. Louis Green, an oculist of Washington, D. C., who operated on Mr. Eno for a cataract in 1913, described the change which he had noticed in his patient, when he saw him again last Summer. Edward B. Treadwell, a real estate expert, who had had business relations with Mr. Eno for more than ten years, said that prior to 1914 Mr. Eno was a man of great force and vigor, displaying remarkable executive ability. Afterward he became arbitrary, brusque, and intolerable, the witness said.

On one occasion, while in Mr. Eno's office, the witness continued, a clerk appeared at the door and announced that a woman had a request to make of him. When she appeared he jumped up, faced her, and demanded in a loud tone of voice the nature of her errand. He refused to let her answer, but constantly walked around her, menacingly.

"What did she finally do?" the witness was asked.

"She retreated," was the reply.

Mr. Treadwell added that in all of the last twenty interviews he had with Mr. Eno, the latter flew into a violent rage at the slightest provocation and used unseemly language. The witness testified that he believed Mr. Eno was irrational.

Frank M Jones, Secretary of the O. J. Gude Company, told of an incident while he was interviewing Mr. Eno on a business proposition He said that "a young man named Boissevain" came into the office and asked to see Mr. Eno alone.

"You are alone," the witness quoted Mr. Eno as replying.

When the visitor renewed his request, Mr. Eno flew into a rage and declared that he "never saw man, woman, or child alone." This conduct struck the witness as being irrational, he said.

It was learned that Mr. Jones referred to Eugen Boissevain, the husband of Inez Milholland Boissevain, both of whom were in the courtroom during the session.

The trial will be resumed this morning.

BEQUESTS TO CHARITIES.

Mrs. R. H. Pfeiffer Endows Jewish Organizations.

The will of Mrs. Rachel Helman Pfeiffer of 2 West Ninety-fourth Street, who died on May 21, filed yesterday for probate in the Surrogate's Court, disposes of more than $100,000 in specific bequests, many of them being given to Jewish charities. The full value of the estate is not given in the will.

A trust fund of $60,000 is created for the benefit of Moses Heyman, a brother of Mrs. Pfeiffer. Upon his death part of the sum is to be devoted for the support of his widow, while the remainder is to become part of the residuary estate. The will provides that Mrs. Jeanette Gentzlinger, the wife of her son, Edward Heyman Pfeiffer, is not to have any share in the estate, nor any children by her. An eighth of the estate is created into a trust for the benefit of the son, upon whose death it reverts to the residuary estate unless he is survived by children by another wife. Otherwise the estate is to be given to charitable institutions to be chosen by the executors.

Mrs. Pfeiffer directs her executors to endow a bed in some hospital at a cost of $10,000. A trust fund of $8,000 is created for the benefit of her maid, Mamie Weil. The specific charitable bequests are as follows: To the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, and the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Asylum, each $2,500; to the Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids, the Jewish Working Girls' Vacation Society, and the Hebrew Technical School, each $1,000.

BELMONT REDUCED CLAIM.

His Friendship for "Big Tim" Sullivan Benefits Estate.

William B. Ellison, receiver of the estate of Timothy D. Sullivan, has asked the Supreme Court to permit him to settle the claim of August Belmont against the estate for $242,923.51 on the payment of $201,630.05. A letter from John T. Hettrick, attorney for Mr. Belmont in the proceeding, dated Feb. 15 last, accompanied the application. It said in part:

"This claim arises out of transactions in stocks undertaken by Timothy D. Sullivan and Timothy P. Sullivan outside of Mr. Belmont's banking house. On account of Mr. Belmont's friendship with Timothy D. Sullivan he advanced the sum of $272,845.08 in cash to prevent the broker with whom Timothy D. Sullivan and Timothy P. Sullivan were dealing from liquidating the account.

"The records in this claim, which have been presented to you, further show that Mr. Belmont is entitled to the full amount of $242,923.51 as of the date of this letter. I desire to make it clear that the acceptance of the lesser amount in settlement is voluntary on Mr. Belmont's part, and that this offer is made because of the friendship existing between the late Timothy D. Sullivan and my client."

The debt was contracted in 1909, and it was said that it grew out of transactions in Interborough stock in which Mr. Sullivan and his cousin, "Little Tim," dealt largely.

NEW STRAUS MILK DEPOTS.

Ten Summer Stations to Supplement Work of 8 Year 'Round Ones.

Nathan Straus yesterday opened ten infant milk depots in addition to the eight that he maintains throughout the year. This makes the twenty-fifth year of his work of providing pasteurized milk for the children in the parks and on the recreation piers.

The new Summer stations are at the Battery, City Hall, Central and Seward Parks, on the recreation piers at Third, East Twenty-fourth, East 111th, Barrow and West Fiftieth Streets, and at the Educational Alliance Roof Garden.

At all these stations, and at Tompkins and Mount Morris Parks, where the Straus depots are open the whole year, pasteurized milk is served at 1 cent a glass and milk is provided in nursing bottles for babies. The work is under the direction of Annie Nason, Superintendent of the Nathan Straus Pasteurized Milk Laboratories, and Dr. Shuman visits each station to give advice to mothers.

NOT A 'DARK HORSE,' GOETHALS DECLARES

Has Proved That He's a Good Dictator, He Says, but Politics Have No Interest for Him.

HERE FOR COMMENCEMENTS

Says Canal Slide Has Been Stopped and That It Will Never Hinder Navigation Again.

General George Washington Goethals arrived yesterday from Colon on the United Fruit steamship Santa Marta, bronzed and in fine spirits. He said he had no news from Washington as to when he was to be relieved as Governor of the Canal Zone, and, so far as he knew, he was going back to Panama in two months.

When told by a TIMES reporter that he had been mentioned in some newspapers as a Republican "dark horse," General Goethals laughed. "Yes, that's all right, but I am not a dark horse," he said.

"I have demonstrated that I would make a good dictator, but I am not a politician. Politics do not interest me."

He asked about the drift of the Republican Party and who would be likely to get the Presidential nomination, expressed interest in the battle of Verdun, and was anxious to know if the Germans were likely to break through the French defenses.

A German naval reserve officer had told him that if the Germans won Verdun it would mean the defeat of the entire French Army, he said.

With regard to the canal, General Goethals said the slides in Galliard Cut had been stopped and that the channel would never be closed again on that account. "There will be movement of the slides in the cut for some time to come," he continued, "but not on a large scale. We have passed one steamship through drawing 31 feet of water, and the channel is easily navigated by vessels drawing 30 feet. The course of the 800,000 tons of soft rock that was tumbling into the cut has been deflected about 150 feet to the north of Gold Hill into a small basin, so that does not trouble us any more."

When asked about his plans, General Goethals said he had come here to attend the reunion of his class at West Point, which is held every five years, and that he would be present at the graduation of his son, Thomas R. Goethals, from the Harvard Medical School.

"After those two events are over," he said, "I shall go to Washington and talk with the powers that be. When I resigned from the Governorship last Fall, the President requested me to stay on until he found some one to relieve me, and I agreed to do so. At that time I advocated Colonel Chester Harding for the post, but I have heard nothing since. Secretary Garrison promised me that I should be relieved, but when I went to Washington this Spring and spoke to Secretary Baker about the matter, he said: 'Don't mention the subject to me, please.' I am going back to Panama in two months, but whether as Governor I cannot say. If I am relieved I shall return to the isthmus to pack up my effects."

AVERT TROUBLE IN PANAMA.

Chiari Adherents Defy Order and Hold Rally—Political Feeling High.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, June 1.—Trouble was feared for a time last night when the Chiari adherents, in the present Presidential campaign here, decided to override the Mayor's order against holding an outdoor rally. Panama's Secretary of Government withdrew the order at the last moment at the instance, it is said, of the American authorities.

The meeting proceeded peaceably. Some speakers were arrested today. Tension among the members of the two rival Presidential parties is high.

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1916
The Country-wide System

This is The Telephone's Birthday

FORTY-ONE years ago today the telephone was born. Its birth cry was only the faint musical sound of a plucked spring carried over a hundred feet of wire, but it was heard by Alexander Graham Bell through a crude little instrument he had invented, and at that moment a new art—the Art of Telephony—came into being.

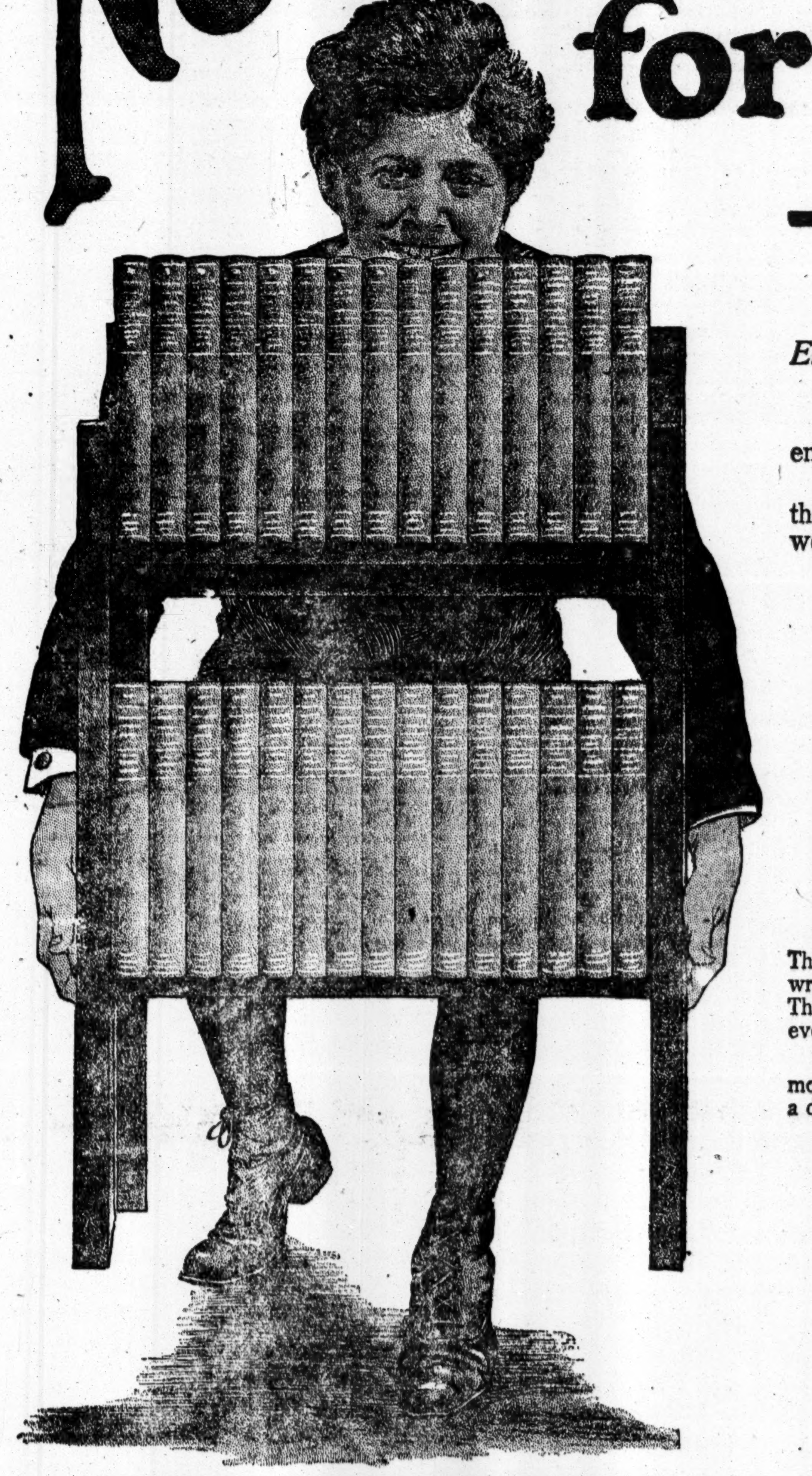
From this feeble birth cry there has been developed a country-wide system of practically instantaneous communication that comprises 21,000,000 miles of wire and 9,200,000 telephone stations served through 64,000 telephone exchanges that contain 48 miles of telephone switchboards.

Every day in the year 26,000,000 messages are sent and received through this system that is being operated, maintained, and developed by a loyal army of 156,000 Bell workers.

Surely no higher tribute to the greatness of the telephone can be paid than by the universal and constant use that is made of it by those to whom it means a happier, more prosperous existence.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

Not Too Heavy for Him —nor you!



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Here are stories of How Captain Kidd Went Wrong (he was a New York shipowner up to 50); and about Sir Henry Morgan, the Buccaneer; about Hereward the Wake, and Ivanhoe, and Barbarossa, and Robert the Bruce, and Davy Crockett, and scores of other boyish heroes. You can learn here how long a toad lives, or why a snake can't cross ice; about Kite-flying, and measuring the wind; about the work of earthworms, or why dew falls, or what makes lightning, or how to tell mushrooms, or why a chameleon changes its color;—

—scores and hundreds of interesting things for wide-awake, ambitious boys and girls—and grown-ups, too.

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There are 41,000 articles in the new Encyclopaedia Britannica. They are not heavy; they are not dull. Every one of them is written by an expert, many by the highest living authority. They tell you everything you want to know, about pretty much everything on earth, and they tell it with interest and charm.

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LYMAN DIVIDENDS CHIEFLY ADVICE

Witnesses Testify That He Was a Ready Letter Writer After They Had Invested.

WOMEN AMONG THE LOSERS

Defendant Attempts to Convince the Court That He Meant to Reimburse His Customers.

When the trial of Dr. John Grant Lyman for using the mails to defraud was resumed yesterday before Judge Wolverton in the United States District Court, the prosecution called as witnesses many of the victims of John H. Putnam & Co., the firm name under which Lyman operated in stocks at 68 Broad Street. The defendant continued to act as his own counsel.

In his cross-examination of the witnesses Lyman attempted to show that the stocks were not subject to delivery until paid for in full. He suggested by a peculiar line of questioning that he stood ready to refund to his customers all of the money they had credulously given to his firm, but was forced to take refuge in flight when a rumor was circulated in the financial district that he was a German spy.

Mrs. Lyman, dressed in blue linen, was again at the table beside her husband. She took notes once or twice, but most of the time she sat with the pencil tip in her mouth intently watching the court proceedings.

The first witness was Mrs. Susan B. Beebe of Brooklyn. She said that she became interested in Putnam & Co. through circulars sent out by Lyman. In January she bought fifty shares of Ohio Oil and fifty shares of California Oil, for which she gave as collateral sixty-six shares of California Oil. She gave the stock to Lyman a few days before he disappeared.

"Do you know where your stock is now?" asked Assistant United States Attorney Edwin M. Stanton.

"I wish I did," replied the witness with feeling.

As each witness took the stand Mr. Stanton admitted in evidence the circulars, telegrams, and letters received from Lyman. In some of his letters Lyman said that his partner was C. S. Harkness, a nephew of C. W. Harkness, "next to John D. Rockefeller, the largest holder of Standard Oil stock." A letter to Mrs. Beebee said: "Every time the Standard Oil is investigated its stock goes up in value."

Mrs. Sarah B. Knowles, a Pennsylvanian, told how she sent stock to Lyman to sell for her and to reinvest the money in Ohio Oil stock. She never got any of it back, she testified.

George Waterson of Brooklyn testified that he had given Lyman $400 in cash and bonds worth $500, directing him to buy twenty shares of Ohio Oil. The stock was not purchased, he declared, and he does not know what has become of his cash and securities.

Henry B. Foster of Knoxville, Tenn., said he directed Lyman to buy him thirty shares of Ohio Oil and gave him as security ten shares of du Pont Powder stock, valued at $3,800.

The first witness to testify that she ever got anything back from Lyman was Mrs. Mina P. Johnson, who lives near Springfield, Mass. She gave Lyman some stock to sell, and he notified her that he had done so and that he had for her order $2,893.75. She said that afterward she became suspicious and demanded her money. The Springfield representative of Putnam & Co., she said, told her that she had better reinvest, and she finally did put $1,000 in oil stocks. Then Lyman sent her a check for $850.

"He still owes me $1,043," said the witness.

J. William Armitage of Walden, Mass.; Walter W. Slack of Springfield, Mass., and Mrs. Alice G. Blanchard of Randolph, Vt., were among those who testified that they had turned over cash and securities to Lyman and got the usual letters and advice in return.

The last witness of the day was Miss Margaret J. Patterson of Brooklyn. She made her first stock investment with Lyman, and got nothing in return.

The case will be continued this morning.

INVENTED HYDROAEROPLANE

Court Awards Priority Over Curtiss to Albert S. Janin.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Priority of invention of the hydroaeroplane was awarded today by the District Supreme Court to Albert S. Janin against Glenn H. Curtiss. A decision of the Commissioner of Patents was reversed on the ground that Janin had established a date of conception three years ahead of Curtiss. The court held, however, that its decision would not take from Curtiss the patentable "subject matter he may have originated."

In January, 1915, the Board of Examiners of the Patent Office decided that Albert S. Janin, then a poor Staten Island cabinet maker, was the inventor who had made the hydroaeroplane possible.

In the controversy that followed the use of the Curtiss hydroaeroplanes, it came out that Mr. Janin produced the device in 1909, about a year before Mr. Curtiss had attempted to use hydroaeroplanes at Hammondsport and failed. In 1910 Mr. Curtiss began testing a canoe-like device for carrying the aeroplanes until they gained enough momentum to lift them from the water.

Thomas A. Hill, a lawyer, of 233 Broadway, took up Mr. Janin's claims and placed them before the Examiners of Interference of the Patent Office. He charged that, on July 3, 1910, Mr. Curtiss tried four times to raise his plane from the surface of Lake Keuka, and that he admitted his failure. It was shown that drawings of the device since successfully used were made by Mr. Janin long before this time and that he tried to build a machine but lacked the money necessary to do so.

In answer Mr. Curtis contended that his device had failed at Lake Keuka because its motor was not sufficiently powerful. The Examiners of Interference decided against Mr. Janin by saying, "While he (Curtiss) was thus engaged, Janin was sleeping on his rights, from which slumber he did not awake until after the achievements of Curtiss had been widely published."

Following this the case was brought before the Board of Examiners, who found for Mr. Janin, their opinion reading in part, "He (Janin) is a poor man, evidently struggling for a sufficient income to meet his current living expenses. From what his witnesses testify, it is apparent that he was continuously striving to raise funds to develop his ideas, which were regarded by many as illusionary."

It was also brought out that during the years he was striving to perfect his invention, Mr. Janin was regarded by many as being unbalanced, in the same way the Wright brothers were regarded by their neighbors before they made their first successful flight at Kitty Hawk, N. C.

SAYS SON WASTES INCOME IN DRINK

Mrs. Partridge Appeals to Court to Appoint Guardian for James Humphrey.

HE DENIES HER CHARGE

Accuses His Stepfather of Squandering Mother's Wealth and Making Trouble.

A Justice of the Supreme Court and a jury will hear testimony on June 17 concerning the habits of James Humphrey to determine whether he is a habitual drinker and whether he is incapable of managing his own affairs. While the law permits a person to have his mental and physical capacity tested in this manner, the usual proceeding is for a Commissioner named by the court and a Sheriff's jury to take the testimony.

Humphrey will be 30 years old on Dec. 24, 1918, when he will come into possession of a trust fund of about $400,000 left him by his father. His mother, Mrs. Augusta V. Partridge, petitioned the court for the appointment of a committee to care for his person and property.

Mrs. Partridge lives at 158 West Fifty-eighth Street and the home of her son is at 170 West Seventy-second Street. In her petition Mrs. Partridge says her son "has become and now is a habitual drunkard, having become addicted to the habitual use of liquor, whereby he has become incapable of managing his affairs, and has become and now is subject to the imposition of designing persons who take advantage of his unfortunate habit and have induced him to give away and spend his money in riotous living."

Humphrey has an income from the trust fund of about $15,000 a year and his mother says that he has applied to the Equitable Trust Company for a loan of $40,000, secured by his interest in the fund. To prove that this money, if procured, would be wasted, Mrs. Partridge says that for eight years her son has been drinking to excess, that his habit is to buy such articles as jewelry and automobiles for which he is frequently unable to pay, that he comes home at all hours in the morning "in a helpless condition so that the following day he would be so incapacitated as to be unable even to care for himself."

Mrs. Partridge said that she had to pay some of his bills, and that he wanted to raise money for the purpose of opening a roadhouse to be conducted by one Walter Phillips, the keeper of a saloon in New Rochelle. An affidavit from Dr. Edmund J. Palmer was to the effect that Humphrey's indulgence had sometimes caused him to have hallucinations.

In an answering affidavit Humphrey denied practically every statement made by Mrs. Partridge and laid much of the trouble between him and his mother to the action of his stepfather who, he said, had no occupation since he married and was supported by his wife. He said that he was never so much under the influence of liquor that he did not know what he was doing or to forget how to behave like a gentleman, that his health was good, his mind clear, and that he was capable of taking care of himself. He left his mother's home because his life there was unpleasant, he said, and accused his stepfather of having spent a great deal of his wife's money and of having got into serious trouble in France because of his failure to pay his bills.

Concerning his effort to raise $40,000, he said that he was anxious to go into some kind of business and had been advised that money could be made by the purchase of the Hotel Cedarcliff at New Rochelle. After telling a good deal about his home life, the alleged characteristics of his stepfather, and how his mother acted toward him, Humphrey said that he thought it would be "better for your deponent to cover as much of the family skeleton as is possible."

Accompanying his affidavit are others from persons who say that he has always behaved himself, that he is not a habitual drunkard, that he is capable of looking after himself and his property.

Andrew Freedman Home Meeting.

The first meeting of the Trustees of the Andrew Freedman Home for Aged Men and Women took place yesterday. Several changes were made in the board because of death and for other reasons. Following are the new officers, Trustees, and Executive Committee: President—Samuel Untermyer; Vice Presidents—Daniel B. Freedman and Henry A. Gildersleeve; Treasurer—Stephen Baker; Secretary—John H. Campbell; Trustees—Samuel Untermyer, Isabella Freedman, Eugene L. Bushe, De Lancey Nicoll, Jacob H. Schiff, Edward E. McCall, Henry A. Gildersleeve, John H. Campbell, Daniel B. Freedman, Charles S. Guggenheimer, Joseph P. Day, Arthur Lehman, Walter G. Oakman, Stephen Baker, August Belmont, Valentine P. Snyder, Nathan Straus, Anson McCook Beard, Charles E. Rushmore, Charles J. Wittenberg, Alvin Untermyer, Harry Bronner, Bernard Sachs, Theodore P. Shonts, and Cornelius J. Sullivan; Eecutive Committee—Walter G. Oakman, Bernard Sachs, Stephen Baker, Daniel B. Freedman, Samuel Untermyer, Valentine P. Snyder, Harry Bronner, and Isabella Freedman.

James T. Hyde Leaves $3,000.

The will of James Trevelyan Hyde, for many years the manager of the stables of A. G. Vanderbilt, filed yesterday in the Surrogates' Court for probates, bequeaths an estate of $3,000 to Miss Cecil M. Burd of 2,947 Tiebout Avenue, the Bronx, who is also named as the executrix. Mr. Hyde, who died at his home, 3 West 104th Street, on May 1, in his seventy-first year, had been prominently identified with the turf for many years. He was Secretary of the National Horse Show Association.

SERVICE BOARD LETS $3,626,653 CONTRACTS

Degnon Co. Gets a $1,972,349 Job on Manhattan End of the Eastern District Line.

ONE AWARD TO CONNERS

He Will Build Elevated Extension of Eastern Parkway Subway on a $1,376,122 Bid.

Contracts for important construction work on the new subways were let yesterday by the Public Service Commission. The most important contract was that for $1,972,349, awarded to the Degnon Contracting Company, for the last underground section of the Fourteenth Street-Eastern District rapid transit line. This section lies in Manhattan and extends under Fourteenth Street from about Irving Place to Avenue B. This is officially designated as Route 8 of Section 2.

The Eastern District Subway, as it is popularly called, is a two-track subway, and is for operation, under the Dual System agreement, by the New York Municipal Railway Corporation. It begins at Sixth Avenue and Fourteenth Street in Manhattan, and extends under the cross street, under the East River to North Seventh Street, Brooklyn, and thence under North Seventh Street, Metropolitan Avenue, Bushwick Avenue, and Johnson Avenue to a connection with the Long Island right of way over the Evergreen branch. Over this line it will run as an elevated structure to a connection with the Broadway elevated line, continuing thence to East New York.

The Eastern District Subway will serve a large manufacturing district in Greenpoint and the rapidly growing residential district in East New York.

These are the contractors of the underground sections of the new subway:

Sec. 1	Booth & Flinn, Ltd.	$2,528,618.25
Sec. 2	Degnon Contracting Co.	1,972,349.00
Sec. 3	Flinn-O'Rourke Co., Inc.	6,639,023.50
Sec. 4	Mason & Hanger Co., Inc.	1,847,174.40
Sec. 5	MacArthur Brothers Co.	1,336,949.85

The contract for the construction of Route 31 of the Livonia Avenue elevated extension of the Eastern Parkway subway in Brooklyn was awarded yesterday to Dennis E. Conners of 64 West Eighty-eighth Street, whose bid of $1,376,122 was the lowest of six. Route 31 is a two-track elevated structure from the connection with the Eastern Parkway line at Buffalo Avenue over and along east Ninety-eighth Street and Livonia Avenue to New Lots Avenue, the end of the Interborough system in Brooklyn.

The contractor will be required to begin work within sixty days from the execution of the contract and to complete it within thirteen months. This section of the line is nearly 2½ miles long and there will be stations as follows: Sutter Avenue, Saratoga Avenue, Rockaway Avenue, Junius Street, Pennsylvania Avenue, Van Sicklen Avenue, and New Lots Avenue.

This is the last section of the Eastern Parkway line to be let, and with its completion operation of the line should be possible. The other bidders on this line were:

Post & McCord, Inc.	1,452,025.00
Pennsylvania Steel Company	1,467,030.00
Kaufman & Garcey	$1,386,365.00
Oscar Daniels Company	1,408,462.50
Rodgers & Hagerty, Inc.	1,412,368.75

The contract for station finish on the Lexington Avenue subway from Forty-third to 106th Street was awarded yesterday to John B. Roberts, whose bid of $278,182.66 was lowest. The stations to be finished are those at Fifty-first Street, Fifty-ninth Street, Sixty-eighth Street, Seventy-seventh Street, Eighty-sixth Street, Ninety-sixth Street, and 103d Street.

The commission also opened bids for the construction of station finish work on the northern section of his line to 157th Street. The results were not announced.

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FOR
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3 for 25c 10c Straight 2 for 25c
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With its goodness that cannot be imitated.

With its sales greater than any other high grade cigarette in history.

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With sugar costing 3c more a pound than it did last year, this stupendous purchase of 100,000 lbs. (50 tons) of Fancy Jordan Almonds carries an extra value that you will be quick to appreciate.
A 40c VALUE
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JORDAN ALMONDS
Daintily colored, deliciously flavored sugar shells, with fillings of plump, meaty, imported almonds. A delightful confection for young and old—containing nothing but sugar, almonds and vegetable coloring.
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CREAM of ALMONDS
A pure white, creamy lotion to be applied to the skin when sunburned, chapped or roughened with wind, wet or cold.
TWO SIZES 25c AND 50c

REXALL THEATRICAL COLD CREAM
To be used in place of soap and water for cleansing the face and hands. Should be carried in every auto for removing oil, grease, and grime. Quickly relieves sunburn.
30c & 50c

Ask for a
Golden Orange
Ice Cream Short Cake
At the Fountain—SPECIAL. 10c

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STRAW-HAT CLEANER
Mix with a little water, brush your hat with the mixture, rinse it off, shake it, put it on your head—clean, with good looks restored.
A 10-cent box cleans twice.
25-cent box cleans 8 times.

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Cedar Chest Compound
Superior to moth balls. Much cheaper than camphor. Keeps your clothes free from the ravages of moths.
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BLACK AND WHITE CIGARS are made from the best tobacco, by expert workmen, in sanitary factories, and are noted for their rich, full-bodied fragrance.
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Tar Paper, Roll.......39c
Pure Gum Camphor, lb....63c
Formaldehyde Fumigators, 19c, 29c, 39c
Egyptian Deodorizer......19c
Moth Balls and Flakes, lb..20c
Sulphur Candles......9c, 15c
Platt's Chlorides.....20c, 37c
Sulpho Napthol, 9c, 19c, 39c, 75c
Magic Insect Powder, 19c, 30c, 50c, 89c
¼lb. ¼lb. ½lb. 1 lb.
Tar Bags.........45c to 79c
Creolin.......9c, 19c, 38c, 75c
Phenol Sodique.......10c, 31c
Peterman's Discovery.10c, 19c
Rexall Ant, Bug & Roach Powder, lb. box, 45c

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Women Prominent in Society and Actresses Reap Rich Harvest Throughout the City.

HOPE FOR SALE OF MILLION

Edna May Supplies Newsboys—Viereck Refuses to Purchase—No Violation of Laws, Director Asserts

When 3,500 women ticket sellers for the Allied Bazaar completed their day's canvass of Manhattan, Brooklyn, and the Bronx late last evening the official count of the sale at the ticket headquarters, 120 Broadway, was 565,401. This number was said to have established a world's record for a single day's sale of tickets, and is exclusive of a large number of other returns for the bazaar, which opens tomorrow night, and which is expected to bring $1,000,000 for the Allies' war relief. The tickets sold for 25 cents. Manhattan led the list with a total of 388,126. The figures for Brooklyn were 121,275, and for the Bronx 56,000.

Because of the demands for a continuation of the general sale and the possibility of disposing of many thousand more tickets before the opening of the bazaar the committee in charge of the Ticket Day announced last night that the campaign would be continued until the doors of Grand Central Palace opened to admit the public on Saturday. In the hope that 1,000,000 tickets will be sold the 1,000 or more women and girls who worked yesterday will sell tickets at the baseball park, office buildings, and to the matinée crowds in the theatres today and tomorrow.

"Ticket Day" opened yesterday at 11 o'clock, when a line of motor cars containing women prominent in society and well-known actresses left the Plaza, at Fifty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue, and paraded down Fifth Avenue to Bowling Green. At that point the workers dispersed to their allotted stations, many of them having a roving commission, however, while other automobiles made their way to the Bronx and Brooklyn.

Scores of Wall Street clerks and brokers saw Miss Edna May become the idol of newsboys when she bought a huge batch of tickets and distributed them among the "newsies" in front of the Custom House in Bowling Green. At noon Miss May gave Wall Street another surprise by singing one of her song successes in "The Belle of New York" in front of the Stock Exchange. A chorus of brokers drowned her voice, however, and bills of all denominations were showered on her for the bazaar.

German Refuses Ticket.

Mrs. Alice Coulters, a worker stationed at Thirty-first Street and Fifth Avenue, offered to sell a ticket to George Slyvester Viereck, editor of "Fatherland," who happened to be passing.

"Will you take a ticket for the Allies' Bazaar," she asked Mr. Viereck, not knowing who he was.

"Don't you see that I am a German? I don't want your Allies' tickets."

"Oh, I see," answered Mrs. Coulters, "I did not recognize you."

A worker was stationed in front of the home of William K. Vanderbilt at Fifty-second Street and Fifth Avenue all day yesterday, as a large crowd gathered there to inspect the damage done to a front window of the house by a crank who threw two stones into the Vanderbilt home on Wednesday.

In Broad Street the Dolly Sisters sold tickets in front of the Consolidated Exchange, and when sales fell a trifle short of the average, they stepped into their motor car and entertained the crowds with dancing steps. Mrs. William Astor Chanler, with Mrs. H. J. Whigham, disposed of more than 2,500 tickets in Wall Street, while Lady Colebrook visited the brokers' offices and distributed many thousand tickets, one broker ordering and paying for 50,000, which he promised to distribute. The patrons of many restaurants received a surprise when Miss Flore Ravelle, one of the stars of the Diaghileff Ballet Russe, entered the establishments with Mlle. Marie Blanchot. Both women were dressed in Swiss costume.

Many Tickets Sold at Luncheon.

Mlle. Ravelle later went to the Machinery Club for luncheon, and afterward spent two busy hours supplying the demands of members of the Stock Exchange for tickets. Miss Grace Fields and Miss Audrey Maple had roving commissions in Bowling Green, but took in the Lawyers Club for luncheon, where they sold a batch of tickets. Miss May went to the Railroad Club for her luncheon, and later sold tickets in Hanover Square.

Assisting Lady Colebrook in front of 120 Broadway were L. Jerome, Mrs. Tracey Lyon, Benjamin Baker, and Mrs. Kenneth Owen. Mrs. Benjamin Guinness, with her two children, sold tickets from a motor car in front of the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co., assisted by five French nurse maids.

One of the saleswomen was Miss Marjorie Quinn, who recently came from Australia. She took her stand in front of Trinity Church, and was accompanied by her father, who is a high official in Sydney. Six mysterious persons called "masked marvels" from one of the Fifth Avenue shops made an office-to-office canvass, and created much excitement when they entered a restaurant for luncheon still masked. Later they were warned by a policeman that they were not permitted to appear masked in the street.

Mrs. P. H. Cheney of Boston, who is 84 years old, sold tickets at Fifth Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, while the youngest person who sold tickets was 2½ years old, Marion Bellerichard, who occupied a high chair in front of the Harriman National Bank at Fifth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street.

Belgian Minister's Daughter Active.

Mrs. Walter E. Maynard, Mrs. Emily Price Post, and Mrs. Marie Kosminski canvassed the Plaza and secured a large sale of tickets. Employes of the General Electric Company and the Western Union Company spent their luncheon hour canvassing many of the downtown office buildings. Mlle. Marie de Sadlier, daughter of the Belgian Minister, worked in Fifth Avenue from Fortieth to Fifty-fourth Street, assisted by a corps of workers.

A report came from Brooklyn late last night that the Lord's Day Alliance was going to try to have the bazaar stopped on Sunday, and on other days as there would be violations of the law in the conduct of the large sale.

George Hough Perry, Eexecutive Director of the bazaar, made the following statement last night when he was told of the report:

"This bazaar is the first to which the foreign nations have contributed on a large scale, except to an international exposition. I have heard from the Civic League for Law Enforcement, to which I think the Lord's Day Alliance people belong, but their note was very courteous, asking us not to violate the law in any respect or they would have to take action. They sent letters, too, at the time of the German Bazaar, cautioning against the employment of raffles and gambling devices.

"All I can say is that the law will not be violated in any way. There will be no raffles, which will violate the law; in fact, the workers have been cautioned that they must not be importunate in selling to their customers. The bazaar will be run as an exposition, a social reception, and a big store."

Last night more than a hundred ticket sellers were still at work canvassing the theatre crowds, but their reports as to the number of tickets sold could not be obtained at a late hour.

While the Ticket Day operations were going on, there was a busy scene at the Hotel Biltmore, where many of those in charge of the arrangements of the bazaar were in conference from time to time during the day. An eighteenth century garden, under the auspices of the Vacation War Relief Committee and the American Fund for French Wounded, will be one of the features of the bazaar, it was announced. The American Hospital in Paris will be represented by a reproduction of a typically paved street which will show a château in the background. The hospital will be an especially designed kiosk.

In the booths of the American Ambulance Corps will be sold only objects that are typically French. A number of old masters have been donated as well as modern paintings by French artists. There will also be a quantity of embroidery on sale, which has been given by the ladies of the American Committee.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt has offered for sale to the highest bidder for the benefit of the American Ambulance Corps the first-tier box, No. 6, for the first performance next season at the Metropolitan Opera House, and Charles B. Alexander and August Belmont have likewise offered their boxes at the opera for one night.

WAR PAINTINGS ARRIVE.

French Artist from the Trenches Will Exhibit Them at Bazaar.

Charles Duvent, a well-known French painter, arrived yesterday from Bordeaux on the French liner Chicago, bringing with him seventy water color paintings he had drawn at various points along the fighting lines in France. They are to be exhibited at the Allied Bazaar in the Grand Central Palace, beginning tomorrow.

All of the pictures were painted at the front by Mr. Duvent, who was commissioned by the French Government to perpetuate the battle scenes in colors to show the horrors of modern warfare and the necessity for national preparedness.

"I did not take any part in the actual fighting," Mr. Duvent said, "but I had to risk my life on several occasions to get correct details of incidents in the firing line. It is the intention of the French Government to present to the people of the world a faithful representation of the barbaric destruction going on in Northern France, and especially to Americans, whose hearts we know are with the French."

At one place in Northern France, he said, he was painting behind a barn when a shell hit the wooden structure and scattered the débris in all directions. Beyond having easel overturned and getting covered with mud, the artist escaped uninjured. He had another narrow escape through the walls falling when he was painting the ruins of Arras Cathedral.

This is Mr. Duvent's first visit to the United States, and he expressed great admiration for the New York skyline as the Chicago steamed up the Bay from Quarantine to her pier. He is a member of the Academy and a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor. Two other water color painters, Gustave Alaux and Raoul Tonnelier, arrived on the Chicago to do pictorial work for the Bazaar which will illustrate French history from the Middle Ages up to the present period.

81 BRYN MAWR GRADUATES.

Duty of Social Service Emphasized by Two Speakers.

Special to The New York Times.

BRYN MAWR, Penn., June 1.—Eighty-one students received degrees today at the closing of Bryn Mawr College's thirty-first year. Seventy-two received the degree of Bachelor of Arts, six the degree of Master of Arts, and three the degree of Doctor of Philosophy.

The college buildings and grounds were crowded with former graduates and distinguished guests. The commencement exercises were held in the gymnasium, and afterward luncheon was served on the campus by the seniors for their friends and in the deanery by President M. Carey Thomas to other prominent educators.

In her annual address President Thomas told of Bryn Mawr's recent progress.

"During the last five months," she said, "Bryn Mawr has been working out a new plan for the government of the college. It represents the furthest limit to which we can go harmoniously and will, we believe, make Bryn Mawr a leader in the new and triumphal movement of social democracy toward ever closer co-operation between the people who control great institutions and the people who devote their lives to their service."

In an address Dr. Mary E. Woolley, President of Mount Holyoke, said:

"It is a grave mistake to over-emphasize sex, the over-emphasis, instead of making for physical health, social soundness, and intellectual sanity, working against all three.

"The crisis through which we are passing puts a great responsibility upon America, which is another way of saying upon us all. 'America first' is a slogan worthy of us only when it is interpreted 'America first in service to the world.'"

McANENY AT CITY COLLEGE.

Faculty and Students Welcome the New Trustee.

George McAneny, former President of the Board of Aldermen, addressed the student body at City College yesterday at a meeting held in celebration of his appointment by Mayor Mitchel as a member of that institution's Board of Trustees. The entire Faculty of the college, wearing their academic robes and led by President Sidney E. Mezes, formed an impressive procession in the auditorium.

Mr. McAneny in his brief address told of the connection between the college and the city, and referred to the steadily increasing importance of the educational institution which, he said, with its enrollment of about 8,000 persons, comprised the largest organization of its kind in the country.

The time was at hand, the speaker said, when the college would be able to repay some of its debt to the city by turning out for the supervision and government of New York the new type of politician the times demand.

"City politics are no longer being based simply on party lines as they were in the past," said Mr. McAneny. "They are coming to be drawn more and more sharply with regard solely to civic service."

In introducing Mr. McAneny, President Mezes said that the new Trustee was "rapidly becoming the first citizen of this city."

IRISH BASSO TO SING IN PARK

First of Series of Central Park Concerts Planned for Monday.

The first of a series of free park concerts arranged by Pasquale Amato, Johannes Sembach, Melanie Kurt, and other members of the Music League's Committee on Park Music, will be given in the Central Park Mall on Monday night, June 12. Bourke Sullivan, an Irish basso, will sing a program of German, English and Irish songs, with Stanley Day at the piano.

The park music appropriation has been reduced by the Board of Estimate from $71,000 in 1914 to $23,000 for this year, and these concerts are being given as a protest against that reduction. William D. Dutton, Treasurer of Hardman, Peck & Co., has offered the committee pianos for all the concerts, and the offer has been accepted. The Park Department has agreed to provide printed programs and the necessary policing. The committee needs the services of other vocalists and instrumentalists for subsequent concerts.

Morosco to Produce "Spangles."

A new play of circus life by Nellie Revell, entitled, "Spangles," has been accepted by Oliver Morosco, who will produce it soon at his stock theatre in Los Angeles. Miss Revell was born in a Barnum & Bailey Circus car, and as a little girl made her first public appearance as a member of the famous Revell family. Since then she has served in many capacities with circuses. She is the only woman who ever filled the position of advance and press agent for a circus.

BURLESQUE MASQUE WITH A 'CALIBAN, JR.'

Players Revel on the College Campus Privately Between Scenes in Stadium.

POKE FUN AT THE AUTHOR

False "Mr. MacKaye" Creates Gales of Laughter, and So Does the "Silver-Plated Baritone."

While "Caliban by the Yellow Sands," the Percy MacKaye masque, has been going on in the City College stadium nightly, there has been a side show on the campus of the college across the street. It begins at 7 o'clock every night and continues until the masque is over.

Lucky the outsiders who can get past the watchman at the entrance, there to turn back all except those connected with the masque. A TIMES reporter got by on his police card last night and witnessed the whole performance.

The stage was a big square bounded by parapets, and the audience was seated around the outside of it. There were one or two in citizen clothes, but the rest were participants in the interludes—the hundreds from all parts of the city who have joined in the pageants to make the masque a true "community affair."

A bare-chested Greek wrestler stood on the top of the fountain with a megaphone in his hand announcing the bill. "La-dies and gen-tle-men," he bellowed, "by special arrangement with Mr. MacKaye, we will now show you Caliban, Jr., captured in the jungle. The one and only wild man. He eats them alive."

Real "Community Spirit."

A young man, made up to imitate Lionel Braham, the Caliban of the masque, appeared and went through a burlesque of one of the masque scenes. A minstrel performance, duly announced, followed, in which "Mr. MacKaye" was the interlocutor and "Mr. Ordynski, the silver-plated baritone," one of the soloists. So, one by one, the names of all of the better-known workers in the masque were brought into the performance, while the audience—Roman soldiers, Egyptian maidens, German, French, English, and Spanish men and maidens, and so on—were kept in gales of laughter. It was great fun.

One of the persons in citizen's clothes seemed to be particularly amused. That was Garnet Holme, Director of the pageants, who has supervised the staging and rehearsal of the interludes in the masque with the co-operation of different organizations.

"There you have your community spirit," he remarked. "Those people represent every class in the city and few of them knew each other before they came into the masque. But now there is a fine spirit of friendship among them—a community spirit which comes only from work together."

"The community drama is the very essence of democracy," he said, replying to a question as to whether a true community drama were possible in a city as large as New York. "It means one thing, let me tell you, that such a cast can be got together as we had in this masque. Since the middle of December, when I came here to take hold of this organization, we have been at work getting these people mobilized.

"I have talked to dozens of women's clubs; I have made speeches to Greek push cart men and I have addressed Art League and Social Settlements. The result is the most cosmopolitan group imaginable.

"Pageanteering in New York."

It was through Arturo Giovannetti, the Italian Socialist poet, for instance, that thirty members of the Italian Club came to us to act as Roman soldiers. The Brooklyn Orphanage contributed six Italian boys for the Roman group. From the Hebrew Orphan Asylum Mr. Simmons sent us twelve little Greek boys to be our Roman fauns. There were artists from Carnegie Hall studios and the MacDowell Club, students from the Harlem Evening High Schools, and from the Washington Irving High School, and actors from among the Bandbox Players.

"Every choral society in the city was asked to send singers for the 400-voice choir under the direction of Louis Koemmenich. Then there were men and boys from city recreation rooms and the Y. M. C. A. Societies. The Neighborhood Players and the American branch of the English Folk Dance Society came as units, with their excellent organizations, to undertake features in the interludes. Social Settlements sent volunteers, and from the National Cloak and Suit Company came girls, after working hours, to take part in the spectacle. The Commissioner of Police was sought out and regretted that his men were too much occupied to give time to the rehearsals.

"And this was the difficult thing about pageanteering in a city like New York. The demand was made on participants to come long distances, after a working day, to spend considerable sums of money for car fare and much more time attending rehearsals, in order to fulfill very small parts. Many of these had not learned that 'they also serve who only stand and wait,' and there was a great deal of waiting.

"To those who had no conception of what the whole would be this waiting business was apt to become very tiresome. The smaller the part the more tiresome the rehearsal. It is always easier to hold people when they have a difficult thing to do than when their parts are comparatively insignificant. When one comes from the Bronx or Flatbush, for instance, after a wearisome day, stands around for an hour or two, and then is required to run about in a circle or across an open space once or twice, the personal interest is apt to lag. There is no sense, at first, of either loyalty or responsibility.

The Sheer Joy of the Work.

"But they came, night after night, to do their little parts and go away again. While some, inevitably, dropped out, others took their places and those who remained gave themselves completely to their tasks. I have had pathetic letters from children forced by some necessity to drop out. As the masque began to shape itself and the players to glimpse the effect and purpose of the whole, a great wonder and interest took hold of them. And in the end we had a cast that did its work for the sheer joy of the doing."

Mr. Holme is an enthusiast on the community drama. He expressed a hope that the present masque would result in something more permanent, so that a community performance might be given here every year. He believes in the open air theatre. At the Mountain Theatre on the top of Mount Tampalpais, in the Muir Woods Theatre, in the Forest Theatre at Carmel-by-the-Sea and in the Berkeley Theatre, he has guided the production of plays written, acted, staged, and costumed by the people of the villages.

CHILD ACTORS AS ORATORS.

Four to Receive Diplomas June 8 from Professional School.

The first commencement exercises of the Professional Children's School will be held next Thursday morning in the Princess Theatre. Dorothy Brown, Minnie Hexter, Sidney Reynolds and George Edwards Price, four boys and girls whose average age is fifteen, have completed a two years' course and will be presented with diplomas. The school is run in conjunction with the Rehearsal Club of 220 West Forty-sixth Street of which Miss Jean Greer, daughter of Bishop Greer, is President. It has for its purpose the education of stage children and all four of the first graduating class are on the stage. Each will deliver an oration at the exercises and the younger pupils will give a program of music and dancing.

Elsie Ferguson will present the diplomas, Bishop Greer will read an invocation and there will be addresses by John Drew, Henry Dwight Sedgwick and John J. Chapman. The founders of the school believe in the right of children to act on the stage, provided they are given proper protection and instruction, and to demonstrate the school's work, 1,000 invitations to the commencement exercises have been issued.

"FOLLIES" AUCTION, $15,000.

$550 for Two Seats at Sale for First Night of Musical Revue.

Broadway paid $15,000 in premiums yesterday for seats for the first performance of a musical revue, a bit of extravagance that startled even the habitués of the thoroughfare that is famed for its lavish expenditures for diversion. The money was paid at the New Amsterdam at an auction sale of seats for the opening performance of Ziegfeld's "Follies" at that playhouse a week from next Monday night. It is said that ten applications had been received for each of the best seats, and that rather than risk the displeasure of those who could not be accommodated this method was determined upon. Once six years ago when the Summer show was given on the New York Roof an auction sale was held, but the receipts then were only $8,000.

As high as $275 each for two seats was given by a purchaser, who paid cash and did not give his name. The seats were in the front row, and it was the general belief that James B. Brady would be found in one of them at the première. W. R. Hearst bought twelve seats in blocks of four, paying premiums of $162 each for one group, $155 each for another, and $180 for a third. William McBride, theatre ticket agent, paid $85 premium for a box and Samuel Nixon $120. Fred Zimmerman purchased two seats at premiums of $200 each. William A. Brady gave $120 more than the box office price of three seats and Elsie Janis bought three at an aggregate premium of $84.

All of the orchestra floor seats and all of the boxes and a few rows of the balcony were sold. The seats in the last row of the orchestra brought $4 more than the regular price of $2, and the first rows in the balcony went at a like figure. It is estimated the total receipts for the première will be, approximately, $18,000.

FORD BUYS IN BROADWAY.

Will Erect Motor Building on Fifty-fourth Street Corner.

Henry Ford has purchased as a site for a large automobile salesroom the plot on the northeast corner of Broadway and Fifty-fourth Street, adjoining the Hotel Woodward. The deal for the property was closed yesterday by Frank L. Klingensmith, Vice President and Treasurer of the Ford Motor Company, who came here from Detroit to sign the contracts.

The property is occupied by three old two to five story structures, altered for business. The frontage on Broadway is 129.6 feet by 54.7 on Fifty-fourth Street, and has a depth of 86.8 on the northerly line adjoining the Hotel Woodward. Joseph P. Day was the broker in the sale. He declined to give any particulars as to the purchase price, but the property was assessed last year at $455,000, of which $430,000 represented land value.

Mr. Klingensmith said the property was acquired with the object of erecting a large sales building for the Ford cars. For some years the Ford company has occupied leased quarters at 1,723 Broadway, directly opposite, using the entire four-story building. Negotiations, he explained, have been pending with Gaston Plantiff, Eastern representative of the Ford Motor Company, and Thomas D. Green, proprietor of the Hotel Woodward, on the Fifty-fifth Street corner, for the leasing of the upper twelve stories as an annex to the Hotel, provided a tall building were erected.

To provide the necessary room for the hotel it would be necessary to erect a sixteen-story building, and in that case Mr. Day said that Mr. Ford's entire investment would be more than $2,000,000.

The two corner parcels were sold by the Tyse estate and the plot adjoining the hotel by the McGovern estate. Crisp, Randall & Crisp represented Mr. Ford as attorneys in the deal.

FRENCH ART SALE, $38,329.

Two Sevres Vases, "Gift of Duke de Lauzun," Bring $400.

A bronze group, "The Spinners," with parts of carved ivory, No. 586 of the catalogue, went to H. M. Dadirrian for $285 at the concluding sale of the art collection of Jules Ratzkowski at the Anderson Galleries yesterday afternoon. A tall inlaid clock, Louis XV., of kingwood and mahogany, the original at Versailles, No. 627, went to Neuman & Co. for $245.

H. T. Bailey paid $265 for No. 628, an empire pedestal writing table of mahogany with large caryatids at the corners, similar to one at Malmaison in the private apartment of Napoleon I.; a carved and gilt Louis XVI. salon suite, upholstered in Aubusson tapestry, No. 645, went to J. A. Starrett for $470. Two interesting Sevres vases, with subjects after Watteau, by G. Poitievin, marked the "Gift of the Duke de Lauzun to Mme. de Compans," 3 feet 9 inches in height, No. 663, sold on order for $400, and No. 664, a Sevres jardiniere and gilt bronze tripod, also sold on order for $250.

The returns for the afternoon were $9,789, making a grand total of $38,329.

LEARN TO CONCENTRATE
50 Regents counts in a single examination by a boy of 15; 37 Regents counts in one examination by a boy of 15; these are some of the results of the January examinations by students who have taken our 3 months' course in concentration.
The course may be taken by adults individually or in classes.
The Clark School for Concentration
259 W. 75th St. Tel. 744 Col.
Summer School in New York City and Asquam Lake, White Mountains, opens July 1st.

PRATT SCHOOL—62 West 45th St. Individual instruction, day, evening; Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Stenotypy, Secretaryship. Summer session.

Tutoring for Summer months; experienced, college-trained young lady; fine testimonials; English, French, German, music taught. G 215 Times.

Spanish private lessons given by Spaniard; appointments by writing only. Address Augustus Camprubi, Harvard Club, New York City.

RETURN OF THE FRIARS' FROLIC
HIPPODROME
NEXT FRIDAY NIGHT—JUNE 9
BENEFIT OF ENDOWMENT
ACTORS' FUND
ALL THE GREAT STARS IN THE GREATEST SHOW EVER GIVEN IN AMERICA.
Popular prices Box Office Monday

FLOWER SHOW of the International Garden Club
TAKE the Third Avenue Elevated to 129th Street. Train to City Island Station. Autoists take Boston Post Road.
Today is Garden Club Day. There will be a lecture by Professor Saunders of Hamilton College on "Peonies" at 11 A. M., and one at 4 P. M. on "The Bog Garden," by Mr. George V. Nash. At 5 P. M. Mr. George D. Pratt will speak on "Conversation," and at 6 o'clock Miss Crawford & Co. of London will give the old Morris Dances.
Admission $1. One-half of the receipts to go to the Red Cross Society.
LEGISLATORS' DAY
Saturday, June 3rd
Admission 50c.
There will be concerts each afternoon.
THE International Garden Club
BARTOW MANSION,
Pelham Bay Park

STEEPLECHASE
CONEY'S ONLY FUNNY PLACE Now Open

THE FRIARS Are Coming

NEW BRIGHTON Brighton Beach Mat Today | WILLARD MACK. 7 Original Honey Boys, Mr. & Mrs. Jimmie Barry, others & "Dancing Girl of Delhi."

WINTER GARDEN AL JOLSON ROBINSON CRUSOE JR. B'WAY & 50TH ST. MATINEE TO-M'W 50c to $1.50 NO HIGHER
SUNDAY NIGHT
★ LAST CONCERT OF SEASON.
BENEFIT HOPELESSLY CRIPPLED FRENCH SOLDIERS. BIGGEST BILL EVER ASSEMBLED. SEATS ON SALE USUAL PRICES.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, near B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:20.
MARIE TEMPEST A LADY'S NAME A comedy by Cyril Harcourt
HERALD: "Miss Tempest is a wonderful actress, but as a cook she is a scorcher. She is simply irresistible."

CORT W. 48 St. Phone Bry. 46. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Tom'w & Wed. (Pop.) 2:20. The Musical Hit. MOLLY O'

SHUBERT Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Ev. 8:15 Matinees Tomorrow & Wed. 2:15.
LEW FIELDS
CHARLES DARNTON in EVENING WORLD: "FUNNIEST SHOW IN TOWN"
Step This Way
HERALD: Zipped right up to the minute!
LOUIS DE FOE, WORLD: Has snap and ginger. Sets fast pace.

CASINO 39th and Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20. VERY GOOD EDDIE A Musical Comedy That Is Different.

44TH ST. Thea., nr. B'way. Eves. 8:15 Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15. 352d Time The Blue Paradise with CECIL LEAN

COMEDY THEATRE Beginning Next Monday Night 8:45 Washington Square Players in 4 of their most popular 1-act plays: 'Helena's Husband,' 'The Honorable Lover,' 'Clod,' 'Patelin.' BOX OFFICE NOW OPEN.

LYRIC 42d, West of Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20. Musical Success of the Season. KATINKA

ALLIED BAZAAR
GRAND CENTRAL PALACE
For the Relief of the War Sufferers in the Allied Countries
OPENS TO-MORROW AT 7:30 P. M.
ADMISSION 50¢
JUNE 3 TO 14

CRITERION B'WAY & 44TH. MR. HACKETT, Sole Lessee & Manager.
TONIGHT AT 8:15.
THEREAFTER TWICE DAILY—2:15 & 8:15.
THOS. H. INCE'S MILLION-DOLLAR CINEMA SPECTACLE
CIVILIZATION BY C. GARDNER SULLIVAN
IT IS MORE THAN A PICTURE—IT IS WAR—AS REAL AS THE WAR IN EUROPE
40,000 People—Chorus of 100—Orchestra of 75
MUSICAL SCORE BY VICTOR L. SCHERTZINGER
GOOD SEATS 50c, 75c & $1.00—WELL WORTH $5.00

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM WEST 42 ST. Eves. at 8:20. LAST MATINEE TOMORROW at 2:20.
LAST 2 NIGHTS OF Sir Herbert Tree's Season
Merry Wives of Windsor
HENRIETTA CROSMAN | CONSTANCE COLLIER | LYN HARDING and TREE as Falstaff
ON THE LAST NIGHT (Saturday) "The Merry Merry Wives" will commence at 8 P. M. and will be followed by the scene of the Fall of Wolsey from "Henry VIII.," after which Sir Herbert Tree will address the audience.

After the Play Visit ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC Atop New Amsterdam Thea. MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD

LIBERTY West 42d Street. Eves. 8:15 Sharp Last Matinee Tomorrow 2:15. JULIA SANDERSON in the Triumphant Musical Comedy | DONALD BRIAN | JOSEPH CAWTHORN SYBIL LAST 3 TIMES

Mitzi in "Pom-Pom" Eves. 8:20. Matinees TOMORROW and Wed. at 2:30. Geo. M. Cohan THEATRE, B'way, 43d St.

THE FRIARS Are Coming

GAIETY Broadway, 46th St. Eves. 8:20. Matinees Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20. MRS. FISKE 5TH MONTH OF THE BEST COMEDY IN TOWN. in "ERSTWHILE SUSAN"

FULTON WEST 46TH ST. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Tomorrow & Wed. 2:30. HOLBROOK BLINN A WOMAN OF NO IMPORTANCE

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evgs. at 8:20 Matinees Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20. The Cinderella Man

CANDLER West 42d St. Eves. at 8:20. Matinees Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20. JOHN BARRYMORE in JOHN GALSWORTHY'S MASTERPIECE, JUSTICE

LONGACRE West 48th St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. LAST 2 WEEKS LEO DITRICHSTEIN IN HIS COMEDY TRIUMPH, THE GREAT LOVER

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1916.

THE NEW SPIRIT IN GERMANY.

The "great Reichstag censorship debate," as our Berlin correspondent calls it, is a revelation of war's effect upon the German mind. It is struggling for the right of its own expression. "Thought has come to many a good German in these days," said one of the speakers, which is both true and significant. Many a good German has been expected hitherto not to think on the conduct of his Government. "The German people," said Herr VON GRAEFE, "have given "unto the Kaiser what is the Kaiser's "due. Now give to the people what "is their due." That this speaker happened to be on the side of the extremists in war, that he leaned toward an unlimited use of the submarine, that he charged the Chancellor with bending the censorship to a peace propaganda which had heartened the enemy and misrepresented the spirit of the German people—all that is of minor importance as compared with the fact that he advocated freedom of popular expression. There he stood solidly with the Socialists, who, though entertaining ideas of peace antagonistic to his, equally denounced the censorship, which hindered also the expression of their sentiments.

Thus Dr. DAVID, the Socialist, upbraided Herr VON GRAEFE for attacking the Government's peace propaganda, declared that a majority of the German people would not approve of the extreme war policy advocated by the Conservatives, but came out at last with no less heat than his political opponent against repression of thought. "Under the present censorship system," he said, "one mis"take follows the other; therefore "we, too, cry out: 'Away with it!'" On specifically different grounds all parties denounce the censorship, but all for the same reason, namely, that it keeps the people from knowing themselves and, therefore, makes it impossible for them to interfere intelligently in their own affairs.

The spectacle of the incohesive elements of the Reichstag united in a revolt against the Imperial censorship is a striking symptom of a political disease for which even German autocracy, with all its resources, will be unable to provide a specific. There is no cure. Its name is democracy. And even though the popular German will, on finding its free expression, should turn out to be quite mad, as Herr VON GRAEFE and other Conservative war extremists represent it to be, expression would still be safer than repression. Anyway, it is Dr. DAVID who is right. A majority of the German people are politically sane, or would become so at once with the responsibility of taking part in the conditions of their own existence. The censorship is a symbol of an order that is passing in Germany.

POLITICS AND THE MILITIA.

Now that federalization of the National Guard is practically accomplished, so far as it can be accomplished by act of Congress without an amendment to the Federal Constitution, public criticism of that body of citizen troops, upon which so great a burden of responsibility for national defense is to be placed hereafter, should be of a constructive character. If the organized militia is to be improved and made fit for the great task imposed upon it, the improvement must come from within. We believe that the greater number of Guardsmen in this part of the country thoroughly understand that the opposition to the militia provisions in the Hay bill was not based on any prejudice against them, and that the attempt to secure the institution of a force of Federal volunteers was not made for the purpose of putting the National Guard out of existence. Such specious arguments have been advanced by politicians. They have not influenced the National Guardsmen of New York or Massachusetts, to name only two States in which the organized militia has gained and holds the admiration and respect of the people. The alert and progressive Guardsmen of those and some of the other States are not in favor of converting their military body into a powerful political machine. They do not intend to vote as Guardsmen or to place the interests of the Guard above those of the State or nation.

Yet they must be aware that there is a well-directed movement afoot to use the machinery of the National Guard organization to gain purely political ends. Some of them must already have seen a circular letter addressed to his "comrades" by General A. B. CRITCHFIELD of the Ohio militia, congratulating the Guard on its recent victory in the face of "strenuous ef"forts to destroy it by substituting an"other body of volunteers," and declaring that "much absolutely neces"sary for the development and future "success of the Guard is yet to be se"cured." General CRITCHFIELD commends a majority of the Senators and Representatives in Congress for willingness and friendliness, but points out that they were unable to do all that they might have done if they had been more familiar with the Guard and its needs. Wherefore he urges that no National Guardsman shall vote hereafter for a candidate for Congress who is not or has not been a Guardsman. He recalls the fact that General DICK, father of the Dick law of 1903, which began the transformation of the Guard into a national body, was a Guardsman of large experience.

The National Guardsmen themselves should be the first to repudiate this letter and its political advice. They should unite in condemnation of all such attempts to degrade their military body. If they willingly play the political game suggested by CRITCHFIELD they will inevitably lose public respect. With 800 Guardsmen, prospectively, in every Congressional district, there is no doubt that the organized militia could temporarily exert an intolerable influence in national politics. But it could not hope for permanent success on that basis. Its reputation would suffer immeasurably. Every hint of legislation for the benefit of the Guard would arouse national wrath. Attempts to increase the Federal pay of the Guard, to make civil service laws inoperative for the benefit of reserve Guardsmen, will never be tolerated. Unless the Guardsmen themselves check this outrageous plot in its very inception, they will see the day when their organization will be held in contempt in every part of the Republic, when it may even be swept out of existence by the force of public opinion. The country has already endured all the National Guard politics it can endure with patience.

We have not the slightest doubt, however, that the National Guardsmen generally will repudiate CRITCHFIELD and all his sort, that they will endeavor to make their organization conform under the new law to regular army requirements and take their new responsibilities seriously.

MR. WILSON AND MR. ROOSEVELT ON CITIZENSHIP.

In his Memorial Day address at Arlington Mr. WILSON described sympathetically a natural result of the European war, the quickening of memories of the old home in the new, the poignant interest of many millions in this nation molded of the flesh and blood of all nations, in that tremendous shock of peoples, ancestral peoples, in so many cases peoples where the fathers, brothers, sons, friends, of living Americans have fought and fallen:

> It has stirred the memories of men drawn from many of the belligerent stocks. It has renewed in them a national feeling, which has grown faint under the soothing influences of peace, but which now flares up when it looks as if nation had challenged nation to a final reckoning, and they remember the nations from which they were sprung and know that they are in this life and death grapple.
>
> We do not wish men to forget their mothers and their fathers, their forbears running back through long, laborious generations which have taken part in the building up of the strength and spirit of other nations. No man quarrels with that. From such springs of sentiment we all draw some of the handsomest inspirations of our lives.
>
> But all that we do criticise is that in some instances—that are not very numerous—but in some instances men have allowed this old ardor of another nationality to overthrow their ardor for the nationality to which they have given their new and voluntary allegiance.

The ties of descent are weak or strong, but everybody probably believes secretly that the blood in his own veins is the best. This is a worthy pride, if, treasuring all that is inherited of strength, of brain, of character, cultivation, and tradition, the American inheritor adds to it a complete Americanism, a thorough oneness with America, a resolute preference of American interests before all others and against all others. Mr. WILSON shows where the line must be drawn:

> America must come first in every purpose we entertain, and every man must count upon being cast out of our confidence, cast out even of our tolerance, who does not submit to that great ruling principle.

At Kansas City, Tuesday, Mr. ROOSEVELT, continuing his patriotic work for broad, thorough, unified Americanism, laid down the sound principle that should regulate the opinions and conduct of all Americans in reference to international affairs:

> We in this country form a new nation, akin to, but different from, each of the nations of Europe. As ALEXANDER HAMILTON put it, "Let us be neither Greeks nor Trojans, but Americans." We are false to this country if we rank ourselves as "German-Americans" or "English-Americans," "Irish-Americans" or "French-Americans." Our duty is to the United States. This duty should constrain us in the first place to treat the other nations primarily according to the way such treatment serves American interests; and in the second place so far as possible to treat other nations in such manner as serves the interests of mankind at large.

Mr. ROOSEVELT said in his way the same thing that Mr. WILSON had said in his:

> The salvation of our people lies in having a nationalized and unified America, ready for the tremendous tasks of both war and peace. I appeal to all our citizens, no matter from what land their forefathers came, to keep this ever in mind, and to shun with scorn and contempt the sinister intriguers and mischief-makers who would seek to divide them along lines of creed, of birthplace, or of national origin.

"America must come first"; "America for Americans." The President and the former President, the great body of loyal citizens of whatever origin, are one in their adherence to these countersigns of undivided American citizenship.

NEW JERSEY'S WATER POISONERS

We have had occasion to make friendly protest against New Jersey's sewage disposition plans as unneighborly defilement of our neighborhood. It is now time to warn New Jersey against the poisoning of the water supply for reasons of especial interest to New Jersey. According to The Jersey Journal, members of the New Jersey Board of Health are proposing "as the "settled policy of the board that com"munities bordering upon potable "streams may empty their sewage ef"fluent, no matter what its condition, "into the potable waters, and that the "burden of purifying the drinking wa"ter of the disease germs and filth "rests upon the community which "proposes to drink the water." That is the proposal of the resolution which is to be acted upon today.

No doubt purity is costly. The question is, who should bear the cost? The New Jersey official proposal is that defilement is to be made cheap and lawful, and that the burden of restoring natural purity is to rest upon others than those who cause the defilement. Purity at the source is a better policy. It is cheaper, easier, and juster to keep clean than to clean up. It is the height of bad citizenship to throw dirt over a neighbor's fence and cause him to complain to the Board of Health. Yet here is the Board of Health itself proposing that one New Jersey neighborhood shall be cause of offense to another, just as it is proposing to dump New Jersey sewage into New York Harbor. The protest of New York resulted in imposing upon the Passaic sewer plans standards of purity to be enforced by Federal supervision. The result is that New Jersey's sewer must purify its contents before discharging them into the harbor. If that had been recognized in the beginning, the cost of a tunnel to deep water might have been avoided, and the effluent might have been discharged into New Jersey waters.

It is timely, therefore, at this stage to suggest to the New Jersey Board of Health that the time for purification of sewage is before it defiles flowing streams, and that the cost of purification is the proper charge of those who cause the defilement. That is not a counsel of perfection. It is simple decency and ordinary economic sense. The cheap and nasty way has cost New Jersey too much for it to allow this plan to be imposed upon it by those who ought to be defenders against it. These are not subjects of interest solely to New York or to New Jersey. They are of mutual concern, for many New Yorkers drink Jersey water, particularly in the months now approaching.

THE BUILDING ZONE ORDINANCES.

The ordinances giving power to district the city and to regulate the heights of buildings come before the Board of Estimate today. In support of them the Advisory Council of Real Estate Interests has prepared a convincing set of resolutions, signed by an even more convincing set of names of those influential in the real estate trade. Every word and every name carries weight. It would be difficult to put together a more impressive argument in fewer words, and impossible to get so many owners, dealers, banks, insurance companies, and others to sign such resolutions without reason in their support.

Further support for the ordinances may be found in the fact that they are popular. There has been hardly any adverse criticism, and the commission which has prepared the plans has shown itself open-minded toward suggestions which were really constructive. The general desire has not been to relax or weaken the proposals. On the contrary, there have been many requests that the restrictions might be extended over the districts where the commission had been reluctant to make great changes too suddenly.

These proposals come as the dual subway is approaching completion; the two influences upon the city's final form are complementary. If the subway gives access to great unbuilt areas without the restrictions of these ordinances there will be a repetition of the building chaos and economic injustices and losses which the ordinances are designed to prevent. In a sense, therefore, the ordinances are a sort of insurance that the immeasurable benefits of the dual subway may be realized without discount. Values will be stabilized and increased on an enormous scale in the same manner that has been illustrated by many private developments. Promoters who have been able to give assurance that considerable tracts would be developed in an indicated manner, with guarantee against neighborhood nuisances or unsuitable constructions, have been able to make profits for themselves by assurances of values to their customers. These ordinances are a gift to citizens at large of something like a guarantee of the same sort by the city.

The reproach that New York was a city without suburbs, that it was too costly to live in as families should live because there was no land available at a reasonable cost for home builders, that it was a city of high lights and tenements, is about to disappear. In that achievement the ordinances will strongly reinforce the universal nickel rides to land of every price and description. No city will have a greater or more varied area more readily and cheaply accessible, or with equal comfort. Upland and marsh, surf and rivers, hills and plains, forests and meadows, all are included in our wonderful city. It may be difficult to say where these two factors will work the greatest betterment, but it is easy to predict that they will work all but universal improvement.

Another thought is that we need a new law on the subject because the old law was allowed to fall into neglect. Builders of skyscrapers were allowed to steal the light and air of their neighbors because the old law about ancient lights was neglected. Men were allowed to build on their own land what they liked, although they threw shadows over their neighbor and cut off his view. Thus they made all services provided by the city both scanty and costly, and absorbed to a limited few the values which would have been greater if they had been more general. It is singular that the city world famous for its skyscrapers is a low-built city on the average. Architects have calculated that New York averages one and a half stories lower than Paris. That is because the average in Paris is near the maximum. The restriction of our cloud-seeking constructions is going to raise the level of the city's skyline. Taxpaying will be easier because there will be an increase of rental values instead of an increase of tax valuations, unless they are found together. The great virtue of this second benefaction is that it gives values, and costs nearly nothing, except the wit to see the good of it and the determination to adopt and enforce it.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

On Coming to Town by Rail.

To the unfortunate habit of entering cities through the slummiest, because it is the cheapest, route they can conveniently use, railways join the more or less vicious custom of making the urban and suburban regions they traverse worse than those regions were before their arrival. They effect that undesirable end by producing as many ugly noises and scattering as much grime as the law allows—at least that much—and so driving away all except the most careless of neighbors.

Only within years comparatively recent have any of the American railways seemed to mind the existence of these conditions or their own aggravation of them. Some of the roads apparently don't mind them yet and others not as much as they should.

The great majority of the railway stations seen are most miserable specimens of the builder's art. They are almost as ill-kept as ill-designed, and though half-hearted attempts to improve the immediate surroundings of what most of us will insist on calling "depots" have been made here and there, too often nothing of the kind has ever been attempted, and the "grounds" of the stations are brilliant examples of neglect.

Now and then the inhabitants of one of these towns—usually the women—decide that it is necessary to "do something" about the matter. They raise a little money, as recently in New Rochelle, and, sometimes without help from the railway and sometimes, as in the case mentioned, with assistance from it in the shape of labor, they clear away rubbish, sow some grass seed, and set out a few flowering shrubs. That helps, but the old stations remain as bad as before.

The New Haven road has some excuse at present for thinking more of economy than of aesthetics, but even not as much as that can be said of others. It would pay them to better advertise the towns they serve.

Sidelights on Women in Convention.

Whoever has had a chance to gather confidential information and opinions strictly personal from any little group of the clubwomen from out of town has been more than likely to hear that they were not quite as well pleased as they might be with the way convention matters have been managed by the local lights and leaders of feminine aspiration. The visitors do not forget, it seems, that they received in advance of coming what they think was needless advice as to how hinterlandish ladies should dress when here. That rankles in their souls and probably lends to their criticism whatever of bitterness it betrays.

Their most frequent faultfinding is based on the selection of an armory as the scene of the more important "exercises." They say, with something of exaggeration, perhaps, but with some excuse, that its flat floor prevented everybody from seeing anything, and that the thunderous echoes of the great room were a like bar to hearing anything. There are whispers, too, about people who leave other people to their own devices and about failures to illustrate the uttermost possibilities of kindly helpfulness and hospitality to strangers. But of course those are things to be whispered, not discussed aloud, and it's only whispered that they are.

The delegates have some peculiarities of their own that now interest and now amuse the amiably disinterested observer. One manifestation that did both was by the women who cooled toward a certain candidate for high office because she had already been thus honored several times. Of her it was murmured, according to report, "That's enough—she ought to be satisfied without having any more!" The note is one to which the hearts of masculine politicians have long responded with keenest sympathy, though they usually add something about "giving somebody else a chance." As objection to a candidate of either sex, this is, of course, the wildest absurdity, and shows a deplorably false and low view of offices and of how and why they should be filled, but it would never do for men to laugh at women for holding it. 'Tis not for them, sinners so nearly all, to throw the first stone, or any.

ART NOTES.

Antique Fans, Laces, Brocades, and Spanish Silver on View.

The last exhibition of the season is now on at the American Art Galleries. It consists of antique fans, laces, linens, brocades, old velvets, antique Spanish silver and books. The fans are, many of them, interesting. There are Louis XVI. specimens, showing designs in the style of Boucher and other eighteenth century masters, the mounts revealing the influence of the great vogue of "Chinoiserie." English fans are decorated with classic subjects and with prints. Spanish fans are elaborate in design and one old Philippine filigree silver fan goes to the extreme limit of fanciful ornament in low relief designs of figures, flowering plants and pagodas.

The laces are of a kind to attract feminine attention and one Italian linen shirt trimmed with Sicilian lace was made for shoulders of giant breadth. Earlier in the season women visiting the galleries would probably have passed more swiftly from the detaining charms of the goldfish to the lovely gowns of Goya lace with incredibly small mid-Victorian waists and the men would not have loitered on their way to the battle-axes and Indian mauls of Senhor Salvador de Mendocca's collection to discuss the problems of bass fishing. It is a pretty exhibition and in such sections as the lace and silver makes you think of the things you would want for your country house if you had one.

Sculpture at Buffalo.

The National Sculpture Society of New York has made arrangements for its exhibition at the Albright Gallery, Buffalo, from June 1 to Sept. 4. The formal announcement states that the idea of such an exhibition originated with the late Karl Bitter, but his untimely death temporarily postponed the actual realization. The closing of the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco offered a felicitous opportunity to develop and carry the idea into effect and Miss Sage was quick to seize it.

All the galleries of the Albright Art Gallery will be cleared of paintings, and the grounds surrounding the gallery will also be placed at the disposal of the sculptors. The sculpture from the Panama-Pacific Exposition will stop at Buffalo and other pieces have been solicited from many artists. The exhibition will consist of original works of sculpture in all its branches, medals, plaques, small and large sculpture in bronze and marble, plaster and other material, wood and ivory carving, objects of sculpture in precious metals, portraits, allegorical statues and groups, and works of decorative or monumental character.

The sculptors labor under many disadvantages in bringing their works before the public which the painters do not encounter. Their expenses are infinitely greater and their risks correspondingly larger. There are few galleries in which they can exhibit on the same basis as the painters. The exhibition in the Albright Art Gallery this Summer should attract those who have an ambition to see the sculpture of our American artists as they have never seen it before and as they probably will not see it again for many a long day.

Robert Aitken and A. A. Weinman, sculptors, and Bryant Fleming and H. D. Olmsted, landscape architects, will assist Miss Sage in the arrangement of the splendid undertaking.

Japanese Prints.

The Print Department of the Brooklyn Museum is holding an exhibition of Japanese color prints, which will be continued until Sunday, June 11, inclusive. It is a type collection for the best artists, periods, and styles in the given field, and especially strong in exhibits of the Ukioye School. There are 100 of these prints, which have been recently acquired by the museum, and which will take place among its permanent exhibits. Hiroshige is represented by fifteen prints, among them a view of Fuji, which is said to be the only one of its kind in existence. Among the other great artists represented are the following: Hokusai, ten prints; Shunsho, Toyoharu, Koriusai, Kiyonaga, Yeishi, Shunzan, Shunyei, Toyokuni, Toyohiro, Shunsen, Yeisen, Hokuju, Torii Kiyomasu, Okumura Masanobu, Masanobu, Torii Kiyoshige, and thirty-six other artists.

Where Are New York's Clubwomen?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your paper has given much space to the Convention of the Federation of Women's Clubs of the United States, and I have no doubt that your interest is chiefly concerned with the part our own New York women are taking therein. It would, therefore, probably surprise you that in the election of today not one New York woman's name appears on any of the tickets to be voted. And this in connection with the statement in THE TIMES that there is not likely to be a "dark horse" candidate at the last minute of voting.

There are seven important offices to be filled, and it would certainly appear that New York is entitled to at least one of the most prominent. The reason for being shut out entirely from a voice in the councils of the federation, in official position, should be answered by some New York clubwoman, thereby removing a reflection which must exist in the absence of an explanation. Certainly the material can be found among New York clubwomen to hold any official position in the federation. Every reform for the betterment of civic conditions in this town had the hearty support of the clubwomen of New York, and the needed legislation for the amelioration of the status of labor for women and children saw the fine hand of the New York clubwoman. The veto of the Canning bill is a most notable recent example. Widows' Pensions, Teachers' Pensions, Minimum Wage, Girls' Truant School, (like the Boys',) and Women and Child Labor are some of the bills in which women were in the forefront, and there are many other beneficent legislation reforms and issues to the everlasting credit of women's effort and initiative.

JOHN B. GOLDEN.

New York, May 30, 1916.

A Reinstated Motto.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

New coins to appear with new designs are announced from Washington. In view of the strenuous and disinterested activities of a former White House occupant and the distrust with which he views present-day conditions, we are reminded of the occasion when he endeavored, and did actually cause, to have removed from new coins the nation's motto, "In God We Trust."

WILLIAM P. PHIPPS.

New York, May 31, 1916.

Mr. Hughes Not Smoking.

[From a Private Letter.]

We had a very delightful dinner at the Blanks and saw something of Justice Hughes. We went out after dinner into the smoking room, and the Justice said that he did not smoke now; that he used to smoke until two years ago, but the lack of exercise on the bench made him very sluggish and somnolent, and the use of tobacco increases this so he had to cut it out. One of the guests asked him if he did not intend to go back to smoking again, having reference, I suppose, to the Presidential candidacy, but he replied that he was not contemplating taking up smoking again. I took this to be an effort on the part of the guest to smoke him out.

THE EXPEDITED DAY.

Advantages Gained by Setting Clocks Ahead During Summer.

New York, June 1, 1916.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent editorial article you recite a number of advantages that would accrue by setting all the clocks of the country ahead an hour during the Summer months. May I add the great advantage which would come to the working people by getting away one hour earlier in the afternoon during the hot spell? This will affect particularly those who work under the broiling sun on Summer afternoons. Another great advantage will be the saving of gas bills. In New York City alone this is figured out to reach over $1,500,000 during the Summer months.

At the end of your article you cast gloom on the project by this statement: "But it is mere absurdity for any single town, or even any single State, to discuss putting its own clocks ahead before all of its neighbors, near and remote, have agreed to do the same thing." I know you will be pleased to learn that there is no such intention. The Borland bill now before Congress has been widened to include the whole country in its application; we are not agitating this matter as local, but as nation-wide. Why should not New York City be one of the leaders in getting behind a movement which will be beneficial as a measure of health, economy, and efficiency?

MARCUS M. MARKS,
President Borough of Manhattan.

Why Britain Seizes Neutral Mail.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Recently I sent to a friend in London press extracts on the seizure and examination by the British authorities of American mail to neutral countries. I have now received a letter from him which, in view of the latest American note on the subject and the feeling existing, will perhaps convince the unprejudiced that the practice of closely scrutinizing all mail from the United States is not only warranted but imperatively necessary. My correspondent writes in part:

> But there is another side to the question, and, curiously enough, it was brought to my notice the other day by one of our letter censors, an extremely able man, who is in charge of the commercial censorship. He showed me most astounding instances of codes being used in letters and information of extreme value being sent from America to the enemy, and the same thing in the case of neutral letters coming from neutral countries to America.
>
> Of course, the consequence must be that harmless and innocuous correspondence must suffer for the faults of those firms who lend themselves to spying. The proof is indisputable, and the ingenuity exercised is really something wonderful. The consequence is that even trade circulars have to be opened and examined most minutely. Indeed, a good deal of the secret communication is carried on in these circulars, which are often used to form the basis for a telegraphic code.

A. MAURICE LOW.

Washington, May 29, 1916.

Faith in Mr. Martin's Work.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Under the heading, "Calls Appointment Crime," you printed an attack on Frederick Martin made by Redmond F. Kernan. I do not know Mr. Kernan, but I do know Mr. Martin and his work. Last year I was asked by Dr. Duggan of the College of the City of New York to conduct a series of speech conferences in the public schools of Manhattan and, of course, came in contact with Mr. Martin. I met him for the first time at one of his clinics and was deeply impressed by the work he was doing. Having studied the subject here and abroad, and for several years lectured on vocal hygiene and taught public speaking in the University of Toronto, I can speak with some authority. I have never seen better treatment of speech defectives than that given by Frederick Martin. It is not true that he has a speech defect. He had one when a student at the City College, but he has overcome it, and in doing so he prepared himself to help others more than a man who has not made the same struggle. I was on the program with him and some of his pupils before the Academy of Education when they spoke without the slightest trace of former defects. It is well known that only a small percentage of cases require medical attention, and Mr. Martin knows his subject so thoroughly he can easily distinguish those that are pathological, and these must be treated by a specialist.

ROBERT STUART PIGOTT.

New York, May 23, 1916.

Mockery.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Mr. Adamson, Congressman from Georgia; Mr. Thomas of Kentucky, and several other Democratic Representatives are quoted as being in favor of lighting the Statue of Liberty. These gentlemen belong to the party which, so far, has refused to pass the Federal Woman Suffrage amendment, which would make it possible for the women of the United States to be politically free. The Statue of Liberty is duly a sad mockery now, and I, for one, think it is time women held men up to public scorn who talk this cheap talk about liberty and "American traditions" while they refuse the vote to women. Deeds, not words, gentlemen of the Democratic Party! Pass the Susan B. Anthony amendment—then, indeed, will the Statue of Liberty be lighted by the glow of truth. Until then let this hypocritical talk of liberty cease.

ELIZABETH SELDEN ROGERS.

New York, May 30, 1916.

JAMES JEROME HILL.

Master of Dreams—Master of Men.

As where a great volcano peak
Breathes flame into immensity immeasurable,
As though old Earth would fecundate
With her rich life the lifeless void—
So mighty dreamers form the peaks of men
And with their visions blaze the faith,
The life, the passion, the resistless urge
Of this, our race,
Into the passionless Inert,
The cosmic Still,
Of chaos incomprehensible.

This man is praised—
A world proclaims his worth—
But not for things of sense and price
Shall his enduring praise resound,
But for the dreams he made come true,
His passionate, unceasing faith
In will, the power and strength,
High destiny and most high majesty
Of Man! *That* shall remain when all beside
Into the void oblivion of Time
Abysmically has sunk.

The soul and dreams
Of such a man as this,
The procreative processes
Of destiny become;
And on the formless earth
The protoplasm inchoate
Of Space and Time—
Order and meaning,
Purpose and life,
They must, eternally, generate.

And, as through the salty mist
The sun will form a rift and strike
Upon embattled towers high,
So through the fog of little things
The passing of a man like this
A rift in our dull days does strike
Through which to see,
On the high turrets of mystery,
The struggling hosts,
Eternally beset,
Of human will and faith
And chaos, doubt and death.

JESSE LEE BENNETT.

PERILS OF THE IMAGINATION.

A Description of Going Insane by One Who Lived on the Border Line and Was Vividly Conscious of It.

By "J. S."

New York, May 30, 1916.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your comment on the Waite trial, incidentally bringing in the remark that we are all perhaps a little "queer," seems to reveal a sympathy with insanity which is of far more value as a remedial measure, in my opinion, than all the dreary "expert testimony" with which every newspaper reader is familiar, and of which he is tired. The doctors have various scientific terms to describe their ignorance of insanity, which, to the layman, are unintelligible. Therefore, but few persons know what insanity is in plain words.

As a man who has seen the progress of insanity, even unto death, in the person of an intimate, talented, and intellectual friend, and as a man who has often been on the verge of insanity—and just sane enough to know it—I have tried to get at just what it is that distinguishes an insane person from a "normal" human being.

I have arrived at the conclusion that it consists of the difference between dreaming when you are asleep and when you are awake. Expressed in more involved language, it is the over-development of the imaginary, the ideal, the subjective, until the person affected cannot distinguish between what he thinks and what he sees—the images and ideas of his own brain and the objects and persons surrounding him. Judged from this standpoint, it is only the person of high ideals, creative intellect and vivid imagination who "has brains enough to go insane." This subjective and spiritual is never strong enough in the average "normal" person to overcome the impressions received by the material senses—except when those senses are all deadened by sleep, drugs, pain, &c. The "smartest" of us is as crazy as a lunatic when dreaming, except that we are "harmless" because all our senses are asleep. When we awaken, the reaction arouses all of our senses, so that we see, hear and feel the objects around us, and the monster who was about to murder us in our dreams, or the fatal fall from the top of a mountain in Switzerland to the bottom of a well in Westchester becomes a laughing matter. But sometimes the senses fail to awaken to the normal perception of outside objects. We keep on dreaming—and they put us in the "madhouse."

When one understands this, it is easy to be charitable, sympathetic and considerate toward the "insane"—the dreamers of the daytime—who "wake up" occasionally and feel the folly of their previous hallucinations just as you or I discover that the Falls of Niagara under which we were being drowned in our dream is only the rain beating on the roof or a thunderstorm.

Also, on this basis, it is often possible to "wake up" the sleeping senses of the poor dreamer. My friend used to "see things." They all do—just as we do in a dream. I never argued with him that "there is nothing in the room" or tried to convince him that he did not see the picture described. But I made him use his intelligence—which was perfectly acute—to arouse his dulled senses.

For instance, when he saw these various images—real enough to him—I studied them with him and suggested their similarity to motion pictures, which, of course, could be projected on a screen and seem to actually live, while as a matter of fact they were only light rays. I took him to his most dreadful pictures—and made him, while seeing them, fully conscious that they were unreal and mere "pictures" of his thoughts.

After this, when he saw somebody in the corner, he went—or asked me to go—and tried to speak with or touch the image, and this slight exercise of his dormant senses was sufficient after a month's practice to make him doubt his vivid dreams and subject them to the rule of his sense perceptions.

I had the satisfaction of seeing him recover enough to be perfectly sane before the end, although the malady of which he died, and which had made him temporarily insane, could not be checked by the best medical skill.

It was a sympathetic woman, Dorothea L. Dix, Superintendent of Nurses in the civil war, who first began to understand insanity, and who obtained the separation of the insane from other prisoners in many States.

Nowadays, the movement for the more humane treatment of the insane has progressed so far that the old word "asylum" which Miss Dix got into the statutes between 1840 and 1854 has been considered too harsh in many States, and the term "hospital" is substituted. But, no matter what we call the places where these poor day dreamers must often be confined for their own and society's protection, we will never remove this terrible misfortune until we all become considerate, intelligent, common sense insanity "experts" and try to understand mental diseases instead of calling them names.

"J. S."

BELGIUM NEEDS OUR AID.

We Should Not Withhold It for Fear of Prolonging War.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A writer in THE TIMES, calling himself "American," tries to dissuade people in this country from giving money to help the Belgians, at a time, most unfortunately, when the American Commission for Relief in Belgium says that money is grievously needed. "American's" argument is that, as this is a war of attrition, to end "only when the financial burdens can no longer be borne," people of the United States should do nothing to lighten the load of the belligerents whose moral duty it is to provide for the Belgians. Predicating his belief that help is not to be expected from the Germans, upon whom alone that duty lies, readers are led to conclude that help is not needed from us, because, "if England and France did not take the necessary steps to succor Belgium, who sacrificed herself for them, the whole civilized world would rise in horror." Since the taking on directly of Belgium's support, assuming that to be possible, would add to the Allies' burden, and "curtail their power of resistance," he asks, "Are we not helping to prolong the war by our misguided philanthropy?"

This is more savage than war. War has not yet lost all human sentiment. The Captain in the trenches, confronted by the other side of this same question, does not look coldly on a wounded comrade lying outside of them. He does not forbid good lives to be risked in the attempt to save one poor one. France still gives the Cross of War and England the Victoria Cross for just such acts of personal bravery and military impudence, notwithstanding they tend to curtail their own national "power of resistance." And, fortunately, the greater part of the civilized world, for which this correspondent shows so much regard, has already risen up in horror at Germany's outrage of the Belgian people, and, in admiration and gratitude for their heroic defense of civilization against the German enemy, have poured out money to keep them from starvation. The American head of the Commission for Relief in Belgium, Herbert Hoover, a man singularly clear and sound in his judgments, says that there is urgent need for more and more money. It is to be hoped that such communications as the one I have quoted from will deter no American from responding to Mr. Hoover's appeal.

PAUL DANA.

Glen Cove, L. I., May 26, 1916.

What to Send to Soldiers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a letter published in your paper May 25, 1916, from Miss Anna L. Axton at Fort Bliss, Texas, whose father is an army Chaplain, an appeal is made for certain small gifts to be sent to the nearly four hundred sick and wounded soldiers quartered there in the army hospital. Among the gifts asked for is tobacco, presumably for pipe smoking, though cigarettes, also, are mentioned. There are comparatively few soldiers who are not fond of smoking, who do not use what "rare Ben Jonson" asserted to be, without fear of contradiction, "the most soothing, sovereign and precious weed that ever our dear old Mother Earth tendered to the use of man." They and their pipes are boon companions, almost one and inseparable, as the writer of this letter can testify from observation and experience in nearly four years of civil war service. Miss Axton truly says that there must be a good many people who would like to help brighten the lives of our sick soldiers, and well, also, I may add, if they knew how to reach them, and she kindly offers to act as almoner for such.

The United Soldiers' Aid Association of this city, which for half a century has supplied the military posts, forts and hospitals, near and remote, with many thousands of copies of books, magazines, illustrated journals, &c., and is now actively engaged in the useful work, dependent upon a generous public for voluntary donations of reading matter and the needed money to carry on its enterprise, will also be glad to receive at its headquarters, 6 Beekman Street, Room 906, contributions of tobacco, new or unused pipes, games, puzzles, dominoes, &c. These are some of the things wanted by Uncle Sam's brave boys, in camp and hospital, and upon their receipt by the association they, together with entertaining and profitable literature, will be boxed and sent to the enlisted men, through the U. S. Quartermaster's Department.

MAJOR GEORGE BRECK.

New York, May 29, 1916.

JAPAN'S POINT OF VIEW.

Excuses for Her Policy in China Seen Through a Strong Glass.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In an article in your paper by Mr. Kawakami, a Japanese author, in which the Japanese policy in China is outlined from the Japanese point of view, there are several statements which need some comment from a Chinese point of view.

According to Mr. Kawakami, the political weakness of the Asiatic peoples, from the Suez Canal around up to Siberia, has menaced the independence of Japan. How wide a vision! Is not the occupation of the Philippines and Hawaii by the United States a menace? Are the Japanese going to "save" all those countries occupied by Western powers from the Pacific Ocean in the East to the Suez Canal in the West? Is this the "Japanese point of view" to safeguard the independence of Japan? If Japan really cherishes such a vast hope, what would be the result?

Mr. Kawakami also asserts that "Japan does not want Peking to become the Constantinople of the Far East." Why not? A brief review of the Japanese diplomacy in Peking during the last five years will show clearly what position Japan has taken in undermining the integrity and existence of China. She had simultaneously supported the Manchu monarchy in Peking and helped the Republican Government in Nanking in 1911. She did the same thing in 1913, and she again repeats the same tactics at present!

Is it true that it makes no difference to the Americans whether China is dominated by Russia, Germany, England, France, or Japan? If the assertion is true, how may we explain the "Open Door" policy of Secretary Hay in 1899 and the "Manchurian Railway Neutralization" scheme of Secretary Knox in 1910? Confronted by these sheer realities, can we believe that the Americans are not champions of the national freedom and territorial integrity of China? In other words, can we believe that the American people are just as selfish as some other nation? Moreover, the Chinese do not want to be dominated and can never be dominated by any other nation than their own.

It is Japan, not China, that cannot free herself from the notion that her immediate neighbor should be weakened in order to make herself stronger. Was it not the Japanese demands of last year that attempted by force at the controlling of the military and civil administration of China to deprive the Chinese people of the very organization with which they can maintain the existence of China as a nation?

As to the future of China, Mr. Kawakami would have us believe that it is entirely hopeless because of the mere fact that "more revolutions are in store for China" and that "Yuan Shih-kai is not immortal." Whether these assertions can represent the whole truth of the political situation in China is needless for us to pass any judgment. Granting that they are true, are they a sufficient ground to base our belief that China's future is hopeless as ever?

It seems to be a folly that a nation should justify its own policy at the expense of the national honor of another, and it is a pity that a nation should misrepresent another in such a way as to defend its own selfish ambition.

P. S. HO.

Princeton, May 25, 1916.

Not Julius Henry Cohen.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The statement in this morning's TIMES to the effect that I have resigned from the American Bar Association on account of the action of some of its former Presidents in opposing the confirmation of the appointment of Louis D. Brandeis is inaccurate, and I wish you would correct it. I am heartily in favor of the confirmation of Mr. Brandeis, and while I regret exceedingly that Messrs. Root, Taft, Parker, Wickersham, and the other gentlemen have opposed him, I see no occasion for resigning from the association. I think it is unfortunate that the names of these gentlemen were grouped as officers of the association and thus gave the impression that what they were doing was official. I realize, however, that what they really meant was to express their personal opinions. I think a good deal of intolerance has been shown in the attitude of lawyers throughout the country toward Mr. Brandeis and his appointment. I think there is a great deal of intolerance in our profession.

Evidently my namesake, Julius Hilborn Cohn, who is supporting Mr. Brandeis, has taken his support so seriously as to believe that it helps Mr. Brandeis and the things for which Mr. Brandeis stands to resign from the American Bar Association. My namesake and I do not always agree, and therefore we burden our friends with the necessity of writing out our middle names. We entered into the compact to do this twenty years ago.

JULIUS HENRY COHEN.

New York, June 1, 1916.

JUNE SMILES UPON BIG ARRAY OF BRIDES

Miss Eloise Bloodgood Weds Lieut. D. B. Downer; Miss A. K. Eastman, R. E. Wigham.

WED IN TEMPLE BETH-EL

Nuptials of Dorothy Schulman and E. R. Masbach—Miss Helen Paddock Is Now Mrs. H. E. Vehslage.

Society was attracted yesterday by many weddings in town and country. The rush of June nuptials promises to continue until the end of the month.

The wedding of Miss Eloise P. Bloodgood, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Bloodgood, and Lieutenant Delavan Bloodgood Downer, U. S. N., was celebrated at 4 o'clock at the Church of the Transfiguration. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. William H. Vibert, who was assisted by the Rev Dr. George C. Houghton.

The bride wore a gown of white satin trimmed with old duchess lace and a court train. Her veil of tulle fell in voluminous folds from a coronet of lace, fastened to the coiffure with a diamond bar pin, the gift of her mother. Another ornament she wore was a wrist watch set in diamonds, the gift of the bridegroom. She carried a bouquet of old-fashioned flowers and orange blossoms.

Mrs. Horace Greene, a cousin of the bride, was matron of honor. She appeared in blue taffeta with touches of pink and garnitures of pink and silver, and a hat of tan wreathed with pink flowers. The bridesmaids were the Misses Rosalie Coe, Frances Gordon Wendell, Emily Sherman, and Louise de Forest Downer. They were all gowned alike in frocks of rose-colored taffeta and lace, with touches of blue. Their large tan hats were topped with pink and blue flowers and had long streamers of the same colors.

Wed in Church of Messiah.

The wedding of Reginald Effingham Wigham, a son of Mrs. Thomas M. Wigham, and Miss Anne K. Eastman, a daughter of Joseph Eastman, and a granddaughter of the late Rev. Dr. Robert Collyer, was celebrated at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in Dr. Collyer's former church, the Church of the Messiah, at Fourth Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street. The church chancel was a mass of flowering fruit trees and clusters of bridal wreath, white peonies and roses were tied to each pew on the nave, and placed at the base of the large bas relief of Dr. Collyer, near the church entrance, were huge clusters of American beauty roses. The Rev. John Haynes Holmes, rector of the church, performed the ceremony, assisted by the Rev. Karl Reiland of St. George's Protestant Episcopal Church of Stuyvesant Square.

Miss Eastman, who walked with her father, who gave her away, wore a gown of ivory white satin. The round necked corsage was filled in with old point lace worn by the bride's mother, and this lace was carried to the side of the skirt and draped in cascaded pannier fashion to the floor. The straight, plain skirt came to the floor and the satin court train, embroidered in pearls, was slung from the left shoulder with a rope of pearls. The long close sleeves were of tulle and the tulle was held flatly to her coiffure and confined by sprays of orange blossoms. Her flowers were lilies of the valley and white orchids, and she wore a pearl necklace, the gift of her father, and a diamond brooch, given to her by the bridegroom.

Mrs. William R. Maloney (Miss Ella McCall), at whose wedding the then Miss Eastman was an attendant, was the matron of honor. Her frock of cream colored, lace bordered net, was over peach colored silk and was finished with a girdle of mauve and her immense white hat had the crown of mauve roses veiled with white tulle. She carried an armful of Spring flowers, including blue iris, daises, lilac and white star flowers.

The bridesmaids were the Misses Constance McCall and Virginia R. Duane, whose frocks were similar to that worn by Mrs. Maloney, only the girdles were blue and their rather small white crinoline hats had bows and crown bands of blue ribbons; the wide ends passing under the chin were knotted at the left side and caught under the left ear with pink roses. They, too, carried Spring flowers.

Miss Dorothy Schulman Weds.

The wedding of Edwin R. Masbach, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert S. Masbach of 30 West Seventy-third Street, and Miss Dorothy Schulman, the daughter of the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman of the Temple Beth-El and Mrs. Schulman, was solemnized at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in Temple Beth-El, at Seventy-sixth Street and Fifth Avenue, which was decorated in pink and white fruit tree blossoms and Spring flowers.

The bride was gowned in white satin, and white net embroidered in silver, crystal, and pearls. The point lace veil was held with orange blossoms, and she wore the bridegroom's gift, a string of pearls, and carried white orchids and lilies of the valley. The matron of honor, Mrs. William Crouse, wore a gown of flesh-colored satin and net, with a matching hat, and carried Spring flowers.

Miss Therese Steinhardt, the maid of honor, was in yellow satin, veiled with azure tulle, with hat to match, and carried sunrise roses and cornflowers. The bridesmaids were the Misses Constance Coleman, Marjorie Veith, Rénée Pollack, and Theresa Rawitzer, and wore orchid colored tulle and yellow satin, topped hats to match, and carried orchids and mauve sweet peas.

Mr. Masbach's best man was William Crouse, and the ushers were Mitchell S. and Aubrey A. Schulman, brothers of the bride; Robert Bookman, Henry Goldman, Jr., William Bernheimer, Monroe Jacobs, Philip Steckler, and Albert Heller.

A large reception was held at the Ritz-Carlton, the bride and bridegroom and their attendants receiving in the large rotunda outside the ballroom, which was reserved for refreshments and dancing.

Vehslage—Paddock.

The marriage of Harold Edwin Vehslage, the only son of Dr. Samuel Harold Vehslage and Mrs. Vehslage of this city, and Miss Helen Paddock, the daughter of Mrs. Eugene Hiram Paddock of 149 West Seventy-second Street, took place at 8:30 o'clock last evening in the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin of that church. The bride walked with her brother, Eugene Hiram Paddock, and had her sister, Miss Anna Marguerite Paddock, as her maid of honor, and as bridesmaids the Misses Ethel Louise Paddock, a cousin, and Virginia Fox Crawford, Sarah Lewis De Lameter of New York, and Miss Janet Ivins of Brooklyn.

Mr. Vehslage had George Brokaw Compton for his best man, and the ushers were Arthur Kittredge Paddock, a brother of the bride; Dr. Royce Paddock, a cousin of the bride, and also Edward Cushman Bailly, August Otto Elmer, Harold Harper, and J. Cameron Jenkins. A small reception at the home of the bride's mother followed the ceremony.

Stephen-Stuart Nuptials.

The wedding of Ernest Stephen of London, England, and Miss Helen Marie Stuart, a daughter of Mrs. William Couch Stuart and the late Mr. Stuart, took place yesterday in St. Bartholomew's Church, the Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks officiating. The bride wore a satin gown with a long court train and wore an old point lace veil that belonged to her aunt, the late Mrs. D. Willis James, and carried lilies of the valley. Her mother, Mrs. William Couch Stuart, gave her in marriage. Her sister, Miss Edith Stuart, was her maid of honor and wore a white lace frock and a white hat and carried pink sweet peas.

Mr. Stephen had Joseph Sampson Stevens as his best man, and the ushers were Allen Devereux, Henry Leigh Hunt, Willoughby Stuart, Robert Erickson, and Mr. Ellsworth. The wedding reception was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James McLean, 7 East Seventy-fifth Street.

Wed in St. Thomas's Chantry.

George Prentiss Butler, Jr., and Miss Beatrice Rossire, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Benjamin Rossire, were married at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the chantry of St. Thomas's Church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street, which was decorated with white Spring flowers. The Rev. Charles R. Erdmann of Princeton, N. J., solemnized the ceremony.

Miss Rossire, who walked with her father, wore a white faille frock, quite plain, with a round neck and long silk sleeves and having a Court train of silver cloth, lined with chiffon. The tulle veil was held about her coiffure with sprays of orange blossoms, and she carried an old-time frilled nosegay of white flowers.

Miss Alice Burke Weds.

The marriage of Harold F. Oyer of Easton, Penn., and Miss Alice Burke, a daughter of Dr. Richard F. Burke of 799 Lexington Avenue, took place last evening at the home of Mrs. James C. King, 1,155 Park Avenue. The apartment was decorated in Spring flowers, and the bride, whose father gave her in marriage, wore a frock of ivory white tulle over white satin, trimmed with point lace and carried lilies of the valley and wore a necklace of pearls, a bridal gift. She was attended by her young sister, Miss Constance Burke, in pale green tulle, who carried Spring flowers. There were no other attendants.

Prager—Heimerdinger.

The marriage of Sidney Prager and Miss Cecile Heimerdinger, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry C. Heimerdinger, took place yesterday at noon at the home of the bride's parents, 21 East Eighty-second Street, in the presence of the immediate families only. The bride wore a white taffeta frock draped with white lace and trimmed in silver and a tulle veil and train and carried lilies of the valley tied with tulle and ribbon. Her only attendant was her sister, Mrs. J. Franklin Myers. Mr. Prager's best man was Herbert Lederer.

S. J. Bloomingdale Marries.

Samuel J. Bloomingdale, senior member of the firm of Bloomingdale Brothers, and Miss Rita Goodman were married yesterday afternoon at the Plaza by the Rev. Dr. Schulman. Miss Goodman wore a white satin and chiffon gown embroidered in pearls, the chiffon train being decorated with sprays of dogwood and organge blossoms, and her bouquet matched. Miss Alice Fisher was the maid of honor, and was in pink and carried roses.

Mr. Bloomingdale was attended as best man by his brother, H. C. Bloomingdale, and the ushers were Arthur Popper, I. I. Bloomingdale, A. Goodman, Arthur Friendman, Sylvester Haberman, and Gabriel L. Hess. The honeymoon will be spent on the Pacific Coast.

The marriage of Nathan A. Propp of Tupper Lake, N. Y., and Miss Miriam Lucille Magner, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Morris A. Magner of 202 Riverside Drive, took place yesterday at the Gotham. Miss Magner had Miss Sarah Wasserman, her cousin; Zoe Schwartz, Elaine Lewis, Lavinia Frankenthal, Bernice Manheimer, and Irene Ablowitch as attendants. Louis Propp was his brother's best man, and the ushers were Elihu Propp, Simon Lewis, Philip Wasserman, Alexander N. Magner, and Sidney Isaacs. Dr. F. de Sola Mendes officiated.

ACT MASQUES AT WEDDING.

Elizabethan Scenes at Dinner After Rippen-Loebinger Nuptials.

A note of originality and festivity was struck last night at the wedding of Miss Jewel Inez Loebinger, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Hugo Loebinger of this city, and Nicholas M. Rippen of Perth Amboy, N. J., which was celebrated at the Holland House, when two episodes were enacted representing incidents in the life of the bride and bridegroom.

The scenes were given in Elizabethan style before the guests while they were at dinner, between courses. The bride's mother, Mrs. Sophia Loebinger, who is a prominent suffrage worker, wrote the first masque, entitled "A Knight Off," which had a good deal to do, in merry jest, with her son-in-law. Mrs. Nannie N. Harte wrote the second episode, which was called "Peace Restored," being a sort of prophecy, and showing what happens when a household talks about the war and takes sides.

Each guest found at the plate a souvenir book, filled with witticisms, all pertaining to the couple, with appropriate quotations from Shakespeare. There were also words set to popular music, one song being "Where Jewel Met Her Nickie Pet."

The festivities and wedding ceremony took place in the gold room. The Rev. Edward Lissman officiated. The bride wore white satin and silk net and silver lace, and was attended by Miss Madelaine Neuberger, who was maid of honor; Miss Ray Valk, and Miss Virginia D. Bell. Albert Rippen was best man. The ushers included Charles Rose, J. Harold Hart, Julius Rippen, and Myron Goldberg. Louis Helmuth acted as master of ceremonies.

LEFT A DANCE AND WED.

Miss Anna E. C. Hains Returns to Her Guests as R. S. Otto's Bride.

Miss Anna Elizabeth Cecilia Hains and Richard Stuart Otto were missed at midnight during a dance given by her Wednesday night at her home on Hillside Avenue, Huguenot Park, New Rochelle. When they returned in a taxi twenty minutes later the young woman, attired in a wedding dress, exhibited a wedding ring.

They had slipped away to St. Joseph's Catholic Church, near the Hains home, and were married by the Rev. Pasquale Manzelly, the rector. The only ones in the secret were Miss Theresa Haggerty and Norbert Hains, who attended the couple. Mr. and Mrs. Otto have gone to Narragansett Pier for their honeymoon and will live in New Rochelle.

Mrs. Otto is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur A. Hains. Her father is an officer in the Naval Militia. Mr. Otto is a son of Albert T. Otto, Vice President of the International Motor Company, and a wealthy resident of Scarsdale. The father had desired the young man to finish college before marrying, and the engagement was kept a secret.

Miss Welsh to Wed Dr. Flach.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Charles Welsh of 27 West Eighty-first Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mabel Elizabeth Welsh, to Dr. Arthur Flach of Rome, Italy. The wedding will take place on Thursday, June 15, in St. Bartholomew's Church.

Arrivals from Bordeaux.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday from Bordeaux on the Chicago were:

Mrs. M. Van Amringe, Gustave Alaux, Miss Belle P. Frick, L. Bowen Palmer, Mrs. M. Burney, Mrs. L. Boardman, Mrs. G. Bouvier, Mrs. F. Corrie, M. Dunham, M. P. Drouet, Mrs. Marie Fisher, Miss C. Fisher, L. Hornby, M. Jennings, E. Hart, Miss M. Montavon, H. MacMasters, Mrs. MacMasters, Miss M. MacMasters, Louis Orell, George Petit, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Rainville, J. Short, Henri Valbal, W. Walker, Miss Genevieve Williams.

1% Per MONTH ON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY
THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK

MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street.
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
Seventh Av., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Av., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.

BRONX
Courtlandt Av., cor. 148th St.

BROOKLYN
Smith St., cor. Livingston St.
Graham Av., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.

1/2 PER CENT. CHARGED ON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE.

MRS. COWLES NAMED AS FEDERATION HEAD

She Gets 1,273 Votes to 433 Cast for Mrs. Sneath, the Only Opposing Candidate.

THE CONVENTION ADJOURNS

This Is "Play Day," and the Women Visitors Plan Excursion Trips—Woods Talks to Them.

Mrs. Josiah Evans Cowles of Los Angeles, Cal., is the new President of the General Federation of Women's Clubs. Mrs. Cowles was elected by a plurality of 840 votes, receiving 1,273 to the 433 cast for Mrs. Samuel B. Sneath of Tiffin, Ohio. There was a total of 1,737 votes, but 31 of the ballots were declared illegal.

Announcement of the result was made at a business session of the federation in the Hotel Astor ballroom yesterday morning.

One delegate complained from the floor yesterday that she had tried to vote and had been forbidden.

"I spent two hours explaining to that woman why she could not vote," said Mrs. Myers of the Registration Committee.

"That is untrue," retorted the complaining delegate.

Mrs. Pennybacker's gavel came down with a bang, as she called the delegate to order, and requested the members of the press to consider the episode "a minor incident, not representative of federation manners."

The interest of the federation had centred on the contest for the Presidency. The candidates for First Vice President and Corresponding Secretary were unopposed, and each received the number of votes required to elect. There were three nominees for Treasurer, but none got enough votes to elect. Mrs. William B. Williams of Michigan received the highest number, and the convention voted that she should be installed.

List of Officers.

The complete list of officers elected is as follows:

President, Mrs. Josiah Evans Cowles, California.
First Vice President, Miss Georgie A. Bacon, Massachusetts.
Second Vice President, Mrs. Eugene Reilly, North Carolina.
Recording Secretary, Mrs. Carrie A. McFarland, South Dakota.
Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Francis D. Everett, Illinois.
Treasurer, Mrs. William B. Williams, Michigan.
Auditor, Mrs. W. P. Harper, Washington.

There was no demonstration as the results were announced and Mrs. Cowles received congratulations on her election and Mrs. Sneath on her nonelection to an office which is becoming an increasing burden to the holder.

The federation voted to ally itself with the National Council of Women for the purpose of becoming, in this way, affiliated with the women of nearly every country in the world through the International Council of Women, of which Lady Aberdeen is President, and which has a membership of 15,000,000.

The federation received invitations from different States to hold its next council meeting and biennial with them. One State President, Mrs. William R. Chivvis of St. Louis, Mo., in asking that the biennial be held in Kansas City, said:

"We will promise you a convention hall and one in which you will be heard." On second thought she added: "No reflection intended for New York."

The club women laughed.

There has been considerable criticism of the acoustic properties of the Seventh Regiment Armory, where the convention met here.

Arkansas made a strong bid for the biennial. There were 8,000 clubwomen there anxious to welcome the General Federation, the State spokesman said; they had a convention hall which seats from 4,000 to 5,000, hotels second only to those in New York, and special railroad rates. A big band of the Arkansas women waved flags, sang a song telling the charms of their State, and finally gave a biennial slogan:

"We are waiting! Hot Springs! Hot Springs! Arkansas!"

New Orleans and Baltimore asked for the council meetings composed of the federation officers. The new officers of the federation will decide later which of the invitations to accept.

Action was taken to do away altogether with alternates to the Federation conventions and limit the number of delegates. A new "Club of State Presidents" was formed yesterday, with Mrs. George Winslow Perkins of Massachusetts, President; Mrs. J. N. Paul of Nebraska, Vice President, and Mrs. R. H. Ashbaugh of Michigan, Secretary and Treasurer. The new organization is to be social and philanthropic, will circulate round robins for the information of its members, and will meet annually. It will join the federation.

There was a council meeting in the ballroom of the Hotel Astor yesterday afternoon, with a final meeting in the armory in the evening, preceded by a concert by the Seventh Regiment Band, after which the newly elected officers were presented to the convention.

This Is "Play Day."

Today is "Federation Play Day," and the women will make many excursions around the city and the vicinity, 600 planning a trip to Tarrytown, where they will visit the homes of John D. Rockefeller and Mrs. Helen Gould Shepard. That party will leave New York on the steamer Commander, from the foot of West Thirty-fifth Street, at 8:30 A. M., reaching Tarrytown at 10:20 A. M., where 112 automobiles will meet them.

They will be taken to the Headless Horseman Bridge, the old Dutch Church, and other historic points in the Sleepy Hollow Country. The party will be escorted over the Rockefeller estate at Pocantico Hills and will meet Mr. Rockefeller. The Rev. John Knox Allen will deliver a historical address. In the afternoon they will visit the church at Irvington-on-Hudson and Lyndhurst, Mrs. Shepard's home. At Dobbs Ferry Mrs. Henry Villard will receive the women at her home, and they will reach New York late in the afternoon.

The Chamber of Commerce's trip to West Point also takes place today on one of the Hudson River Day Boat steamers. Luncheon will be served on board, the women will see a dress parade at West Point, tea will be served, and they will return by boat.

Other trips will be to Coney Island, by motor and by boat, and trips to points of interest in the city—including Ellis Island and Blackwell's and Ward's Islands.

Police Commissioner Arthur Woods was a speaker at the luncheon of the Industrial and Social Conditions Department of the Federation at the Hotel Astor yesterday. The subject the women had given him was "The Police as a Social Force."

"The police are a social force," said the Commissioner, "but the real question is, What kind of a social force? I have just come from the funeral of a policeman. He was a man named Schwarz, and he was on duty on the lower east side. One day he heard shots coming from a basement. He hurried to see what was the matter. It was a place with only one exit, as he knew, a regular 'rat-hole of a place,' as some one said afterward. He knew that if he waited outside he would get whoever was inside, and no one could blame him. But lives might be lost if he waited. He went in. He was met with shots. He was taken to the hospital. We did what we could. His fellow-officers gave their blood, but we could not save him.

"Today we gave him a full police funeral, in which I marched. Behind the family were two squads of the police of his precinct. And so we buried him. He had done his full duty at any risk. They do it in all cities.

The Work for Boys.

"There was another element in the procession. After the regular police came the junior police, boys from 12 to 15. They, too, felt that they had lost a brother, and they marched with stern, set faces. Who were these boys? That is where we are trying to develop the police. These boys from that same part of the city might have grown up to lives of crime. Now they are growing up to be definitely on the side of law and order."

He told of the efforts of the police to provide decent play places for the children, and the women applauded when he spoke of the high value of preventive work.

"I used to believe in the old theory that certain people were born to commit crime. I thought so until I looked in the glass and saw in my own face so many of the so-called criminal characteristics. Now we believe we must smash around and clean things out with disinfectants, as the doctors do with tuberculosis, as General Wood did down in Cuba with yellow fever. I have 167 blocks in the city where I want to give the children the streets to play in. They must have a chance to develop their activities in the right way. If they don't they will do it in the wrong.

"A kid is a kid. He is full of punch and go, and the very worst place in the world for him is New York. Even if his baseball hits us, it is better for him to be playing baseball than to be slinking around with gang leaders, learning to do things that he should not. This is the kind of work that is spreading all over the country."

DID NOT BLAME THE JEWS.

Jacob H. Schiff, in Address, Accused Their Persecutors.

THE NEW YORK TIMES quoted Jacob H. Schiff incorrectly in an address he made on Sunday a week ago before the Central Jewish Committee. This was shown yesterday by a stenographic report of the speech.

Mr. Schiff, in speaking of the Jews in Russia and Poland, said.

"I am second to none in my feeling for our oppressed brethren in Russia and Poland, not only for what they are suffering now, but what they have suffered for the last fifty years. But it has occurred to me—and it is considerable thought I have given to this—that if the Jews of Russia and the Jews of Poland would not have been kept as a separate people by discriminatory laws, the prejudice and the persecution to which they have been subjected would not have reached the stage to which we all regret it has unfortunately come."

The TIMES reporter who heard Mr. Schiff and wrote the account of his speech understood him to say that the Jews in Russia and Poland had kept themselves "as a separate people" and so had been in part responsible for the persecution.

PAMELA MAUDE MARRIES.

Actor's Daughter Weds Major William Latouche Congreve.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 1.—Cyril Maude's daughter, Pamela, was wedded today to Major William Latouche Congreve at St. Martins-in-Fields. There was a large gathering, and the bride wore her father's wedding gift, a diamond knot, and a pearl necklace from her mother. Winifred Emery. There were no bridesmaids, but Margery Maude attended her sister.

The bridegroom, wearing his Distinguished Service Military Cross, and Legion of Honor orders, was in uniform.

J. L. HAYES DIES SUDDENLY.

Bank President Expires While Daughter Acts Newark in Pageant.

While his daughter, Frances, was playing the part of Newark last night in the pageant in that city, James L. Hayes, President of the Dime Savings Bank, died suddenly in his home, 104 Clinton Avenue.

He was 83 years old, was former Postmaster, former Alderman, and former School Trustee. He had also served in both branches of the New Jersey Legislature, and for twenty years was President of the State Board of Education. A daughter and a son survive him, the latter being A. H. Hayes of East Orange.

Obituary Notes.

THOMAS BRUSH, a farmer of Phillipsburg, N. J., died on Wednesday at his home there, in his seventy-third year.

Miss HENRIETTA BEDLE, a daughter of the late Thomas I. and Hannah Dorsett Bedle and a sister of the late Joseph D. Bedle, a noted jurist, who was Governor of New Jersey in the seventies, died yesterday at the home of her sister, Mrs. C. G. Rafferty, 935 President Street, Brooklyn. Miss Bedle was born in Matawan, N. J., and during her residence in Brooklyn was a member of the Old First Reformed Church.

DANIEL J. McCANN, for the last ten years a probationary officer attached to the Gates Avenue Court in Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at his home, 971 Madison Street, Brooklyn. Mr. McCann was born in that borough sixty years ago and for a time was in the stove and range business. He was active in Democratic politics and for several years was employed in the office of the Kings County Penitentiary, under Warden Hayes. Mr. McCann is survived by his wife.

JAMES ANDERSON RADCLIFFE, who died in St. Vincent's Hospital, Manhattan, on Tuesday, was 58 years old and head of the stationery firm which bears his name, at 144 Pearl Street. Mr. Radcliffe was born on Long Island and was a son of the late Colonel James D. and Elizabeth Brown Radcliffe. He lived for several years in Brooklyn where he was active in civic affairs and then removed to Manhattan. He is survived by his wife and a son.

CORNELIUS F. O'MARA, a well-known resident of the old Sixth Ward of Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at his home, 390 Hicks Street, in his sixty-fifth year. He left a widow, two sons, and a daughter.

Mrs. ROSE E. ROBOTHAM, 36 years old, wife of Frederick C. Robotham, died from heart disease on Wednesday at her home, 1,848 Sixty-third Street, Mapleton Park, Brooklyn.

Mrs. FRANK E. HARVEY, wife of a former Assemblyman, died in the Brooklyn Hospital on Tuesday and was buried yesterday in Cypress Hills Cemetery. Mrs. Harvey was 35 years of age and was married a year ago. Besides her husband she left an infant daughter.

Mrs. EMMELINE MINERVA KOONS, widow of John George Koons and an old member of St. Andrew's M. E. Church in Brooklyn, died on Wednesday at the home of her daughter, 82 Richmond Street, Cypress Hills. She was 79 years old, and was born in Sayville, Penn. A son and two daughters survive her.

Mrs. ELIZABETH H. JACKSON, widow of Charles P. Jackson, died yesterday at the home of her son, Ernest H. Jackson, 2 Clark Street, Brooklyn, in her eighty-fifth year.

Dr. FRANCIS FOERSTER of 926 Madison Avenue, gynecologist of the German Hospital for the last twenty-five years, died there yesterday, after a long illness, in his sixty-second year.

Captain THOMAS NELSON, U. S. N., retired, who served first as an enlisted man and later as an officer and took an active part in the Spanish-American war, died yesterday at his home in Annapolis, Md., in his eighty-first year.

LLEWELLYN JONES BANNARD, a retired furniture dealer, formerly a member of the Bannard Furniture Company of Asbury Park, is dead at his home, 22 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, aged 41 years. He was born in Plainfield, N. J., and left a widow, a son, and two daughters.

Miss KATHERINE C. CARROLL, a teacher in Public School 10, Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at her home, 467 Fifty-sixth Street, Brooklyn. She was 37 years old.

W. BENT WILSON, owner and editor of The Journal of Lafayette, Ind., for twenty-one years, died yesterday at his home there in his sixty-third year.

THOMAS E. CANTWELL, a telegrapher, who began work with the Western Union Telegraph Company fifty years ago, died yesterday at his home in Indianapolis, Ind., in his sixty-fourth year.

SIMON WEIL, a real estate and insurance broker for many years, is dead at his home, 783 East 161st Street, in his sixty-ninth year.

CHARLES HOWARD LAMBKIN, President of the Lambkin Coupling Company, of 60 Church Street, died on Tuesday at his home, 615 West 143d Street, in his sixty-eighth year.

HENRY P. MOCK, formerly a theatrical manager, and later a baseball trainer, died on Tuesday at his home, 2,259 Loring Place, the Bronx.

THEODORE K. GEHRIG, a music instructor and chorister of St. Patrick's Church in Newburg, N. Y., died in that place on Wednesday in his seventy-ninth year.

MICHAEL J. ADAMS, a keeper in the penitentiary on Blackwell's Island for twenty-eight years, died on Wednesday at his home in Astoria, L. I.

C. MAX LOTH, an editor of The Sunday Staats-Zeitung and active for years in German newspaper circles here, died on Tuesday at his home, 283 East Eighty-seventh Street.

HENRY KISE, a business man of Peapack-Gladstone, N. J., died on Wednesday at his home there, in his eighty-second year.

JAMES H. COX, a retired business man of Vienna, N. J., died on Wednesday at the old Hoagland Homestead there, in his eighty-sixth year.

ELMER E. DREW, Superintendent of the Kraemer Brothers Lumber Company of College Point, L. I., by whom he was employed for twenty-five years, died suddenly yesterday at his home in that place, in his forty-ninth year.

ALFRED H. RICHARDS, a veteran of the civil war, and a native of this city, died yesterday at his home in Elizabeth, N. J., in his seventy-third year.

CHARLES SOOYSMITH, ENGINEER, IS DEAD

He Introduced the Freezing Method of Excavation in Big Building Projects Here.

SERVED AS SUBWAY EXPERT

Former Director of the American Society of Civil Engineers Was in His 61st Year.

Charles Sooysmith, the engineer who introduced in this country the freezing method of excavation and who was also the first to use the pneumatic caisson in building, died yesterday at his home, 25 Riverside Drive, in his sixty-first year. In addition to other work he built the Central Bridge over the Harlem River, and used the freezing process in erecting the Manhattan Life, the American Surety, the Washington Life, and other large buildings.

He was born in Buffalo, N. Y., and after receiving his C. E. degree from the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute in 1876, studied in the Polytechnicum in Dresden and in other European technical colleges. During 1879-1880 Mr. Sooysmith was Assistant Superintendent of the Maintenance of Way Department of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railroad, then founding his firm of Sooysmith & Co., contracting engineers, which built many important works. He then introduced the freezing process here and obtained many patents for its use in subaqueous tunnels. Following this he used the caisson system for the first time.

Mr. Sooysmith was employed as expert in the construction of the subway, and for a time was a member of the Metropolitan Sewerage Commission here. Recently he had been connected with the building of the Belmont-McDonald rapid transit tunnel. Mr. Sooysmith was a former Director of the American Society of Civil Engineers, a member of the Western Society of Engineers, the American Institute of Consulting Engineers, the Museum of Natural History, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and the Century, New York Yacht, and the University Clubs, and the Merchants' Association and the Chamber of Commerce.

He married Miss Pauline Olmsted of Hartford, Conn., in 1887.

CARRINGTON S. SMITH DIES.

A Descendant of "Smith the Bull Rider" a Victim of Mastoiditis.

Carrington Shepard Smith of St. James, L. I., died yesterday in the Brentwood Hospital, in his fifty-eighth year. He was a brother of City Court Judge Richard T. Smith, and was in perfect health on Saturday, when he went fishing with his brother and County Clerk Schneider. Not long after their return Mr. Smith suffered an attack of acute mastoiditis, which resulted in death.

He was a direct lineal descendant of Richard Smith, the founder of Smithtown, L. I., who was known as "Smith the Bull Rider." He acquired this title along with title to a tract of land which was granted to him with the understanding that he was to be allowed as much property as he could ride over in one day on a bull. When his eventful ride was finished he had acquired five square miles of Long Island.

Mr. Smith was a merchant, and lived in St. James all his life. He was unmarried and was a member of the Sons of the American Revolution. In addition to his brother, he left one sister, Mrs. Frederica Sanderson, of Waterbury, Conn.

Charles J. Knapp.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., June 1.—Charles J. Knapp, former President of the defunct Binghamton Trust Company, and Outing Publishing Company of Deposit, died at his home here this morning, aged 72 years. Mr. Knapp was a decade ago one of the best known financiers of the State until the collapse of the financial and publishing institutions.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

DORRMANN—MILLER.—Emily M. Miller to Louis Dorrmann.

MANICE—DE GONZALEZ.—Carmen V. De Gonzalez to Deforest Manice.

Married.

ADAMS—HUNTSMAN.—On Thursday, June 1, 1916, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. R. Huntsman, Plainfield, N. J., Dorothy Hazel Huntsman to D. Cory Adams, Jr.

BERDELL—CURTISS.—June 1, in the Chantry of Calvary Episcopal Church, New York, Katherine Somers Curtiss to Charles Prescott Berdell, Jr.

CUSHMAN—LLEWELLYN.—Miss Alice Jeanette Llewellyn of Lexington, Ky., to Townsend Hamilton Cushman of Upper Montclair, N. J., at the home of the bride's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph C. Faber, 416 West 20th St., at noon, June 1.

CULYER—HAYES.—Thursday, June 1, 1916, at White Plains, N. Y., Helen Louise, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. De Witt Clinton Hayes, to Charles Robert Culyer.

FRADKIN—KUSH.—On Thursday, June 1, 1916, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Kush, Rockaway Park, L. I., by Dr. John Lovejoy Elliot, Elvira T. Kush to Dr. Leon H. Fradkin.

GWATHMEY—SLATER.—At Warrenton, Va., on June 1, Virginia Day Slater to J. Temple Gwathmey.

LEVY—FOISE.—On June 1, at Delmonico's, New York, by Hon. Justice Isaac Franklin Russell, Julia Lyons Foise to Walter Morris Levy.

MILLER—GLYNNE.—On Thursday evening, June 1, 1916, at St. Patrick's Cathedral, by Father J. J. Byrne, Janet Anna Dorothy Glynne and Charles Marion Miller.

RAYMOND—MERCER.—On May 28, 1916, Mabel O. Mercer of 139 Locust St., Flushing, N. Y., to Ralph A. Raymond, 450 Audubon Av., New York City.

ROSS—KENNEDY.—On June 1, Edith Gladys, daughter of Rev. James B. and Mrs. Kennedy, to Frederick Jeffery Ross, at the residence of her parents, 5 Edgar Av., Toronto.

ROWLAND—SCOTT.—On June 1, 1916, by the Rev. Charles E. Jefferson, at the Rectory of the Broadway Tabernacle, Elisabeth Chase Scott to Edwards Pierrepont Rowland.

STEPHEN—STUART.—On June 1, 1916, at St. Bartholomew's Church, by the Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks, Helen Marie, daughter of the late William Couch Stuart and Mrs. Stuart, to Ernest Stephen of London, England.

VEHSLAGE—PADDOCK.—On Thursday, June 1, at the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, by the Rev. Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin, Helen Paddock to Harold Edwin Vehslage.

MEAD—HERMANCE.—May 31, Lottie Hermance to W. T. Mead.

Died.

ALBREE.—On Saturday, May 27, 1916, at his home in Pittsburgh, Penn., Chester Bidwell Albree, son of the late Joseph and Martha Bidwell Albree of Pittsburgh.

BEDLE.—On Thursday, June 1, 1916, Henrietta, daughter of the late Thomas J. and Hannah (Dorsett) Bedle, and sister of the late Governor Bedle of New Jersey. Funeral services at the residence of her sister, Mrs. O. G. Rafferty, 935 President St., Brooklyn, Friday, June 2, 8 P. M. Interment at Matawan, N. J. Matawan papers please copy.

BELMONT.—Thursday, June 1, Charlotte A., aged 69 years, widow of A. A. Belmont. Funeral services at the Church of the Saviour, 111th St. and Lexington Av., Saturday at 2 P. M.

BENNETT.—On Tuesday, May 30, George Bennett, husband of Pauline Bennett and father of Bernard, Isaac, and James Bennett, in his 90th year. Funeral from his late residence, 364 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, Friday, June 2, at 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

BIRMINGHAM.—Michael A., on June 1 at his residence, 432 St. Nicholas Av. Funeral from St. Aloysius' Church, 132d St. near 7th Av. Saturday, June 3, at 10 A. M.

COLE.—June 1, Dr. Theodore, beloved husband of Mary E. Cole, at his residence, 242 West 11th St. Funeral services at the Chapel of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 161 8th Av., corner 18th St., Friday evening, 8 o'clock. Relatives and friends, also members Montgomery Lodge, No. 68, F. & A. M., Andrew Jackson Council, No. 64, Jr. O. U. A. M. Star of America Council, No. 36, Sons and Daughters of Liberty, are invited.

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Died.

DINKELSPIEL.—Moses, beloved husband of Carrie (nee Sladkus) and devoted father of Mrs. Edwin Natnan and Edwin Dinkelspiel. Funeral on Friday morning, June 2, 1916, at 10 o'clock, from his late residence, 226 West 97th St.

DONOHUE.—On June 1, 1916, Kathryn Rosaire, beloved daughter of Margaret and the late Maurice Donohue and sister of Mrs. Joseph A. Ruddy, Margaret, Julia, and Nora Donohue. Funeral from her late residence, 140 East 83d St., on Saturday at 9:15 A. M. to the Church of St. Monica. Interment Calvary.

DURYEE.—At Orange, N. J., on June 1, 1916, John L. Duryee, M. D., aged 70 years, son of the late Peter S. and Susan Rankin Duryee. Funeral from the residence of his sister, 62 Washington St., Newark, N. J., at 3:30 o'clock, Sunday afternoon.

EATON.—At Madison, N. J., May 31, 1916, Hannah Saxe Eaton, widow of Rev. Homer Eaton, D. D., in her 83d year. Funeral from her late residence, Madison, N. J., on Friday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Interment at Albany, N. Y., on Saturday afternoon.

EISEN.—Nathan, husband of Kate Eisen, on Thursday, June 1, aged 75 years. Funeral strictly private. Please omit flowers.

FOERSTER.—On Thursday, June 1, Francis Foerster, M. D., beloved husband of Frances Dunckel Foerster and father of Marie T., Wahlig, and Walter F. L. Foerster, after a lingering illness, in his 62d year, at the German Hospital of this city, where he was Gynecologist for the last 25 years. Services Saturday evening at 8 P. M. at his late residence, 926 Madison Av., New York City. Funeral private, at the convenience of the family.

GILHULY.—June 1, 1916, Elsie Marie, beloved daughter of James J. and Agnes J. Gilhuly. Funeral from her late residence, 444 Manhattan Av., on Friday, June 2, 2 P. M. Interment Calvary.

GOODRIDGE.—On May 31, 1916, at Flushing, N. Y., Dr. Edwin A. A. Goodridge, in the seventy-sixth year of his age. Funeral services in the Chapel at Flushing Cemetery, on Friday, June 2, 1916, at 4 o'clock P. M.

GOODRIDGE.—Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York: The members of this society are requested to attend the funeral services of their late associate, Dr. Edwin A. Goodridge, at Flushing Cemetery Chapel, Flushing, N. Y., at 4 o'clock on Friday, June 2.
ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.

GREENE.—Emily J., widow of George F. Greene. Funeral services at the residence of her brother, Charles E. Baldwin, 851 Cauldwell Av., Bronx, on Saturday, June 3, at 1 P. M.

GRESSER.—At his residence, 47 Audubon Av., William George, beloved son of Caroline M. and William F. Gresser. Services at meeting house Society Ethical Culture, 2 West 64th St., Saturday, 1:45 P. M.

HOWARD.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, May 31, 1916, Mrs. Katherine Howard. Funeral from the residence of her son, George W. Howard, 91 Coligni Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., Saturday, June 3, thence to the Church of the Holy Family, where a requiem mass will be celebrated at 10 A. M. Interment Holy Sepulchre Cemetery. Philadelphia papers please copy.

HOWELL.—On May 30, 1916, at her residence, 1 West 72d St., New York City, after a long illness, Miss Elisa D. Howell, elder daughter of the late Martin Armstrong Howell of New Brunswick, N. J. Funeral and interment private.

JACKSON.—June 1, 1916, Elizabeth H., aged 85, beloved mother of Leonora and Ernest H. Jackson. Funeral service at the residence, 2 Clark St., Brooklyn, Saturday, 2 P. M.

KOOPMAN.—Johana, (nee Koblenzer,) beloved wife of Henry and devoted mother of Joseph, passed away June 1 at her late residence, 315 Central Park West. Notice of funeral hereafter.

LANE.—Ira G., on Wednesday, May 31, suddenly, after a short illness. Funeral services at his late residence, 315 East 136th St., Friday evening, at 8 o'clock.

LEBOWICH.—On Thursday, June 1, Maurice Lebowich, father of Herman, Mrs. Max Berk, Mrs. Louis Filvers, Mrs. Adolph Bergstein, and Mrs. H. Markovitz. Funeral from his late residence, 40 Fuller Place, Brooklyn, Sunday, June 4, 11 A. M. Interment Washington Cemetery.

LYDSTON.—At Montclair, N. J., Thursday morning, June 1, 1916, Mrs. Lucy A. Lydston, mother of Dr. A. G. Frank Lydston of Chicago, and Mrs. Daniel M. Elliott of Montclair. Funeral service will be held at the home of Mrs. Elliott, 178 Claremont Av., Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in Chicago, Ill. Chicago papers please copy.

MAJOR.—At his home, 47 East 63d St., New York City, May 30, 1916, William Kevan Major, in the eighty-fifth year of his age. Funeral private.

NESTOR.—On May 31, 1916, Delia E., beloved wife of John J. Nestor, at her late residence, 622 East 163d St. Requiem at 10 o'clock, on Saturday, June 3, at the Church of St. Peter and St. Paul, 159th St. and St. Ann's Av. Interment at St. Raymond's Cemetery. Hartford, (Conn.,) and Brooklyn papers please copy.

OAKLEY.—At Chicago, Ill., May 31, 1916, Rebecca Elizabeth Oakley, widow of Thomas M. Curry. Notice funeral hereafter.

O'DAY.—Daniel, May 31. Funeral at 10 A. M., June 3, Church of Resurrection, Rye, N. Y. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

RANDALL.—Roscoe William, on Monday morning, May 29, 1916, after a long and lingering illness at 221 Bergen St., Brooklyn; son of Carrie E. and Frank L. Randall.

ROBINSON.—Suddenly, on May 30, at his residence, 5 East 45th St., Eugene N. Robinson. Services will be held at St. Patrick's Cathedral on Friday, June 2, at 10 A. M. sharp.

ROBINSON.—The New York Commandery of the Naval and Military Order, Spanish American War, announce, with sincere sorrow, the death of their late companion, Lieutenant Eugene N. Robinson, U. S. N. Members of the order are requested to attend the funeral services, to be held at St. Patrick's Cathedral, on Friday, June 2, at 10 A. M.
JOHN J. BYRNE, Commander.
JOHN P. HELTON, Recorder.

ROBINSON.—Society of Colonial Wars in the State of New York, office of the Secretary, 48 Cedar St., New York. It is with deep regret that announcement is made to the members of the Society, of the death, on May 30, 1916, in New York City, of their late associate, Eugene Nugent Robinson, No. 854 on the Roll.
HENRY GANSEVOORT SANFORD, Governor.
FREDERICK DWIGHT, Secretary.

Died.

ROSENTHAL.—Harry, husband of the late Jennie Cahn and father of Emanuel C., Oscar M., and Carrie J. Rosenthal, and Ida S. R. Solomons. Funeral Friday at 2 P. M. from his late residence, 203 West 137th Street.

SIEGEL.—Urias Gilbert, aged 9½ months, beloved son of Samuel Gerald and Essie Siegel, on Thursday, June 1.

SLAYBACK.—On Wednesday, May 31, 1916, at his residence, 161 West 86th St., Edward Fields Slayback, eldest son of J. D. Slayback and the late Jane Fields Slayback. Funeral services will be held at St. Andrew's M. E. Church, 76th St., between Columbus and Amsterdam Avs., Friday afternoon, June 2, 3 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

SMITH.—Carrington Shepard, at his home, Saint James, L. I., on Thursday, June 1, in his 58th year. Funeral services will be held at Saint James Episcopal Church, Saturday morning, June 3, at 11 A. M., on the arrival of the train leaving New York at 9 o'clock.

SUMMERS.—At Hartsdale, N. Y., May 30, 1916, Maria Elizabeth Summers, in her 75th year. Funeral from her late residence, 216 Penn St., on Saturday, June 3, at 2 P. M.

UNTERWAGNER.—Suddenly, at Albany, May 30, 1916, Mary Elizabeth Unterwagner of New York.

WHITE.—On Tuesday, May 30, at his residence, Atlantic Highlands, N. J., Samuel T. White, in the 77th year of his age. Funeral service Friday, June 2, 11 A. M. Interment private.

WHYTE.—Mary Benson Whyte, at her residence, 2,023 Creston Av., Bronx, wife of Anthony Whyte and mother of Joseph A. Whyte. Funeral services Saturday at 8 P. M. Please omit flowers.

BARRETT.—John, 43 Bethune St., May 30. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

BOWEN.—Jane, 411 West 56th St., May 31. Funeral notice later.

BUCKLEY.—Michael, 2,248 Bathgate Av., Bronx, May 31. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

CARHART.—Charles M., 152 West 15th St., May 30. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DAVITT.—James, 160 East 103d St., May 30. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

FALK.—Claire, 702 Eagle Av., May 31, aged 15. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

FINK.—William E., 204 West 119th St, May 31. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HIGGINS.—James, 227 East 95th St., May 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

ILLECK.—Joseph, 523 East 85th St., May 31, aged 47. Funeral tomorrow, 3 P. M.

KANE.—John, 554 West 55th St., May 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

KIRK.—Andrew J., 14 East 39th St., May 30.

LOTH.—Charles M., 233 East 87th St., May 30.

LYON.—Charles H., 462 East 134th St., May 31. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

McCONNELL.—Charles, 704 East 175th St., May 30. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

NASH.—Michael A., 71 West 96th St., May 30. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

REGAN.—Patrick, 218 East 45th St., May 31. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BANNARD.—Llewellyn J., 22 Halsey St., May 31. Funeral private.

BEHA.—Wilhelmina, 4,204 18th Av., May 30, aged 65. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

DONNELLY.—Dorothy M., 32 Auburn Place, May 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

FARLEY.—Patrick J., 135 Cumberland St., May 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GRIFFIN.—Catherine, 78 Adelphi St., June 1. Funeral notice later.

HALL.—Georgiana L., 39 St. John's Place, May 31. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HART.—Anna, St. Peter's Hospital, May 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HEGARTY.—William, 548 61st St., May 30. Funeral today.

HODGENS.—Austin N., 127 Douglass St., May 31. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

INGAIN.—Mary, 94 Butler St., May 31, aged 64.

JACKSON.—Elizabeth H., 2 Clark St., June 1, aged 85. Funeral notice later.

KURLANDT.—John, 624 20th St., May 31.

KUTSCHA.—Mary, 775 St. John's Place, May 31, aged 58. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

LINK.—Anna, 1,912 Myrtle Av., May 31, aged 77. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

McCARTHY.—Thomas, 123 2d Place, May 31. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

MERRIAN.—Frederick H., 102 Boerum Place, May 31. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

MILLS.—Mary, 79 Penn St., May 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MONAHAN.—Bernard, 570 16th St., May 30. Funeral today.

MULHEARN.—Joseph, 142 30th St., May 31, aged 47. Funeral today.

MURRAY.—Daniel, Metropolitan Hospital, May 30, aged 30.

O'HAGEN.—Ellen, 840 Flatbush Av., May 31. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

O'MARA.—Cornelius F., 390 Hicks St., May 31, aged 65.

PFEFFER.—Frank, St. Peter's Hospital, May 30, aged 87.

QUIGLEY.—Rose A., 163 Clermont Av., May 30. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

Died.

ROBOTHAM.—Rose E., 1,848 63d St., May 31. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

SIEGEL.—George A., 609 Nostrand Av., May 31. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

STRINGER.—Alice F., 180 Madison St., May 30. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

WEIDEMANN.—Louise, 108 Marion St., May 31. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

WHITE.—Julia, 281 Baltic St., May 30, aged 70.

Jersey City and Newark.

BAKER.—Mary H., 436 Orange St., Newark, May 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BARKER.—Lida, 271 Forrest St., Jersey City, May 31. Funeral service today.

FISCHER.—Marion E., 128 Johnson Av., Newark, May 31, aged 25. Funeral tomorrow.

GROSSMANN.—Michael, 283 16th Av., Newark, June 1, aged 41. Funeral tomorrow, 3 P. M.

HOCHHEIMER.—Philip, 226 Peskine Av., Newark, May 31, aged 63.

HOUSEL.—Isabella, 115 South 11th St., Newark, June 1. Funeral notice later.

KIRCHER.—Mary, 94 Arlington St., Newark, May 31, aged 63. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

McGREEVY.—Thomas P., 85 Passaic St., Newark, May 31.

MACK.—Hannah, Jersey City, May 30. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MURPHY.—James F., 63 Geneva St., Newark, May 31. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

PRICE.—William B., 404 Mount Prospect Av., Newark, May 31, aged 80.

SAENGER.—Edward, 286 Springfield Av., Newark, May 31.

SHAVER.—Otis O., 315 Pavonia Av., Jersey City, May 31. Funeral service today.

SMITH.—George, 337 Grove St., Jersey City, May 31.

SMITH.—George L., Newark, May 31. Funeral June 4, 2 P. M.

SMITH.—Lillie, Newark, May 31. Funeral notice later.

SPENCE.—Jennie, 129 Clifton Av., Newark, May 31, aged 24.

SULLIVAN.—Timothy M., 182 Tonnele Av., Jersey City, May 31. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

UHL.—Mary A., 328 Ocean Av., Jersey City, June 1.

Long Island.

BASSETT.—John L., 218 5th Av., Long Island City, May 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

COYNE.—Patrick, Ridgewood, May 31. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

CUNNINGHAM.—Maria R., Freeport, May 30. Funeral today.

EAHRENBURG.—Lillian M., Woodhaven, May 31. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

MARASAK.—Charles S., Woodhaven, May 30. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MILLION.—Thomas, 160 4th St., Long Island City, May 30. Funeral today.

In Memoriam

KOHN.—At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Recreation Rooms and Settlement held May 31, 1916, the following resolution was unanimously adopted: By the death of its President, Mrs. Aaron Kohn, the Recreation Rooms and Settlement has lost a faithful friend, an ardent worker, and an inspiring guide. Connected with the society since its inception, Mrs. Kohn has served it ably and loyally, and her sweet presence and sympathetic insight have proved at all times a source of inspiration to her fellow-workers. Therefore, be it resolved, that the Board of Directors of the Recreation Rooms and Settlement express their sense of the loss the society has suffered and their own feeling of personal bereavement at the death of Mrs. Kohn, and that a copy of this resolution be sent to the family and be spread upon the minutes of the society.
Mrs. H. A. GUINZBURG, Secretary.

LUSTIG.—In memory of our beloved mother, Amalia Lustig, who departed from this life June 1, 1912.

SMITH.—In grateful remembrance of a great benefactor, the late Edward C. Smith, a High Mass of Requium will be offered at St. Rose's Free Home for Incurable Cancer, 71 Jackson St., City, on Monday morning, June 5, at 9 o'clock.

DOUGHERTY.—Sarah J., mass Nativity Church, Brooklyn, tomorrow, 9 A. M.

HAREDUFF.—Anna, mass St. Joseph's Church, Newark, today, 8 A. M.

McCANN.—James, mass Sacred Heart Church, Brooklyn, tomorrow, 10 A. M.

MURPHY.—James J., in memory of; died June 2, 1915.

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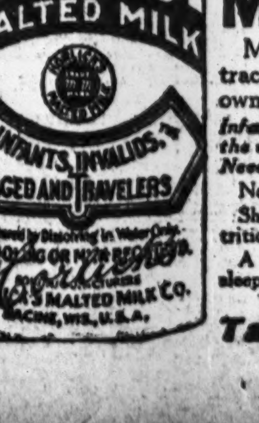

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GIANTS DROP LAST TO PHILLIES—WILL BEGIN EXTENDED SERIES AT POLO GROUNDS TODAY

GIANTS YIELD ONE MORE TO PHILLIES

New Yorkers' Failure to Hit Gives Champions 4 to 2 Victory and an Even Break.

EPPA RIXEY AT HIS BEST

Stroud, New York's Pitcher, Gets Bad Start and McGraw's Men Lose Last Contest of the Trip.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—The New York Giants, who have slugged their way to two victories in the series with the Phillies, forgot all they knew about hitting when they faced Eppa Rixey this afternoon, and were forced to trail along on the short end of a 4-to-2 score. Rixey hurled one of his best games. When he does that he is practically unbeatable. That was the situation in the final contest of the series, and the Phillies annexed an even break.

Rixey was in trouble on several occasions. In five of the last six rounds the New Yorkers had at least one runner on the hassocks, but the following hitters were powerless to deliver a blow. In three of those sessions the first batter got on, and once the first two hitters managed to obtain lives, but then Rixey was at his best. Once he fanned the redoubtable Benny Kauff with two on and no one out, and then retired Fletcher and Merkle on pop flies to the outfield. The Giants did not know how to hit in the pinches, and that tells the story of the final contest with Moran's champions.

On the other hand, Hard Luck Stroud got a bad start, and the two runs by the locals in that round looked big. The Giant hurler was partly responsible for one of them. After Niehoff bunted and had the ball beaten to first, Stroud threw into right field, and the runner pulled up at third. Then Stock inserted a triple, and a fumble by Fletcher accounted for the other score of the inning.

Twice thereafter the Phillies took a nibble at the slants of Stroud, and each time sent over a runner. The tally in the fourth was clean cut, but that in the sixth followed a fumble by Merkle on a bunt along the line.

Manager McGraw tried to rally his hosts in the seventh after Merkle opened with a single. The next two hitters were easy outs, and then he inserted a pinch hitter, who delivered a safe one into deep centre field, but Burns could not come through. Again in the ninth Burns slipped up after the second pinch hitter had dropped one in unoccupied territory, but Cravath was forced to make a fine running catch to end the game.

The brace of runs by the Giants were garnered in the fourth. Doyle opened with a double to centre. On Kauff's bounder to Bancroft the latter tried to catch Doyle at third, but Stock dropped the ball and Doyle scored, Kauff reaching second. Fletcher singled to right, Kauff tallying. Fletcher was out stealing, and McKechnie and Rariden were easy victims.

A single by Cravath, Whitted's sacrifice, Cooper's infield single, and an out accounted for another run, and in the sixth Merkle's fumble, Cravath's second single, and a sacrifice fly by Whitted registered the fourth and final run.

The Giants left after the game for New York, where they will open a long home series, beginning with the Western clubs. On the road they made a remarkable record. Of the twenty-one games played nineteen resulted in victories, seventeen being consecutive wins. They were stopped by Al Demaree on Memorial Day morning, but won the afternoon contest, and again yesterday. The road trip pulled the Giants up from a miserable last to a pennant contender. Manager McGraw was confident even after the game here today that his club would be one of the contenders for the championship and that the club that beats out the Giants would win the flag. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	Ab	R	H	Po	A	NEW YORK.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Bancroft,ss	3	0	0	1	8	Burns,lf	3	0	0	1	0
Niehoff,2b	4	1	1	2	4	R'bertson,rf	4	0	1	3	0
Stock,3b	4	2	1	1	1	Doyle,2b	3	1	1	2	3
Cravath,rf	4	1	3	5	0	Kauff,cf	4	1	0	3	0
Whitted,1b	2	0	0	4	0	Fletcher,ss	4	0	1	1	4
Cooper,lf	4	0	1	2	0	Merkle,1b	4	0	1	12	0
Paskert,cf	3	0	1	5	0	McK'nie,3b	4	0	0	1	1
Killifer,c	3	0	0	7	1	Rariden,c	4	0	0	1	0
Rixey,p	3	0	0	0	1	Stroud,p	1	0	0	0	0
						Schauer,p	0	0	0	0	2
						aKelly	1	0	1	0	0
						bKocher	1	0	1	0	0
Total....	30	4	7	27	10	Total.....	33	2	6	24	10

a-Batted for Stroud in seventh.
b-Batted for Schauer in ninth.

Errors—Bancroft, Stock, Fletcher, Merkle, McKechnie.

Philadelphia ....2 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 .—4

New York ....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hit—Doyle. Three-base hit—Stock. Sacrifice hits—Stroud, Whitted. Sacrifice fly—Whitted. Double play—Fletcher, Doyle, and Merkle. Left on bases—New York, 8; Philadelphia, 5. First base on errors—New York, 2; Philadelphia, 2. Bases on balls—Off Stroud, 1; off Rixey, 3. Hits and earned runs—Off Stroud, 6 hits, 2 runs in six innings; off Schauer, 1 hit, no runs in two innings; off Rixey, 6 hits, 1 run in nine innings. Struck out—By Schauer, 1; by Rixey, 5. Wild pitch—Rixey. Time of game—One hour and thirty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Harrison and Rigler.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 5; New York, 0.
Boston, 1; Washington, 0.
Cleveland, 3; St. Louis, 2.
(First game.)
St. Louis, 6; Cleveland, 5.
(Second game.)
Chicago, 6; Detroit, 3.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 4; New York, 2.
Boston, 6; Brooklyn, 1.
(First game.)
Boston, 2; Brooklyn, 1.
(Second game.)
Pittsburgh, 8; Cincinnati, 4.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Cleveland	25	16	.610
Washington	24	16	.600
New York	22	16	.579
Boston	22	18	.550
Chicago	18	21	.462
Detroit	18	23	.439
Philadelphia	15	24	.385
St. Louis	15	25	.375

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Brooklyn	22	14	.611
New York	21	15	.583
Philadelphia	21	17	.553
Boston	18	19	.486
Cincinnati	20	23	.465
Chicago	19	23	.452
Pittsburgh	18	22	.450
St. Louis	18	24	.429

Where They Play Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati at New York.
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.

SUPERBAS BEATEN TWICE.

Braves Trample Brooklyn in First, While Second Is Close.

Brooklyn's pride and the Robins' percentage went a-tumbling yesterday when the Boston Braves had an uprising at Ebbets Field and slipped a double-jointed defeat to Robby's minions in a dual engagement. In the first game Brooklyn was trampled by a score of 6 to 1, and in the second encounter a ninth inning finish brought a 2 to 1 defeat after the Dodgers had their prey bagged and were about to cart it away in triumph. The Robins had not lost a series since their first engagement with the Braves at the start of the season until they were whipped twice yesterday, thereby losing three and winning two from Boston in their latest stand.

Jack Coombs is worthy of sympathy in his defeat in the second game, for he had counted on a triumph, and appeared certain to score one up to the moment that Sherwood Magee pasted a long drive into left field for two bases. Coombs's hopes were quickly dispelled when Magee was advanced a base on a neat sacrifice by Konetchy and when Red Smith sailed a three-base hit over Zack Wheat's black thatch, scoring Magee, who bellowed like a puffing locomotive as he crossed the plate.

There wasn't much baseball to the first game. It was a farce from a Brooklyn viewpoint, but for Boston there was brightness in the splendid pitching of Ragan. The first inning of this encounter, enacted as follows, shows fairly well why Brooklyn lost:

Rabbit Maranville walked at the start, and went to third when Olson muffed Daubert's toss on an attempted force out on Evers's smash down the right field line. Johnny got to first, and went to second, and Maranville scored when Olson again fumbled Collins's blow. Both moved up a base on a passed ball. Cheney here lost all sense of the direction of the plate, and in succession passed Magee and Konetchy, forcing home Evers. Smith drove to Mowrey, who caught Collins at the plate. After Wilhoit fanned, Hank Gowdy singled to left, scoring Magee and Konetchy.

It was similar in the eighth. With two out, Koney walked, and reached second when Cheney threw wild on Smith. Wilhoit followed with a long double to centre, clearing the paths.

Brooklyn's only run came in the fifth.

Successive singles by Daubert, Johnston, and Wheat gave Brooklyn one run in the inaugural period of the second conflict, and that was all they got in the entire pastime. In the remaining eight innings only two Robins hit safely.

Pittsburgh will head the Western invasion of Ebbets Field this afternoon. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON.	Ab	R	H	Po	A	BROOKLYN.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
M'anville,ss	4	1	1	0	6	Myers,cf	4	0	0	1	0
Evers,2b	5	1	0	2	2	Daubert,1b	4	0	1	6	1
Collins,cf	4	0	1	2	0	Johnston,rf	4	0	0	0	0
Magee,lf	3	1	1	3	0	Wheat,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Konetchy,1b	2	2	0	14	0	Mowrey,3b	3	0	1	3	2
Smith,3b	4	1	0	0	2	Cutshaw,2b	3	0	0	2	4
Wilhoit,rf	4	0	1	2	0	Olson,ss	3	1	0	1	1
Gowdy,c	4	0	1	4	0	Meyers,c	3	0	1	13	1
Ragan,p	3	0	1	0	6	Cheney,p	2	0	0	0	2
						aStengel	1	0	0	0	0
						Mails,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total.....	33	6	6	27	16	Total.....	31	1	4	27	11

a-Batted for Cheney in eighth inning.

Errors—Gowdy, Olson, (2,) Cheney.

Boston ....4 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—6

Brooklyn ....0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Wilhoit. Stolen bases—Maranville, Magee. Double plays—Maranville, Evers, and Konetchy; Mowrey, Cutshaw, and Daubert. Left on bases—Boston, 7; Brooklyn, 3. First base on errors—Boston, 2; Brooklyn, 1. Bases on balls—off Cheney, 5; off Mails, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Cheney, 6 hits, 6 runs in eight innings; off Mails, no hits, no runs in one inning; off Ragan, 4 hits, 1 run in nine innings. Struck out—By Ragan, 4; by Cheney, 8; by Mails, 3. Wild pitch—Ragan, 1. Passed ball—Meyers, 1. Time of game—One hour and forty-nine minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Eason and O'Day.

SECOND GAME.

BOSTON.	Ab	R	H	Po	A	BROOKLYN.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Maran'le,ss	3	0	0	2	2	Myers,cf	4	0	0	3	0
Evers,2b	4	0	1	1	2	Daubert,1b	3	1	2	6	0
Collins,cf	4	0	0	1	0	Johnston,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Magee,lf	4	1	2	5	0	Wheat,lf	4	0	1	8	0
Kon'chy,1b	3	0	2	14	0	Mowrey,3b	4	0	0	0	3
Smith,3b	4	1	1	2	5	Cutshaw,2b	3	0	0	3	3
Wilhoit,rf	4	0	0	0	0	Olson,ss	3	0	0	2	2
Gowdy,c	3	0	0	2	2	Miller,c	3	0	0	4	3
Rudolph,p	3	0	1	0	3	Coombs,p	3	0	1	0	0
Total.....	32	2	7	27	14	Total.....	31	1	5	27	11

Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2

Brooklyn ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Error—Miller.

Two-base hit—Magee. Three-base hits—Konetchy, Smith. Stolen bases—Evers, Wilhoit. Sacrifice hit—Konetchy. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Brooklyn, 5. Bases on balls—Off Rudolph, 2; off Coombs, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Rudolph, 5 hits, 1 run; off Coombs, 7 hits, 2 runs. Struck out—By Rudolph, 1; by Coombs, 2. Time of game—One hour and thirty-nine minutes. Umpires—O'Day and Eason.

RED SOX BAG THE SERIES.

Blank Senators, with Johnson in Box, After Pennant Is Hoisted.

BOSTON, June 1.—The Red Sox defeated Washington with Johnson pitching, 1 to 0, today, making the series four straight. The shut-out followed the raising of the American League championship pennant. With one out McNally singled in the eighth and reached second, when McBride fumbled Lewis's grounder. Hoblitzel hit to McBride and Lewis was out at second, McNally going all the way home. The score:

BOSTON.	Ab	R	H	Po	A	WASHINGTON.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Henriksen,lf	4	0	0	1	0	Morgan,2b	4	0	0	3	3
McNally,2b	4	1	1	1	2	Foster,3b	4	0	1	0	2
Lewis,lf	4	0	0	1	0	Milan,cf	4	0	1	1	0
Hoblitzel,1b	4	0	0	11	1	Rondeau,lf	1	0	0	2	0
Walker,cf	4	0	0	5	0	Moeller,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Gardner,3b	3	0	1	0	1	Johnson,p	4	0	0	0	2
Janvrin,ss	3	0	1	0	5	Shanks,rf,lf	3	0	0	0	0
Thomas,c	2	0	1	6	0	Ainsmith,c	2	0	0	6	1
Ruth,p	2	0	0	2	2	McBride,ss	3	0	1	1	3
						Judge,1b	2	0	0	10	0
Total....	30	1	4	27	11	Total....	30	0	3	24	11

Errors—Rondeau, McBride, Foster, Hanvrin.

Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 ..—1

Washington ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Stolen base—Henricksen. Sacrifice hit—Ainsmith. Left on bases—Washington, 6; Boston, 7. First base on errors—Washington, 1; Boston, 3. Bases on balls—Off Johnson, 2; off Ruth, 1. Hits and earned runs—Off Johnson, 4 hits and no runs in 8 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Ruth, (Judge.) Struck out—By Johnson, 6; by Ruth, 6. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messr. Connolly and Owens.

Knabe Released by Pirates.

PITTSBURGH, June 1.—Infielder Otto Knabe was today released unconditionally by the Pittsburgh National League Club. Knabe was manager of the Baltimore Federal team last season.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT NEWARK.

		R.	H.	E.
Richmond	2 0 0 0 1 0 2 0 0	5	11	2
Newark	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0	1	8	1

AT PROVIDENCE.

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	2	11	3
Providence	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1	3	9	1

AT BUFFALO.

		R.	H.	E.
Toronto	2 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0	5	11	0
Buffalo	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	5	2

AT ROCHESTER.

		R.	H.	E.
Montreal	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	2	5	1
Rochester	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	3	8	2

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Providence	17	11	.607
Richmond	16	13	.552
Baltimore	17	14	.548
Newark	16	14	.533
Montreal	16	14	.533
Buffalo	13	17	.433
Toronto	11	16	.407
Rochester	11	18	.379

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Richmond at Newark.
Baltimore at Providence.
Toronto at Buffalo.
Montreal at Rochester.

Southern Association.

Memphis, 10; Atlanta, 5.
Birmingham, 5; Little Rock, 2.
Nashville, 2; New Orleans, 1.
Chattanooga, 7; Mobile, 1.

Piping Rock Races
LOCUST VALLEY, L. I.
TOMORROW, JUNE 3
FIRST RACE 2.30 P. M.
Special trains via L. I. R. R. leave Penna. station in Manhattan and Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, at 11.30 A. M. and 12.45 P. M.

JOE BUSH BLANKS DEPARTING YANKS

Athletics Take Last Game, but Donovan's Men Go West Hopeful of the Lead.

There wasn't a thing in yesterday's farewell exercises between the Yankees and the Athletics which would cause any New York fan to get up, wave his hat, and yell "Hip, Hip!" What did happen might cause fans to say things were it not for the fact that they are too polite. The Yankees were ignominiously shut out by a score of 5 to 0. Last night they left for a swing around the Western circuit close enough to first place to grab it, if they play the kind of ball of which they are capable.

It doesn't need the services of a research committee to discover why the Yankees lost. The several reasons why they were dipped in the kalsomine tub may be learned in detail by dropping a postal card to Joe Bush. Bullet Joe was just what his nickname implies. Some of the balls he whizzed at the Yankees did not assume the size of bullets, however, but were no larger than quinine pellets.

The Yankee bats had a fine rest and should be all ready to go to work when the team gets to Chicago. Not that the Yankee bats needed any rest, for they have not been overworked, but Joe Bush had a mistaken idea that the ash furniture of the Yankees should take a quiet afternoon before the Western invasion.

All four hits which the Yankees got yesterday if strung together wouldn't make one life-sized single. Hughey High had a perfect day with two small hits and a pass in three times up. The others hit like a team of pitchers.

Ray Caldwell was on the mound for the Yankees, but there were times when it was suspected that he wasn't pitching. For five innings the slim telegraph operator was in lukewarm water, but he managed to pitch himself out of the difficulties. For instance, in the third inning the bases were jammed with two out and Caldwell persuaded Stuffy McInnis to balloon the ball to High.

There was a laugh for the crowd in the first inning, when the Yanks played a schoolboy trick on Witt, the young Athletic shortstop. Witt singled and Pick lofted a high fly to Gilhooley. The Yank infield got smart and made a bluff as if they were playing for an infield grounder. Witt swallowed hook, line, and sinker and first slid into second and then got up and raced to third. By that time he had been doubled at first.

About the sixth inning the Athletics decided that they had fooled with Caldwell's tottering pitching about long enough. With one out Walsh doubled and scored on Oldring's single. Bush pushed Oldring home with a single. Oldring, by the bye, laughed at his advancing years, displayed an astonishing amount of youthful pepper, and smashed out four hits, including a triple, and a double.

In the seventh Pick got an infield hit and Strunk walked. Lajoie sacrificed, and when McInnis got a questionable hit Pick scored. Oldring tripled in the eighth and scored on a single by Meyer. Bush sacrificed and Witt flied to Magee. Pick ripped a hit through the alley and Meyer counted. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	Ab	R	H	Po	A	NEW YORK.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Witt,ss	4	0	2	6	2	Gilhooley,rf	3	0	1	1	1
Pick,3b	4	1	2	1	2	Magee,cf	4	0	0	2	0
Strunk,cf	3	0	0	1	0	Gedeon,2b	3	0	0	4	3
Lajoie,2b	3	0	1	2	6	B'mann,3b	4	0	0	1	1
McInnis,1b	4	0	2	10	0	Pipp,1b	4	0	1	11	1
Walsh,rf	5	1	1	1	0	Boone,ss	3	0	0	1	4
Oldring,lf	5	2	4	1	0	High,lf	2	0	2	2	0
Meyer,c	4	1	1	5	1	N'maker,c	3	0	0	4	1
Bush,p	3	0	2	0	5	Caldwell,p	3	0	0	0	2
Total...	35	5	15	27	16	Total...	29	0	4	*26	13

*Lajoie out, hit by batted ball.

Philadelphia ....0 0 0 0 0 2 1 2 0—5

New York ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Oldring, Witt, Walsh, McInnis. Three-base hit—Oldring. Sacrifice hits—Pick, Lajoie, Bush. Double plays—Gilhooley and Pipp, Boone and Gedeon, Gedeon and Pipp, Witt and McInnis. Left on bases—New York, 5; Philadelphia 12. Bases on balls—Off Caldwell, 5; off Bush, 3. Earned runs—Off Caldwell, 5. Struck out—By Caldwell, 1; by Bush, 3. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Nallin. Time of game—One hour and forty-six minutes.

A HITFEST FOR PIRATES.

Pittsburgh Pounds Two Cincinnati Pitchers Hard.

PITTSBURGH, June 1.—Pittsburgh defeated Cincinnati here today 8 to 4. The Pirates made five runs in the first four innings on eight hits off Schneider and three more in the fifth on five hits off Dale, who relieved him. The score:

PITTSBURGH.	Ab	R	H	Po	A	CINCINNATI.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Carey,cf	4	2	2	3	0	Groh,3b	3	0	1	0	1
Johnston,1b	3	1	2	12	1	Emmer,3b	1	0	1	0	1
Wagner,2b	2	0	0	3	3	Neale,cf	4	2	3	0	0
Hinchman,rf	4	1	1	0	0	Chase,lf	5	0	1	0	0
Schultz,3b	4	1	2	1	1	Wing,c	3	0	0	2	3
Barney,lf	4	1	1	4	0	Huhn,c	1	0	1	0	1
Smith,ss	3	0	2	2	4	Griffith,rf	3	0	0	2	0
Schmidt,c	4	1	2	1	0	Mollwitz,1b	4	0	0	15	0
Harmon,p	4	1	1	1	4	Herzog,ss	4	1	1	3	3
						Louden,2b	4	1	1	2	4
						Schneider,p	1	0	0	0	2
						aFisher	1	0	0	0	0
						Dale,p	1	0	0	0	3
						bClarke	1	0	0	0	0
Total...	32	8	13	27	13	Total....	36	4	9	24	18

a-Batted for Schneider in fifth inning.
b-Batted for Dale in ninth inning.

Errors—Schultz, (2,) Smith, (2.)

Pittsburgh ....0 0 3 2 3 0 0 0 ..—8

Cincinnati ....0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 1—4

Two-base hits—Herzog, Barney. Home runs—Louden, Carey. Sacrifice hits—Neale, Johnston. Stolen bases—Emmer, Carey, Johnston. Double play—Herzog, Louden, and Mollwitz. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 8; Pittsburgh, 5. First base on error—Cincinnati. First base on balls—Off Schneider, 1; off Dale, 2; off Harmon, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Schneider, 8 hits, 5 runs in four innings; off Dale, 5 hits, 3 runs in four innings; off Harmon, 9 hits, 1 run in nine innings. Hit by pitcher—By Dale., (Carey.) Struck out—By Schneider, 2; by Harmon, 1. Time of game—One hour and forty-six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie.

WHITE SOX REND TIGERS.

Joe Jackson Continues to Slug Ball at Merry Clip.

DETROIT, June 1.—Chicago won the last game of the series from Detroit today 6 to 3. Joe Jackson got a triple, two singles, and a base on balls in four times up, giving him a batting average of 1,000 for yesterday and today. The score:

CHICAGO.	Ab	R	H	Po	A	DETROIT.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Murphy,rf	5	0	1	6	0	Bush,ss	3	0	0	1	1
Weaver,3b	5	0	1	0	1	Vitt,3b	3	0	0	1	4
E.Collins,2b	3	1	0	3	0	Cobb,cf	4	1	2	2	0
Fournier,1b	3	2	1	7	0	Veach,lf	4	0	0	2	0
Jackson,lf	3	2	3	0	0	Heilman,rf	3	1	1	2	0
J.Collins,rf	4	1	1	3	0	Burns,1b	4	1	1	12	0
Schalk,c	1	0	0	6	1	Young,2b	4	0	1	1	4
Terry,ss	3	0	0	2	5	Stanage,c	2	0	1	5	2
Faber,p	4	0	0	0	2	Baker,c	1	0	0	1	0
						C'ning'm,p	3	0	1	0	3
						aKavanagh	1	0	0	0	0
Total....	31	6	7	27	9	Total....	32	3	7	27	14

a-Batted for Stanage in seventh.

Errors—Fouriner, Faber, Bush, Young.

Chicago ....0 1 4 0 0 0 0 1 0—6

Detroit ....0 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—3

Three-base hit—Jackson. Stolen bases—Jackson, Schalk, Vitt, Bush, (2.) Sacrifice hit—Terry. Sacrifice flies—Schalk, Heilman. Double play—Vitt to Young to Burns. Left on bases—Chicago, 4; Detroit, 5. First base on errors—Chicago, 1; Detroit, 1. Bases on balls—Off Faber, 2; off Cunningham, 4. Earned runs—Off Faber, 2; off Cunningham, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Cunningham, Schalk. Struck out—By Faber, 4; Cunningham, 6. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Dineen.

Eastern League.

Lynn, 2; Portland, 0.
New London, 6; Lowell, 0.
Lawrence, 7; Worcester, 6.
New Haven, 4; Springfield, 3.

ADVERTISEMENT.
DEWAR'S
WHITE LABEL
THE SCOTCH of GREAT AGE

HARVARD BEATS WILLIAMS.

Crimson's Few Hits Are Timely and Losers Fail to Score.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE Mass., June 1.—Harvard resumed its winning habit this afternoon, beating Williams by 2 to 0, behind Walter Garritt, who was beaten by Brown on Tuesday. The Crimson was outhit, making five singles to the visitors' seven safeties. Coolidge, with three hits, and Garritt with two did all the Crimson's offensive execution. Both teams played a pretty fielding game, the one miscue by Williams not counting in the score.

Harvard got a run in the first inning on Coolidge's hit, Abbot's being hit by the pitcher, an out at first and a double steal, on which Young made a high throw to the plate. In the next inning Garritt laced out a triple, sending Reed home from first, after two were out.

Williams had a man thrown out at the plate in the first inning, and another in the sixth, but otherwise reached second base only three times during the game. The score:

HARVARD.	Ab	R	H	Po	A	WILLIAMS.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Coolidge,cf	3	1	3	3	0	Statler,lf	2	0	0	0	0
Nash,1b	3	0	0	9	1	Selber,cf	4	0	1	4	0
Abbot,2b	3	0	0	2	2	Clark,ss	3	0	1	3	1
Harte,c	4	0	0	9	1	Jones,2b	4	0	3	1	3
Beal,3b	3	0	0	0	4	Radley,rf	4	0	1	0	0
Perry,rf	3	0	0	2	0	Howland,3b	4	0	0	1	2
Fripp,lf	2	0	0	0	0	Powell,c	4	0	1	8	1
Reed,ss	3	1	0	2	1	Brumb'gh,1b	2	0	0	6	1
Garritt,p	3	0	2	0	3	Young,p	3	0	0	1	3
Total....	27	2	5	27	12	Total....	30	0	7	24	11

Error—Young.

Harvard ....1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 ..—2

Williams ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Clark. Three-base hit—Garritt. Sacrifice hits—Nash, Fripp, Clark, Brumbaugh. Stolen bases—Coolidge, 2; Harte. Left on bases—Harvard, 7; Williams, 8. Bases on balls—By Garritt, 3; by Young, 3. Struck out—By Garritt, 7; by Young, 8. Double play—Beal, Abbot and Nash. Hit by pitcher—By Young, Abbot. Time of game—One hour and fifty-one minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Talbot and O'Rourke.

FORDHAM NEVER IN DANGER.

Finishes Season at Home by 13 to 4 Victory Over Mt. St. Joseph's.

Fordham ended its baseball season at home yesterday by swamping the Mount St. Joseph team at Fordham Field, 13 to 4. Collins showed perfect control, holding the visitors safe at every period. Fordham scored seven runs in the fourth inning. E. Murphy was driven from the box, and the visiting lineup was changed. The score:

FORDHAM.	Ab	R	H	Po	A	MT. ST. JOSEPH'S.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Berrigan,ss	5	2	1	3	3	Martin,ss	4	0	1	1	3
McGinn,c	4	2	2	7	2	J.Nolan,3b,p	4	1	1	5	0
Viviano,3b	3	1	0	0	2	Suarez,lf	4	1	1	1	0
Damico,2b	2	3	1	1	3	H.M'phy,cf	3	2	1	2	0
Hill,1b	3	1	2	12	0	E.M'phy,p,3b	3	0	2	1	1
O'Connell,cf	5	0	1	2	1	Hart,c	2	0	0	6	9
Shankey,rf	4	2	3	1	0	L. Nolan,1b	3	0	0	3	1
Nunan,lf	1	0	0	0	0	Right,rf	2	0	0	3	0
Collins,p	3	1	1	0	4	Kittle,2b,p	3	0	0	1	1
Dale,lf	3	1	1	1	0						
Total..	33	13	12	27	15	Total.....	28	4	6	*23	15

*McGinn out, hit by batted ball.

Errors—J. Nolan, Viviano, Hall.

Fordham ....0 1 2 7 3 0 0 0 ..—13

Mt. St. Joseph's .....0 1 0 0 0 0 2 1 0— 4

Three-base hit—Suarez. Stolen bases—Collins, McGinn, Viviano, Damico, Hall, Shankey, Murphy (2). First base on errors—Fordham, 1; Mt. St. Joseph's, 2. Left on bases—Fordham, 4; Mt. St. Joseph's 2. Double play—Berrigan to Damico to Hall. Struck out—By Collins, 3; by Kittle, 2; by Nolan, 1. Bases on balls—Off Collins, 2; off Nolan, 2; off Murphy, 5; off Kittle, 1. Hits—Off E. Murphy, 4 in 2⅓ innings; off Nolan, 3, in 2 innings; off Kittle, 5, in 3⅓ innings. Umpire—Mr. Steahen. Time of the game—Two hours and thirty minutes.

INDIANS WIN AND LOSE.

Morton Beats St. Louis in First Game with Ninth-Inning Single.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 1.—Cleveland divided a double-header with St. Louis here today, winning the first game, 3 to 2, and losing the second, 6 to 5. Morton pitched for Cleveland in the first and won his own game with a single in the ninth that scored Wambsgans from second.

Lawdermilk's wildness was mainly responsible for Cleveland's loss of the second game. Although the locals got only two hits off his delivery in the six innings, he issued nine passes, four of which paved the way for runs. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

CLEVELAND.	Ab	R	H	Po	A	ST. LOUIS.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Graney,lf	5	0	2	2	0	Shotton,lf	3	1	0	4	1
Turner,3b	5	0	0	0	9	Austin,3b	4	0	1	1	2
Speaker,cf	4	0	1	3	0	Miller,rf	4	0	2	0	0
Smith,rf	4	0	2	2	0	Sisler,1b	4	0	1	13	0
Gandil,1b	4	0	0	13	0	Pratt,2b	4	0	0	2	3
Howard,2b	2	1	0	1	1	Marsans,cf	4	1	1	2	0
W'gans,ss	4	1	3	1	1	Johnson,ss	3	0	1	0	2
Billings,c	2	1	1	5	1	Hartley,c	2	0	0	4	1
O'Neill,c	0	0	0	0	0	aTobin	1	0	1	0	0
Morton,p	4	0	2	0	0	Severeid,c	0	0	0	1	0
						Park,p	3	0	0	0	6
Total...	34	3	11	27	12	Total....	32	2	7	27	15

a-Batted for Hartley in seventh inning.

Error—Johnson.

Cleveland ....0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1—3

St. Louis ....0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0—2

Three-base hit—Graney. Stolen base—Miller. Sacrifice hits—Billings, Johnson. Sacrifice fly—Billings. Double play—Turner, Billings, and Gandil. Left on bases—Cleveland, 8; St. Louis, 5. First base on errors—Cleveland, 1. Bases on balls—Off Morton, 1; off Park, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Morton, 7 hits, 2 runs in nine innings; off Park, 11 and 3 in nine innings. Struck out—By Morton, 4; by Park, 2. Passed balls—Billings, (2.) Time of game—One hour and fifty-six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Hildebrand.

SECOND GAME.

ST. LOUIS.	Ab	R	H	Po	A	CLEVELAND.	Ab	R	H	Po	A
Shotton,lf	4	1	0	2	0	Graney,lf	5	0	0	1	0
Austin,3b	2	2	0	2	3	Turner,3b	5	1	4	0	0
Miller,rf	3	2	0	2	1	Speaker,cf	3	1	1	6	0
Sisler,1b	4	1	1	7	0	Smith,rf	3	0	0	1	0
Pratt,2b	3	0	1	4	8	Engel,rf	1	0	0	0	0
Marsans,cf	4	0	1	2	0	Gandil,1b	4	1	1	9	0
Johnson,ss	2	0	0	3	2	Howard,2b	4	1	2	0	2
Severeid,c	3	0	0	5	0	W'gans,ss	3	0	1	0	2
B'gard'r,p	2	0	0	0	0	O'Neill,c	2	1	1	7	1
Plank,p	1	0	0	0	1	L'milk,p	2	0	0	0	3
						aBillings	1	0	0	0	0
						McHale,p	0	0	0	0	0
						bDaley	1	0	0	0	0
Total....	28	6	3	27	10	Total....	34	5	10	24	8

a-Batted for Lawdermilk in ninth inning.
b-Batted for McHale in ninth inning.

Errors—Turner, Howard, O'Neill, Miller, Johnson.

St. Louis ....0 0 3 3 0 0 0 0 ..—6

Cleveland ....0 1 0 0 0 2 1 1 0—5

Two-base hits—Turner, (2,) Pratt, Speaker, Howard, O'Neill. Stolen bases—Johnson, 2. Sacrifice hits—Wambsgans, Miller. Sacrifice fly—O'Neill. Double play—Lawdermilk, O'Neill, and Gandil. Left on bases—Cleveland, 6; St. Louis, 9. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2. Bases on balls—Off Lawdermilk, 9; off McHale, 1; off Baumgardner, 2. Hits and earned runs—Off Lawdermilk, 2 hits, 4 runs in six innings; off Baumgardner, 5 hits, 3 runs in six innings; off McHale, 1 hit, no runs in two innings; off Plank, 5 hits, no runs in three innings. Struck out—By Lawdermilk, 5; by McHale, 1; by Baumgardner, 4; by Plank, 1. Wild pitches—Lawdermilk, (2,) Plank. Time of game—Two hours and seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and Connolly.

American Association.

Kansas City, 5; Milwaukee, 3.
Indianapolis, 13; Columbus, 0.
Toledo, 3; Louisville, 1.

New York State League.

Wilkes-Barre, 9; Syracuse, 5.
Binghamton, 2; Troy, 1.
Elmira, 3; Albany, 0.
Scranton, 4; Utica, 1.

RACING TO-DAY
AT BEAUTIFUL
BELMONT PARK
THE LITTLE NECK HANDICAP
2 MILE STEEPLECHASE AND 4 OTHER GOOD RACES
BEGINNING AT 2:30 P. M.
Special Race Trains leave Pennsylvania Station, 33d St. and 7th Ave., also Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, at 12:30 and at intervals up to 1:55 P. M.; also by trolleys.
Special Car Reserved for Ladies on all Race Trains.
GRAND STAND AND PADDOCK, $3 LADIES, $1.50.

PIPING ROCK STAKE CAPTURED BY HWFA

Superb Racing Weather Draws Large Crowd to Watch the Opening Day's Card.

Perfect racing weather yesterday brought together a large assemblage of horsemen and horsewomen, identified with the various "hunting sets" on Long Island, for the opening of the annual Spring meeting of the Piping Rock Racing Association. Brilliantly green under the warming rays of the afternoon sun, the newly grown grass polo field of the club lay spread before the crowd of handsomely frocked women occupying the boxes of the extemporized grand stand, and to them and their cavaliers it never looked more gloriously green than yesterday, especially when the sleek thoroughbreds paraded to the start over the track intervening between stand and field, itself a strip of soft, clean, satin-like turf with an emerald-like sheen.

Seated in the boxes while the racing was in progress, strolling about the paddocks between races, or wandering from clubhouse to boxes, were Paul Cravath and his daughter, Mrs. Payne Whitney, and her children, Jack and Jean; Harry Payne Whitney and his daughter, Harry La Montague, parties of young ladies chaperoned by Mrs. W. Goadby Loew, Mrs. C. T. Maxwell, Mrs. Mortimer Schiff, Mrs. George F. Baker, Jr., Mrs. C. H. Senff, Mrs. Thomas Hastings, and other matrons who had previously entertained their parties at luncheon in the clubhouse. Others in attendance were Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Coe, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, Mr. and Mrs. F. Ambrose Clark, Herbert L. Pratt, W. R. Grace, Mrs. P. A. S. Franklin, James P. Garvan, Colgate Hoyt, Gifford A. Cochran, Irving Brokaw, W. D. Guthrie, H. M. Harriman, Frederick Johnson, A. Ludlow Kramer, C. K. G. Billings, T. Suffern Taller, and a host of other Piping Rock club members. Most of them were accompanied by the ladies and children of their families or parties of the younger set, buds who have not yet blossomed socially, but who entered into the sport of the afternoon with all the zest of their elders and kept the boxes a scene of animation and joyousness which well rounded out the picture and the pleasure.

The essentially sporty feature of the afternoon was to have been the Piping Rock Invitation Handicap for two-year-olds, which had closed last January with thirty-eight nominations. But it had been so persistently whispered about that there was no two-year-old in the lot that was nearly as good as C. K. G. Billings's Omar Khayyam that even the nominators believed it. So only two of them, H. P. Whitney, whose son of Hamburg—Hwfa—carried his colors, and W. R. Coe's Jack Mount answered the bugle call for the race. Yet this private sweepstakes was worth $6,950, the richest stake raced for in the East so far this year. James Rowe, the astute trainer who handles H. P. Whitney's racers, could not believe that the race would be a walkover for Mr. Billings's youngster, particularly when the stake was such a rich one. So he uncovered the handsome brown son of Hamburg with the unpronounceable Welsh name, and the speculators who knew Rowe's habit, wrestled with Hwfa, made a mess of it, but got their money down on him, and had to either stand silent when he romped home a winner or else shout "Come on you Whoofy," which most of them did. The race was over the straight five-furlong course, and Hwfa was in front from the fall of the flag to the finish, with Omar Khayyam at his saddle skirts, and no nearer, all the way. Jack Mount was always an unconsidered and uninteresting third.

Of the two steeplechases that for the Cooperstown Plate furnished the best sport and the most popular victory, as it was won by the Greentree Stable's representative, Syosset II., ridden in masterly fashion by Vincent Powers. He was always well in the lead, with Swish and Vifir in close company, while Robert Oliver was content to trail the trio until all the jumps but one had been negotiated safely. Then Robert Oliver challenged Syosset and they leaped the last brush together. Then followed a dingdong finish which brought the crowd to its feet and made even the ladies defy conventions by some old-fashioned shouting. Syosset not only staved off the challenger, but unloosed a bit of reserve speed and was able to win by a good open length from Robert Oliver, who in turn beat the speedy Swish by half a dozen lengths.

Splendidly ridden by H. Williams, Dixon Park won the other chase, also at two miles, from a field of six jumpers. Dixon Park lay back of the leaders throughout the run, coming with a splendid burst of speed on the straight, and beating the tiring Northwood and Royal, leaders over all the jumps. They literally raced each other to a canter at the end, when Dixon Park's reserve speed told with winning effect.

Rhine Maiden, a second choice, and Ahara, an outsider in the betting, won the two flat races which rounded out the program, the former almost loping home so easy was her victory. Ahara had to be driven out to the last ounce to beat the troublesome competitors, Doublet and Socony, both of whom were ripe and fit and ran game and true, but not quite fast enough in the final pinch.

The summaries, with the straight, place and show odds:

FIRST RACE.—Broad Hollow Plate, light-weight handicap for registered hunters; purse $500 and piece of plate presented by Edward F. Whitney; $100 to second, $50 to third; one mile and a furlong. Time—2:03 1-5.

Chivalry, Northwood Stable's b. c., 4 years, by Sir Wilfred-Marjoram, 158 pounds, 6 to 1, 2 to 1, and 2 to 5, (J. McTaggart) .... 1^{h}

Sand Hog, Mrs. T. J. Donohue's br. g., 6, 153, 6 to 1, 2 to 1, and out, (J. Byrne).2½

Archdale, Morton L. Schwartz's b. g., 6, 152, 3 to 1, even, and out, (Mr. John Tucker) .... 3^{1}

Jim Hanson, Atma, Bob McGee, Absconder, Corriemony, and Zeilwood also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Infield Plate, handicap, steeplechase, for four-year-olds and up, selling; purse $600 and piece of plate presented by A. Ludlow Kramer; $100 to second, $50 to third; about two miles. Time—4:02 1-5.

Dixon Park, J. F. Flanagan, Jr.'s, br. g., aged, by Kinloch Park-Baby Dixon, 148 pounds, 8 to 5, 3 to 5, and out, (H. Williams) .... 1^{3}

Northwood, Northwood Stable's b. g., 5, 138, 6 to 1, 2 to 1, and 4 to 5, (W. Kohler) .... 2^{1}

Royal, Archibald Barklie's ch. g., a., 135, 8 to 1, 3 to 1, and 6 to 5, (M. O'Connor)..3^{3}

Pay Streak, Mo, and Worstdale also ran. Rusila fell and did not finish.

THIRD RACE.—Piping Rock Invitation Handicap; private sweepstakes, for two-year-olds, of $100 each, for 38 nominations, of which seven declared at $100, with $250 each for starters, making a stake of $6,950, all to the winner; about five furlongs, straight. Time—0:58 2-5.

Hwfa, H. P. Whitney's br. c., by Hamburg-Dovelet, 118 pounds, 6 to 5, 2 to 5, and out, (J. Notter)........ 1^{3}

Omar Khayyam, C. K. G. Billings's ch. c., 118, 7 to 5 and out, (M. Buxton)........ 2^{3}

Jack Mount, W. R. Coe's b. c., 118, 3 to 1, 4 to 5, and out, (J. McTaggart)........3

FOURTH RACE.—Fox Point Plate; handicap; for 3-year-olds and upward; purse, $600 and plate presented by the association; $100 to second, $50 to third; about one mile. Time—1:42 1-5.

Rhine Maiden, Edward F. Whitney's b. f., 4 years, by Watercress-Gold; 108 pounds; 5 to 2, even, and 1 to 2, (R. Hoffman)...1^{3}

Star Gaze, Herbert L. Pratt's b. h., 6, 114, 8 to 1, 5 to 2, and 4 to 5, (C. Burlingame) .... 2^{3}

Lysander, F. Ambrose Clark's b. g., 6, 112, 4 to 1, 7 to 5, and 7 to 10, (M. Buxton)...3^{h}

Figinny, Mustard, and Martian also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Cooperstown Plate, handicap steeplechase, for four-year-olds and up; purse, $1,000 and plate of the value of $250 presented by Paul D. Cravath; $200 to second and $100 to third; about two miles. Time—3:58 3-5.

Syosett II., Greentree Stable's ch. g., 5 years, by Hamburg-Mineola, 145 pounds, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, and out, (V. Powers).....1^{3}

Robert Oliver, Woods Stockton's ch. g., 5, 138, 3 to 1, even, and out, (F. Williams)..2^{3}

Swish, Harry La Montagne's b. g., a., 5 to 2, 4 to 5, and 1 to 3, (E. Wolke)........3^{3}

Vifir and Lad of Langden also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—Roslyn Plate, a high-weight handicap for three-year-olds and upward; purse, $400, and plate presented by the association; $60 to second and $40 to third; about six furlongs. Time—1:17 2-5.

Ahara, Charles R. Fleischmann's br c., 4 years, by Voorhees-Handsome Florry, 145 pounds, 6 to 1, 2 to 1, and 4 to 5, (H. Williams) .... 1^{1}

Doublet, A. Ludlow Kramer's br. g., 4, 158, 8 to 5, 3 to 5, and 1 to 3, (coupled with Culvert,) (Mr. Henry Tucker)........ 2^{h}

Socony, Herbert L. Pratt's ch. g., 3, 145, 6 to 1, 2 to 1, and even, (C. Burlingame).3^{1}

Sandow, Simon Jones, Torero, (imp.,) Square Deal, (imp.,) and Bet also ran.

BLUE THISTLE IS VICTOR.

Wins Harlem Stakes at Belmont Park—Coughing Epidemic Grows.

Small fields again prevailed at Belmont Park yesterday, and the counter-attraction at Piping Rock probably had a lot to do with the small attendance at the Westchester Racing Association's course. The epidemic of coughing, which has caused limited fields, is far more serious than was at first thought. There are now between five and six hundred animals at Belmont Park and every stable has been affected.

Only two horses went to the post in the Harlem selling stake yesterday, which was the feature of the card. There were four entries, but Grumpy and Hauberk were withdrawn, leaving H. C. Hallenbeck's Blue Thistle and Marrone Stable's Wooden Shoes in a dual contest. It was an easy victory for the former.

On returning to the paddock the winner was led into the new sales ring, where he was bid up. He was entered in the race for $1,000. David Leary sent him up to $2,000. When he stopped Sam Hildreth took up the bidding and increased the amount another $500, the horse being finally protected by the stable for $2,505. The stewards made a ruling that in all future selling races owners of winners must remove the bandages from the legs of their horses, if it is so desired by the person who is bidding.

As a result of his ride on Ambrose in the second race Jockey Ball was suspended by the stewards pending an investigation of the running of the Marrone Stable entry in that event. Ambrose was a 1-to-2 favorite and came in last in a field of four. Good Counsel assumed the lead in the last quarter. Cliff Haven was always a contender, but the Star Shoot colt had just enough left to defeat the former by a head. Safe Home was third.

The summaries, with the straight, place, and show odds:

FIRST RACE.—The Westbury, for three-year-olds, handicap, with $600 added; five and a half furlongs, straight. Time—1:05 3-5.

Gillies, J. E. Madden's ch. c., 112 pounds, by Ogden-Golden Drop, even, 1 to 4, and out, (M. Garner)........ $1^{1\frac{1}{4}}$

Whimsy, Cleveland Stable's br. g., 107, 16 to 5, even, and 1 to 3, (E. Taplin). 2^{1}

Marse Henry, J. E. Madden's br. c., 116, even, 1 to 4, and out, (L. Allen)...... 3^{4}

Madden Stable coupled in betting. Ormesdale, Wenonah, Tipperary also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, which have not won at this meeting; selling, purse $600; the winner to be sold at auction for $800; one mile. Time—1:42 3-5.

Good Counsel, H. Neusteler's b. c., 3 years, 94 pounds, by Star Shoot-Frankness, 7 to 2, 7 to 10, and out, (L. Lyke)..1^{1}

Cliff Haven, Crown Stable's ch. g., 4, 104, 6 to 1, even, and out, (C. Watson)......2^{3}

Safe Home, Emil Herz's b. f., 3, 95, 25 to 1, 6 to 1, and out, (E. Graves).........3^{3}

Ambrose also ran.

THIRD RACE.—The Mineola, for three-year-olds and upward, handicap, with $600 added; one mile. Time 1:39 4-5.

Flittergold, G. A. Mueller's ch. h., 5 years 114 pounds, by Hastings-Fairy Gold, 3 to 4, 1 to 4, out, (R. Ball)........1^{3}

Magnet, G. H. Browne's ch. h., 5, 114, 16 to 5, even, 2 to 5, (E. Taplin)........2^{3}

Woodward, J. E. Madden's ch. c., 3, 99, 5 to 1, 8 to 5, 3 to 5, (J. Washburn......3^{3}

Ghetto Girl and Tartar also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—The Harlem, for three-year-olds and upward, selling, with $800 added; one mile. Time—1:41.

Blue Thistle, H. C. Hallenbeck's b. g., aged, 115 pounds, by Blues-Wild Thistle, 15 to 20, out, (A. Schuttenger)........1^{3}

Wooden Shoes, Marrone Stable's ch. g., 5, 110, 11 to 10, out, (R. Ball)........2

Only two starters.

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds, with $600 added; five furlongs, straight. Time—0:59 3-5.

Wistful, James Butler's ch., f., 119 pounds, by Star Shoot-Witful, 8 to 5, 1 to 2, out, (J. Loftus.)........1^{1}

Riverdale, Mrs. S. McNaughton's, br., c., 112 pounds; 11 to 5, 7 to 10, out, (W. Kelsay.)........2^{3}

Sky, J. E. Madden's, b. f., 104 pounds, 2 to 1, 3 to 5, out, (L. Allen.)........3^{1}

Merchant, Kathryn Gray, Moonlighter also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward which have never won $1,000, with $700 added; one mile. Time—1:40.

Spur, James Butler's, b., c., 3 years, 110 pounds, by King James-Auntie Mum, 11 to 20, out, R. McDermott)........1^{3}

Grumpy, C. J. Brockmiller's b. c., 4 years, 115 pounds, 7 to 1, 6 to 5, 1 to 3 (F. Keogh.)........2^{3}

Half Rock, A. Garson's, ch. c., 4 years, 110 pounds, 16 to 5, 7 to 10, out, (M. Garner.)........3^{h}

Distant Shore, Ronkiss, Curraghleen also ran.

ENTRIES FOR TODAY.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; five furlongs straight. Bendlet, 105 pounds; Aimee T., 107; Barry, 110; Lantana, 107; Old Drury, 107; Rebel, 105.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-old fillies; conditions; five and a half furlongs. Lorae, 106 pounds; Miss Puzzle, 106; Dorcas, 101; Hidden Star, 111; Lady Hillington, 101.

THIRD RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a sixteenth. Ida Claire, 110 pounds; Saratoga, 105; Menlo Park, 105; Daingerfield, 100; Stalwart Helen, 100.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; the Little Neck Handicap; one mile and a sixteenth. Virile, 116 pounds; Jem, 110; Nephythys, 103; Illuminator, 100.

FIFTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; steeplechase; about two miles. Hustler, 148 pounds; Agon, 141; Little Nearer, 141.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-old maidens; five furlongs straight. Yellowstone, 115 pounds; Ballad, 115; Fantam Bala, 112; Arnold, 115; Defense, 115.

FINAL REACHED IN HARTSDALE TOURNEY

Miss Vanderhoef Defeated by Mrs. Green in One-Sided Lawn Tennis Match.

The tennis prowess which carried Miss Marion Vanderhoef to victory over Mrs. Edward Raymond in the singles event of the Eastern New York State championships at Hartsdale on Wednesday deserted her yesterday when she was opposed by Mrs. Homer Green and the latter earned a comparatively easy victory at 6—2, 6—1. Mrs. Green, who was Miss Adelaide Browning, advanced by reason of her conquest to the final round. In the other half of the draw Miss Marie Wagner came through to the final by defeating Mrs. Robert A. Pope at 6—1, 6—1. Each of the matches was too easily won to hold keen interest. Miss Vanderhoef in particular showed more mediocre tennis than when she last played. She was erratic in competing against Mrs. Green, and could not cope with the steady play of the latter.

In the men's singles Elliott Binzen came through to the semi-final round by defeating King Smith 6—4, 6—3. The Seventh Regiment contestant fought stubbornly against his younger antagonist, but could not seriously threaten the Fordham man, although he rallied sharply at times and carried the play to Binzen. The latter, who holds the national indoor junior championship, was as lively as a cricket, covering court with astonishing proficiency and making gets that seemed all but impossible. The severe service of the Fordham player did much to upset Smith's game.

Though outclassed, Smith played hard to the final point, and there were a number of sharp rallies that pleased the onlookers. At the net Binzen was expert, and many times won the ace by a sharp position play when Smith came close in to the forecourt. The summaries:

Women's Singles.—Semi-final Round — Mrs. Homer Green defeated Miss Marion Vanderhoef, 6—2, 6—1; Miss Marie Wagner defeated Mrs. Robert A. Pope, 6—1, 6—1.

Women's Doubles.—Second Round—Mrs. Robert A. Pope and Miss White defeated Mrs. Ingo Hartman and Miss Margaret Grove, 6—2, 8—6; Mrs. Edward Raymond and Miss Marion Vanderhoef won from Mrs. John Jacob Astor and Miss Florence Sheldon by default.

Men's Singles.—Fourth Round—Elliott Binzen defeated King Smith, 6—4, 6—3.

Men's Doubles.—Third Round—S. H. Voshell and F. C. Baggs defeated R. L. Baggs and A. Sweetser, 6—3, 6—1.

Fourth Round—W. C. Grant and A. J. Ostendorf defeated Ingo Hartman and Elliott Binzen, 11—9, 7—5.

MISS BJURSTEDT IN FINAL.

Beats Miss Ballin and Mrs. LeRoy on Merion Tennis Courts.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., June 1.—Miss Molla Bjurstedt, holder of the national titles today won her way into the final round of two events and the semi-final of the third in the Women's Pennsylvania and Eastern States tennis championships at the Merion Cricket Club. In two singles matches Miss Bjurstedt defeated Miss Florence Ballin and Mrs. Robert LeRoy, both of the West Side Tennis Club, in straight sets by the scores of 6—2, 6—0, 6—0, and 6—1, respectively. In the doubles Miss Bjurstedt and Miss Eleanora Sears reached the finals by defeating Miss Ballin and Miss Ina Kissell in the best played doubles match of the tournament to date, at 6—3, 6—1. In mixed doubles Miss Bjurstedt, partnered by William T. Tilden, 2d, gained the penultimate bracket by defeating Miss Edwina Hensel and A. E. McVetty, 6—1, 6—2.

EXPERTS IN DOUBLES PLAY.

Many Strong Tennis Pairs Enter Westchester Tourney.

The annual invitation lawn tennis tournament of the Country Club of Westchester will begin this afternoon and will close a week from today. The doubles will be played first, and will be followed on Tuesday by the singles matches.

Among the doubles teams entered are: W. M. Washburn and Robert LeRoy; C. M. Bull, Jr., and L. E. Mahan; T. R. Pell and B. S. Prentice; S. H. Voshell and F. C. Baggs; A. H. Mann, Jr., and Cedric Major; V. B. Ward and A. Bassford, Jr.; W. M. Hall and E. H. Whitney; Hugh Tallant and Arthur Sweetzer; E. P. Larned and H. N. Rawlins; G. A. L. Dionne and Harry Parker; William Rosenbaum and J. S. O'Neale, Jr.; Herbert L. Hahn and Van Dyke Johns, of California; Willis E. Davis and Harold Throckmorton; F. C. Inman and S. F. Watson, Jr., and C. R. Leonard and Howard Homans.

The same men will play in the singles competitions, in which Richard Stevens, Gouverneur Morris and E. P. Pearson will also contest.

FIFINELLA WINS OAKS, TOO.

Tuesday's Victor in the Derby Leads by Five Lengths.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NEWMARKET, England, June 1.—E. Hulton joined the select few who have won both the Derby and Oaks with the same horse today when his Derby winner, Fifinella, scored an easy win by five lengths in the New Oaks Stakes of $25,000 over a course of one mile and four furlongs. As on Tuesday, J. Childs had the mount. L. Neumann's Salamandra, with Whalley in the saddle, was second, half a length ahead of J. Singers's Market Girl, with Steve Donoghue up. Seven horses went to the post with Fifinella the favorite. The following was the betting: Fifinella, 8 to 13; Salamandra, 8 to 1, and Market Girl, 20 to 1.

The last time both classics were won by the same horse was in 1908 when Signorinetta, owned by Chevalier Ginestrelli, won the Derby in sensational style at the long price of 100 to 1, and repeated his performance two days later in the Oaks.

C AND C
IMPORTED
Ginger Ale
Order by the Dozen
from your Wine Merchant or Grocer
for Use at Home

COLUMBIA LOSES CREW MAN.

E. H. Fezandie Quits Junior Boat—'Varsity Hard at Work.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., June 1.—Columbia's junior 'Varsity crew was set back again today when E. H. Fezandie, No. 3, resigned from the squad. A physical examination showed that Fezandie's blood pressure was too high. R. E. Swinburne, a green substitute, was the best man Coach Rice had to fill the vacancy.

The 'Varsity rowed seventeen miles today. In the morning row of seven miles the 'Varsity rowed at 22 strokes, well lengthened out, while the other two crews rowed at 26. In a mile the 'Varsity overcame a length handicap and increased its lead to thirty feet of open water.

COURTNEY MAKES CHANGES.

Cornell Coach Displaces Three Veterans in 'Varsity Eight.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 1.—The reorganization of the Cornell crews for the Poughkeepsie races has been completed by Coach Charles E. Courtney, and few further changes are anticipated. Three Poughkeepsie veterans have been removed from the 'Varsity eight. They are Bird at No. 2, Andrus at No. 4, and Lund at No. 7. Andrus has been placed at No. 2 in the junior boat, succeeding Lytle. The latter goes into the 'Varsity. Courtney has placed Bacon, a powerful third combination oarsman who has never rowed in a race before, at No. 3 in the 'Varsity, and Nellms is rowing at No. 4. Brower has been moved to No. 7, in place of Lund.

Coach Courtney has also shifted his coxswains. Keephart, who steered against Princeton last Saturday, has been promoted to 'Varsity coxswainship. Collyer, the stroke, who has been out with boils for some time, is again pacing the 'Varsity. The crew that beat Princeton last week is slated to row as the junior 'Varsity at Poughkeepsie. The probable final boating order of the Cornell crews follows:

'Varsity—Bow, Fernow; No. 2, Lytle; No. 3, Bacon; No. 4, Nellms; No. 5, Worn; No. 6, Cushing; No. 7, Brower; stroke, Collyer; coxswain, Keephart.

Junior 'Varsity—Bow, Fitzpatrick; No. 2, Andrus; No. 3, Moir; No. 4, Bonney; No. 5, Kirkland; No. 6, Brinkerhoff; No. 7, Cowan; stroke, Kingsland; coxswain, Chandler.

Freshman—Bow, Hoffman; No. 2, Pincoffs; No. 3, Webster; No. 4, Jefferson; No. 5, Chase; No. 6, Short; No. 7, Quick; stroke, Kirkland; coxswain, Hendrie.

NICKALLS SELECTS OARSMEN

Boats Yale Crews in What May Prove Final Seating.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 1.—After nearly a week of experimenting, during which the Yale crews have experienced a wholesale shake-up, Coach Nickalls today made tentative selections of his first and second 'Varsity boats as follows:

First crew—Stroke, Lawrence; No. 7, Sturtevant; No. 6, Kositzky; No. 5, Atkins; No. 4, Sheldon; No. 3, Captain Low; No. 2, Harriman; bow, Hadley; coxswain, McLane.

Second crew—Stroke, Hyatt; No. 7, McNaughton; No. 6, Fitzpatrick; No. 5, Fox; No. 4, Whittlesey; No. 3, Meyer; No. 2, Gilfillan; bow, Newton; coxswain, Pratt.

Three short races of a minute and a half each were held, and the second boat defeated the 'Varsity eight every time.

WILL RACE DOWN STREAM.

Plans for Yale-Harvard Regatta Are Nearing Completion.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 1.—Arrangements for the Yale-Harvard regatta at New London on Friday, June 23, are approaching completion. The referee will be Mr. Meikleham.

The morning races will be for the second 'Varsity and freshman eights, starting at 10:30 o'clock from the drawbridge and finishing two miles up the river. The 'Varsity event will be called at 5:15 o'clock. The start will be off Red Top and the finish at the drawbridge, four miles below. In 1914 and 1915 the 'Varsity event was rowed up stream.

Moore to Head Tiger Athletes Again

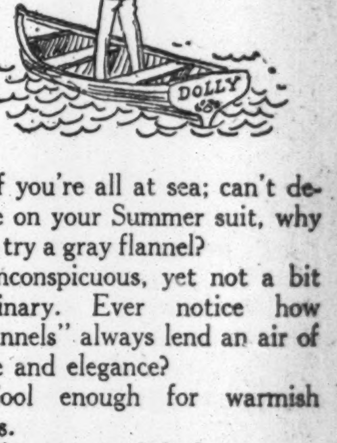
Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., June 1.—William B. Moore, intercollegiate 220-yard dash champion, was today re-elected Captain of the Princeton 'Varsity track team. He is a junior in the arts department, and prepared at De Witt Clinton in New York. Moore is also a member of the 'Varsity football team.

Worthington to Lead the Green.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., June 1.—Harry T. Worthington of Concord, N. H., was tonight elected Captain of the Dartmouth track team. Worthington is the intercollegiate broad jumping champion and is quarter back on the Green eleven.



If you're all at sea; can't decide on your Summer suit, why not try a gray flannel?
Inconspicuous, yet not a bit ordinary. Ever notice how "flannels" always lend an air of ease and elegance?
Cool enough for warmish days.
Warm on coolish days.
With the back unlined.
Some without vests.
Both foreign and domestic flannels.
In sea-son! In sea soon!
Bathing suits: plain ones; silk ones; all fast colors.
For cool heads.
Straws $2 to $100.
ROGERS PEET COMPANY
Broadway at 13th St.
Broadway at Warren
"The Four Corners"
Broadway at 34th St.
Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

BARNES LEADS ON LINKS

MEDAL-PLAY ROUND IS WON BY BARNES

Secretary of M. G. A. Heads Field in Qualifying Play for New Jersey Golf Title.

KIRKBY A STROKE BEHIND

Former Metropolitan Champion Barely Escapes Elimination by Seggerman in First Round.

E. Mortimer Barnes of Englewood, Secretary of the Metropolitan Golf Association, came through with the surprise of the opening day of the New Jersey State championship at Englewood yesterday and won the medal in the qualifying round with a card of 38, 38—76. Barnes won the medal in the Garden City tournament recently, and, judging from the way he is playing now, he seems likely to make it a habit. Barnes beat a field of a hundred golfers in winning the medal, and among the better known players who were forced to trail in the rear were Maxwell R. Marston of Baltusrol, present holder of the New Jersey title; Oswald Kirkby, former metropolitan amateur champion; Frank Dyer, Pennsylvania State champion; Roy D. Webb, runner-up and medalist in last year's championship, and a host of others hardly less adept at the game of the links.

Oswald Kirkby of Englewood, who is one of the favorites for the title, was nearly eliminated in the first round of match play by his clubmate, Henry V. Seggerman. The former metropolitan champion was 1 down and 1 to play at the home hole. He was over the green, chipped-out short, and went down in two putts with a 4. Seggerman was trapped, barely out on his second, and then proceeded to lay his third up dead. With a two-foot putt for a half and the match Seggerman missed and the match went an extra hole. Thinking that the victory was being forced upon him, Kirkby decided to make it as short as possible, so he put up a close approach and ran down a 3 for the match on the nineteenth hole. Barnes came through the first round by his defeat of H. M. Coxe, the Englewood Club champion. Coxe defeated Barnes in the finals of the club championship last week, so Barnes thought it only fair that he should win yesterday.

Max Marston, present champion, was somewhat of a disappointment in the qualifying round. He was a jewel of consistency, however, and took 40 on each half of the circuit for a total of 80. Oswald Kirkby was next to Barnes with a 77, and Harold Steiner of Hollywood, Henry V. Seggerman of Englewood, and L. M. Donaldson of Englewood were tied for third place with 78s. Roy D. Webb of Englewood, Pierre Proal of Deal, Frank Dyer of Montclair, and J. E. Hale of Ridgewood were grouped at the 79 mark, followed by Max Marston with his looming 80.

The winning card of Barnes presented some oddities to those who scanned it. He seemed to have a leaning toward playing the short holes in one over par and the long holes in one under. He took a 5 on the first, which is an easy 4, and then recuperated by taking a 3 on the hard second. He followed this line of action to the par-3 home hole, where he helped himself to a liberal 5 that made his score several strokes higher than it should have been. His card was as follows:

Out..........5 3 5 5 4 5 3 4 4—38
In...........4 4 5 4 3 4 4 5 5—38—76

Extra-hole matches marked the play in the afternoon, but for the most part there were few upsets, and most of the favorites came through winners. Max Marston defeated L. M. Donaldson, 3 and 2; Frank Dyer defeated Pierre Proal, 6 and 4; Steiner defeated Hale, 7 and 6, and Roy Webb disposed of C. T. Lansing of Knickerbocker, 3 and 2. The second and third match play rounds will be finished today, and the finals will be at thirty-six holes tomorrow.

The Englewood team, composed of Kirkby, Barnes, Webb, and Coxe, won the team trophy for the home club with a total of 315 strokes. The Baltusrol team was second, Marston, Van Vleck, Watson, and Van Vechten having a total of 340 strokes, and the Essex County and Arcole teams were tied at 349 strokes each. The summaries:

QUALIFYING SCORE.

First Sixteen.—E. M. Barnes, Englewood, 38, 38—76; Oswald Kirkby, Englewood, 43, 34—77; L. M. Donaldson, Englewood, 41, 37—78; H. V. Seggerman, Englewood, 37, 41—78; Harold Steiner, Hollywood, 42, 36—78; Roy D. Webb, Englewood, 39, 40—79; P. A. Proal, Deal, 42, 37—79; F. W. Dyer, Montclair, 40, 39—79; J. E. Hale, Ridgewood, 42, 37—79; Max R. Marston, Baltusrol, 40, 40—80; C. T. Lansing, Knickerbocker, 40, 40—80; C. W. O'Connor, Essex County, 42, 39—81; D. L. Manson, Englewood, 41, 41—82; R. H. Gwaltney, Baltusrol, 42, 41—83; M. M. Coxe, Englewood, 42, 41—83; Charles T. Sweeney, North Jersey, 44, 39—83.

Second Sixteen.—C. E. Van Vleck, Jr., Baltusrol, 84; F. B. Richardson, Morris County, 84; Aymar Embury, 2d, Knickerbocker, 84; A. B. Gaines, Jr., Englewood, 84; C. R. MacMillan, Essex County, 85; E. F. Turrell, Morris County, 85; R. B. Taft, North Jersey, 85; C. P. Eddy, Arcola, 85; A. R. Allen, Montclair, 85; Sidmon M'Hie, Englewood, 85; A. F. C. Milligan, Suburban, 86; D. D. Cooke, Arcola, 86; D. B. Douglas, Englewood, 86; Joseph Hodgson, Montclair, 86; W. G. Barrow, Cranford, 86; S. H. Harris, Essex County, 87.

Third Sixteen.—G. F. Kohler, Ridgewood, 87; C. F. Moore, Essex County, 88; Schuyler Van Vechten, Baltusrol, 88; G. S. Ludlow, Englewood, 88; William Watson, Baltusrol, 88; F. M. Thomas, Morris County, 89; C. D. Cooke, Arcola, 89; M. A. Williams, Arcola, 89; Alfred Morrell, Hackensack, 89; Gervase Green, Englewood, 89; P. S. Douglas, Essex County, 90; S. O. Miller, Englewood, 90; Eads Johnson, Montclair, 90; Ellis Adams, Essex County, 90; P. De Ronde, Englewood, 90; Norman W. Peters, Englewood, 91.

Fourth Sixteen.—S. P. Hayward, Glen Ridge, 91; A. D. Childs, Englewood, 91; Bennet Heath, Princeton, 92; D. W. Granberry, Baltusrol, 92; P. F. Miller, Baltusrol, 92; J. V. Batten, Montclair, 93; Russell Marston, Essex County, 93; C. V. Meserole, Englewood, 93; J. W. Escher, Englewood, 93; J. J. Adams, Upper Montclair, 95; A. M. Snedeker, Englewood, 95; B. F. Reinmund, Englewood, 96; H. D. Cashman, Englewood, 96; W. L. Pierce, Jr., Englewood, 96; E. P. Holden, Jr., Madison, 97.

Team Championship.—Englewood—Oswald Kirkby, 77; Roy D. Webb, 79; E. M. Barnes, 76; H. M. Coxe, 83. Total, 315.

Baltusrol—Max R. Marston, 80; C. E. Van Vleck, Jr., 84; William Watson, 88; Schuyler Van Vechten, 88. Total, 340.

Essex County—F. C. Reynolds, 93; Ellis Adams, 90; C. W. O'Connor, 81; G. R. MacMillan, 85. Total, 349.

Arcola—C. P. Eddy, 85; H. A. Williams, 89; A. Morrell, 89; D. D. Cooke, 86. Total, 349.

Match Play, Championship Sixteen.—First Round—O'Connor defeated Gwaltney 1 up, (22 holes;) Sweeney defeated Manson 1 up, (19 holes;) Webb defeated Lansing, 3 and 2; Marston defeated Donaldson, 3 and 2; Dyer defeated Proal, 6 and 4; Kirkby defeated Seggerman, 1 up, (19 holes;) Steiner defeated Hale, 7 and 6; Barnes defeated Coxe, 1 up.

Second Sixteen.—First Round—Cooke defeated Hodgson, 1 up; Gaines, Jr., defeated Milligan, 3 and 2; Van Vleck defeated Allen, 2 up; Taft defeated Richardson, 2 and 1; Escher defeated Embury, 3 and 2; Eddy defeated Turrell, 3 and 2; Douglas defeated Harris, 3 and 2; M'Hie defeated McMillan, 2 up.

Third Sixteen.—First Round—Watson defeated Williams, 3 and 2; Johnson defeated Cooke, 8 and 3; Kohler defeated Morrell, 6 and 5; Miller defeated Adams, 1 up; Thomas defeated Moore, 4 and 3; Green defeated Ludlow, 4 and 3; Peters defeated Van Vechten, 2 up; De Ronde defeated Douglas, 5 and 3.

Fourth Sixteen.—First Round—Childs defeated Granberry, 3 and 1; Reinmund defeated Marston, 4 and 3; Snedecker defeated Holden, 2 up; Pierce defeated Hayward, 8 and 6; Escher defeated Miller, 4 and 3; Reynolds defeated Cashman, 3 and 2; Meserole defeated Adams, 4 and 3; Heath defeated Batten, 2 up.

Boxing Bouts Tonight.

Harlem S. C.—Joe Gibbs vs. Young LeRoy; Young Larry vs. Murray Perkle. Both ten-round bouts. Also one six and three four-round exhibitions.

New Polo A. A.—Pete Collins vs. Johnny Saxon; Joe Malone vs. Eddie Clifford. Both ten-round bouts. Also one six and three four-round exhibitions.

Pioneer S. C.—Young Reilly vs. Eddie McEntee; Artie McGovern vs. Red McDonald. Both ten-round bouts. Also one six and three four-round exhibitions.

Vanderbilt A. C., Brooklyn—Jack Sharkey vs. Young Zulu Kid. Ten rounds.

Brown's Far Rockaway A. A.—Jimmy Anderson vs. Young McGowan.

MUNDY LEADS AT WYKAGYL.

Wins Medal in Westchester Golf Championship Tourney.

R. F. Mundy, Ardsley Club champion, sprang a surprise on the Wykagyl links yesterday by leading the field in the qualifying round of the Westchester championship with a score of 41—39, 80. John G. Anderson of Siwanoy, twice runner-up in the national amateur championship, was tied for second place with Dwight Partridge of Bedford, present holder of the Westchester title, both having scores of 81. T. V. Bermingham and Reggie Lewis, the home club players, who were expected to finish near the top, were disappointing with 85 and 86, but Lewis gets a chance to redeem himself immediately, as he meets Anderson in the first round of match play this morning. Bermingham is drawn against H. L. Phillips of Siwanoy.

Explanations of the high scores in the qualifying round are many, various, and interesting. Mundy, the winner, got an 80 because he missed some putts, and several players, mercifully anonymous, got cards around 115 because they holed the putts that Mundy missed. The explanations of the other cards ranged from swollen torrents to casual water, from grass as tall as wheat to greens that were so fast the ball rolled on forever, from blind caddies to migrating birds, and from poor golf balls to worse sticks. There was never such a day for an alibi.

John G. Anderson started off poorly with a 5 on the first hole, but he took a pair of 3s on the short sixth and seventh, and finished the first half of the circuit with a 39, the best half-way mark of the day. He took another 3 on the tenth, but on the long eleventh, that winds around the hillside and over the brook to the green, he dallied among the dandelions, fished a while in the brook, excavated in a sand trap, and holed out with a fairly good 7. He played well from this point to the finish, and was the only golfer of the day to make the long home hole in 4. He put his third shot on the edge of the green and sank a forty-foot putt for an 81.

Mundy had 4, 5, 6, 6 on the first four holes. On the fifth hole, however, he pitched up a mashie niblick shot and holed out for a 2, and with a world of confidence he began to play real golf. He was out in 41 and in with a 39. His card was as follows:

Out ....4 5 6 6 2 4 4 5 5—41
In ....3 4 5 4 4 6 4 4 5—39—80

Partridge played a consistent game and was rarely in trouble. The summaries:

Championship Division.—R. F. Mundy, Ardsley, 41, 39—80; J. G. Anderson, Siwanoy, 39, 42—81; Dwight Partridge, Bedford, 40, 41—81; E. H. Hart, Wykagyl, 41, 43—84; H. L. Downey, Apawamis, 43, 42—85; Lloyd P. Gwyer, Siwanoy, 45, 40—85; R. M. Lewis, Wykagyl, 44, 41—85; T. V. Bermingham, Wykagyl, 44, 42—86; C. H. Hart, Dunwoodie, 45, 41—86; C. V. Benton, Hudson River, 45, 41—86; W. E. Conklin, Dunwoodie, 41, 45—86; W. V. Booth, Jr., Apawamis, 42, 45—87; W. H. Wallace, Jr., Apawamis, 45, 43—88; C. H. Brown, Hudson River, 44, 44—88; H. L. Phillips, Siwanoy, 42, 46—88; S. P. Emerick, Hudson River, 46, 42—88.

Second Sixteen.—R. J. Traevorrow, Wykagyl, 46, 43—89; H. S. Graves, Apawamis, 47, 42—89; M. Pickslay, Wykagyl, 46, 43—89; F. H. Hoyt, Siwanoy, 46, 44—90; O. F. Lewis, Wykagyl, 47, 44—91; James Betram, Wykagyl, 45, 46—91; J. G. Deericks, Wykagyl, 44, 47—91; C. G. Comstock, Jr., Sleepy Hollow, 45, 46—91; T. R. Brown, Scarsdale, 47, 44—91; J. S. Marvin, Wykagyl, 47, 44—91; H. V. Gaines, Wykagyl, 44, 47—91; J. P. Downey, Dunwoodie, 45, 47—92; J. H. Bell, Wykagyl, 46, 47—93; B. Drake, Wykagyl, 49, 44—93; F. B. McLean, Wykagyl, 46, 47—93; C. M. Relyea, Wykagyl, 44, 49—93.

Third Sixteen.—Hal Forde, Dunwoodie, 45, 48—93; A. B. Gilkes, Siwanoy, 48, 46—94; G. Gwathmey, Apawamis, 50, 44—94; R. Howland, Wykagyl, 43, 51—94; A. H. Brown, Wykagyl, 47, 48—95; C. E. Maltby, Wykagyl, 49, 46—95; L. G. Young, Ardsley, 44, 51—95; C. R. Gillett, Wykagyl, 47, 48—95; W. F. Stevenson, Wykagyl, 51, 45—96; H. D. Brewster, Scarsdale, 50, 46—96; E. E. Buckner, Siwanoy, 46, 50—96; J. D. Beals, Jr., Wykagyl, 48, 49—97; A. W. Haigh, Scarsdale, 48, 49—97; E. P. F. Smith, Siwanoy, 52, 45—97; F. V. D. Longacre, Hudson River, 48, 49—97; C. M. Hanley, Wykagyl, 50, 47—97.

Fourth Sixteen.—J. C. Punderford, Wykagyl, 50, 47—97; H. E. Spalding, Dunwoodie, 49, 49—98; A. Ritchie, Wykagyl, 53, 45—98; S. R. Hollander, Siwanoy, 50, 48—98; D. W. Hewitt, Ardsley, 50, 48—98; J. Sholle, Sunningdale, 48, 50—98; W. W. Harris, Dunwoodie, 48, 50—98; T. C. Gales, Siwanoy, 49, 49—98; W. M. Stout, Wygagyl, 47, 52—99; D. Brandreth, Sleepy Hollow, 47, 52—99; J. C. Davies, Century, 47, 52—99; O. E. Carlson, Siwanoy, 51, 48—99; R. Collier, Dunwoodie, 51, 48; 99; J. D. Foote, Apawamis, 49, 50—99; A. D. Lawrence, Ardsley, 51, 49—100; P. S. MacLaughlin, Scarsdale, 52, 48—100.

Other scores: J. M. Hodson, Ardsley, 46, 54—100; P. Metcalfe, Apawamis, 53, 48—101; C. C. Webster, Scarsdale, 52, 49—101; A. B. Hunn, Wykagyl, 48, 53—101; L. M. Klein, Fairview, 47, 55—102; W. L. O'Brien, Wykagyl, 50, 52—102; L. E. Denslow, Wykagyl, 50, 52—102; J. F. Mathews, Ardsley, 49, 53—102; M. P. Collins, Sleepy Hollow, 47, 57—104; M. Meacham, Ardsley, 55, 49—104; A. Hedley, Siwanoy, 54, 51—105; J. H. Phillips, Scarsdale, 52, 53—105; G. Odell, Wykagyl, 51, 54—105; G. T. Smith, Ardsley, 53, 52—105; H. M. Cowperthwaite, Knollwood, 50, 56—106; G. Van Vlack, Scarsdale, 56, 50—106; B. O. Wright, Wykagyl, 51, 55—106; W. Van Vlack, Scarsdale, 53, 54—107; L. A. Agnew, Wykagyl, 53, 55—108; T. J. Jackson, Apawamis, 58, 51—109; G. B. Luhman, Wykagyl, 55, 56—111; A. O'Brien, Wykagyl, 55, 56—111; E. M. Alexander, Siwanoy, 57, 54—111; H. S. Hamilton, Scarsdale, 54, 60—114; R. Collins, Apawamis, 56, 61—117; F. V. Blauvelt, Wykagyl, 66, 59—125.

Draw, Championship Division.—Wallace vs. Gyer, Benton vs. Emerick, Bermingham vs. Phillips, C. H. Hart vs. Partridge, E. H. Hart vs. Mundy, Lewis vs. Anderson, Conklin vs. Downey, Brown vs. Booth.

MRS. GILKES HAS TOP CARD.

Leads Women Golfers Through Hazards at Glen Ridge.

Half a hundred or more women gaily began the round of the Glen Ridge links yesterday in one of the one day tournaments of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association, but the smiles and the neat attire lasted only until the first water hole had been encountered. Ball after ball plunged into the cooling water, caddies were summarily transformed into deep-sea divers, scores were wrecked, tempers were lost, and dresses were ruined in and about the water hazards that dot the Glen Ridge course.

Mrs. A. B. Gilkes of Siwanoy kept on to the bitter end and turned in the best net and gross score of the day with a card of 98, 8—90. Miss H. Finckel of the home club took second net prize with a score of 99, 8—91, and only fourteen other women had the courage to turn in the cards that escaped the "moving accidents by flood and field."

BILLY PAPKE IS BEATEN.

Old Timer Makes Easy Target for Blows of Irish Jack Smith.

That old adage, "they never come back," was illustrated again last night at the Clermont Athletic Club in Brooklyn, where Billy Papke, the Kewanee thunderbolt, who once in his creditable career was middleweight champion of the world, was resurrected to attempt a return to boxing prestige. It was Papke's first ring engagement in more than four years, and the opponent selected was Irish Jack Smith, reputed middleweight champion of the navy, but who has received no recognition in the front ranks of the middleweight class. The latter's ability, however, was good enough to earn him the honors over the one-time champion by a comfortable margin. Papke's left eye was almost completely closed as he left the ring, and there was fresh blood over his right optic from a cut which had opened. The weights were: Papke, 161 pounds; Smith, 157.

In the semi-final six-round bout Sailor Johnny Moran outpointed Kid Henry.

MATCH MORAN AND DILLON.

Two Boxers Will Get $40,000 for Washington Park Bout.

Frank Moran of Pittsburgh and Jack Dillon of Indianapolis, heavyweight championship contenders, will meet in a ten-round bout at Washington Park Brooklyn, on Thursday night, June 29. The bout will be arranged definitely tonight, when Ike Dorgan, manager of Moran, and Sam Marburger, director of Dillon's affairs, will sign the articles.

Harry Pollok, Dan McKetrick, and Jack Curley are the promoters of the bout, and they will give Moran $25,000 for his end of the purse. Dillon will receive $15,000. Moran will have his choice of 40 per cent. of the gross receipts, and Dillon can have 25 per cent. for his share, if the amount goes above his guarantee. Five thousand dollars will be posted by the promoters tonight with George Considine to bind the match.

ARREST MRS. BLACK ON THEFT CHARGE

Social Leader Held for Cashing $500 Check Without Funds to Meet It.

KNOWN AT BRITISH COURT

Fortune Left by Her Husband Gone and Large Judgments Filed Against Her.

Mrs. Adeleine Powell Black of 512 Fifth Avenue, successful as a social leader, having been twice presented to British royalty, and for five years active in arbitration, peace, and civic propaganda, has been unsucccessful in her financial affairs. Her troubles culminated yesterday in her arrest and arraignment in the Tombs Court on the charge of cashing a check for $500 without sufficient funds on deposit to meet it. She gave cash bail for her appearance for examination on June 7.

Mrs. Black gave up her rooms at the Hotel Manhattan yesterday and sought seclusion with friends, it was said, although she still retains her apartment at 512 Fifth Avenue, where she and her daughter, Dorothy, have made their city home since the death of her husband, Elmer Ellsworth Black, in 1909.

Mrs. Black went to the Stock Exchange and banking house of Farson, Son & Co., at 115 Broadway, on Jan. 20, and presented a check drawn on the Guaranty Trust Company, at Forty-third Street and Fifth Avenue, which occupies the ground floor of the apartment house where Mrs. Black has lived for some time. As Farson, Son & Co. had known Elmer Ellsworth Black as a member of the banking house of N. W. Harris & Co. of New York and Chicago, with which he had been identified for many years, they readily accepted the check.

According to the understanding of the firm at the time, Mrs. Black said she needed the money because she had moved to the Biltmore, where she was not very well known and desired to pay cash for her lodgings. The check was returned, and later the Guaranty Trust Company made it known that Mrs. Black had some time previously been requested to close her account there. It was said at the Biltmore that Mrs. Black had not been there since December.

Requests for payment, addressed to Mrs. Black's Fifth Avenue apartment, were ignored. Last week she called at the office of the attorney for the bankers, Saul S. Myers, 60 Wall Street, and informed him that all of the fortune, estimated at $100,000, which she had inherited from her husband was gone. She mentioned one or two unfortunate investments, in addition to a heavy loss in publishing a magazine. She expressed the intention of going to Chicago and appealing to some of her friends for help. She also said she had some money due her for the decorative work for the National Federation of Women's Clubs.

The firm and its attorneys refrained from pressing Mrs. Black for payment, but on Wednesday when word reached them that she was preparing to go to Chicago, they obtained a warrant on the charge of grand larceny and caused her arrest at her rooms in the Manhattan.

It was learned yesterday that this indebtedness is but a fraction of the amounts owing by Mrs. Black, most of it to merchants. A judgment for $9,000 has been obtained against her by Stern Brothers, and a small judgment has been recorded in favor of B. Altman & Co. Social friends of Mrs. Black, all of whom expressed regret at her misfortune, attributed her financial troubles to lack of business knowledge, and in large expenditures for the various movements and propaganda in which she was actively interested. The only comment Mrs. Black had to make regarding the check prosecution was that it was a "sad mistake."

In 1911, Mrs. Black, then Chairman of the Propaganda Committee of the American Peace and Arbitration League, entertained forty-five prominent delegates of the Lake Mohonk Peace Conference at luncheon at Sherry's. She received a complimentary message concerning her work from President Taft.

After her return from Europe in the following year she attended both of the national conventions, wrote a review of the proceedings in both for a magazine, and was active thereafter in progressive propaganda. Mayor Gaynor appointed Mrs. Black a member of the Women's Market Committee, which took her to Europe to study the problem, but before her departure she entertained the members and city officials at luncheon.

Mrs. Black, who had some time previously been presented to King Edward and Queen Alexandra, was again presented at the English Court in 1912 to King George and Queen Mary. In the same year she was invited to attend the International Peace Congress at Geneva, being the first woman to receive that honor. Some of her activities at that time and since include her work as Vice President of the Nationalities Congress in Paris and the Arbitration Commission of the Federal Council of the Churches of the United States, President of the Editorial Review, and executive officer of the Consumers' League.

Mrs. Black was Miss Powell of Chicago before here marriage.

LAWRENCE SALE CONCLUDED

Collections of Porcelain and Art Objects Brought $126,630.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 1.—The sale of the Sir Trevor Lawrence collection of porcelain, objects of art, and decorative furniture was concluded today at Christie's. Two lots were sold today, bringing the total up to $126,630.

One of the lots sold was a pair of powdered-blue cylindrical Chinese vases of the Kang-He period. These have bulbous necks, enameled with flowering plants and grasses in famille-verte in mirror-shaped panels, the ground penciled with flowers and scrolls in gold. The price paid for them was $1,020. The other lot was a figure of a kylin, nineteen inches high, with a Damio seated on its back, the kylin enameled dark blue, with green trappings, and the figure of the man of copper-gilt, his costume enameled dark blue, green, and yellow. This figure brought $1,625.

The sale of the library gathered by Miss Frances Mary Richardson Currer, now the property of Sir Matthew Wilson, was continued today at Sotheby's, where the Hopkinson manuscripts were sold to G. D. Smith, who last Wednesday bought the Miles Coverdale Biblia, for which he paid $1,000. The Hopkinson Manuscripts, which consist of thirty-nine volumes in folio and three in quarto, uniformly bound in Russia, with Miss R. Currer's ex libris, was sold to Mr. Smith for $1,550.

To Sell Painting for Hospital.

Carroll Beckwith, the American artist, has presented to the Flower Hospital a bust-size portrait in oil of a French peasant woman, which is to be disposed of at private sale, according to an announcement issued yesterday by the Trustees of the hospital. The painting now hangs in the lobby of the St. Regis Hotel. Several offers, one of $500, have been made. It will be disposed of to the highest bidder. The painting is considered by Mr. Beckwith one of the finest in his collection. The subject was the artist's maid of all work during the latter period of his studies in Paris.

Jay Gould's Ex-Butler Arrested.

John Stafford, at one time butler to Jay Gould and now manager of the Hotel Albemarle at 203 West Fifty-fourth Street, was held in 1,000 bail by Magistrate Cornell in the West Side Court yesterday morning on a charge of selling liquor without a license. Excise Inspectors visited the hotel on May 15 and were served with two rounds of "tea." They said it was served in silver mugs, but gave off an aroma suggestive of Martini cocktails. They visited the place again with a search warrant and said they found a supply of ingredients evidently used in preparing the concoction. The supplies were confiscated. The license of the hotel was revoked two years ago.

CHURCH PAGEANT IN 5TH AV.

Ascension Congregation Observes Its 75th Anniversary.

New York is not often treated to the color and dignity of a religious procession, but last night, in celebration of the seventy-fifth anniversary of the completion of the Church of the Ascension, on Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street, a pageant procession with gorgeous robes, lighted tapers, and symbolic figures passed from the vestry house in West Eleventh Street, around the block, and into the portals of the church.

At the door of the church, Miss Mary Stewart Claflin and Miss Virginia Travell, in soft white robes with golden wings on their backs, representing the Saint-Gaudens angels in bas-relief over the altar, met the procession. Behind them came the choir boys and girls. Then came seventy-five boys and girls bearing lighted candles, each candle representing a year since the founding of the church. Father Time followed in the person of the old Sexton Emeritus Herbert H. Jackson.

Behind him came Mrs. Malcom W. Clephane, clad in flowing garments, with a young girl nestling beneath one arm and a young boy beneath the other, symbolic of Motherhood. Behind her followed representatives of societies in the church. Miss Margaret Allen followed, representing the Community Centre of Greenwich Village. George Gordon Battle, dressed in a barrister's robes, symbolical of Democracy, followed these. Missions were represented by Miss Amy Sloan, Enlightenment by Miss Content Johnson, the Mosaic Law by Leroy Welling Nichols, and Music by Mrs. John H. Flagler. Then came the vestrymen, the rector, Rev. Percy Stickney Grant, and his staff, and Bishop Greer.

A book was presented to Dr. Grant by "his friends" in which subscriptions to the church might be made. He said that the church already had an endowment fund of about $230,000, and that these friends intended to raise it to $500,000.

STATEN ISLAND BACKS DOYLE

Leader in Garbage Plant Fight Finds Many Ready to Bail Him.

Edward P. Doyle, Staten Island's leader in the fight against the garbage plant, appeared in Magistrate Handy's court in Stapleton, S. I., yesterday in answer to the warrant issued several days ago charging him with obstructing navigation with the barge bearing the sign "Bathing Pavilion," which he caused to be placed at Lake Island. He was held in $100 bail to appear in Special Sessions next Wednesday.

Prominent residents of Staten Island crowded the courtroom, and it was said that Doyle could have obtained $1,000,000 bail.

The seven men whom Doyle hired to take possession of Lake Island, and who were arrested on Sunday, were discharged on the motion of William Travers Jerome, attorney for Gaffney, Gahegan & Van Etten, the contractors who hope to build the garbage plant.

John E. Worthley, Captain of the tug which towed Doyle's barge into position, was held in $100 bail. Thomas Quinn offered to put up as security for him a deed which, he said, he held for Lake Island, but the court refused to accept it.

Among those who were ready to go on Doyle's bail were Mr. and Mrs. William G. Willcox, Dr. Louis A. Dreyfous, and Canon Pascal Harrower, rector of the Church of the Ascension of West Brighton.

ROB HOME OF $15,000 GEMS.

Burglars Rip Safe While Owner Is Away for Memorial Day.

Thieves who got $15,000 worth of jewelry from a safe in the home of Frederick Heinzer, President of the Hygrade Cigar Company of 432 East Seventy-fifth Street, who occupies the first-floor apartment at 948 Trinity Avenue, Bronx, sometime between last Saturday and Wednesday, still eluded Acting Captain Wines and the men of the Bronx Detective Bureau last night. The detectives had not even found how the thieves entered the Heinzer home, for no marks were found on doors or windows and all were locked, as they had been when Heinzer and his sister, who lives with him, left for their farm in Bloomfield, N. J., to remain over Memorial Day.

Mr. Heinzer discovered the robbery on Wednesday. The safe had been dragged into a rear room and ripped open with a "can opener." Nothing had been touched except the jewels which, Mr. Heinzer said, were mostly his property, and consisted of rings, pins, and a few brooches and lavallieres belonging to his sister.

Neighbors, hearing of the burglary, recalled having heard Mr. Heinzer's parrot squawking on Tuesday afternoon, and it is supposed the robbery occurred then, for Mr. Heinzer's chauffeur entered the apartment Tuesday afternoon to feed the bird and nothing had been touched then.

FRIENDS ELECT OFFICERS.

Hicksites Exchange Greetings with Poughkeepsie Division.

At the annual session of the New York Society of Friends, held yesterday in the Meeting House, Fifteenth Street and Rutherford Place, Elwood Burdsall of Port Chester was elected correspondent and recorder and Wilson M. Powell, a lawyer of 7 Wall Street, Treasurer.

One of the matters under consideration was the receipt of a letter from the yearly meeting of Friends in Poughkeepsie acknowledging the attendance at their meeting of the committee appointed by the society in this city to consider the fields of work in which both may co-operate. The Poughkeepsie meeting was of orthodox Friends or Quakers, while the New York gathering was of the liberal division of Friends known as Hicksites. The exchange of greetings, it was said, made certain a greater degree of unity between the two branches, although their common interest in universal peace has been drawing them more closely together for some time.

SUFFRAGISTS WIN A MEDAL.

"Better Babies" Leaflet Popular at Safety Exposition.

"Better Babies" have helped the New York Woman Suffrage Association to win a bronze medal and honorable mention for its Safety and Sanitation Exhibit at the third annual Exposition of Safety and Sanitation, under the auspices of the American Museum of Safety, at the Grand Central Palace. The exposition closed last Saturday, and the medal has just arrived.

The "Better Babies" were the subject of a leaflet in the suffrage booth, with figures showing that infant mortality was lowest in Commonwealths where mothers as well as fathers had a voice in making the laws. An engrossed diploma is to follow the medal as soon as it is completed.

BURGLARS BARRICADE DOOR.

The Baars, Returning Home, Have to Force Their Way In.

The police at the West Sixty-eighth Street Station received a telephone call from Euclid Hall, Broadway and Eighty-fifth Street, at 11 o'clock last night that an apartment in the building had been robbed. Five policemen and a detective from the Fourth Branch went there and were told by Mr. and Mrs. Morris Baar that they had gone out walking at 9 o'clock, and when they returned just before 11 found the door leading into their apartment on the fourth floor barricaded. It was forced open and the furniture found piled up against it. The apartment had been ransacked.

A window opening on to the roof of a three-story house was open. Neither the police nor the Baars would say what was missing.

ABUSIVE LETTER TO MAYOR.

Special School Examination to Trap the Writer Fails.

A threatening and abusive letter received by Mayor Mitchel and thought to have been written by a pupil in Public School 123, Irving Avenue and Suydam Street, Brooklyn, caused the Principal, Joseph G. Furey, to hold a special examination yesterday, the only real important part being for the pupils to write the name John Purroy Mitchel. In the letter the Mayor's name was spelled "Mitchal."

When the papers were turned over to Principal Furey he found that four of his pupils had used the letter writer's method of spelling the Mayor's name. A careful comparison of the writing, however, failed to reveal the culprit.

The letter abused the Mayor for his failure to provide a playground for the district adjacent to the school. On the back of it was written, "This is from Mr. Furey, Principal of P. S. 123." It was postmarked from Station A, which is at Broadway and Manhattan Avenue, while the district near the school is served by Station S and the Ridgewood station.

Mr. Furey said after the examination that it had been made at the reuest of the police, but that he was positive none of the students was responsible for the letter.

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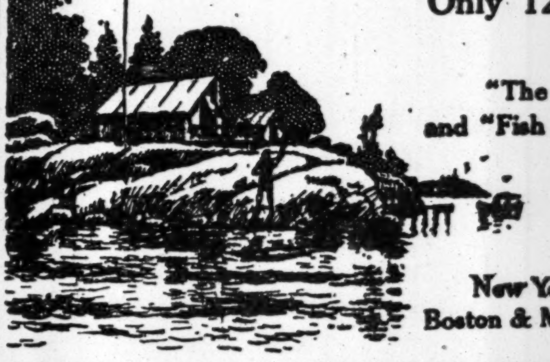

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Stronger—Money Market Position Receiving More Attention.

The stock market yesterday was more diversified and stronger. There was more than the usual amount of news bearing on financial and business affairs and some of this found direct reflection in the course of prices, but much of it could not be specifically connected with the day's Stock Exchange operations. A suggestion of an influence which may hereafter play a more important part in shaping stock market sentiment was contained in the day's discussion of the money market, to which more attention was paid than at any other time recently.

The Federal Reserve Board's monthly review of business showing production throughout the United States to be very active, but displaying some signs of having reached the maximum; the first Government report of the season on the condition of the cotton crop; more specific information regarding the Mexican demands and much news of smaller scope were among the matters which claimed the attention of the financial district. The course of stocks suggested that traders looked upon the sum total of the news as favorable and as warranting operations on the long side in a fairly large number of issues, yet the total for the whole list was only slightly above that of the previous day.

In the money market call rates again rose close to the year's maximum. Specifically this was attributed to an unusually large shifting of loans incidental to the paying off of note issues which matured yesterday. In a more general sense it reflected the narrower position into which the New York money market has recently moved. The surplus reserve is no longer extraordinarily large and rates have become more sensitive to the influence of special demands such as were encountered yesterday. More comment concerning the money market position is being heard in banking circles and some bankers are expressing the belief that on the present reserve position money rates should be higher than they are. No doubt, the reason that they are not higher is that this market and the country at large are resting comfortably in the feeling that, with the Federal Reserve Bank system in operation, the money market is no longer exposed to the seasonal stresses to which it was subjected when there were no central sources of rediscounting credits. The existence of that resource is looked upon as a guaranty against any real stringency, but it might well be that Wall Street will have to pay higher than present rates for its stock market accommodation during the time when the crops are making their usual large demands upon the banks.

The gold which goes into the Federal Reserve Bank is available for the financing of commercial and agricultural needs, but not directly for the needs of the securities market. And it is into the Federal Reserve Bank that the gold lately imported has gone. Another consignment of over $3,000,000 was received from Canada yesterday, bringing the total on the present import movement up to above $27,000,000. Not the least interesting fact connected with this movement is that it has not brought a loss in the gold holdings of the English Bank nor a gain in the New York banks. In the latter's case the gold has been more than offset by cash used in other directions, and it is probable that it has been drawn from some other fund than that held by the Bank of England. There is nothing in the money market situation to cause uneasiness to Stock Exchange traders, but it is quite possible that the question of money rates will be seen to deserve more attention than has been paid to them in the recent past. The abundance of funds seemed to be so great that there appeared to be no chance that it would be reduced enough to affect rates materially, but the view expressed yesterday by one of the country's leading bankers that money rates ought to be higher and the firmer tendency which rates have already displayed, taken in conjunction with the decline in the surplus reserve of the New York banks, seem to bring the money market again within the scope of practical stock market consideration.

LONDON MARKET ACTIVE.

Money Being Absorbed as Result of Mobilization Scheme.

LONDON, June 1.—Money and discount rates were easy today.

The stock market and the Bank of England are busy absorbing the money resulting from the mobilization of American securities and today's dividend distributed about $100,000,000, these going principally into Exchequer bonds, Treasury bills, and the war loan, although there was good investing in colonial and Japanese bonds, Argentine rails, and other good yielding foreign issues.

It is quite probable that offerings of American securities in New York from here will be large in the near future, judging by the rush now proceeding at the Mobilization Committee office. A good business was also done through the Stock Exchange, and exchange houses report an increased demand for stock checks.

American securities maintained a shade higher opening and closed firm. Canadian Pacific was the feature.

The British Bank Statement.

LONDON, June 1.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased	£463,000
Circulation increased	645,000
Bullion increased	182,371
Other securities decreased	3,794,000
Other deposits increased	1,452,000
Public deposits decreased	717,000
Notes reserve decreased	495,000
Government securities increased	5,000,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 31.72 per cent.; last week it was 32.23 per cent. Rate of discount 5 per cent.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
25 railroads	81.18	80.21	80.98	+ .42
25 industrials	95.40	94.85	95.16	− .17
50 stocks	88.29	87.53	88.07	+ .13

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
June 1	88.29	87.53	88.07	+ .13
May 31	88.46	87.85	87.94	− .21
May 30—Holiday				
May 29	88.25	87.66	88.15	+ .29
May 27	88.18	87.69	87.85	− .45
May 26	88.76	88.14	88.30	− .20
May 25	88.16	87.98	88.50	+ .30
May 24	88.94	87.90	88.20	+ .06
May 23	89.10	87.85	88.14	− .45

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

June.	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
1915	72.25	22	66.48	1	70.41
1914	69.64	9	66.82	25	68.18
1913	69.23	2	63.09	10	66.44
1912	82.79	6	80.03	1	81.84

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	——High.——			——Low.——			Last.
*1916	91.87	Jan.	3	80.91	Apr.	22	88.07
1915	94.13	Oct.	22	58.90	Feb.	24	91.50
1914	73.30	Jan.	31	57.41	July	30	60.20
1913	79.10	Jan.	2	63.09	Feb.	1	68.06
1912	85.82	Sep.	30	73.24	Feb.	1	79.22
1911	84.41	June	26	69.57	Sep.	25	77.66

*To date.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JUNE 1, 1916.	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	354,872
Same day last year	773,019
Year to date	72,569,716
Same period last year	52,434,668
Average price and change 50 stocks	88.07 + .13
Same day last year	69.53 +1.42

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	91.87 Jan. 3	80.91 Apr. 22
Same period last year	73.36 Apr. 30	58.99 Feb. 24
Range year 1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24
Range year 1914	73.50 Jan. 31	57.41 July 30
Range year 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
138	139½	500	Adams Express	139½	139½	139	139	− ⅞
23⅛	23¼	800	Alaska Gold Mines	23¼	23¼	23	23	− ¼
9½	9⅝	700	Alaska Juneau	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
27	27¼	400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	+ ¼
82¾	83	1,750	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	83¼	84	82½	82½	−1
77⅞	78	17,200	Am. Beet Sugar	76½	78½	76⅝	77⅞	+1⅜
98	98½	550	Am. Beet Sugar pf	97	98½	97	98½	+2½
56	56½	600	Am. Can	56¼	56⅜	56¼	56⅜	+ ¼
59	59⅝	800	Am. Car & Fdry	59½	59½	59⅛	59½	...
117½	118	200	Am. Coal Prod. pf	117	117½	117	117½	+1
98	100¼	80	Am. Cotton Oil pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
8⅜	8⅞	300	Am. H. & Leather	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	...
49¼	50	800	Am. H. & Leath. pf	49½	49⅞	49¼	49⅞	+ ⅜
29	29⅜	400	Am. Ice Securities	29	29	28⅞	29	− ⅜
21½	21¾	200	Am. Linseed	21½	21¾	21½	21¾	− ½
48	49	700	Am. Linseed pf	49	49	48¼	48¼	− ⅞
72	72½	2,400	Am. Locomotive	72¼	72½	72	72¼	...
101½	102½	300	Am. Locomotive pf	101½	101½	101½	101½	...
35½	36	290	Am. Malt pf	35½	35½	35½	35½	...
96¾	97	2,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref	97½	97½	96⅜	96⅜	− ¾
112	112½	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	111¾	111¾	111⅝	111⅞	− ½
95	95½	100	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A	95½	95½	95½	95½	+ ½
52	52½	100	Am. Steel F'dries	52½	52½	52½	52½	− ⅝
110¾	111½	200	Am. Sugar Ref. x d	111⅞	111⅞	111⅝	111⅝	− ⅝
129⅞	130	900	Am. Teleph. & Tel	129⅝	130	129⅝	130	+ ⅝
204	205	200	Am. Tobacco	202¼	204⅞	202¼	204⅞	− ⅛
106½	107	200	Am. Tob. pf. new	107	107	107	107	...
44⅝	45	100	Am. Woolen	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	− ⅝
98	98¼	100	Am. Woolen pf	98	98	98	98	− ¼
23	23½	1,200	Am. Writing P. pf	24	24⅞	23⅛	23¼	− ⅜
83⅜	83⅝	4,460	Am. Zinc Lt. S	84	84⅛	83¼	83½	− ¾
83⅞	84⅛	7,600	Anaconda Cop. Co	84¼	84⅜	83¾	84	− ¼
66½	67	100	Associated Oil	66½	66½	66½	66½	...
105¾	106	900	Atch., Top. & S. F	105½	105⅞	105½	105⅞	+ ⅜
100⅞	101	550	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	101	101	101	101	...
88⅝	89¼	1,300	Baldwin Loco	89	89¼	88½	88⅞	+ ⅜
91⅝	92	3,100	Baltimore & Ohio	91½	92⅜	91⅛	92	+ ⅝
76	77¼	100	Baltimore & O. pf	77	77	77	77	...
445	455	100	Bethlehem Steel	455	455	455	455	−4½
58	58½	100	Brown Shoe	58	58	58	58	+ ½
88½	89	13,300	Butte & Superior	90¼	90½	88½	88½	−1⅞
50	52	100	California Pet. pf	50½	50½	50½	50½	+ ½
177¼	178	700	Canadian Pac. x d	175½	177½	175½	177½	+1⅝
54¼	54¾	300	Central Leather Co	54¼	54¼	54¼	54¼	+ ¼
111⅝	111⅞	100	Central Leather pf	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝	− ⅛
140	141	16	Cent. & So. Am. Tel	141	141	141	141	...
108	108½	1,600	Chandler Motor	108½	108½	107½	108	+ ½
63¼	63½	2,650	Chesapeake & Ohio	62⅞	63½	62	63¼	+ ½
13¼	14	800	Chi. Great Western	13	13¼	13	13¼	− ⅛
37⅝	37⅞	100	Chi. Gt. West. pf	37½	37½	37½	37½	...
99	99½	1,200	Chi., Mil. & St. P	98	99¼	98	99¼	+1
129⅝	129⅞	200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	130	130	129⅞	129⅞	...
166	170	200	Chi. & North.pf.x d	168	168	168	168	...
20¾	20⅞	1,200	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	20¾	21	20½	20⅞	− ⅛
20½	21	300	Chile Copper	20½	20½	20½	20½	...
52½	53	200	Chino Copper	52¾	52¾	52⅜	52⅜	+ ⅛
72½	74	300	Cluett, Peabody Co	73	73	73	73	−1½
43½	43⅜	1,800	Col. Fuel & Iron	44	44	43½	43½	− ½
29½	30	300	Col. & Southern	29¾	29¾	29⅜	29⅜	− ½
52½	55	100	Col. & South. 1st pf	53¼	53¼	53¼	53¼	+ ⅜
138½	139	200	Consolidated Gas	138¾	139	138¾	139	+1
101½	102¼	900	Continental Can	101	102	101	101½	− ½
19⅜	19¾	1,000	Corn Products Ref	19¼	19¾	19¼	19⅝	...
83½	84	6,400	Crucible Steel	84	84¼	83	84	+ ⅜
116	118	200	Crucible Steel pf	116¼	116¼	116⅛	116⅛	− ⅞
150	153	100	Del. & Hudson	153	153	153	153	+ ½
225	..	200	Del., Lack. & West	230	230½	230	230½	+3½
26½	27	400	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	27⅛	27⅛	26½	26½	− ½
113	115	400	Detroit United Ry	111½	114⅞	111½	114⅞	+3⅜
51	51½	1,700	Distillers' Secur	51¼	51⅝	51	51	− ⅛
26⅜	26¾	300	Dome Mines	26¾	26½	26⅜	26⅜	− ½
39	39⅛	9,100	Erie	38¾	39¼	38¾	39⅛	+ ½
53½	54	1,900	Erie 1st pf	53½	54	53½	54	+ ⅜
115	117	20	Gen. Chemical pf	116	116	116	116	...
170½	173	100	General Electric	171	171	171	171	−1
116	117½	100	General Motors pf	116½	116½	116½	116½	+ ¼
76¾	77	900	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	76⅞	77½	76⅞	77	+ ¾
115½	116	200	Goodrich pf	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝	115⅝	+ ⅛
86	89	100	Granby Consol	87½	87½	87½	87½	−1⅝
122	122¼	1,800	Great Northern pf	121¼	122¼	121	122	+1
39	39¾	1,400	G. N. certs.ore prop	39¾	39¾	39	39½	− ¼
46½	47	200	Greene-Cananea	46⅝	46⅝	46½	46½	− ½
82¼	84	950	Gulf States Steel	78	84½	78	84	+7
100	103	600	Gulf S. S. 1st pf	100½	101½	100½	101	+2⅜
87	89½	1,225	Gulf S. S. 2d pf	81	90	81	89½	+8½
167½	185	1	Helme (G. W.) Co	180	180	180	180	...
103½	104¾	200	Illinois Central	104½	104½	104½	104½	+ ½
44⅞	45	2,000	Inspiration Copper	44⅞	45	44⅝	45	...
17⅝	18	100	Interboro Consol	18	18	18	18	...
112	113	300	Int. Harvester, N.J	113	113	113	113	− ½
80	82½	200	Int. Harv. Corp	81½	82	81½	82	− ½
105½	107½	200	Int. Harv. Corp. pf	105¾	106½	105¾	106½	+1½
25⅛	25½	5,900	Int. Mer. Mar. t. r	24¾	25⅜	24¾	25¼	+ ½
94¾	94⅞	32,200	Int. Mer. Mar.pf.t.r	93⅝	95⅝	93⅛	94¾	+1½
45⅞	46	1,500	Int. Nickel	46	46	45¾	45⅞	...
48½	49½	100	Int. Paper pf	48⅜	48⅜	48⅜	48⅜	− ⅝
86	87	200	Jewel Tea	86	87	86	87	+1
71	71½	300	Kan.C.,Ft.S.& M.pf	71	71	71	71	+3
26½	27	100	Kan. City Southern	26½	26½	26½	26½	+ ½
60½	61¾	100	Kan. City South. pf	61¼	61¼	61¼	61¼	− ¼
74½	74¾	900	Kelly Spring Tire	73½	75	73½	75	+ ¾
54½	54⅝	7,400	Kennecott Copper	54½	54⅞	54⅜	54⅝	+ ⅛
69½	71	600	Lackawanna Steel	70	70	69½	69½	−1½
56	56½	17,600	Lee Rubber Tire	53	56	53	56	+3½
83¼	83¾	16,600	Lehigh Valley	83½	84¼	82¼	83⅜	+ ⅜
35½	36	3,000	Long Island	31½	35⅜	31½	35⅜	+3⅞
129¼	130	300	Louis. & Nash	129½	129¾	129	129¾	−1⅝
68	68¾	200	Mackay Cos. pf	68⅜	68½	68⅜	68½	...
129	130	300	Manhattan Elev	129⅞	129⅞	129⅞	129⅞	...
84¾	85	4,400	Maxwell Motors	85⅛	85⅜	84½	84⅞	− ⅜
89½	91	400	Max. Motors 1st pf	90	90½	90	90	− ¼
57½	58	500	Max. Motors 2d pf	57½	57¾	57½	57½	− ½
64½	66	1,100	May Dept. Stores	66½	66½	64½	64½	−2
64½	66	50	Do., odd lot	66⅝	66⅝	66⅝	66⅝	...
107¼	107½	14,000	Mexican Petroleum	108	108¼	106½	107¼	−1¾
96	96½	100	Mex. Petroleum pf	96½	96½	96½	96½	− ½
35¾	36	700	Miami Copper	35½	35¾	35⅜	35¾	+ ¼
6¼	7	100	Minn. & St. Louis	6½	6½	6½	6½	− ½
6¼	7	50	Do. odd lot	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	...
119	120	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M	120	120	120	120	−2½
6⅛	6⅜	900	Missouri Pacific	6¼	6⅜	6⅛	6⅜	+ ⅛
6⅛	6⅜	1,100	Do., trust rcts	6⅛	6¼	6⅛	6¼	...
80⅞	81⅞	200	Montana Power	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	+1⅜
125	126½	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	125¼	125¼	125¼	125¼	−4⅜
78	78¾	100	Nat. Cloak & Suit	78½	78½	78½	78½	...
22	23	200	Nat. En. & St. Co	22½	22½	22½	22½	− ½
67	67⅜	250	Nat. Lead Co	67	67⅛	67	67⅛	+ ⅛
114	115	10	Nat. Lead Co. pf	114	114	114	114	...
17¾	18	500	Nevada Con. Cop	17¾	17⅞	17¾	17⅞	...
135	136	200	N. Y. Air Brake	135½	136	135½	136	− ½
106⅜	106½	3,900	N. Y. Central	105¾	106½	105¾	106⅜	+ ⅜
61	61½	700	N. Y., N. H. & H	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾	− ¼
28¼	28½	1,200	N. Y., Ont. & West	27⅞	28⅞	27⅞	28⅞	+1
128¾	129	19,400	Norfolk & Western	125⅛	130	125	129	+4
88	89	50	Norfolk & West. pf	89	89	89	89	...
114½	115⅜	3,100	Northern Pacific	113¾	115½	113¾	115⅜	+1⅜
8¼	8½	100	Ontario Mining	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	− ¼
..	..	400	Pacific Mail rights	.75	.95	.75	.95	+.15
57⅝	57⅞	2,900	Penn. R. R	57⅝	58⅛	57½	57¾	+ ⅜
101	101½	300	People's Gas, Chi	101½	101½	101	101	−1
40¼	41	200	Philadelphia Co	40⅜	40½	40⅜	40½	− ½
94½	96	100	P.,C.,C. & St. L. pf	95	95	95	95	...
130	132¾	100	Public Service N. J	130	130	130	130	...
164	165	300	Pullman Co	164⅞	164⅞	164½	164½	− ½
43½	43¾	6,300	Railway Steel Sp	43¼	44⅛	43¼	43⅞	+ ⅞
22¾	23	600	Ray Con. Copper	22⅞	22⅞	22⅝	22¾	+ ⅛
101⅝	101¾	24,900	Reading	101¾	102⅞	100⅝	101¾	+ ¼
46¾	47	100	Reading 2d pf	47	47	47	47	...
48	48¼	1,300	Rep. Iron & Steel	47¼	48¼	47¼	48⅛	+ ⅞
16	16¼	1,900	St. L. & S. F. w i	16¾	16¾	15¾	16	− ⅞
18¼	20	100	St. Louis Southw	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	+ ⅛
42½	43½	600	St. L. Southw. pf	41⅞	43	41⅞	43	+1
16¼	16½	500	Seaboard Air Line	15½	16¼	15½	16¼	+ ¼
39	39½	100	Seab. Air Line pf	39½	39½	39½	39½	+1
183⅛	185½	100	Sears, Roeb. & Co	184	184	184	184	+2
126½	..	200	Sears, R. & Co. pf	126½	126½	126½	126½	...
31½	31¾	300	Shattuck-Arizona	31⅝	31⅝	31½	31½	− ⅜
99	99⅛	2,000	Southern Pacific	98½	99¼	98⅜	99⅛	+ ⅝
23⅛	23⅜	1,900	Southern Railway	22⅝	23½	22⅝	23½	+ ¾
66¼	67	100	Southern Ry. pf	65½	65½	65½	65½	...
102	103	50	Standard Milling	103	103	103	103	...
93½	94	100	Standard Milling pf	94	94	94	94	+ ⅞
138¼	138½	2,200	Studebaker Co	137½	138½	137½	138¼	+ ⅛
42¾	43⅛	1,100	Tennessee Copper	43	43¼	42⅜	42¾	− ½
11¾	12¼	200	Texas & Pacific	11½	12	11½	12	+ ¼
62	63	300	Third Avenue	62½	62½	62½	62½	+ ⅜
98	98½	100	Twin City R. T	98	98	98	98	−1
5	5½	600	Union B. & P. Co	5	5	5	5	− ¼
30	30½	200	Un. B. & P. Co. pf	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	− ½
138⅛	138⅜	8,000	Union Pacific x d	137¾	138⅞	137⅝	138⅜	+ ⅜
82⅝	82⅞	300	Union Pacific pf	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	...
58½	60	100	United Cigar Mfrs	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	+ ⅜
95	95⅞	100	United Cigar Stores	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾	− ¼
159¾	160½	5,600	United Fruit Co	159	161⅝	159	160	+1
9½	10	100	United Rys. Inv	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	...
19½	20	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	19½	19½	19½	19½	− ¼
22⅞	23	3,000	U. S. C. I. P. & F	21½	23⅜	21½	23	+1½
158½	159	3,400	U. S. Indus. Alco	158¼	159¾	157¾	158⅞	+ ⅝
1	1⅛	200	U. S. Red. & Ref	1	1⅛	1	1⅛	...
1	1⅜	100	U. S. Red. & R. pf	1	1	1	1	− ⅜
56	56½	2,350	U. S. Rubber	55¾	56⅝	55¾	56	+ ¼
72	72½	2,100	U. S. Sm., R. & M	73	73⅛	71¾	72½	− ½
84¼	84⅜	11,800	U. S. Steel x d	84¼	84⅝	84¼	84⅜	+ ¼
117¼	117⅜	400	U. S. Steel pf	117⅛	117¼	117⅛	117¼	+ ¼
80⅞	81⅛	2,100	Utah Copper	81	81	80⅝	80⅝	− ⅛
16½	16¾	100	Utah Securities	16½	16½	16½	16½	− ¼
42	42½	200	Va.-Car. Chemical	42	42	42	42	− ¾
..	..	10	Vulcan Detin. Co	20	20	20	20	...
14¾	15	900	Wabash	14¾	15	14¾	14¾	− ¼
50	50¼	1,850	Wabash pf. A	49¾	50¼	49⅝	50	+ ¼
..	..	50	Do., odd lot	49½	49½	49½	49½	...
28¼	28½	1,700	Wabash pf. B	28⅝	28½	28	28½	...
127	128	800	Wells Fargo Exp	125	127½	125	127½	+2⅜
32⅜	32¾	2,700	Western Maryland	32⅜	32⅞	32⅜	32⅝	+ ¼
95	96	1,200	Western Union Tel	96⅛	96⅛	95	95	− ½
61¾	62	1,800	Westingh. E. & M	61½	62	61½	62	+ ⅜
4	4¾	100	Wheeling & L. E	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	− ¼
272	275	900	Willys-Overland	272	275	272	275	+3
107	107¼	500	Willys-Overland pf	106⅝	107	106⅝	107	+ ¼

1,482 FAILURES IN MAY.

Liabilities in the Dun Report Aggregated $19,466,436.

Commercial insolvencies in May as reported to R. G. Dun & Co. numbered 1,482, against 1,399 in the previous month, which made the best exhibit since last August, and the liabilities were $19,466,436, as compared with $18,382,637. In May, 1915, when the country's business mortality, though reflecting much improvement, was still unusually large, 1,707 firms defaulted, owing $21,053,212. With this exception, the present figures surpass those of all other years as to number, whereas the indebtedness is lighter than last year, 1914 and 1900. The May failures are 26 per cent. less numerous than those in January, while the amount involved is nearly that much smaller.

There were 1,404 failures reported to Bradstreet's for May.

MANY EXTRA DIVIDENDS.

New Jersey Zinc, Allis-Chalmers and International Salt Among Them.

Further evidence of industrial prosperity was presented yesterday in the declarations of extra dividends. The New Jersey Zinc Company declared an extra distribution of 5 per cent., the sixth disbursement this year, to a total of 38 per cent. on the $35,000,000 stock. The Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company ordered a dividend of 1½ per cent., in addition to the usual quarterly payment of 1½ per cent., on the preferred stock. The additional dividend was on account of payments in arrears. The American Zinc disbursement will be made June 10 and the Allis-Chalmers on July 15.

The International Salt Company voted an extra of 1 per cent., and the usual quarterly payment of one-half of 1 per cent., both payable July 1.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Mercantile Marine Meeting.

The British Government, the bankers who long acted as fiscal agents, the joint committee representing both classes of bonds, the Preferred Stockholders Committee and the Common Stockholders Committee were all represented at a conference over reorganization of the International Mercantile Marine Company yesterday. No decision was arrived at, but on all sides progress was reported, and all agreed to meet again today in furtherance of negotiations which, if they were not decisive, were at least amicable. The meeting was the first at which all of the many interests were represented, and views were interchanged without semblance of rancor.

⁂

Planning Ahead.

The American Locomotive Company is one concern with big war orders which is looking ahead to the end of this business. The shell orders are being filled at the Richmond, Va., and Dunkirk plants, chiefly at the former, and, it is learned, when the contracts are finished steps will be taken immediately to reconvert the plants into their normal position as locomotive manufacturers. The machinery will be altered or replaced with new equipment. The orders for munitions so far booked should be completed by mid-Summer, and, according to an officer, no negotiations are on for new shell contracts. The company's locomotive orders are reported as satisfactory, and the operating men will not be sorry to see the men employed at their natural tasks when the time comes for the change.

⁂

Fewer Stocks and Bonds Out in May.

Corporate financing last month reached only a moderate total in spite of the numerous new industrial flotations. The available records differ somewhat, but show the same general result. Dow, Jones & Co. figured up $134,500,000 new stock and bond issues, the smallest total since September, 1915, and The Journal of Commerce made it $191,914,400, against $98,308,000 in the same month last year. The average for the seven months ended with April was more than $200,000,000 a month. The aggregate of new financing, counting in municipal and Government issues, was substantially more than the totals enumerated, as $10,000,000 German Treasury notes were placed here and there were various small issues by domestic municipalities.

⁂

A Market of Specialties.

For the third successive day the stock market dealings yesterday showed an increase, but the gains have been so slight that the day's total was small. However, the improvement was contrary to predictions generally heard to the effect that there would be no stock market until after the Chicago convention. While attendance in most of the brokerage houses was less than usual yesterday, there were interesting spots in the market to keep traders busy. Several of the smaller issues showed substantial gains, among them Beet Sugar preferred, with 2½ points; Lackawanna, with 3; Detroit United, 3⅜; Gulf States Steel, 7 for the common and 8½ for the second preferred; Lee Tire, 3½; Long Island, 3⅞; Norfolk & Western, 4; Wells Fargo, 2⅜, and Willys-Overland, 3. No fewer than eight stocks showed dealings in excess of those in Steel, usually the market leader.

⁂

Automobile Fever.

The automobile, tire and accessory stocks have engrossed a great deal of the public's attention lately. Traders like action, and the motor companies have given it to them. The air was filled yesterday with rumors of new combinations that may be effected to lessen competition and increase profits through economies of administration. The manager of a house which has specialized in these issues laughed yesterday as he looked into the faces of some of his customers. He said that the customers had all bought the automobile and tire stocks when they first began to attract notice, had made a fair profit, and had sold them out, believing that the movement was over. Now they see prices on the board far above those they received when they caught, as they thought, the top of the movement. The Durant following in Chevrolet, General Motors, and United Motors has made a great deal of money.

⁂

Indifference to Railroad Earnings.

The April increase of New York Central net earnings was $3,168,000, or 52 per cent. above April, 1915. Pennsylvania's increase in net for the same month was $3,150,000, or 55.6 per cent. The earnings statements were fresh before investors before the opening of the market yesterday, and the stock of each railroad advanced precisely ⅜ of 1 per cent. In the case of Pennsylvania the failure of hearty response to the news was the more noticeable, because Norfolk & Western, an important subsidiary, sold up to 130, a new high record, and closed with a net gain of 4 points, while another subsidiary, Long Island, advanced 3⅞ points. New York Central's indifference to the showing was in spite of the fact that "Big Four," an important subsidiary, reported net earnings of $2,141,000 for the first four months of this year by contrast with a deficit of $2,481,000 in the corresponding period of 1915, while "Nickel Plate," another subsidiary, showed for the same period net earnings of $693,000, against a deficit of $1,028,000. Apprehension of foreign liquidation of both Central and Pennsylvania was the cause generally assigned for their backwardness.

⁂

Hill Rails and Ore.

The old Hill shares, Great Northern and Northern Pacific, advanced as if in support of the theory that knowledge of Mr. Hill's failing health had discouraged all activity in them in the latter months of his life. With that restraint removed and with the knowledge, moreover, that Mr. Hill's business affairs were arranged in most orderly fashion, and that both the financial and physical conditions of the roads were excellent, Great Northern advanced a point and Northern Pacific 1⅜ points. Apparently there was no fear of estate liquidation such as followed the deaths of one or two of the other big holders of Great Northern and Northern Pacific. The Great Northern Ore certificates, which have been the only Hill securities to display weakness this week, lost a little more ground.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs receipts	$20,185,495	$191,950,829
Ord. int. rev. rec'pts	32,003,332	347,233,900
Income tax	5,706,451	28,999,315
Miscellaneous	6,182,113	43,995,761
Total receipts	$64,077,393	$612,179,806
Excess of ord. rec'pts over ord. disburse	2,829,145	
Excess of ord. disburse. over. ord. rects		46,549,676
Excess of total rects. over total disburse	3,929,071	
Excess of total disburse. over to'l rects.		24,584,459
Expenditures	61,248,248	658,729,483

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales June 1	$3,919,500
Year to date	460,487,450
Same day last year	3,235,000
Same period last year	343,692,700
Average price and change 40 bonds	87.28 − .06
Same day last year	82.72 + .07

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	87.35 Feb. 4	86.19 Apr. 23
Same period last year	84.48 Apr. 29	81.51 Jan. 2
Year 1915	87.62 Nov. 24	81.54 Jan. 2
Year 1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2
Year 1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18

Anglo-French 5s	221,000	95⅞
	500	96
	53,000	95⅞
	500	96⅛
	19,000	95⅞
	2,000s20f	95¾
	28,000	95⅞
	4,000	96
	50,000	95⅞
	1,000	96
	215,000	95⅞
	8,000	96
	35,000	95⅞
	5,000	96
	500	96
	40,000	95⅞
	1,000	96
	65,000	95⅞
Argentine Govt 5s	1,000	93¼
	1,000	93
Chinese Ry 5s	1,000	72
City of Tokio 5s	6,000	77⅞
	2,000	77⅞
Dom of Can temp gold 5s, 1921	1,000	100⅛
	5,000	100
	142,000	100⅛
	11,000	100¼
	12,000	100⅛
1926	2,000	100⅜
	1,000	101
	5,000	101⅛
	9,000	101
	6,000	101¼
	14,000	101⅛
	3,000	101
1931	2,000	102¼
	27,000	102⅛
	5,000	102¼
	5,000	102⅜
Jap Govt 4½s sterl loan	15,000	84¾
2d Series	500	83¾
German stamp	21,000	80½
	10,000	80¾
	1,000	80½
	5,000	81
	5,000	80¾
	15,000	81½
	5,000	81⅛
	5,000	81½
Rep of Cuba 5s of 1914	8,000	96
N Y Canal 4s, 1961	1,000	104¾
Va 6s, defd, Brown Bros & Co ctfs	10,000	57½
	11,000	58
	1,000	58¼
	1,000	58⅛
N Y City 4s, 1955, registered	8,000	100
4s, 1957	1,000	100⅛
4s, 1958	6,000	100
	7,000	100⅛
4s, 1959	4,000	100
4¼s, 1960	1,000	102⅞
	4,000	102½
1964	20,000	102¾
4½s, May, 1917, registered	2,000	100⅜
Nov, 1917, reg	1,000	101
4½s, 1965	2,000	108½
Adams Exp 4s	2,000	83
	500	82½
Alb & Susq 3½s	1,000	87
	2,000	86⅝
Am Ag Ch deb 5s	1,000	97½
Am Cotton Oil 5s	2,000	97
Am Hide & L 6s	1,000	103⅞
Am Sm Secur 6s	7,000	108¼
Am T & T col 4s	5,000	92⅛
	7,000	92
	5,000	91⅞
	25,000	92
	2,000	91⅞
conv 4s	1,000	102
conv 4½s	1,000	108¼
	6,000	108⅜
	1,000	108¼
	2,000	108⅜
	500	108
Armour & Co 4½s	1,000	93½
At, T & S F gen 4s	2,000	93⅜
	500	93⅜
	18,000	93⅜
	3,000	93¼
	500	93⅜
conv 4s, 1955	1,000	105¼
	5,000	105¼
	3,000	105
conv 4s, 1960	2,000	105
At, T & S Fe 5s	1,000	101¼
	10,000	101½
Calif-Ariz 1st & ref 4½s	10,000	97
Atl Coast L 1st 4s	10,000	92
gen unified 4½s	1,000	91
Lo & N col 4s	2,000	86⅛
Balt & Ohio prior lien 3½s	3,000	92⅝
	500	92½
gold 4s	1,000	91¼
	2,000	91
conv 4½s	1,000	96½
	500	96⅛
	7,000	96¼
	2,000	96
	5,000	96⅛
	1,000	96¼
	1,000	96
temp ref 5s	36,000	100⅛
	4,000	100⅜
	17,000	100¼
	2,000	100⅜
	6,000	100½
Bklyn R T gold 5s	1,000	103
5s, 1918	7,000	100⅞
	20,000	101
Bkl Un El 1st 5s	1,000	101⅝
	2,000	101½
Bklyn Un Gas 5s	1,000	107
Cal Gas & Elec 5s	6,000	98¾
	2,000	99
Cen of Ga Ry 1st 5s	2,000	107⅝
Cent Leather 5s	5,000	102⅛
Cent Pac gtd 4s	10,000	89⅞
	1,000	89¾
Ches & O cv 4½s	5,000	85⅝
C, B & Q jt 4s	30,000	98⅜
	57,000	98½
Denver Div 4s	1,000	99⅝
Ill Div 3½s	1,000	85½
	2,000	85⅞
	2,000	86
C & East Ill gen 5s, U S Mtg & Tr ctfs	2,000	85
Chi Gt West 4s	5,000	71
	1,000	70⅞
C, M & St Paul gen 4s, Ser A	1,000	92⅜
	1,000	92¼
	10,000	92½
	1,000	92⅛
	9,000	92¼
4s, 1934	10,000	92¼
temp 4s, 1925	5,000	94⅞
	2,000	95
gen 4½s	3,000	102⅞
	1,000	102⅞
conv 4½s	2,000	101
	11,000	101¼
	11,000	101⅛
	1,000	101¼
cv 5s, Ser B	1,000	108½
	6,000	108
C & P West 5s	10,000	103⅝
C & N W gen 4s	5,000	95⅛
Chicago Rys 5s	1,000	97
C, R I & Pac 6s	1,000	101⅝
ref 4s	2,000	74¾
	5,000	74⅝
deb 5s	5,000	58¾
	3,000	58½
	6,000	58¾
	21,000	58½
ctfs of deposit, stamped	7,000	55¾
	12,000	56
Chi & W I com 4s	1,000	76½
Chi & W Mich 5s	1,000	85
Chile Copper 7s	2,000	128½
	500	129
	1,000	128⅝
Clev, C, C & St L gen 4s	3,000	80
	2,000	80⅛
	10,000	80
deb 4½s	5,000	90
	20,000	90¼
	10,000	89½
Col Industrial 5s	1,000	76
Col Mid 1st 4s, ctfs of deposit	15,000	14½
Col & South ref & ext 4½s	2,000	84½
Con Gas conv 6s	4,000	123½
	1,000	123⅞
	1,000	124
	2,000	124⅛
	1,000	124
	2,000	124⅛
	1,000	124
C & 9th Av 1st 5s	4,000	100
Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1934	1,000	98
	5,000	98½
Cuban-Am Sugar Col Tr 6s	2,000	102⅝
	17,000	102½
Del & Hud cv 5s	1,000	107⅛
D & R G con 4½s	5,000	85⅞
con 4s	1,000	78
1st & ref 5s	1,000	69½
	5,000	70
	1,000	69¾
Det City Gas 5s	2,000	101⅝
Det Edis col tr 5s	1,000	104¼
Det U Ry con 4½s	5,000	83
Dist Sec Corp 5s	2,000	77
	28,000	77⅛
	9,000	77
Dul & Ir R 1st 5s	1,000	102½
Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s	1,000	101¼
East Tenn, Va & Ga con 5s	2,000	105⅝
Erie 1st con 7s	7,000	110
1st con 4s	2,000	85½
1st gen 4s	3,000	74⅝
Penn col tr 4s	1,000	89
cv 4s, Ser A	10,000	71¼
Ser B	8,000	77
	4,000	77⅛
temp conv 4s, Ser D	19,000	86¾
Gt Falls P s f 5s	6,000	100½
Gt North ref 4¼s	1,000	99⅝
	4,000	99¼
Hock Val 1st 4½s	1,000	94½
H & Tex C 1st 5s	2,000	106½
Hudson Co Gas 5s	2,000	103
Hud & Man 1st & ref 5s, Ser A	1,000	72¼
	2,000	72⅜
adj inc 5s	10,000	29½
Ill Cent ref 4s	5,000	89¼
	6,000	89½
C, St L & N O jt 5s, Ser A	12,000	101½
Illinois Steel 4½s	15,000	91
	2,000s30f	90⅞
Indiana Steel 5s	2,000	102⅞
Inter-Met 4½s	16,000	73½
Int Rap Tr 1st & ref 5s	2,000	98½
	3,000	98⅝
	9,000	98⅜
	6,000	98⅝
Int Mer Marine col tr 4½s, ctfs of deposit	25,000	102⅜
	5,000	102½
	20,000	102¾
	10,000	102½
	15,000	102⅝
	65,000	102¾
	40,000	102⅞
Inter Paper 6s	10,000	102
Iowa Cent ref 4s	3,000	55½
K C, F S & M 6s	2,000	110½
Kan City Sou 5s	2,000	92
Kan City & P 4s	1,000	69
Kan City Ter 4s	10,000	88½
Keo & D M 1st 5s	1,000	60
Kings Co E L & P pur mon 6s	1,000	117¾
Lack Steel 5s, '23	1,000	99⅝
	4,000	99⅝
	1,000	99½
1950	1,000	92¾
Laclede Gas Lt of St L 1st 5s	1,000	101⅝
L S & M S 4s, 1928	2,000	95½
	1,000	95¾
	3,000	95½
1931	7,000	94⅞
L E & W 1st 5s	2,000	98½
	5,000	98½
	2,000	98½
Leh Val Coal 5s	2,000	104⅝
Liggett & M 5s	5,000s5f	102½
Long I gen 4s	1,000	88
con 5s	1,000	105⅝
ref 4s	3,000	89¼
Lorillard Co 5s	2,000	100⅞
Louis & Nash col tr 5s	5,000	105¼
unified 4s	1,000	94½
	2,000	94¾
Atl, K & C 4s	5,000	86¼
	1,000	87¼
So Mon jt 4s	1,000	77½
Met T & T 5s	1,000	101⅛
Minn & St Louis 1st & ref 4s	8,000	59
M, St P & S S M 1st con 4s	6,000	92½
	25,000	92⅜
	1,000	92⅞
	5,000	92¾
M, K & E 1st 5s	8,000	81½
	3,000	81
M, K & T 1st 4s	21,000	75
	1,000	75½
ext 5s	2,000	45½
Mo P 1st con 6s	2,000	101½
5s, 1920, Col Tr ctfs, stamped	2,000	87½
4s, Tr Co ctfs	1,000	46½
conv 5s	3,000	47½
Mob & O gen 4s	2,000	76¾
Mon Power 5s, Series A	500	97½
	2,000	97⅝
	18,000	97⅝
N, C & St L 1st con 5s	1,000	106⅜
	1,000 c	107
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s	6,000	103½
N Y Cent deb 6s	2,000	113¼
	1,000	113⅝
	3,000	113⅜
	1,000	113⅞
gen 3½s	16,000	82¾
deb 4s, 1934	1,000	91¾
ref & imp 4½s, Series A	2,000	94⅛
	8,000	94
L S col 3½s	6,000	75⅝
N Y, Lack & W 1st 6s	2,000	108⅛
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s	4,000	112½
N Y Rys ref 4s	4,000	78¼
adj 5s	3,000s30f	57⅝
	1,000	57⅞
N Y, Susq & W gen 5s	6,000	77
N Y Tel 4½s	14,000	98¾
	24,000	98¼
N Y, W & B 4½s	4,000	75⅜
Nor & W con 4s	6,000	93⅜
	10,000	93¼
	1,000	93½
10-20 conv 4s	2,000	129
conv 4½s	5,000	129
Nor Pacific 4s	25,000	92⅜
Nor Pacific 3s	3,000	66¼
	1,000	66⅛
Ontario Power Co 1st s f 5s	1,000	92½
Ore Short Line gtd ref 4s	1,000s30f	92¼
	1,000	92¼
Pac Coast 1st 5s	2,000	96⅞
	3,000	97
	5,000	99¼
	1,000	100
Pac of M 1st 4s	1,000	90⅝
Pac T & T 5s	10,000	101
Penn 4s, 1948	1,000	99⅛
	3,000	99⅜
gtd 4½s	8,000	101½
	1,000	101⅝
Penn RR con 4½s	25,000	105¼
	1,000	105¼
gen 4½s, temp ctfs	10,000	102
	20,000	101⅞
	4,000	101¾
Penn Co gtd gold 4s	1,000	95
Peo G & C of Chi ref 5s	1,000	100½
P & L E 2d 5s	1,000	104
Pitts C C & S L gtd 4½s ser A	1,000	102⅝
Pub Serv Corp sink'g fund 5s	4,000	92¼
River & G 4s	1,000	69¾
Reading gen 4s	5,000	95⅛
	3,000	95
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940	3,000	98⅛
	1,000	98⅜
	3,000	98⅛
St L Ir Mt & So gen 5s	4,000	102
St L Rocky Mt & Pac 5s	2,000	86¾
	7,000	87
St L & S Fr R R gen 5s Tr Co Ctfs	46,000	67
	58,000	66½
stamped	33,000	64
	20,000	63¾
	24,000	63½
	10,000	64
	15,000	63⅝
St L & S Fr R R ref 4s	20,000	80
cfs of deposit stamped	1,000	74½
	20,000	74
	15,000	73½
St L & San Fr prior lien 4s ser A when issued	17,000	74⅛
	28,000	70⅛
	50,000	70
	24,000	70¼
	25,000	70
adjustment 6s when issued	4,000	82⅜
	8,000	81⅞
	5,000	81¼
	1,000 sld	81½
	5,000	81⅝
	11,000	81
	18,000	81⅛
	5,000	80½
Income 6s when issued	45,000	46⅛
	10,000	46
	24,000	46½
St L Southwn 1st 4s	1,000	77¾
St L Southwn con 4s	10,000	64
San An & A P 4s	1,000	67⅛
	10,000	67
	40,000	67⅛
Seaboard Air L adj 5s	5,000	67⅜
	9,000	67⅝
	8,000	67¾
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s	8,000	100¼
	5,000	100⅛
	5,000	100⅜
So Pac col 4s	2,000	86
So Pac conv 4s	96,000	88
	4,000	88⅛
	32,000	88
	27,000	88⅛
So Pac conv 5s	6,000	104⅜
	500	104¼
	2,000	104½
	50,000	104⅜
	3,000	104½
	2,000	104⅜
	8,000	104½
	7,000	104⅝
	41,000	104½
So Pac 1st ref 4s	1,000	90⅜
	15,000	90¼
	10,000	90⅜
Southwn Ry 1st 5s	1,000	101½
	19,000	101⅜
	2,000	101¼
Southern Ry gen 4s	3,000	71½
	9,000	71⅜
St L div 4s	3,000	82
Stand Gas & E conv 6s	29,000	100½
Tenn Con cv 6s sub rects full paid	1,000	112⅜
	1,000	111½
Term Asn of St L ref 4s	6,000	85
	2,000	86
Tex Co conv 6s	1,000	105
Third Av ref 4s	1,000	81
Third Av adj 5s	500	78¾
	5,000	79¼
Union B & P 5s	5,000	82¼
Un Pac 1st 4s	6,000	97
Union Pacific 1st & ref 4s	7,000	90
registered	10,000	89
Un N J R & C 4s	1,000	100
Un Railroads of San Fr 4s	5,000	36⅛
U S Rubber 6s	2,000	102⅞
U S Sm Ref & M conv 6% Notes	2,000	111
U S Steel Corp sinking fund 5s	20,000	105
	14,000	105⅛
	17,000	105¼
	4,000	105⅛
registered	1,000	104¾
Va-Car Chem 5s	3,000	98½
Va-Car Chem conv deb 6s	1,000	101¼
Va Ry 1st 5s	2,000	97⅝
	5,000	97⅞
Wabash 2d 5s	3,000	98¾
Wab P Ter 1st 4s	1,000	3¼
Wab P Ter 1st 4s Cent trust ctfs full paid	2,000	33
	3,000	33¼
Western Md 4s	10,000	72½
	5,000	72⅞
Wn N Y & P 1st 5s	2,000	104⅜
W U 1st col tr 5s	1,000	101⅝
	2,000	101½
West Shore 4s	10,000	92
registered	25,000	87⅞
Westingh El & M 5% notes	5,000	101
Wheeling & L E 1st con 4s	1,000	71
Wis Cen gen 4s	4,000	86

DURANT SUCCEEDS NASH.

Head of Chevrolet Co. Elected President of General Motors.

Directors of the General Motors Company, meeting at the Guaranty Trust Company yesterday, accepted the resignation from the Presidency of Charles W. Nash. W. C. Durant, President of the Chevrolet Motor Company, who was deposed from the management of General Motors in 1910 when the company's affairs were administered under the direction of a committee of bankers, was elected President. Mr. Nash will remain on the Board of Directors.

At the same time announcement was made of the resignation from the board of Albert Strauss of J. & W. Seligman & Co. W. C. Leland, Vice President and General Manager of the Cadillac Motor Company, was elected to the board to succeed him.

Up to the end of May the General Motors Company had produced 105,268 cars and 5,000 trucks. For the twelve months ending with July it is expected that the total will be brought up to 125,000 cars. Between 12,000 and 13,000 cars are now being delivered each month.

Henry B. Joy, President of the Packard Motor Car Company, has relinquished that position to become Chairman of the board. His successor as President is Alvin Macaulay, Vice President and General Manager.

Venner Appeals in Steel Suit.

TRENTON, N. J., June 1.—An appeal to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals has been taken from the decision of Federal Judge Rellstab, dismissing a temporary restraint in the proposed sale of the Pennsylvania Steel Company of New Jersey to the Bethlehem Steel Company for $31,000,000. Clarence H. Venner of New York, a holder of common stock of the Pennsylvania Steel Company, applied to Judge Rellstab for an order to review his decision by appeal.

CHINA TO GET LOAN SOON.

American International Corporation Will Advance $5,000,000.

Charles A. Stone, President of the American International Corporation, said yesterday that he expected the proposed loan of $5,000,000 to the Chinese Government to become a fact after the arrangement of the large number of preliminaries which stand in the way of dealings between a private corporation and a foreign Government. Only $3,000,000 of the loan will be advanced this year.

The Chinese have been seekers for money in this country for some time. They obtained an advance of $1,000,000 recently from Lee, Higginson & Co., but a larger loan, said to be for $20,000,000, which was suggested at the same time, has not been concluded. The advance to be made by the American International Corporation is for construction work upon the Grand Canal. The corporation will supervise the expenditure of the money through its own engineers, and will supply machinery.

Edwin T. Gregory, representative of the American International Corporation in Peking, has arrived in New York with the terms of the proposed contract. Willard D. Straight, former United States Consul at Mukden, recently returned from London and will be in charge of the Chinese project.

Offers $4,000,000 Ontario Bonds.

The National City Bank has purchased from the Province of Ontario an issue of $4,000,000 of 5 per cent. bonds, which will be offered today for public subscription. The bonds run for ten years, and the proceds will be used chiefly to take up an issue of $3,000,000 of short term bonds which mature at an early date.

Lake Erie & Western Railroad
(N. Y. Central System)

First Mtge. Gold 5% Bonds,
Due Jan. 1, 1937

Secured by first mortgage on 710 miles of road at the low rate of $10,000 per mile.

Price to yield over 5%

Send for our special offering L. E. W.

A. B. Leach & Co.
Investment Securities
62 Cedar Street, New York.
Chicago Philadelphia Buffalo
Boston Baltimore London

Some Data Regarding Convertible Bonds

of six of our leading railroads will be sent to those interested in this type of security. This data should prove instructive and valuable for investors.

Ask for our special circular No. 34.

Hemphill, White & Chamberlain
Members New York Stock Exchange
37 Wall Street, New York
Telephone Hanover 1536

Of Interest to Local Investors.

The annual tax on personal property in Greater New York for the past five years has averaged $18.56 per $1000. For 1916 it was $20.40 per $1000 in New York County to $21.30 per $1000 in Richmond County.

There are many well secured bonds which may be made permanently exempt from this tax by a payment of only $5.00 per $1000.

Our new pamphlet comprising a list of bonds which may be exempted from the present Secured Debt Tax Law will be mailed on request.

Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Equitable Building, New York

June Bond List

Upon request a copy will be mailed.

Included in our offerings are high grade New York State municipal issues.

Particular attention given to inquiries from trustees of estates, guardians and others interested in the investment of trust funds.

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
115 Broadway, New York City.

Established 1865

Hambleton & Co.

Investment Bonds

10 So. Calvert St. 43 Exchange Pl.
Baltimore New York

Interesting Bonds

There are some bonds which will interest you even if you have not invested before or have invested only in stocks.

Our Investment Department has just issued a special circular outlining some particular opportunities in the field of $1,000 listed bonds.

Send for Circular M-15

John Muir & Co.
SPECIALISTS IN
Odd Lots

Members New York Stock Exchange
MAIN OFFICE, 61 BROADWAY, N. Y.
42d St. & Broadway. 125th St. & Lenox Av.
59th St. & Mad. Av. 26 Court St., B'klyn.
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Series No. 2

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CITY BANK TO OPEN 3 FOREIGN BRANCHES

Extensions Will Be at Valparaiso, Chile; Bahia, Brazil, and Milan, Italy.

BUSINESS HERE UNCHANGED

Statement Says Merchants Are Trying to Discount Readjustments Which Will Follow Peace.

In addition to the new branch which the National City Bank is to open at Genoa, branches are to be established soon at Valparaiso, Chile, Bahia, Brazil and Milan, Italy. Another foreign branch was opened last month at Santiago, Cuba. Accompanying this announcement in the June letter of the National City Bank is the statement that business men are still backward in realizing the possibilities in South American trade.

"Trade between the United States and South America is now showing a good degree of expansion, notwithstanding the many difficulties which attend upon efforts over sea at this time," says the statement. "Shipping charges are high and vessel room is hard to get for bulky freight like lumber and coal, the sale of which might be largely increased.

"The revival of trade in the United States has been so rapid and general since last Fall that American manufacturers have been kept busy by old customers and had little inducement to look abroad for new ones. They are not indifferent to the possibilities of the South American market, and not a few of them are deliberately making sacrifices to maintain and enlarge their acquaintance there, confident that in the long run it will pay. Business conditions all over South America are gradually improving."

Business conditions in the United States are found little changed, with merchants wisely trying to discount the readjustments which will have to be made on the conclusion of peace. On this point the bank says:

"It is evident that the whole country is doing business with a full appreciation of the fact that conditions are extraordinary and subject to change, and yet with a large degree of confidence in the future. There has been overbuying prompted by rising prices and fear of inability to get goods later, and this in some degree explains the unprecedented demand. Some of these purchases have come back upon the market, and more may do so as the time to take deliveries approaches, but the consumption of all staple articles of comfort is on a scale never equaled before. In lines in which production is being increased to take the place of foreign supplies prices are tending downward, and in some lines in which high prices have ruled upon the public market regular customers are being served at but little above normal figures.

"There is general recognition of the probability that a readjustment of prices will have to be made at a lower level after the war is over, and nobody intends to enter that period with heavy stocks if he can help it. If stocks are moderate it is believed that the readjustment will not be hard to make, for nobody expects prices to fall below the pre-war level, or even quite to it. The stocks of staple goods are low all over the world, and there can be no long-sustained cessation of buying. In this country it is evident that a large amount of construction work is being delayed by the high prices. The railways are still spending as little as possible, for either equipment or development, owing to the scarcity of labor and high price of steel, but they are assured of good earnings for a considerable period, and must eventually disburse large sums to make good the wear and tear of this heavy traffic and to enlarge their facilities to meet the growing requirements.

"The reduction of bank reserve in New York, which has been going on steadily since the latter part of January, has about reached the point where it must have some influence upon interest rates. Payments into the Sub-Treasury during the month of June will be unusually heavy on account of the income tax, and as most of the banks are now down close to the 18 per cent. reserve limit it may be expected that the price of money in this market will strengthen. There were pronounced symptoms of this last week.

"The interior is in a state of great financial ease, and even the interior reserve centres have been drawn upon but slightly by country banks for the Spring activities. While nobody expects anything like tight money this year, the opinion strengthens that rates will be higher.

"Greater interest is being shown in foreign securities than has been usually the case among American investors. While this is a favorable sign, and will indirectly aid the extension of American trade, it is necessary that discretion be used in purchasing only securities of sound enterprises. The foreign fields offer many opportunities for investment, which will gradually be more and more appreciated by our people, but in order that such investments do not fall into disfavor, it is necessary that purchasers exercise care to secure conservative issues. These investments on the part of Americans, together with the repurchase of securities from Europe and loans made to foreign countries, are going to materially lessen our remittances in the future for interest and dividends and will decidedly help to lower the invisible, unfavorable trade balance.

Curb Plan Objectors Meet.

Representatives of the fifty-one Stock Exchange houses which objected to the plan for reorganizing the Curb market decided at a meeting yesterday to appoint a committee to inquire into the situation. Stanley D. McGraw presided. It is expected that he will head the committee. A report will be submitted to the firms and afterward, according to present plans, conferences will be held with a committee of the Curb to draw up a program satisfactory to the Exchange and Curb members for housing the market and establishing a ticker service.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

J. P. Morgan & Co. deposited $8,880,000 in gold bars at the Assay Office yesterday, making the total receipts on the current movement from Canada $27,080,000.

Albert H. Wiggin and William B. Thompson have resigned as Directors of the Hendee Manufacturing Company, and were succeeded yesterday by H. F. Knobloch, Jr., and Samuel H. Miller.

The Stock Exchange memberships of George J. Lasin and Justus C. Detmer have been posted for transfer to Elmore C. Kerr and Frank D. Lackey, respectively. The price in each case was $65,000.

E. V. Gambier, Vice President of the Atlantic National Bank, has resigned after thirty-five years of service, desiring to devote his time to his personal affairs.

The Mississippi Valley Trust Company, acting with Remick, Hodges & Co., and other Eastern houses, has purchased $1,150,000 Kansas City, Mo., 4½ per cent. bonds, due July 1, 1935.

S. W. Straus & Co., Inc., have underwritten a first mortgage 6 per cent. serial bond issue on a new thirteen-story apartment house at Edgecombe Avenue and 155th Street.

Frank Benner, Jr., of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, has been appointed Commissioner of Deeds in this State for the territory of Hawaii.

Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co., White, Weld & Co., Montgomery, Clothier & Tyler, and Spencer Trask & Co., managers of the syndicate which purchased $15,000,000 6 per cent. bonds of the Sinclair Oil and Refining Corporation, announce that the entire issue has been sold.

The committee of Missouri, Kansas & Texas second mortgage bondholders, Edwin G. Merrill, Chairman, announces that the committee will continue to receive deposits of bonds to the close of business June 15.

Harris, Forbes & Co. have prepared a synopsis of the new Massachusetts income tax law.

BID AND ASKED.

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	99½	100
2s, c, 1930	99½	..
3s, r, 1918	101½	102
3s, c, 1918	101½	..
4s, r, 1925	110½	..
4s, c, 1925	111	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	99½	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98½	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	102	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	102	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Ad Rumely	18½	20
Do pf.	38	40
Am Ag Ch.	68	68¾
Do pf.	97¾	98¾
Am B S & Fdy	100	102
Do pf.	156	184
Am C pf.	110	111½
Am C & F pf.	116¼	117¾
Am Coal	25	..
Am G Pr.	159	160½
Am Cot O.	53	54
Am Exp.	120	127
Am Malt.	6	8
A S pf. B.	87	88
Am Snuff.	145	152
Do pf.	103½	110
Am S Ref pf. ex d.	115	118½
A T & C.	68	66
Ann Arbor	..	30
Do pf.	..	60
Assets R.	2¾	4
Atl C L.	112½	114
Bald L pf.	109½	110
Booth Fish	..	40
Do pf.	..	80
Batop M.	2	2½
Beth S pf.	135	145
B R T.	88	88¾
B Un Gas.	127	130
Brown Sh pf.	101	102¾
Bruns Ter.	7	9½
B, R & P.	91	100
Do pf.	114	115
But'k Co.	28½	30
Bush Ter.	..	114
Burns Br.	78	80
Do pf.	103	110
Can So.	58½	59¾
Cal Pet.	21½	22½
Case (J I) pf.	88	90
C R R of N J.	295	325
Chi & Alt.	9¾	10½
Do pf.	15	23
C & N W, ex div.	128	130
M & Om.	116	125
Do pf.	133	..
C, C, C & St L.	50	51
Do pf.	81	82
Cl & Pitts.	60¾	..
Do spec.	48½	..
Clu-P pf.	110	112
Col F & I pf.	..	120
Col & S 2d pf.	43	45
Com T R.	45	46
Cons G, B.	107½	115
Cont C pf.	112	114
Cont Ins.	54	60
Corn P R pf.	95	95½
Crex Carp.	45	60
C-Am Sug.	221	225
Do pf.	108	110
D & Co pf.	89½	90½
D & R G.	13½	14½
D P & L.	80	..
Det Ed.	134½	135½
Det & M.	80	..
Do pf.	90	..
Dia Match.	109	115
D, S S & A	4¾	6
Do pf.	6½	12½
Elec S B.	63¾	64½
Erie & P.	64	65
Erie 2d pf.	45½	47½
F M & S.	17½	19
Do pf.	36	39¾
Gen Ch.	320	330
Gen Mot.	475	518
Helme (G W) Co pf.	114	120
Homestake.	130	135
Inger-R	200	220
Do pf.	104	..
Interb pf.	76	76½
Int Agric.	17	18
Do pf.	50½	54
I H, N J, pf.	116¼	117¾
Int N pf.	106	110
Int Paper.	10½	11
Iowa Cent.	4	7
Do pf.	9	15
J Tea pf.	107	110
Kayser (J) & Co.	80	86
Do 1st pf.	112	115
K & D M.	4	8
Do pf.	..	50
K'gs Co El L & P.	126	127
K S T pf.	95¾	98½
Lacl G, ex div	105½	106½
L E & W.	14	14½
Do pf.	34	39
Ligg & M.	245	250
Do pf.	119½	121
L-W Bis.	19	20½
Do 1st pf	83	84
Do 2d pf.	58	60

	Bid.	Asked.
Lorill'd Co.	211	225
Do pf.	117½	121
M'kay Cos.	84	84¼
Man B'ch.	1½	3½
Man Shirt.	65	67
Do pf.	..	113
M Dep Sts pf.	107	108
Mich Cent.	110	135
M & St L pf.	16	18
M, St P & S S M pf.	130	137
Do l l.	74	80
M, K & T.	4¼	4½
Do pf.	10¾	12
M P 1st pf.	90½	97½
Mon P pf.	115	..
Mor & Es.	82	89
N C & St L	130	140
Nat Bis.	120½	121½
N O & S pf.	109	112
Nat En pf.	94	97
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	..	23
Do 2d pf.	7	7¾
N Y C & St L.	36	41
Do 1st pf	80	84
Do 2d pf.	60	63
N Y Dock.	9½	13½
Do pf.	21	35
N Y, L & West	114½	122
Norf So.	20½	22¾
N & W pf.	66	68
N W Tel.	53	..
Pabst B pf	80½	90
Pac Coast.	57	70
Do 1st pf	70	100
Do 2d pf.	68	80
Pac Mail.	22½	23
P T & T.	33	84
Do pf.	95	98
Peo & E.	10½	12
Pett-Mull.	..	55
Do 1st pf	..	95
P, C, C & St L.	82½	84
Pitts Coal.	27	28½
Do pf.	100	102½
P, Ft W & C	155	..
Pitts S pf.	98	98¾
Pr Stl C.	45¾	46½
Do pf.	99¾	100½
Quicksilver	2¾	3
Do pf.	3¼	3¾
Ry Stl Spr pf.	97	98½
Rdg 1st pf.	42½	43½
Rens & S.	170½	..
Rep I & S pf.	111½	111¾
St L & S Fran	5	[illegible]
Do 1st pf	7¾	[illegible]
Do 2d pf.	5	[illegible]
S-S S & I	58	64
Do pf.	94	98
So P R S.	205	215
Do pf.	118	120
Studeb Co pf.	107½	111½
Texas Co.	192	194
T P L Tr.	115	125
Tob Pr pf.	102	104
T, St L & West	4	6
Do ctfs.	2	8
T, St L & W pf.	9	12
Do pf c.	9	13
T O R T pf.	125	..
Und Type.	102½	104
Do pf.	112½	..
U C S pf.	116	119
Un Cig M pf.	108	110
U S C I P pf.	48½	50
U S Exp.	31	32½
U S Ind A pf.	104	107
U S R & Imp	35	40
U S R 1st pf.	109¾	109⅞
U S S pf.	51¼	51½
Va-Car Ch pf.	108	109
Va I, C & Coke	51	55
W Md pf.	43	47
W E & M 1st pf.	72	78½
Weym-Bru.	202	225
Do pf.	112	117
W & L E 1st pf.	13¾	14½
Do 2d pf.	5¾	6
Wis Cent.	38	39½
W'w'th (F W)	135	137
Do pf.	124½	125½

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec. 15,'16	100½	101¼	4.10
Argen. Govt. Disc.		Feb. 21,'17	95¾	96¼	5.20
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec. 15,'17	100⅞	101½	5.00
Argen. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	100⅞	101½	5.60
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	100	100¾	4.65
City of Q'b'c.	5	Apr., 1920	99½	100¼	4.90
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1916	100⅛	100¼	2.00
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1917	101⅛	101⅝	3.78
Dom. of Can.	5	Apr., 1921	100	100¼	4.95
Dom. of Can.	5	Apr., 1926	100⅜	100⅝	4.90
Dom. of Can.	5	Apr., 1931	101⅜	102	4.83
Italian Govt.	6	Oct. 15,'16	100	100¼	5.35
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	105	107	4.80
Norweg. Gov.	6	Oct. 15,'16	100¼	101½	4.00
Norweg. Gov.	6	Oct., 1917	100¾	102	4.65
Swedish Gov.	6	Dec., 1916	100⅞	101⅜	3.25
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1918	100	100¼	4.80
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	99¾	100¼	4.95

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Nov., 1917	101⅛	101⅝	4.08
Am. Loco.	5	July, 1916	100⅛	100¼	3.85
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	99¼	100	6.00
Am. S. T. Co.	5	Jan. 15,'19	96½	98½	5.95
Am. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	100¼	100¾	4.12
Am. Thread.	4	Jan., 1919	98¾	98⅞	4.55
Anacon. Cop.	5	Mar., 1917	101⅛	101⅜	3.20
A., T. & S. F.	5	June, 1917	101⅛	101⅜	3.50
A.V.R.L. & P.	6	July 1,'19	98	99½	6.35
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	100⅞	101⅛	4.45
Can. North.	5	Sep., 1917	99½	100	5.00
Can. Pacific.	6	Mar. 2,'24	102½	102¾	5.62
C. P. R. & L.	6	May, 1918	102½	103½	3.50
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1917	100	100¾	4.90
C., B. & Q.	4	July, 1921	98¼	98¾	4.25
Chi. Elev.	5	July, 1916	94	97	..
Cities Serv.	7	May, 1918	102	103	..
Den. G. & E.	6	Apr., 1917	102	103	..
East. P. & L.	5	Mar. 1,'18	97	98	6.00
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	101¼	101⅝	3.60
Gen. Rubber.	5	Dec., 1918	100¾	100⅞	4.65
Great W. P.	6	Nov., 1925	98	99½	6.12
Gr. T. of Can.	5	Nov., 1917	99¾	100¼	4.90
Hocking Val.	5	Nov., 1917	101¼	101½	4.00
Inter. Harv.	5	Feb. 15,'18	101⅞	102⅛	3.75
L. Gas & El.	6	Apr., 1918	100½	101	5.45
Mid. W. Util.	6	Jan., 1925	97	99	6.12
Mich. Ry.	6	June, 1919	101	101¾	5.40
*Min. Gen. E.	6	June, 1917	101	..	8.00
Mo. Pacific.	6	June, 1916	97¼	98½	..
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	98	99	7.20
Morgan & W.	5	Dec., 1918	100	100¼	4.87
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	4½	May, 1917	100⅛	100¼	4.30
N. Eng. Nav.	6	May, 1917	100	100¼	5.65
North. S. P.	5	Apr. 1,'41	96	96½	..
Nor. S. Pow.	5	Apr. 1,'26	98¾	99¼	6.10
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15,'21	101⅛	101⅜	4.16
P. S. C. N. J.	5	Mar., 1919	100¼	100¾	4.75
Rem. A. Un. Met. C. Co.	5	Feb. 19,'19	98¼	98¾	5.40
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	100¼	100⅞	3.85
U.Ry.,G.& E.	5	Apr., 1919	98½	99¼	5.30
U.S.S.R. & M.	6	Feb., 1926	110½	112	4.50
U.S. P. S. Co.	6	Apr., 1918	98¾	100¼	5.75
United Fruit.	5	May, 1918	101⅝	101¾	4.10
W'house El. & Mfg. Co.	5	Oct., 1917	101	101½	3.85
W. P. Trac.	6	Mar., 1917	100	100¾	4.95
Win.R.Arms.	5	Mar., 1918	99¾	100¼	5.10
W.V.T. & E.	6	June, 1917	97	99	7.00
W.S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	100	101	5.30
Winn. E. Ry.	6	Jan. 15,'18	100¼	101	5.45
W. West. Ut.	6	Jan. 1,'25	96	98	6.25

*Called for redemption June 1, at 101.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.06	Jacket Con.	.08
Con.	.01	Kentucky Con.	.01
Andes	.18	Mexican	.29
Best & Belcher	.03	Occidental Con.	.70
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.31
Caledonia	.48	Overman	.07
Chollar	.05	Potosi	.03
Con. Cal. & Va.	.23	Savage	.04
Con. Imperial	.01	Seg. Belcher	.02
Gould & Curry	.02	Sierra Nevada	.40
Hale & Norcross	.05	Union Con.	1.17½
Julia	.02	Utah Con.	.03
Justice	.04		

TONOPAH.		D'field Daisy	.03
Jim Butler	.90	Florence	.45
McNamara	.08	G'field Con. M.	.94
Midway	.23	G'field Merger	.09
Mizpah Exten.	.24	Jumbo Exten.	.91
Montana	.26	Kewanas	.11
North Star	.20	Lone Star	.06
Rescue	.46	Silver Pick	.09
Tonopah Exten.	6.30	Spearhead	.06
Tonopah Nevada	6.00	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West End	1.17½	Big Jim	1.22½
GOLDFIELD.		Man. Big Four	.12
Atlanta	.11	Nevada Hills	.22
Booth	.15	Nevada Packard	.40
C. O. D.	.03	Rochester Mines	.68
Comb. Fraction	.08	Round Mountain	.73
D'field B. B.	.06	White Caps	.25

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	10½	10¾	Isabella	17¼	18
Elkton	19	21	Jackpot	6	8
El Paso	77	85	Granite	67½	68½
Findlay	4	4¾	McKinney	42	43
Golden C.	208	209	Portland	175	177
Gold Sov.	..	4	Vindicator	245	250

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
American Can	125	130	125	130
American Cigar pf.	99¼	100¼	99¼	100¼
Conley Foil	325	350	325	350
J. S. Young	150	160	150	160
Johnson Tin F. & M.	130	145	130	145
MacAndrews & F.	169	173	169	173
MacAndrews & F. pf.	100	101	100	101
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	220	228	220	228
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	460	470	460	470

REPORT PROSPERITY AT CREST OF WAVE

Federal Reserve Authorities See Some Signs of a Slackening of Activity.

PEACE TALK IS ONE CAUSE

Cessation of Munition Orders Anticipated—General Unrest of Labor—New York Conditions in Detail.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The review of general business conditions in the monthly bulletin of the Federal Reserve Board issued today indicates that the prosperity that has followed the production of war supplies is at the crest of the wave. Orders covering factory output to the end of the year at maximum capacity and general unrest as to labor mark all reports. In some regions lighter crops than usual are predicted.

Boston reports that rumors of an early peace and possible foreign complications have been factors in retarding a general advance in business activities. Cleveland says the biggest feature of business in the fourth reserve district is the unsatisfied demand for the output of rubber factories. Rising prices and brisk trade are the two main points in the Philadelphia report. The South generally reports a steady and quiet run of business.

Chicago banks are finding it necessary to put commercial paper at low rates in order to keep their funds at work. High ocean freights are hindering Chicago manufactures for South American ports. St. Louis finds business slowing down, and a general readjustment in expectation of a cessation of munition orders is expected. Minneapolis and Kansas City give a good account of crop prospects and consequent active trade.

The New York business report follows:

"A continuance of good and very active business is reported by correspondents in all sections of the Federal Reserve District of New York. Nearly every report refers to the backwardness of the season, the scarcity of materials and labor, difficulties of transportation, increasing payrolls, and advancing prices. Collections are said to be unusually good, except in country places where impassable roads have caused slow payments. Several savings banks in this district have reported larger net deposits and a better ratio of increase than in the corresponding period of last year. One large institution attributes the increase to high wages. Wages in general are probably higher than ever before, yet many strikes occurred during the month over questions of wages, hours, and unions. Such acute unrest of many thousands of workers is causing much concern.

"The congestion of export freight is still serious. Railroad cars are not accumulating so rapidly as was the case a month or two ago, but embargoes remain on many lines. Shipments are facilitated when shippers furnish assurances to the railways that space on board ship has been secured and that no delay will occur in handling the goods at this port.

"Freight for local delivery has also been held up in great quantities on account of the strike of marine engineers and the shortage of lighters necessary to move it across the rivers. While the towboats were tied up, it was reported that fifty steamers were thus prevented from discharging their cargoes of import freight.

"About one-half of the world's ocean freight is carried in ordinary times by the British mercantile marine. It has recently been estimated that 57 per cent. of the British tonnage is now requisitioned or used by the Allies for purposes of the war, leaving only 43 per cent. in its former employment, consequently every shipyard in the United States is working to capacity, with an aggregate of over 1,000,000 tons on the stocks.

"For the first time since September, 1915, Bradstreet's index number at the end of April shows a halt in the advance of commodity prices.

"The New York Clearing House members on May 22, 1916, reported aggregate loans, &c., $3,380,005,000; deposits, $3,519,032,000, and excess reserves, $76,956,000. Since April 1, 1916, loans have increased $16,834,000; deposits decreased $46,925,000, and excess reserves decreased $46,867,000. Exchanges through the Clearing House during the month increased $2,810,951,582 over last year.

"Statistics of failures in this State show in April a decrease of 144 in number and $16,090,504 in liabilities, compared with a year ago.

"Exports from the port of New York in the four weeks ended April 29 were $170,826,282, an increase of $74,784,497 over April, 1915. Imports for the same period were $112,184,268, an increase of $27,174,847.

"The principal exchange rates displayed weakness last month. More firmness in money rates was apparent during April. Call loans advanced sharply about the middle of the month, when foreign relations were disturbed. The high quotation for odd lots touched 4 per cent., but the market quickly settled to a 2½ per cent. rate for renewals. Time loans on collateral advanced about ¼ per cent. in the minimum rate, the range now being 2¾ per cent. to 4 per cent., against 2½ per cent. to 4 per cent. on April 1. Quotations for bankers' acceptances were practically unchanged at 2 per cent. to 2½ per cent. Commercial paper rates remained within range of 3 per cent. to 3.102 per cent."

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
Anglo-American	15½	16	15½	16
Atlantic Refining	685	695	690	700
Borne-Scrymser	340	350	350	360
Buckeye Pipe Line	93	96	93	96
Chesbrough Mfg.	325	335	330	335
Colonial Oil	70	80	70	80
Continental Oil	320	330	320	330
Crescent Pipe Line	40	42	40	42
Cumberland Pipe L.	85	90	85	90
Eureka Pipe Line	208	212	208	212
Galena S. Oil	155	160	155	160
Galena S. Oil pf.	140	145	140	145
Illinois Pipe Line	166	169	166	169
Indiana Pipe Line	96	99	96	99
Inter. Pet. Co., Ltd.	10¾	11	10¾	11¼
Nat. Transit	16	18	16	18
N. Y. Transit	185	195	185	195
Northern Pipe Line	99	102	99	102
Ohio Oil	229	232	229	232
Penn.-Mex. Fuel	57	59	57	59
Pierce Oil	13¼	13¾	13¾	14¼
Pierce Oil cv. 6s, 1924	82	84	82	84
Prairie Oil & Gas	408	412	408	412
Prairie Pipe Line	215	218	215	218
Solar Refining	280	290	280	290
Southern Pipe Line	195	200	195	200
South Penn, Oil	362	368	362	368
So. W. Penn.	110	115	110	115
Standard Oil of Cal.	249	252	249	252
Standard Oil of Ind.	563	567	563	567
Standard Oil of Kan.	440	450	440	450
Standard Oil of Ky.	415	420	415	420
Standard Oil of Neb.	350	360	350	360
Standard Oil of N. J.	519	521	519	521
Standard Oil of N. Y.	207	209	207	209
Standard Oil of Ohio	615	625	615	625
Swan & Finch	100	110	100	110
Union Tank	82	84	82	84
Vacuum Oil	249	251	249	252
Washington Oil	30	40	30	40

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

The general market on the Consolidat Exchange held well, as a rule. The latest demand of Carranza for the withdrawal of the United States troops from Mexico appeared to have aroused but little nervousness, the selling based upon this development being extremely limited in volume. Mexican Petroleum was one of the stocks most affected by the latest Mexican friction. International Mercantile Marine preferred was again prominent in the dealings.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
60	Allis-Chalm.	28	28	27½	27½
1,880	Am. Beet Sug.	76½	78¾	76½	77¾
70	Am. Can.	56½	56¾	56	56½
20	Am. Car & F.	59½	59½	59½	59½
50	Am. Ice Sec.	29½	29½	29½	29½
80	Am. Loco.	72½	72¾	72½	72½
610	Am. Smelt.	97¼	97¼	96¾	96¾
50	Am. Sugar	111½	111½	111½	111½
40	Am. Zinc.	84	84	83½	83½
420	Anaconda	84¾	84¾	83¾	84¼
50	At. T. & S. F.	105½	105½	105½	105½
170	Bald. Loco.	88¾	89½	88½	89½
80	B. & O.	91¼	92¼	91¼	92
690	Butte & Sup.	90¾	90¾	88¾	88¾
30	Can. Pacific	175¾	175¾	175¾	175¾
70	Central Lea.	54¼	54¾	54¼	54¼
110	Ches. & Ohio.	62½	63¼	62½	63¼
140	C., M. & S. P.	97¾	99	97¾	99
50	C., R. I. & P.	21	21	20⅞	20⅞
60	Col. F. & I.	43½	44	43½	43½
10	Corn Prod.	19½	19½	19½	19½
1,710	Crucible Steel.	83¾	84	82¾	83¾
70	Dist. Sec.	51½	51¾	51½	51½
620	Erie	38½	39¼	38½	39¼
20	Erie 1st pf.	54	54¼	54	54¼
70	Goodrich Co.	76½	76½	76½	76½
40	Gt. Nor. Pr.	89½	89½	89½	89½
4,870	Int. M. M. pf.	93½	95¼	93	94¾
270	Kennecott Cop.	54¾	54⅞	54½	54¾
1,120	Lehigh Valley.	83¾	84¼	82¾	83¾
30	Lee Rubber	52½	52½	52½	52½
80	Louis. & Nash.	129½	129½	129½	129½
60	Maxwell Mot.	85	85¼	85	85¼
10	Maxwell 2d pf.	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞
2,010	Mexican Pet.	108	108⅝	106¾	107¼
20	Miami Cop.	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼
10	Nat. En. & S.	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾
20	Nevada Cons.	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
120	N. Y. Central	106	106⅜	106	106⅜
270	N.Y., N.H.&H.	60½	60⅞	60	60⅞
10	N. Y., O. & W.	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜
170	Norf. & West.	129	130	128	128⅝
80	Northern Pac.	114¾	115	114¾	115
100	Pacific Mail	23	23	23	23
120	Pac. Mail rts.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
630	Pennsylvania	58⅛	58⅛	58	58
170	Ry. Steel Spgs.	43½	44¼	43½	43⅝
10	Ray Copper	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾
2,950	Reading	101⅝	102⅜	100⅞	101⅜
20	Southern Pac.	98⅞	99½	98⅞	99½
110	Southern Ry.	22¾	23¼	22¾	23¼
60	Studebaker	137⅝	138	137½	137⅝
170	Tenn. Copper	42½	43½	42½	43½
1,510	Union Pac.	137⅝	138⅜	137¼	138⅛
120	United Fruit	158⅞	161⅛	158⅞	160⅞
70	U.S. Ind. Alco.	157⅝	160	157⅝	159⅝
270	U.S. Rubber	56⅝	56¾	56⅝	56¾
10	U.S.Sm., R.&M.	72	72	72	72
1,610	U.S. Steel	84¼	84⅝	84	84¼
370	Wabash pf. B.	26¾	28¼	28	28¼
370	Westhse. E.&M.	61⅞	62⅝	61⅝	62⅛

Total sales, 24,990.

BONDS.

$2,000	Inter.Met.4½s.	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾

MINING STOCKS.

300	Elkton	.32	.32	.32	.32
100	Goldf. Cons.	.94	.94	.94	.94
1,600	Grandma	.04	.04	.04	.04
500	Isabella	.17	.17	.17	.17
400	Jumbo Ext.	.87	.88	.87	.88
2,000	Lone Star	.08	.08	.08	.08
500	Montana	.31	.31	.31	.31
200	Mexican	.33	.33	.33	.33
400	Rescue Eula.	.48	.48	.48	.48
500	Silver Pick.	.11	.11	.11	.11
300	Tonopah Ext.	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25
400	Nina Cons.	1.00	1.17½	1.00	1.17½

Total sales, 6,600.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	Days. 10 or Less.	Over 10 up to 30.	Over 30 up to 60.	Over 60 up to 90.
Boston	3	3½	4	4
New York	3	4	4	4
Philadelphia	3	4	4	4
Cleveland	3½	4	4	4½
Richmond	..	4	4	4
Atlanta	..	4	4	4
Chicago	3½	4	4	4½
St. Louis	3	4	4	4
Minneapolis	..	4	4	4½
Kansas City	4	4½	4½	4½
Dallas	..	4	4	4
San Francisco	3	3½	4	4½

	Agricul. Over 90.	Trade Acceptances. Up to 60.	60 to 90.	Commodity.
Boston	5	3	3	3½
New York	5	3½	3½	..
Philadelphia	4½	3	3	3
Cleveland	5	3	3½	..
Richmond	5	3½	3½	3½
Atlanta	5	3½	3½	3½
Chicago	5	..	..	..
St. Louis	5	3	3½	3
Minneapolis	5	3½	3½	3
Kansas City	5	3½	3½	3
Dallas	4½	3½	3½	3
San Francisco	5½	3	3½	*3½

*Up to 30 days; over 30 to 60, 4 per cent.; over 60 to 90, 4½ per cent., and over 90, 5 per cent.

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days ....2@2¾
Ninety days ....2@2¾

COLLATERAL LOANS.

Call.

High.	Low.	Last.	Renewal Rate.
3¼	2½	3	2½

Time.

60 days	2½@2¾	6 months	3¼@3½
90 days	3	8 months	3½@3¾
4 months	3¼@3½	10 months	3½@3¾
5 months	3¼@3½		

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.

30 to 90 days ....2¼@3
4 to 6 months ....3@3¼

Other Names.

4 to 6 months ....3¼@3½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change
Sterling—				
Demand	$4.75¾	$4.75¾	$4.75¾	+.00 1/16
Cables	4.76½	4.76½	4.76½	+.00 1/16
Paris—				
Demand	5.91¼	5.91¾	5.91¼	+.00½
Cables	5.90¾	5.91¼	5.90¾	+.00¾
Berlin—				
Demand	77.13¾	77.13¾	77.13¾	+.12½
Cables	77.25	77.25	77.25	+.12½

Closing Rates.

Following are yesterday's closing rates, compared with the normal rates of exchange based on the mint par of exchange adapted to the customary way of quoting the several exchanges. Sterling is quoted at so many dollars to the pound; German exchange so many cents to four marks, and French, Italian, and Swiss exchanges so many francs or lire to the dollar. The other exchanges in this list are quoted so many cents to the units of currency in the several countries:

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close— Demand or Check.	Cable.
4.8665	London	4.75¾	4.76½
5.1825	Paris	5.91¼	5.90¾
95.28	Berlin	77.13¾	77.25
20.20	Austria	18.25	18.30
26.70	Scandinavia	29.95	30.10
19.20	Spain	19.98	19.98
5.1826	Switzerland	5.24	5.23¼
19.225	Greece	19.38	19.38
40.19	Holland	41.43¾	41.56¼
5.1823	Italy	6.35¼	6.34¼
51.45	Russia	30.60	30.70
	China—		
....	Hongkong	51.00	51.12½
....	Shanghai	72.00	72.12½
	India—		
32.44	Bombay	33.00	....
32.44	Calcutta	33.00	....
	Japan—		
49.84	Kobe	50.37½	50.50
49.84	Yokohama	50.37½	50.50
	Philippine Islands—		
50.00	Manila	50.25	50.37½
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	42.16	42.22
32.40	Rio	24.00	24.25

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.72	$4.70	$4.71½	$4.69¾

Clearing House Statement.

Clearing House exchanges, $544,691,176; balance, $35,750,903; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $569,408.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 25c discount; St. Louis, 15@10c discount; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreal, $2.1875 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 32⅛d., unchanged; in New York, 68⅝c., unchanged; Mexican dollars, 52⅜@56⅝c.

FINANCIAL OPERATIONS OF THE CITY.

Cash Position, May 31, 1916.

CITY TREASURY.

Balance May 20			$35,035,961.56	
Receipts—				
Revenues		$30,456,832.03		
Miscellaneous		384,361.99		
Loans:				
Corp. stock notes	$1,500,000.00			
Special revenue bonds	500,000.00			
		2,000,000.00		
			32,841,194.02	
			$67,877,155.58	
Payments—				
General administration		$6,876,836.36		
Repayment of temporary loans:				
Corp. stock notes	$497,719.18			
Rev. bonds and bills	5,371,067.64			
		5,868,786.82		
Redemption of city debt		675,000.00		
Interest on city debt		32,201.39		
			13,452,824.57	
Balance May 31				$55,424,331.01

SINKING FUNDS.

Balance uninvested May 20	$16,979,027.12	
Receipts	755,539.05	
	$17,734,566.17	
Payments	2,003,664.66	
Balance uninvested May 31		15,730,901.51
Aggregate balances May 31		$71,155,232.52

$4,000,000

Province of Ontario

Dominion of Canada

5% Gold Bonds

Dated June 1, 1916 Due June 1, 1926

Interest Payable June 1 and December 1

Principal and interest payable in gold at The National City Bank of New York or at the office of the Treasurer of Ontario, Toronto, or at the Bank of Montreal, London, at the rate of $4.8665 per Pound Sterling.

Ontario contains approximately one-third of the total population of Canada, and is its wealthiest province.

Price 101¾ and Interest

Circular on Request

The National City Bank of New York

N. W. Halsey & Co. New York

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I Deal in
Government Provincial & City Bonds

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35 Wall St. Hanover 1379

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Manhattan Electric Consol. 4s, 1990

Legal for Trust Funds
Tax Exempt New York

Price at the Market to Net 4.35%.

Glidden, Lyon & Co.
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11, 13, 15, 17 and 19 BROAD ST.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE

Stocks, Bonds and Investment Securities bought and sold on commission. Also carried on conservative terms. Deposit Accounts received subject to check at sight.

Interest paid on daily balances.

Gartenlaub & Co.
High Grade Bonds
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MEGARGEL & Co.
Members { New York Stock Exchange, Boston Stock Exchange, Chicago Stock Exchange
Investment Securities
35 Pine Street,
New York
BOSTON CHICAGO

WE WILL BUY

Consolidated Trac. Co., N. J.	
United Elec. Co., N. J.,	4s
N. J. & Hud. Riv. Ry. & Fy.	4s
J. C., Hob. & Pat. St. Ry.	4s

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Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.
Phone Broad 6087. 12 Broadway, N. Y.

A. D. Converse & Co.
49 Wall Street, New York

Scioto Valley & New England 1st, 4s, 1989
So. Ry.—Memphis div. 5s, 1996
Ill. Cent.—St. Louis div. 3s, 1951
Lake Erie & West. 2nd, 5s, 1941
Buffalo Gas 1st, 5s, ctfcs.

FINCH & TARBELL
Members New York Stock Exchange.
EQUITABLE BUILDING, N. Y. 1489 Rector.

Make Early July Reservations

Owing to the demand now being experienced for first mortgage serial real estate bonds issued under the Straus Plan, we are advising our clients to make reservations for their July investments at an early date.

We are now offering an exceptionally attractive list of first mortgage serial real estate bonds, each issue directly secured by a first trust mortgage on a first class building and land. Some of these properties mortgaged to secure the bonds are located in New York City, others in Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Chicago and Newark.

Since the bonds mature serially in two to ten years, you may select the date of maturity of your investment.

The Straus Plan

Under the Straus Plan we loan our own funds on the highest grade of newly improved, income earning, well-located real estate in the larger American cities, the bonds being paid off in annual serial installments out of the earnings of the property. The bonds are in denominations of $1,000 and $500 and yield 5½% net.

The Straus Plan has been in successful operation for 34 years without the loss of a dollar of principal or interest to any investor.

We suggest that you make an immediate reservation, in order that we may furnish you just the bonds and the maturities that you most desire.

Call or write for Circular No. T-136

S. W. STRAUS & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1882 INCORPORATED
150 BROADWAY, CORNER LIBERTY
CHICAGO NEW YORK DETROIT
PHONE, CORTLAND 8064
MINNEAPOLIS

Eligible to Secure Postal Savings Deposits. Exempt from Federal Income Tax and no certificate of ownership is required.

$50,000

City of Miami, Fla.

5% Coupon Bridge Bonds

Dated Jan. 1st, 1916. Due Serially as below.

Principal and semi-annual interest (Jan. & July 1st) payable at the office of the U. S. Mortgage & Trust Co., New York City.

MATURITIES

$5,000	Jan. 1st, 1929, @	103.79	$10,000	Jan. 1st, 1932, @	104.42
5,000	" 1st, 1930, @	104.00	10,000	" 1st, 1933, @	104.61
10,000	" 1st, 1931, @	104.22	5,000	" 1st, 1934, @	104.79
$5,000	Jan. 1st, 1935, @	104.96			

Yielding 4.60%

The legality of this issue has been approved by Messrs. Caldwell & Masslich of New York City.

STACY & BRAUN
5 Nassau St., New York
Toledo Buffalo Cincinnati

To Holders of

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY COMPANY

100-Year Second Mortgage 4% Gold Bonds

DUE JUNE 1, 1990

INTEREST PAYABLE FEBRUARY AND AUGUST 1st

The interest due and payable February 1, 1916, on the above described Bonds has not been paid.

At request of the undersigned committee, formed for the protection of these bonds, the Trustee under the mortgage has intervened in the foreclosure proceeding now pending, and has filed its petition asking the Court to order payment of interest on the bonds.

It is essential that holders should immediately deposit their bonds, with all unpaid coupons attached, with the UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, DEPOSITARY. The Committee will continue to receive deposits of bonds UNTIL THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON JUNE 15, 1916 and, thereafter, only upon such conditions as the committee may determine.

The Depositary will issue certificates of deposit therefor under a Deposit Agreement dated December 23, 1915, copies of which may be obtained from the Depositary.

The Deposit Agreement provides an opportunity for any depositing bondholder to withdraw, in case any plan of reorganization formulated is not approved, on payment of a proportional share of expenditures and obligations of the Committee, which share is limited to the amount, or rate, of $10 for each $1,000 face value of bonds deposited.

Application will be promptly made for listing the Certificates of Deposit on the New York Stock Exchange.

New York, June 2, 1916.

EDWIN G. MERRILL,
Chairman,
LEWIS L. CLARKE,
P. J. GOODHART,
W. J. MATHESON,
D. E. POMEROY,
Committee.

G. K. B. WADE, Secretary,
80 Broadway, New York.
SPOONER & COTTON,
Counsel.
UNION TRUST COMPANY OF N. Y.
Depositary,
80 Broadway, New York City.

NEWPORT & CINCINNATI BRIDGE COMPANY.
General Mortgage 4½% Fifty Year Gold Bonds.

In accordance with the terms of the Sinking Fund clause of above Mortgage, notice is hereby given that sealed proposals for the sale of as many bonds as can be purchased with $18,740.00, (which amount is one per cent. of $1,874,000.00, the amount of bonds now outstanding,) will be received at the office of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, No. 71 Broadway, New York City, and opened at noon on June 30th, 1916, when the lowest offer will be accepted, provided the price does not exceed par and interest.

WILLIAM W. THOMPSON, Treasurer.
June 1st, 1916.

TO HOLDERS OF
CITIES SERVICE COMPANY
SEVEN PER CENT. FIVE YEAR CONVERTIBLE NOTES,
New York, May 5th, 1916.
DATED MAY 15, 1913:

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Company has called said notes for redemption at the price of 102% of face value plus accrued interest to date of presentation. All holders of notes are notified that said notes will be payable on or before July 12, 1916, at the office of the Company, 60 Wall Street, New York City, New York, or at the office of Messrs. Sperling & Company, Basildon House, Moorgate Street, London, England, and thereafter interest shall cease to accrue on any such notes.

CITIES SERVICE COMPANY,
HENRY L. DOHERTY, President.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

100 American Water Wks. & Elec. C.
50 Buckeye Pipe Line
25 Childs (Rest.) Com. & Pfd.
25 Coal & Iron Bank
100 Du Pont Powder Debenture
100 Eastern Steel, Com. & 1st Pfd.
25 Fidelity Phenix Insurance
50 International Salt
50 Ingersoll-Rand Com.
100 Lima Locomotive Com. & Pfd.
50 Mohawk Valley
25 National Licorice Pfd.
100 South Canon Coal
100 Southern Pipe Line

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

25 American Meter
25 Bush Terminal Pfd.
10 Chase National Bank
50 Eastern Steel 1st Pfd.
25 E. W. Bliss Com.
25 Freeport Texas Co.
25 Glens Falls Insurance
50 Hanover Insurance
50 Jas. Butler Pfd.
100 Lima Locomotive Com. & Pfd.
25 Niagara Insurance
10 National City Bank
50 Pacific Coast Com.
100 Stern Bros. Pfd.
50 Thompson Starrett Com.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4001 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

American Brass
American Chicle
American Graphophone
American Surety
Central States Electric
Cities Service
Fidelity & Casualty Co.
Freeport Sulphur
Kelly Springfield Truck
Niles-Bement-Pond
Northern States Power
Remington Typewriter

LEONARD SNIDER & CO.
RECTOR 496 62 BROADWAY

Pennsylvania Gasoline Company

We have just issued a special circular describing this Company's business and the possibilities of its shares, which are now selling at par, $1.00 per share, and which will shortly be listed for trading on the New York Curb. This circular will be mailed on request.

E. BUNGE & CO.
Investment Securities
44 Broad St., New York
Telephones Broad 6951-2-3-4-5-6.

STANDARD OIL ISSUES

WE WILL BUY	WE WILL SELL
100 Crescent P. L.	25 Chesebrough Mfg.
50 Illinois P. L.	25 Continental Oil
50 Ohio Oil	50 Galena Sig. Com.
25 South Penn. Oil	25 Pra'rie Oil & Gas
50 S. O. of Cal.	25 Solar Refining
50 S. O. of Indiana	100 Union Tank Line

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities.
Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

American Brass
American Sumatra Tob.
Du Pont Pow. Com. & Pf.
Fidelity & Casualty Ins.
Manati Sugar
Niles-Bement-Pond
Standard Screw

Gwynne Bros.
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3232 Broad

Dow Chemical Pfd.
Peerless Trk. & M. 6s

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118 B'way, N. Y. Tel. Rec. 9272.

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Equitable Building Phone 5354 Rector

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Commonw'h Power Ry. & Lt. Com. & Pfd.
Standard Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
Central States Elect. Com. & Pfd.
Western Power Pfd.
No. Idaho & Montana Power Com.

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Broad 5140. 30 Broad St., New York.
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

Cin., Ham. & Day. Ref. 4s, 1959
Leav. Term. Ry. & Bridge 5s, '23
Augusta Terminal 1st 6s, 1947
New Orleans-Gt. North. 5s, 1955

Wolff & Stanley
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Investment Securities

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Tel. John 3456 27 PINE ST., N. Y.

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N. O., T. & Mexico Income 5s
New Jersey Zinc

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OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Trading More Active, but Prices Show No Definite Trend—Bonds Lower.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 411,419 shares of stocks and $185,000 of bonds.

The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 94,581; oil, 75,783, and mining, 241,055. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,100	Acme Tea, w.i.	58¼	58¼	57	57
300	Acme Tea pf.	98	98	98	98
1,050	‡Aetna Explos.	17⅜	17½	17	17¼
700	Ajax Rub., Inc.	68½	69	68	69
500	A. G. & W. I. S. S.	42	42	41⅝	41⅝
200	Atl. G. & W. I. S. S. pf.	52½	52½	52	52
900	‡Butler Chem.	4½	4½	4	4½
500	Can. Nat. Gas	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1⅝
5,500	Ch. I. Co. of A.	7⅝	8½	7⅝	8½
5,500	Char. Iron Co. of Am. pf.	6½	6½	6¼	6½
7,000	Chev. Mot. (249-51)	252	252	246	251
2,000	Cor. of R. & H.	5¼	5⅜	5¼	5¼
2,700	‡Cuba Cane S.	55⅜	55⅝	55⅛	55½
1,500	‡Cuba C. S. pf.	95⅛	95½	94⅝	94⅝
200	‡Electric Gun.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
275	‡Ed. & Jones	*41	*41	*40¼	40¼
700	Emerson Phon.	13	13	12⅜	12⅜
600	Fisk Tire	129¼	134	129¼	134
2,000	‡Fl.-Lynn Ph.	7⅛	7⅛	6⅞	7
2,900	‡Gas. W. & W.	52⅝	52⅝	51⅝	52
850	Grant Mot. C.	11	11⅝	11	11⅝
100	H'rtman Corp.	73¼	73½	73¼	73½
400	H. & B. Car Co.	35	35½	35	35½
56	Holly Sugar	45	45	44⅝	44⅝
170	H. S. Corp. pf.	97	97	96⅝	96⅝
700	Katha. Br. pf.	21	22	20⅝	22
300	S. H. Kress	74	74	73	73
1,100	‡Lake T. Boat	8½	8½	8	8
1,100	Man. Transit.	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1¼
100	Marc. of Am.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
500	‡Maxim Muni.	8½	8⅝	8	8½
1,800	‡Mid. Steel	62½	62½	61⅝	62½
100	Pyrene Mfg.	16	16	16	16
1,000	‡Perlman Rim.	149	149½	147	147
70	‡Poole E. & M.	99	101	99	101
800	‡St. Joseph L.	16⅝	16⅝	16½	16⅝
1,700	‡Saxon M. Car	83	83	79⅞	81
210	Spring. Body	62	63½	62	63½
1,650	Sub. Boat, v. t. ctfs.	38½	39½	38	39½
500	‡Tob. Products	43½	43½	42¼	42¼
300	‡Thomas Aero. w. i.	27½	28	27½	28
500	United P. S.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
200	‡U. S. L. & H. Corp.	2⅝	2⅝	2½	2⅝
100	‡U. S. L. & H. Corp. pf.	5	5	5	5
21,000	‡Uni. M., w. i.	81	81	79	79⅝
900	‡U. S. Steam.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
24,000	White M. Co.	54½	57	54¼	56⅝
300	W. Film Corp., v. t. ctfs.	1	1	1	1
800	‡Zinc Con. Co.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
33	S. O. of N. J.	520	518	518	—2

OTHER OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
400	Am. Oil & G.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
500	‡Barn. O. & G.	3⅜	3½	3⅜	3½
3,500	†‡Cal. Oil (a prospect)	16	17	16	16½
400	†‡Cal. Oil pf. (a prospect)	77	77	77	77
3,400	‡Cosden (O. R.)	25¼	25¼	24½	24½
11,000	‡Cosd. O. & G.	10⅝	11½	10⅝	11½
2,500	‡Cos. O. & G. pf.	4⅝	5	4⅝	4⅞
400	Empire Petrol.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
2,700	‡Federal Oil	⅞	1	⅞	1
500	‡Internat. Pet.	10⅝	11	10⅝	11
5,700	†Kenova Oil (a prospect)	71	72	70	72
500	†Lincoln O., G. & Coal	38	38	36	36
1,000	Met. Petrol.	23¼	23½	22½	22½
4,000	†‡Midwest Oil	48	48	47	47
50	‡Midwest Ref.	67	67	67	67
50	Musk. O. & R.	2½	2½	2½	2½
25,000	†‡Okla. Oil	17	17	15	16
400	†‡Okla. Oil pf.	1	1	1	1
2,500	Okla. P. & R.	7¼	7¼	7	7
200	‡Pan.-Am. Pet.	48½	48⅝	48⅛	48⅛
100	‡Pirene Mfg.	16	16	16	16
100	‡Sap. O. & R.	12½	12½	12½	12½
1,300	Savoy Oil	14⅝	14⅝	14½	14½
1,600	‡Sinclair Oil	47⅝	48⅜	47⅛	48⅛
6,500	†‡U. West. Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
900	‡Victoria Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Way. O. & G.	5	5	5	5

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,600	Alaska-W.	41	45	40	45
2,200	†‡Atlanta	12½	13	12½	13
7,000	†‡Adanac Silv.	62	62	61	62
8,300	†Alas.-B. C. M.	96	97	96	97
15,000	†Am. Com.	7	7	7	7
1,000	†Bailey Cobalt	9	9	9	9
100	Bingham Min.	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
2,700	†‡Booth	16	17	16	16
28,000	Boston & Mon.	1⅜	2	1⅜	1⅞
500	Brad. M., Ltd.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Butte & N. Y.	2½	2½	2½	2½
1,400	Butte Copper & Zinc, v t ctfs	6½	6½	6½	6½
600	‡Calaveras Cop.	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
10,000	‡Cal. & Cor.	8	8	4	4
700	Canada Copper	2⅛	2⅛	2	2
4,700	Caledonia	69	73	69	71
1,700	†Cashboy	8	8	8	8
1,900	†‡Com. Tunnel	9	9	9	9
6,000	Con. Ariz. Sm'g	1½	1⅛	1½	1⅛
50	Con. Copper M.	2½	2½	2½	2½
2,000	†Dome Ext.	35	35	34	34
925	Dun.-Ariz. Cop.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞
4,300	‡Dupont Copper	2⅝	2⅝	2¼	2¼
500	‡Eagle & B. B.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,000	†Ely Witch	9	9	9	9
8,000	†‡Emma Cop.	65	67	64	67
400	First Nat. Cop.	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
3,200	‡Fortuna M. C.	1⅝	2⅛	1⅝	2⅛
2,500	‡Goldfield Con.	94	94	93	94
3,000	‡Goldfield Mer.	11	11½	11	11
500	†‡Gr. Gold M.	41	42	39	39
350	Hecla Mining	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
325	Hol. G. Mines	30	*30½	30	30
300	Howe Sound	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
2,000	†Hull Copper	30	30	30	30
100	Iron Blossom	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
10,700	Jer. V. (a pro.)	2⅛	2⅛	1⅞	1⅞
250	†‡Jim Butler	95	95	93	94
2,300	†‡Jumbo Ext.	88	90	88	88
2,300	†‡Kewanas	12	12	11½	12
1,450	†‡La Jara G.	69	70	69	70
2,025	†Louisl. Con.	17	18	17	18
200	Magma Copper	15½	15½	15½	15½
4,700	†‡Marsh M.	17	17	16	16
1,100	Mason Val.	3¼	3¼	3	3
2,100	McIntyre	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,500	†McKinley-D.	58	58	58	58
900	‡Mojave Tung.	6½	6½	6⅜	6½
3,200	Monitor Silver	2	2	1⅞	1⅞
14,000	†‡Mother Lode	30½	30½	29	30
3,000	Mur. M. (a pr.)	42	45	42	45
3,000	N. Y. & H. R. M.	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼
300	Nip. Mines Co.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛
220	Oat. Big Jim	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,500	†O. L. (a pro.)	65	65	65	65
1,800	†O. S. (a pros.)	43	43	41	42
500	Por. Crown	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,700	†‡Oro	6	6	5⅞	6
1,000	†Peter. Lake	28	29	28	28
300	‡Ray Her. M.	4	4	4	4
3,000	†‡Rex. Con. M.	22	22	20	21
1,800	‡Rilla Copper	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
1,000	†Roch. Mines	72	72	72	72
2,100	†San Tov.	16	16	15	15½
1,000	†S. G. Gold M.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,500	†‡Silver Pick.	10	10½	10	10
1,500	Stan. S'l.-L.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
400	Stewart	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
8,000	†‡Suc. Mining	77	77	75	77
2,000	Ton. Exten.	6⅝	6⅝	6¼	6¼
100	Temiskaming	68	68	68	68
500	Tri-Bullion	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
5,000	†Tuol. Cop.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
4,000	†‡U. S. C. M.	13	13	13	13
600	‡Un. V. Ext.	27½	27½	26½	27
4,100	†Un. West. (a prospect)	19	19	19	19
500	U. G. M. Co.	2½	2½	2½	2½
340	Va. Mines	7½	7½	7½	7½
2,000	West End	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	†West Dome	36	36	36	36
720	‡White O. M.	13¼	13¼	12½	13
300	‡Yusc. Con.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$15,000	C. A. S. 5s	42	43	42	42
150,000	‡C. & O. 5s	95¼	95¼	95	95
15,000	‡M. S., c. 5s	97	97	96⅝	96⅝
5,000	‡S. & S. Co. 6s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note—Saturday, May 27, 200 Cosden Oil sold at 25.

Stocks in which no transactions were shown on the Curb record were quoted:

MISCELLANEOUS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Br.-A. Tob., ord. bearer	18	18⅝	18	18⅝
Br.-Am. Tob., ord.	18⅝	19⅛	18⅝	19⅛
Edmund & Jones pf.	96½	97	96½	97
Kenefick Zinc	13½	14	13½	14
S. H. Kress pf.	103	103½	103½	104
S. S. Kresge	11	12	11	12
Lynn Phonograph	11	11½	11	12
Springfield Body pf.	107	109	107	109
United Drug 1st pf.	53½	55½	54	56
United Drug 2d pf.	93½	95½	90	98

OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Pierce Oil	13¼	13⅝	13⅝	14¼
Midwest Ref.	68	69	68	69
Mountain States Oil	81	82	81	82
Pan.-Am. Pet.	47½	48	47½	48
U. S. Cons. Oil	5½	6½	6	6½

BOND.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Pierce Oil 6s	82	84	82	84

MUNITIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Aetna Explosives pf.	75	80	75	80
American Brass	287	293	287	293
Atlas Powder	190	200	190	200
Atlas Powder pf.	99	101	99	101
Babcock & Wilcox	113	116	113	116
Bliss, (E. W.)	425	435	425	435
Bliss (E. W.) pf.	75	85	75	85
Can. Fdry. & Forg.	185	210	175	200
Canadian Explosives	300	350	300	350
Can. Explosives pf.	100	110	100	110
Colt's Arms	820	835	820	835
Du Pont Powder, new	825	835	820	830
Du Pont Powder pf.	102	105	102	105
Hercules Powder	365	375	365	375
Hercules Powder pf.	115	119	115	119
International Arms	15	16	15	16
Niles-Bement-Pond	170	176	170	176
Niles-Bement-Pd. pf.	100	105	100	105
Scovill Mfg. Co.	535	545	535	565
Winch. Rptg. Arms	1,800	1,850	1,800	1,850

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN for April—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	$476,545	$414,415	$427,681
Net aft. taxes	141,515	90,941	42,596
10 mos. gross	4,578,044	3,972,251	4,581,441
Net aft. taxes	1,320,184	755,962	901,575

BALTIMORE & OHIO for April—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	9,042,070	7,430,050	7,877,123
Net	1,913,633	2,539,668	2,346,928
10 mos. gross	91,121,549	74,876,636	83,471,368
Net	26,288,994	21,574,235	21,410,897

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC for April—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	940,963	804,342	903,124
Net aft. taxes	269,265	239,455	210,290
10 mos. gross	9,060,942	7,853,202	9,148,409
Net aft. taxes	2,471,929	1,784,700	2,402,025

COLORADO & SOUTHERN for April—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	1,148,502	1,016,888	925,842
Net aft. taxes	318,097	184,816	151,349
10 mos. gross	13,253,019	12,081,785	11,311,040
Net aft. taxes	4,299,557	3,143,536	2,439,603

HUDSON AND MANHATTAN RAILROAD COMPANY for April:

	1916.	1915.
Gross revenue	$503,689.29	$465,488.25
Oper. exp. and taxes	209,980.61	190,928.62
Net operating revenue	293,708.68	274,559.63
Res. for amortization	13,490.08	13,490.08
Gross income	280,218.60	261,069.55
Inc. deductions other than bond interest	21,062.36	20,155.80
Net income applicable to bond interest	259,156.24	240,913.66
Deduct interest on $5,000,000 N. Y. & J. 5s.	20,833.34	20,833.33
Deduct interest on first lien 5s and first mtge. 4½s	158,731.67	157,269.17
Balance of net income available for interest on adjustment income bonds	79,591.23	62,811.16

MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS for April—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	794,823	750,905	723,779
Net aft. tax.	183,407	189,349	106,495
Oth. inc. deb.	34,339	57,303	47,876
Total inc.	149,068	132,046	58,619
10 mos. gross	9,032,905	8,576,773	8,132,309
Net aft. tax.	2,736,375	2,273,012	2,006,063
Oth. inc. deb.	364,501	357,919	299,093
Total inc.	2,371,874	1,915,093	1,706,970

MOBILE & OHIO for April—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	1,062,437	914,628	1,082,179
Net aft. tax.	298,892	234,913	180,014
10 mos. gross	9,762,494	9,132,151	10,833,022
Net aft. tax.	2,298,614	2,116,992	2,079,915

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO for April—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	4,057,403	3,375,616	3,152,581
Net aft. tax.	1,122,212	848,977	343,905
10 mos. gross	39,581,715	35,905,868	36,065,135
Net aft. tax.	11,120,524	9,685,321	8,949,450

SOUTHERN RAILWAY for April—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	6,181,498	5,212,784	5,802,145
Net aft. tax.	2,038,246	1,300,143	1,196,019
10 mos. gross	58,058,277	52,539,019	59,897,758
Net aft. tax.	17,815,927	10,923,084	14,581,389

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN for April—

	1916.	1915.	Increase.
Gross	459,361	367,447	91,914
Net aft. taxes	139,478	21,385	118,093
Other inc., deb.	35,972	36,637	*665
Total income	103,506	†15,252	118,757
10 mos. gross	4,622,916	3,847,719	775,197
Net aft. taxes	1,428,610	766,822	661,787
Other inc., deb.	340,633	261,108	79,525
Total income	1,087,977	505,715	582,262

VIRGINIA & SOUTHWESTERN for April—

	1916.	1915.	Increase.
Gross	154,894	141,756	13,138
Net aft. taxes	16,392	26,796	*10,404
10 mos. gross	1,629,556	1,527,742	101,814
Net aft. taxes	410,437	324,442	85,995

*Decrease. †Deficit.

Public Utilities.

NEW YORK RAILWAYS for April—

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	$1,135,802	$1,127,388	$1,148,888
Net aft. tax.	353,154	323,288	319,598
Other inc.	46,358	46,228	31,626
Total inc.	399,513	369,516	351,224
Sur. af. ch.	110,897	83,822	72,016
Pass. car'd	22,756,746	22,555,561	
10 mos. gr.	$11,351,420	$11,176,974	$11,485,016
Net aft. tax.	3,560,444	3,130,581	3,257,097
Other inc.	469,446	422,804	321,170
Total inc.	4,029,890	3,553,384	3,578,267
Sur. af. ch.	1,170,178	694,168	778,578
Pass. car'd	227,353,388	220,808,262	226,341,746

Miscellaneous.

ST. LOUIS, ROCKY MOUNTAIN & PACIFIC for April:

	1916.	1915.	1914.
Gross	$199,281	$169,013	$201,208
Net aft. taxes	50,686	42,257	65,698
Sur. aft. chgs.	28,828	10,761	22,991

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Electric Light pf.	78	81
Adirondack Electric Power	25	27
American Gas Co.	120	122
*American Gas & Electric	147	150
*American Gas & Electric pf.	50	52
American Light & Traction	388	392
American Light & Traction pf.	110½	112½
American Power & Light	67	72
American Power & Light pf.	85	86½
American Public Utilities	45	47
American Public Utilities pf.	76	79
American Waterworks & Electric	6½	7½
Am. W. W. & E. participating pf.	13	16
American W. W. & E. 1st pf.	53	56
Atlantic P. & L. pf.	92	95
Carolina Power & Light	27	31
Carolina Power & Light pf.	95	99
Cities Service	282	284
Cities Service pf.	87	88
Colorado Power	24	26
Colorado Power pf.	98	102
Commonwealth P., R. & L.	64	66
Commonwealth P., R. & L. pf.	84	86
Consumers' Power (Me.) pf.	97	99
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s.	97	99
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	85	..
Electric Bond & Share pf.	99	102
Empire District Electric pf.	86	90
Federal Light & Traction	11	13
Federal Light & Traction pf.	45	49
Gas & Electric Securities	230	250
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	92	97
Great Lakes Power 6s, 1921-38	99	101
Great Western P. 5s, 1946	89	90
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power	16	18
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power pf.	60	65
Northern States Power	77	78
Northern States Power pf.	96	97½
Northern States Power 5s, 1941	96	96½
Ozark Power & Water	40	45
Pacific Gas & Electric	50	58
Pacific Gas & Electric, original	89	91
Pacific Gas & Electric 1st pf.	88	90
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	33	35
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	76	78
Southern California Edison	88	90
Southern California Edison pf.	104½	106
Southwestern Power & Light pf.	97½	100
*Standard Gas & Electric	13½	14
*Standard Gas & Electric pf.	36½	37
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	11½	12½
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf.	52	53
Toledo Trac., Light & Power	45	48
Toledo Trac., Light & Power pf.	81	84
United Light & Railways	52	54
United Light & Railways 1st pf.	77	79
Western Power	17⅝	18
Western Power pf.	64½	65½

*Par value, $50.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis.

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
At. Coast Line	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.30	4.10
Balt. & Ohio	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.30	4.10
Buff., Roch. & P.	1916-'30	4½@5	4.50	4.20
Canadian Pacific	1916-'28	4½	4.60	4.30
Ches. & Ohio	1916-'24	4½	4.55	4.25
Chicago & N. W.	1916-'23	4½	4.25	4.05
C., R. I. & Pac.	1916-'27	4½@5	5.30	4.70
C., St. L. & N. O.	1916-'24	5	4.42	4.18
C., C., C. & St. L.	1916-'29	5	4.70	4.35
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.28	4.12
Erie Railroad	1916-'23	4½@5	4.52	4.25
Hocking Valley	1916-'23	4 @5	4.50	4.25
Illinois Central	1916-'23	4½@5	4.30	4.10
Louis. & Nash.	1916-'23	5	4.28	4.12
Mo., Kansas & T.	1916-'23	5	5.75	5.00
Missouri Pacific	1916-'22	5	5.75	5.00
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1916-'28	4½@5	4.52	4.20
Norf. & Western	1916-'24	4½	4.30	4.05
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1916-'28	4	4.50	4.25
Penn. G. Freight	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.25	4.00
St. L., I. Mt. & S.	1916-'24	5	5.25	4.75
Seaboard Air Line	1916-'23	5	4.70	4.40
Southern Pacific	1916-'23	4½	4.30	4.10
Southern Railway	1916-'24	4½@5	4.62	4.25

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Tin, spot	45.00	46.00	..	46.00
Lead	7.30	..	..	7.30
Spelter	13.00	..	14.00	..
Antimony	25.00	26.00	25.00	26.00
Quicksilver	*78.00	..	*78.00	..
Aluminium	*58.00	60.00	*58.00	60.00
Iron, No. 2 X fdy.	20.25	20.75	20.25	20.75

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted at 29@29¼c per pound in the open market. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s	d	Wednesday. £	s	d
Copper, spot	120	0	0	121	0	0
Copper, futures	118	0	0	119	0	0
Tin, spot	187	5	0	187	10	0
Tin, futures	187	0	0	187	0	0
Spelter	97	0	0	80	0	0
Lead	31	15	0	31	15	0

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
130	Arun. S. & G.	36	36	36	36
145	Balto. Tube	118½	118½	117½	117½
265	Balto. Tube pf.	96½	96⅝	96	96⅛
135	Con. Coal	99	100	99	100
63	Con. Power	107⅝	107⅝	107½	107½
5	Con. Power pf.	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
24,277	Cosden Ref.	25	25⅜	24⅛	24⅝
8,662	Cos. Oil & G.	10⅝	11⅛	10⅝	11
8,995	Cos. O.&G. pf.	4⅞	5	4⅝	4⅞
500	Dav. Chem.	53	55½	53	54⅞
7	Mt. V. C. D. pf.	51	51	51	51
85	North. Cent.	88¼	88¼	88¼	88¼
300	Okla. Ref.	7	7	7	7
155	Penn. W. & P.	75	75	74	74½
50	Un. Ry. & El.	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼
3	U.S. Fid. & G.	220	220	220	220

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$100	Balt. D. D. 6s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
1,000	City of Balto. 3½s	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼
2,000	Con. Pow. 4½s	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
29,000	Cos. Ref. 6s	125	125	122½	122½
2,000	Elkhorn 6s	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼
3,000	Elk. Fuel 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Fmt. Clarks'g Trac. 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
1,000	Md. Elec. 5s	98½	98½	98½	98½
4,000	Md. 4s, 1927	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
1,000	Merch. & Min. Transp. 6s	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼
1,000	Minn. & St. P. jt. 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
1,000	Norf. & Ports. Trac. 5s	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝
3,000	Pub. S. B. 5s	101	101	101	101
7,000	U. Ry. & E. 4s	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝
7,000	U.R.&E. inc. 4s	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛
400	U.R.&E. fdg. 5s	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Ahmeek	100	100	100	100
60	Alaska Gold	23	23	23	23
20	Allouez	68½	68½	68	68
1,230	Am. Zinc	84	84	83¼	83¼
105	Ariz. Com'l	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
10	Butte & Bal.	2½	2½	2½	2½
1,080	Butte & Sup.	90⅛	90⅛	88⅛	88⅛
875	Cal. & Arizona	73½	73½	73	73
10	Cal. & Hecla	560	560	560	560
10	Chino	53	53	53	53
520	Cop. Range	63½	63½	63	63
10	Daly-West	3	3	3	3
100	East Butte	12½	12½	12½	12½
10	Franklin	8⅛	8⅛	8	8
50	Granby	87½	87½	86⅝	86⅝
25	Greene-Can.	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞	46⅞
25	Indiana	3½	3½	3½	3½
25	Island Creek	49½	49½	49½	49½
27	Isl. Creek pf.	90½	90½	90½	90½
60	Isle Royale	27⅞	28	27⅞	28
95	Kerr Lake	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
70	Lake	15½	15½	15½	15½
25	La Salle	4	4	4	4
100	Mason Valley	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
10	Mass. Con.	12	12	12	12
15	Mayflower	3	3	3	3
100	Michigan	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
35	Mohawk	94½	95	94½	94½
180	New Arcadian	7¼	7½	6⅞	6⅞
245	North Butte	23⅞	24	23⅞	24
635	North Lake	1	1	90c	90c
85	Old Dom.	68½	69½	68½	69½
11	Osceola	93½	93½	93	93
165	Pond Creek	14½	14½	14½	14½
10	Quincy	95	95	95	95
20	Ray Con.	22½	23	22½	23
95	Santa Fe	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
75	Shannon	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
500	South Utah	25	25	25	25
10	St. Marys Land	76	76	76	76
450	Sup. & Boston	4⅞	4⅞	4⅜	4⅜
100	Trinity	6⅞	7	6⅞	6⅞
4,425	Tuolumne	59	59	58	58
3,461	U.S. Smelt	72¼	73	71⅝	72¼
1,647	U.S. Smelt pf.	51½	51⅛	50⅞	51
310	Utah Apex	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
212	Utah Con.	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞
380	Utah Metal	9	9	9	9
20	Victoria	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3⅜
895	Winona	7	7	6⅝	6⅝

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2	Boston & Alb.	185	185	185	185
240	Boston Elev.	71	71½	71	71½
300	Boston & Me.	50⅛	50⅛	50	50
14	Mass. Elec. pf.	35	35	34	34
50	New Haven	60⅝	60⅝	60⅜	60⅜
1	Northern N.H.	103	103	103	103
10	Rutland pf.	25	25	25	25
118	West End	58	58	58	58
20	West End pf.	75	75	75	75

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
40	Am. Agr. pf.	98	98	97½	98
500	Am. Pneu. Svc.	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
15	Am. Sugar	111¼	111¼	111	111
2	Am. Sugar pf.	117½	117½	117½	117½
930	Am. T. & Tel.	129½	130	129⅝	129⅝
61	Am. Woolen pf.	9	9	8½	8½
425	A. G. & W. I.	41⅝	42½	41⅝	41⅝
157	A. G. & W.I. pf.	52½	52½	52	52
2	Edison	238	238	238	238
100	Mass. Gas	81¼	81¼	81¼	81¼
33	Mass. Gas pf.	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝
20	McElwain pf.	100	100	100	100
10	Mergenthaler	162½	162½	162½	162½
25	Nipe Bay	13	13	13	13
10	Pullman	165½	165½	165½	165½
5	Reece But'hole	16	16	16	16
5	Swift	138	138	138	138
103	Torrington	55	55½	54	55
621	United Fruit	158	161½	158	160½
455	United Shoe	60	60½	60	60¼
830	United Shoe pf	29	29	29	29
110	U. S. Steel	84½	84½	84	84½
85	U. S. Steel pf.	117	117	117	117
715	Ventura Oil	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛
100	Anglo-F'nch 5s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
3,000	A. G. & W.I. 5s	83	83	82⅝	82⅝
2,500	Cent. Ver. 4s	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
2,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, 1916	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
5,000	New River 5s	75	75	75	75
7,000	Swift 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
2,000	U. S. Sm. 6s	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛
3,000	West. Tel. 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
9	Am. Rad.	397	398	397	398
65	Booth Fish pf.	75	75	75	75
80	Chi. Pneu. T.	72½	73	72½	73
115	Com. Edison	141⅝	141⅝	141⅝	141⅝
10	Diamond M.	111⅛	111¼	111⅛	111¼
5	Hart S.-M. pf.	117	117	117	117
397	Lindsay Light	18⅝	18⅝	18	18
386	Montg.-W. pf.	114½	114½	114½	114½
150	People's Gas	102	102	102	102
20	Pub. Serv. pf.	101½	101½	101½	101½
5	Quaker O. pf.	110½	110½	110½	110½
45	S.-Roebuck	184	184	184	184
33	Do pf.	126½	126½	126½	126½
401	Stewart-W.	91⅝	91⅝	90⅞	91
131	Swift & Co.	137	137½	137	137
30	Union Carbide	182	182	182	182

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Chi. Rys. 5s	97	97	97	97
6,000	Com. Edi. 5s	102½	102½	102½	102½
6,500	Swift 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
17	Am. Rys. pf.	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
100	Con. Trac. N.J.	72	72	72	72
335	Elec. Stor.	64¼	64½	64¼	64½
100	Gen. Asphalt	33	33	33	33
50	Gen. Asph. pf.	70	70	70	70
80	Ins. Co. N. A.	25½	25½	25⅛	25½
100	Lake Sup. Cor.	9⅞	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛
86	Lehigh Nav.	76⅜	76⅜	76⅜	76⅜
434	Lehigh Valley	83⅞	84⅛	83	84⅛
100	L. V. Transit	21½	21½	21½	21½
1,104	Pennsylvania	57⅝	58	57⅝	58
25	Pa. Steel pf.	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
100	Phila. Co.	41	41	41	41
106	Phila. Co. pf.	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝
126	Phila. Elec.	27⅝	27⅞	27⅝	27⅞
3,200	Ph. R. T. t. c.	18⅞	19	18⅞	19
121	Reading	102	102⅛	101⅞	101⅞
10	Read. 2d pf.	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛
280	Ton. Belmont	4⅝	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞
50	Ton. Mining	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
947	Union Trac.	44¼	44½	44¼	44½
419	Un. Gas Imp.	88⅝	88⅝	88	88⅝
390	W. N. Y. & Pa.	15	15	15	15
225	War. I. & S.	11	11	11	11
11	W. J. & S. S.	49½	49½	49½	49½
557	W. Cramp & S.	84	85	83	85

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$200	A. G. & E. 5s	93	93	93	93
2,000	Bald. Lo. 1st 5s	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
1,000	El. & P. Tr. 4s	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝
500	I'state Rys. 4s	58	58	58	58
24,000	Leh. Val. 4½s, Drexell	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	Pa. Co. gen. 4½s	102	102	102	102
1,000	Ph. & Erie 6s	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼
1,000	Ph. Co. con. 5s	91½	91½	91½	91½
300	Phil. Elec. 4s	84	84	84	84
6,300	Phil. Elec. 5s	104½	104½	104½	104½
11,000	Read. gen. 4s	95	95	95	95
6,000	Welsbach Co. 5s	99	99	99	99
35,000	W. N. Y. & Pa. gen. 4s	84⅝	85½	84⅝	85½

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
755	Am. W. G. M.	59⅛	59⅛	59	59⅛
20	Am. W.G.M. pf.	138	138	138	138
50	Am. S. Pipe	16	16	16	16
20	Caney River	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼
220	Col. Gas	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜
10	Har. & W.	92½	92½	92½	92½
25	Ind. Brew	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
75	La B. I. & S.	52	52	51⅝	51⅝
56	Lone Star	90	90	90	90
67	Man. L. & H.	50¼	50¼	50	50
990	Ohio Fuel	40⅝	41⅛	40⅝	40⅝
95	Ohio Fuel Oil	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
110	Pitts. Brew	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
90	Pitts. Coal	27⅛	27⅜	27⅛	27⅛
495	Pure Oil	18⅝	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝
25	Pitts. O. & G.	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
100	So. Railway	22½	22⅝	22½	22⅝
10	Un. Nat. Gas	145	145	145	145
25	U. S. S. pf.	117	117	117	117
102	West. A. B.	136⅛	137	136⅛	137
30	West. Elec.	61½	62	61½	62
10	West. El. pf.	73	73	73	73

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.80	..	Houghton	1⅝	2¼
Am Oil	.19	.21	Humboldt	1⅝	2⅛
Bay S G	.14	.16	Iron Cap	4	4⅝
Begole	.80	.95	Iron C pf	6⅛	7
Bingham	14	14½	Iron Blos	1⅛	1⅛
Bohemia	8	8½	J Verde	1	1⅛
Bost Ariz.	2¼	2½	Majestic	.80	.84
Bost Cor.	.88	.90	Mex Met.	.34	.37
Bost Ely	.49	.50	N L Zinc	2	2½
Bost & M.	1	1⅛	Nev Doug.	1	1⅛
Butte L.	.70	.75	N Cornelia	13⅞	14⅛
Cal Cor.	.05	.06	N Baltic	2½	2⅝
Calaveras	4⅛	4⅝	N U Bing.	1⅝	2⅛
Champion	.13	.14	Nixon Cop.	.34	.36
Chief Cons	1⅛	1⅞	Ohio	.16	.22
Cons Ariz.	1½	1⅛	Oneco	1	1⅛
Cons Cop.	2⅛	2⅜	Onondaga	1⅝	1⅞
Cr Res've	.45	.50	Pilot Butte	1⅛	1⅝
Davis-D	1	1⅛	Rilla	.92	.95
E & B B.	2¼	2½	S W M	1⅛	1⅛
Fortune	.07	.08	Truro	1	1⅛
Gold Lake	.30	.34	U V Ext.	26⅞	27¼
Homa Oil	.82	.85	Yukon G'd	2½	2⅞

TO THE HOLDERS OF WICHITA PIPE LINE COMPANY "SERIES A SECURED NOTES."
Dated, November 1, 1914.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that Wichita Pipe Line Company has elected to redeem and pay off on June 26th, 1916, all of its "Series A Secured Notes," dated November 1, 1914, and that upon said date there will become and be due and payable upon each of said notes at the offices of Henry L. Doherty & Company, in the City of New York, New York, the principal thereof, together with accrued interest to such date. From and after said date, no further interest shall accrue upon any of said notes.

Dated, New York, May 24th, 1916.
WICHITA PIPE LINE COMPANY.
By FRANK W. FRUEAUFF,
President.

STORE FOR CITY COLLEGE.

Students May Buy Shares in Co-operative Association.

With the approval of the Faculty, which was obtained a few days ago, plans have been completed for the establishment of a co-operative store for the students of the College of the City of New York similar in management to that which now exists for the benefit of the Faculty. At the opening of the Winter term of the college next September a room in the main building will be assigned as a permanent store, where books, clothing, and athletic goods will be on sale to members of the co-operative association.

The student body has been anxious to establish a co-operative store similar to the co-operatives at Harvard, Yale, Princeton, and elsewhere, but has been forced to wait the action of the Faculty in the matter. With the approval of the Board of Trustees shares in the new store have been offered for sale at 50 cents each. No limit has been set for the number to be issued. Professors Moore, Moody, Allen, and Compton have been appointed a Board of Directors of the new store.

The plan of organization which has been agreed upon is that the money realized by the sale of subscription blanks will constitute the working fund of the store, the net profit at the end of the year to be divided among the members in proportion to the amount of purchases made. A student manager, elected by the Board of Directors, will have charge of the store.

NEWS FROM HOME.

On your vacation you will want to see The New York Times. Before leaving town instruct your newsdealer to send you the paper, or telephone 1000 Bryant. Daily and Sunday, 75c. per month. Daily only 50c. per month.—Advt.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

			Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
6s	Sept.,	1916	100⅜	100½	100⅜	100½
6s	Sept.,	1917	103¼	103⅝	100¼	100¼
4½s	June,	1965	107⅞	108¼	107⅞	108¼
4½s	Mar.,	1963	107⅝	107⅞	107¼	107⅞
4½s	Nov.,	1957	107⅝	107⅝	107¼	107½
4½s	May,	1957	107⅝	107⅝	107¼	107½
4½s	Nov.,	1917	101⅛	..	101⅛	..
4½s	May,	1917	100⅞	..	100⅞	..
4¼s	April,	1966, w. i.	102⅞	103¼	102⅞	103¼
4¼s	Mar.,	1964	102⅝	102⅞	102⅝	102⅞
4¼s	Mar.,	1962	102⅝	102⅞	102⅝	102⅞
4¼s	Sept.,	1960	102⅝	102⅞	102⅝	102⅞
4¼s	Mar.,	'60, op. '30	102⅛	102½	102⅛	102½
4s	May,	1959	99⅞	100¼	99⅞	100¼
4s	Nov.,	1958	99⅞	100¼	99⅞	100¼
4s	May,	1957	100	100⅜	99⅞	100⅜
4s	Nov.,	1956	99⅝	100	99⅝	100
4s	Nov.,	1955	99⅝	100	99⅝	100
4s	Nov.,	1936	99⅝	..	99⅝	100
3½s	Nov.,	1955	90	..	90⅛	..
3½s	Nov.,	1954	90	90½	90	90½
3½s	May,	1954	90	90½	90	90½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
4½s	June, 1917	3.75	..	3.75	..
4½s	1918-1923	4.05	3.90	4.05	3.90
4½s	1924-1930	4.10	4.00	4.10	4.00
3½s	1950-1954	4.02	3.95	4.02	3.95
3½s	1940-1950	4.02	3.95	4.00	3.95
3½s	1930-1940	4.05	3.95	4.05	3.95
3½s	1924-1930	4.05	3.95	4.05	3.90
3½s	1918-1924	4.05	3.90	4.05	3.90
3½s	1916-1918	3.95	..	3.95	..
3s	1940-1942	4.02	3.95	4.02	3.95
3s	1918-1925	4.10	..	4.10	..
3s	1916-1918	3.95	..	3.95	..

1916 Exports $1,014,261,656.

Yesterday's exports from New York, amounting to $15,993,784, carried shipments of war munitions and supplies and general merchandise in 1916 well past the billion-dollar mark. As figured out yesterday by customs officials, the total outward commerce of the port now amounts to $1,014,261,656, against approximately $570,000,000 in the first five months of last year. Under peaceful trade conditions in the corresponding period of 1914 the moement was only $420,000,000.

Finance and Trading Corporation
Formerly G. M.-P. Murphy & Co., Inc.
43 Exchange Place *Phone Hanover 5635*

DIRECTORS
ADOLPHE E. BORIE - Pres't, Driggs-Seabury Ordnance Company
EDWARD C. DELAFIELD - Vice-Pres't, Franklin Trust Company
EDWARD R. DUER - - - Vice-President
JOHN A. GRISWOLD - - - Treasurer
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TO THE HOLDERS OF WICHITA PIPE LINE COMPANY "SERIES B SECURED NOTES"
Dated, November 1, 1914

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that Wichita Pipe Line Company has elected to redeem and pay off on June 26th, 1916, all of its "Series B Secured Notes," dated November 1, 1914, and that upon said date, there will become and be due and payable upon each of said notes at the office of Fidelity Title & Trust Company, in the City of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, the principal thereof, together with accrued interest to such date. From and after said date, no further interest shall accrue upon any of said notes.

Dated, New York, May 24th, 1916.
WICHITA PIPE LINE COMPANY,
By FRANK W. FRUEAUFF,
President.

THE TOLEDO, COLUMBUS & OHIO RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.
Office of the Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, Penn., June 1, 1916.

First mortgage 4½% bonds of The Cleveland & Marietta Railway Company to an aggregate cost of Twelve Thousand Two Hundred Seventy Dollars ($12,270) will be purchased for the Sinking Fund, July 1, 1916, from the lowest bidders at a price not to exceed par and interest.

Sealed proposals to sell bonds must be in the hands of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New York City, before close of business, 3 o'clock P. M., Friday, June 30, 1916. T. H. B. McKNIGHT, Treasurer.

NOTICE HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned, heretofore engaged in business as copartners under the name of GOLDMANN-SCHWEISHEIMER COMPANY, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the business will be continued under the same name by ADOLPH HESS, who has succeeded to the interests of LENA GOLDMANN in all of the assets, and has assumed all of the obligations.—Dated New York, June 1, 1916.
ADOLPH HESS.
LENA GOLDMANN.

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MANATI SUGAR COMPANY,
112 Wall St., New York, June 1, 1916.

The Board of Directors of the Manati Sugar Company have declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾% upon the preferred stock of the Company, payable July 1, 1916, to holders of preferred stock of record upon the books of the Company at the close of business June 24, 1916.
MANUEL E. RIONDA, Treasurer.

THE MAY DEPARTMENT STORES CO.
15 Broad St., N. Y. City, June 1, 1916.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. upon the preferred capital stock of the Company, payable July 1, 1916, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on June 15, 1916. Checks will be mailed.
DAVID MAY, President.

Rubber Goods Manufacturing Co.

The Board of Directors of the Rubber Goods Manufacturing Company has this day declared from the net earnings of the Company the 69th regular quarterly dividend of One and Three-fourths Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock, payable June 15th, 1916, to stockholders of record, at the close of business on Friday, June 9th, 1916. Checks will be mailed to the registered addresses.
E. J. HATHORNE, Treasurer.
New York, June 1st, 1916.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company.
St. Louis, Mo., May 25th, 1916.

A dividend of One and Three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company, payable on July 1st, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 15th, 1916. Checks will be mailed.
T. T. ANDERSON, Treasurer.

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AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.
New York, June 1, 1916.
PREFERRED CAPITAL STOCK
DIVIDEND NO. 69

A dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable Saturday, July 1, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business Saturday, June 10, 1916.

Checks will be mailed by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

S. S. DeLANO, Treasurer.
WM. M. HAGER, Secretary.

AMERICAN CAR AND FOUNDRY CO.
New York, June 1, 1916.
COMMON CAPITAL STOCK
DIVIDEND NO. 55.

A dividend of one-half per cent. (½%) on the Common Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable Saturday, July 1, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business Saturday, June 10, 1916.

Checks will be mailed by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

S. S. DeLANO, Treasurer.
WM. M. HAGER, Secretary.

COTTON SELLS DOWN DESPITE BULL NEWS

Condition Report, Three Points Below Expectations, Fails to Hold Prices Level.

NET LOSS 8 TO 12 POINTS

Lack of Acreage Figures Makes Total Crop Estimates Unreliable—Longs Sell Freely.

Although the Crop Reporting Board of the Department of Agriculture, Washington, made the average condition of the cotton crop only 77.5, the market yesterday had only a feeble rally and later broke to new low levels. The report was nearly three points under expectations, but the rally of about 10 points was followed by fresh weakness, which carried prices down about 30 points from the high level of the day and resulted in a net loss of 8 to 12 points.

The figures of 77.5 compare with a condition of 80 last year, 74.8 two years ago and a ten-year average of 79.8.

The report received a bearish construction for several reasons. It was believed that the department had been too much influenced by pessimistic talk regarding the early crop outlook, and it also was believed that the condition had improved since the figures were sent in on May 25. Moreover, the record-breaking crop of 1914 was produced in spite of a June condition of 74.3.

No figures on acreage were made public yesterday, as the Government compilation on this feature will not be issued until July 1. In yesterday's report the poorest conditions were reported from the following States: South Carolina, 65; North Carolina, 76; Georgia, 73; Alabama, 76, and Texas, 78. The highest condition of the more important States was that of Oklahoma with 85. With no acreage figures available it is impossible to make even a tentative guess on the size of the crop.

The weakness in the face of yesterday's bullish report indicates that the trade had been bullish on talk of crop damage as well as predictions of early peace. Wall Street longs sold freely, and stop-loss orders were caught on the way down.

Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were unchanged. Houston, 10 decline; Galveston, 5 advance. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 10 points decline; middling, 12.70c. Futures closed steady.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	12.80	12.51	12.58@12.59	12.66@12.67
Oct.	12.95	12.66	12.69@12.70	12.81@12.82
Dec.	13.11	12.80	12.83@12.84	12.95@12.96
Jan.	13.15	12.88	12.89@12.90	13.00@13.02
March	13.27	13.02	13.05@13.07	13.13@13.14

Total port receipts, 14,590 bales; last week, 16,465 bales; last year, 6,526 bales.

RECEIPTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	8,485	8,583	1,186
New Orleans	2,689	1,843	859
Mobile	1,667	1,373	62
Savannah	1,006	491	1,032
Charleston	149	78	15
Wilmington	71	339	593
Norfolk	2,958	970	36

INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Augusta	811	883	493
Memphis	137	2,280	1,190
St. Louis	108	.....	2,903
Houston	938	1,128	591

Exports, 5,300 bales; total thus far this season, 4,966,285 bales; total last season, 7,870,088 bales.

SOUTHERN SPOTS AND STOCKS.

Sales.		Spots.	Stocks.	Last Year.
4,739	Galveston	12.95	197,084	255,067
495	New Orleans	12.63	260,116	201,236
—	Mobile	12.63	28,660	18,301
693	Savannah	12⅝	126,796	94,189
—	Charleston	12⅞	56,151	58,304
—	Wilmington	12½	58,603	42,947
—	Norfolk	12.63	57,717	59,314
258	Augusta	12.63	93,670	97,301
4,000	Memphis	13.00	91,030	112,093
—	St. Louis	12⅞	13,812	27,987
66	Houston	12.80	66,170	82,261

The Liverpool market opened quiet. There was a moderate demand; business in spot cotton with middling 9 points decline at 8.47d. Sales, 10,000 bales. Receipts, 13,000 bales; all American. Market closed steady.

CONDITION OF COTTON CROP.

Not as Good as Last Year Because of Late Planting.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The cotton crop of the United States showed a condition of 77.5 per cent. of a normal on May 25, the Department of Agriculture announced today in its first condition report of the season, awaited with interest by cotton, textile, and other interests. That condition compares with 80.0 on May 25 last year, 74.8 in 1914, 79.1 in 1913, and 79.8, the average of the last ten years, on May 25.

Until the Government's official report estimating the area planted to cotton this year is issued on July 1 no calculation will be made by the department's experts as to the probable size of the crop. Unofficial estimates place the area planted at from 6 to 10 per cent. more than last year, when the preliminary estimate made by the department in July was 31,535,000 acres. An increase of from 6 to 10 per cent. in the area this year would place the acreage at from 33,417,000 to 34,688,500 acres.

Cotton planting was begun in the central and southern portions of the belt late in March and early in April. Planting in the extreme southern portions was completed early in April and was progressing satisfactorily in central districts. Heavy frost in Texas April 9 killed considerable cotton. In the low bottoms of the Mississippi the ground was too wet for planting early in April. Planting was begun in the more northern portions of the belt toward the middle of April and the plant was growing favorably in the central districts, while in the southern parts it was reported to be coming to a good stand. Some replanting was necessary on account of frost damage through nearly all the central part of the belt.

Reports from the Department of Agriculture's correspondents and agents show the condition of the crop on May 25 as follows, with comparisons for the last three years, and the average condition on May 25 for the last ten years:

	May 25				10-Yr.
States.	1916.	1915.	1914.	1913.	Av'ge.
Virginia	89	88	83	88	86
North Carolina	76	85	76	76	82
South Carolina	65	80	72	68	78
Georgia	73	81	80	69	80
Florida	82	80	82	83	83
Alabama	76	78	85	75	79
Mississippi	83	82	87	81	80
Louisiana	82	76	82	81	78
Texas	78	79	65	84	80
Arkansas	87	84	79	85	81
Tennessee	88	85	80	87	81
Missouri	87	90	86	90	84
Oklahoma	85	76	68	87	81
California	97	82	100	96	..
United States	..	80.0	74.8	79.1	79.8

The tentative dates of issue of the Department of Agriculture cotton reports this season are:

Saturday, July 1, condition as of June 25 and estimate of the area planted; Tuesday, Aug. 1, condition as of July 25; Thursday, Aug. 31, condition as of Aug. 25; Monday, Oct. 2, condition as of Sept. 25; Monday, Dec. 11, estimate of total production of the crop.

London Sale of Sheepskins.

LONDON, June 1.—A sale of sheepskins was held here today. There were 1,700 bales offered. Long wooled pelts were in good demand and 10 per cent. higher, while short horn gained 5 per cent.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—Forecast:

N. Caro. and S. Caro.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; warmer; moderate e. winds.

Ga. and Fla.—Fair Fri. and probably Sat.; moderate e. and s. e. winds.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair Fri. and probably Sat.; warmer in the interior Sat., moderate s. winds.

Tenn. and Ky.—Overcast and warm Fri., probably followed by thunderstorms by night. Sat. fair and cooler.

Ohio—Showers and probably thunderstorms Fri. Sat. clearing and cool; fresh s. winds.

Ind.—Thunderstorms Fri. Sat. fair and cooler; fresh to strong s., shifting to w. winds.

Lower Mich.—Showers Fri. and probably Sat.; cooler Sat.; fresh to strong s., shifting to w. winds.

Upper Mich.—Showers Fri. Sat. cloudy; fresh e. winds.

La., E. and W. Texas—Fair Fri. and probably Sat.

Ill.—Showers and thunder storms Fri.; cooler by night. Sat. fair; fresh, shifting winds, strong in n.

Mo.—Showers and cooler Fri. Sat. cloudy.

Wis.—Unsettled Fri., with showers and cooler in e. and s. Sat., fair.

Minn.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; cooler in s. Fri.; warmer Sat.

Iowa—Unsettled and cooler Fri.; showers in e. Sat., rain and warmer; fresh to strong n. w. winds diminishing.

N. and S. Dak.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; warmer.

Neb.—Cloudy Fri. and Sat.; cooler in s. and extreme e. Fri.; warmer Sat.

Kan.—Unsettled and cooler Fri. Sat., fair.

Ark. and Okla.—Unsettled Fri. Sat., fair.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

New low records for the movement were established in the wheat market yesterday and final quotations were at the low of the day with net losses of 1⅜c to 1¾c. In the local cash market No. 1 durum was quoted at $1.18; No. 2 hard, $1.17; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.24, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.24, all free on board, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.08¾	1.05⅝	1.05⅝	1.07⅛	1.19½
September	1.09⅝	1.07½	1.07⅝	1.09	1.15½

CORN.

The corn market was comparatively steady during the early operations and prices worked up ¼c to ⅜c on scattered commission house buying, owing to evidences of nervousness over the cash position. Late in the day values declined sharply and closed with net losses of ⅝c.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	70⅝	69⅛	69⅛	69⅞	73⅞
September	70⅝	69⅛	69⅛	69⅞	74½

OATS.

The oats market was relatively steadier than either wheat or corn on buying by commission houses, although crop advices were favorable and harvesting of the new crop is progressing in the Southeastern sections. The local cash market is easier; standard quoted at 46c; No. 3 white, 45@45½c; No. 4 white, 44@45c; fancy clipped white, 46½@48c; ordinary clipped white, 45@46½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	40⅛	39⅞	40	39⅞	47⅛
September	38⅞	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	42⅝

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was moderately active and feverish. Early in the day prices were firm, with the active positions showing gains of 3 to 12 points on buying by commission houses. There was active selling and values gave way, closing at the lowest, with net losses of 2 to 7 points. Total sales for the day were 19,200 barrels.

Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot			10.90@11.25	10.95
June	11.07	11.07	10.93@11.05	10.95
July	11.06	10.95	10.92@10.94	10.95
August	11.09	10.95	10.93@10.96	10.99
September	11.05	10.94	10.92@10.94	10.98
October	10.18	10.09	10.09@10.11	10.13
November	9.39	9.29	9.30@9.31	9.36
December	9.26	9.16	9.16@9.18	9.23
January			9.18@9.20	9.23

COFFEE.

The coffee market again showed a downward tendency and closed with net losses of 3 to 6 points, although final quotations showed a slight rally from the lowest. Total sales amounted to 15,000 bags. The local spot market was inactive and unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 9⅝c. Range in prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June			8.40@8.42	8.43
July	8.48	8.43	8.47@8.48	8.50
August			8.54@8.55	8.59
September	8.63	8.57	8.61@8.62	8.66
October			8.65@8.66	8.70
November			8.70@8.71	8.74
December	8.75	8.68	8.75@8.76	8.78
January			8.80@8.81	8.83
February			8.85@8.86	8.88
March	8.90	8.84	8.89@8.91	8.94
April			8.94@8.95	8.95
May			8.99@9.00	8.99

SUGAR.

The market for sugar futures was quiet, total sales amounting to 7,200 tons. Prices declined 3 to 7 points early in the day under liquidation on the part of the longs, who were discouraged over the continued inactivity in the spot position and on evidences of a somewhat weaker technical position. Shorts were fair buyers on the decline and prices regained part of the loss, although the close was 1 to 3 points below the final of Wednesday. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June			5.46@5.48	5.48
July	5.50	5.45	5.48@5.49	5.50
August			5.49@5.51	5.52
September	5.51	5.45	5.51@5.52	5.52
October	5.43	5.40	5.43@5.44	5.46
November			5.31@5.33	5.32
December	5.09	5.07	5.07@5.08	5.10
January			4.69@4.72	4.70
February			4.47@4.50	4.48
March			4.50@4.53	4.51
April			4.53@4.56	4.54
May			4.56@4.59	4.57

The local market for refined sugar was unchanged at 7.65c to 7.75c for fine granulated. Interest in the raw sugar market was confined to Porto Rican grades, sales of which amounted to 25,000 bags for prompt shipment to a local refiner at 6.14c centrifugal, or ⅛c above last sale prices. In Cubas no new business was reported, but the undertone was a little easier, with some small lots available at last prices. Spot prices closed nominally unchanged at 5⅝c for Cubas, cost and freight, equal to 6.30c for centrifugal and 5.62c for molasses.

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was moderately active and feverish. Prices were fairly steady early, and after some quick changes both ways showed weakness at the close under general liquidation. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 18,000; estimated for Friday, 17,000. Kansas City received 8,000 and Omaha 11,200.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last. Year.
Lard—					
July	12.55	12.42	12.42	12.52	9.90
September	12.65	12.52	12.52	12.65	10.12
Ribs—					
July	12.42	12.27	12.27	12.40	10.60
September	12.50	12.35	12.35	12.50	10.90
Pork—					
July	21.80	21.40	21.40	21.80	18.12
September	21.57	21.12	21.12	21.50	18.47

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday 27,860 packages. Supplies are coming forward very freely, but there is some speculative demand for the fine grades of creamery and quite a number of lots are being withdrawn from sale on account of the high cost. Current sales are about in line with Wednesday's quotations and the tone is steady. Renovated, ladles, and packing stock still favor the buyer. Creamery, extras, (92 score,) per lb., 30¼@30½c; higher scoring lots, 30¾@31½c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 29@30c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 28@28½c; thirds, 26½@27c; creamery, unsalted, extras, 30¼@31c; higher scoring, 31½@32½c; firsts, 29@30c; seconds, 28@28½c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 29½@30c; good to prime, 28@29c; common to fair, 24@27½c; renovated, extras, 28c; firsts, 26@27c; lower grades, 24@26c; imitation creamery, firsts, 25½@26c; ladles, current make, firsts, 24½c; seconds, 23½c; lower grades, 22@23c; packing stock, current make, fine, 23c; No. 2, 22½c; lower grades, 21@22c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 39,822 cases. Most receivers report a little better trading, and tone of the market appears to be steadier, with most of the firmness on the better qualities. Demand is still selective. Very high grade goods are in comparatively light supply, many of these going directly to storage, but there is still more than an ample offering of medium grades and the general range of values is unchanged. Dirties and checks continue in fair demand and prime qualities are sustained; undergrades irregular. Near-by white eggs of very fancy quality are in comparatively light supply and firm, but there is a liberal offering of average good and ordinary qualities at unimproved prices. Fresh gathered, extra fine, per dozen, 24½@25½c; storage packed, firsts or extra firsts, 23@24c; regular packed, extra firsts, 23¼@23½c; regular packed, firsts, 22@23c; seconds, 20¾@21½c; thirds and poorer, 19@20½c; dirties, No. 1, 20½@21c; No. 2 and poorer, 18@20c; checks, good to choice, dry, 19@19½c; undergrades, 15@18½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery whites, fine to fancy, 26@27c; ordinary to good, 24@25c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 24@25½c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 23@24½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery browns, 24½@25½c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 23@24c; duck eggs, State and near by, Indian runner, 27@28c.

BIG REAL ESTATE CO. KEPT NO RESERVES

Receivers See Shrinkage of $600,000 in Sale of Securities by American Concern.

HAVE REDUCED EXPENSES

Tell Court That Income of the Company Will Not Meet Fixed Charges by $100,000 Annually.

A preliminary report of Walter C. Noyes and Alfred E. Marling, receivers for the American Real Estate Company, was filed yesterday in the Federal District Court. The receivers have been in possession of and have managed the company's properties since April 16. The concern was the owner of a large number of a department houses, office buildings, and other improved real estate in this city and in Yonkers. The company also owned tracts in the Eastern District of Brooklyn and properties in Tarrytown, New Rochelle, and Palisade, N. J.

According to the report the properties, which cost $17,733,209.89, valued on the company's books at $24,845,760.12, were assessed in 1916 at $13,498,580. These are subject to first mortgages aggregating $9,509,205 and subordinate mortgages amounting to $741,410.

A financial statement prepared from the company's boks as of April 16 shows the following:

ASSETS.

Real estate investments:		
Unencumbered		$2,880,425.02
Encumbered	$21,965,335.10	
Mortgages thereon	10,250,615.01	
		11,714,720.09
		$14,595,145.11
Mortgages receivable owned		1,066,058.73
Securities owned		230,471.00
Cash in hand and on deposit		128,031.48
Notes, accounts, and other receivables		184,015.42
Miscellaneous equipment, supplies, and other items		66,470.42
Book assets—doubtful or unavailable		98,130.61
Total		$16,368,822.72

LIABILITIES.

6% coupon bonds and certificates fully paid		$7,484,198.69
6% accumulative bonds and certificates; installments received and interest thereon to Dec. 31, 1915		5,609,335.74
Interest accrued thereon to April 19, 1916, partly estimated		247,493.18
Possible priority claims		65,650.96
Interest, taxes, and assessments accrued		495,679.05
Notes and accounts payable and miscellaneous		104,266.70
Total		$14,006,624.32
Book excess of assets over liabilities, omitting capital stock.		$2,361,698.40
Capital stock issued and outstanding:		
Preferred	$1,855,400	
Common	151,100	
		2,006,500.00
Apparent surplus indicated by the books		$355,198.40

"With respect to personal property," the report said, "the company's books show no reserves as having been set up to provide for any possible loss in sales of securities, mortgages receivable and other personal property, but the receivers cannot escape the conviction that, now that the business is not a going concern, it is important to keep in mind the fact that actual sales of securities, mortgages receivable and other personal property in the process of liquidation may result in a substantial shrinkage in the personal assets and are of the opinion that $600,000 would be a proper sum to set up as an offset to such depreciation.

"In making this suggestion we do not wish to be understood as endeavoring to appraise the value of such personal assets, but we recommend it as a conservative method of bookkeeping for the guidance of creditors and others interested in this estate in reaching an opinion as to the probable outcome of the company's affairs."

The report shows that from the opening of the business day of April 20 until the close of May 20 the cash receipts were $144,703.54. There was $128,031.43 in the bank at the time of the receivership. The disbursements up to May 20 were $144,350.89, leaving a balance on hand of $128,384.08.

Discontinue Outside Agencies.

The receivers report that one of the first things they did was to discontinue the agencies outside of New York maintained for the purpose of selling the company's debenture bonds. This has effected a saving of $25,000 a year. The employes' salaries have also been scaled down and in this another saving is effected.

The report says:

"Of the executive officers who were serving at the time of our appointment the President, Mr. (Edward B.) Boynton, offered his services to us without compensation, and of the remaining officers we have retained the services of Messrs. (Austin) Babcock and (Clarence S.) Shumway, who have agreed to serve us for the time being at substantial reductions from their former salaries. These reductions, together with the reductions effected in general maintenance and overhead, construction, and other expenses, aggregate $88,500 per annum.

"In the course of our administration, and acting under the orders of the Court, we have made renewals of leases or new leases in a number of cases, of space in apartment houses and office buildings of the defendant, in order that the value of the rental properties of the defendant might be preserved so far as possible, and we have carried out, or are making arrangements to carry out, certain previously existing contracts relating to parcels of land owned by the defendant which we believe to be beneficial to the estate, including the subordination of purchase money mortgages to permanent financial arrangements in pursuance of such existing contracts.

"Also acting under order of the Court, we have returned to persons making installment payments on accumulated bonds and certificates the amounts of such payments where they were received by us after our appointment as receivers, and we have advised inquiring bondholders that we will not receive further installment payments.

Predicts $100,000 Annual Deficit.

"One of the serious problems with which we are faced is that of obtaining sufficient money to pay taxes, interest on first mortgages and other charges on properties of the defendant, which in our opinion should be preserved for the benefit of the estate.

"It is quite evident that the income from rentals, interest and dividends will not equal the fixed charges for taxes, interest on mortgages, and maintenance and overhead charges. Just how much the deficiency will be cannot now be stated with absolute accuracy, but we think it will be approximately $100,000 a year. This sum is exclusive of the legal and administrative expenses of the receivership. Fortunately, it has not yet been necessary to ask for permission to issue receivers' certificates.

"We have made some sales of second mortgages owned by the company and are contemplating the making of further sales of such securities for the purpose of obtaining sufficient funds to preserve the larger assets of the estate. Sales of second mortgages seldom can be made except at a discount. We expect also to obtain money through sales of building lots."

Trust Co. Increases Capital.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., June 1.—At a special meeting of the Directors of the Plainfield Trust Company this afternoon it was voted to increase the capital stock from $100,000 to $300,000, creating a capital, surplus, and undivided profit account of more than $600,000, and giving it a larger working capital. It was voted to offer each stockholder, at par, two shares of the new stock for each share of the old stock held. This company was established in 1902, and its deposits have grown to more than $6,000,000.

$21,714,327 GEM IMPORTS.

Total Thus Far Indicates $50,000,000 Will Enter Country This Year.

May imports of diamonds and other precious stones made a record, according to a report made by Examiner William B. Treadwell yesterday to Appraiser of the Port Sague. Their value was set down at $5,023,026, against $1,453,552 in the corresponding month last year, and $2,029,755 in May, 1914. Last month's entries were ahead of those of April by $851,779. Mr. Treadwell's report covered practically all gems imported into the United States, as all examinations are made here.

According to Government officials, the unexampled prosperity in this country resulting from war profits and generally favorable trade conditions has brought about the greatest volume of precious stone buying in the history of the United States. This buying, it was stated, was being made in the face of a rising market for gems, notwithstanding the fact that European nations no longer figure as purchasers.

Total imports of gems of all kinds, including pearls, to date for the year, were officially estimated yesterday at $21,714,327. Should the present rate of buying abroad continue, the calendar year's importations will approximate $50,000,000, an excess of $4,000,000 compared with 1913, when buying by dealers was forced owing to the imminence of a new tariff law carrying higher duties. Present heavy buying of gems differs from three years ago in that diamonds and other precious stones are being brought in for what practically amounts to immediate consumption.

The detailed statistics for May were as follows: Cut gems, $3,983,524; uncut, $931,340, and miners' and glaziers' diamonds, $108,762.

LIQUOR LOST IN TRANSIT.

Liable to Tax When Loss Is Not from Unavoidable Accident.

Collectors of Internal Revenue have been advised by Commissioner Osborne of modifications in the rules heretofore governing loss in transit of distilled spirits for export. The new order states that the law of 1879, in authorizing allowance for leakage or loss of distilled spirits in transit for export, limits such allowance to leakage or loss by unavoidable accident.

It is set forth that losses resulting from defective cooperage, improper storage or handling are not allowable under the statute. Accordingly, where unavoidable loss by accident is claimed, the nature and cause of the accident, as well as the extent of the loss, must be satisfactorily shown.

Commissioner Osborne, in announcing the interpretation to be given the provisions of the law in the future said:

"This department, however, recognizes the fact that slight losses incident to transportation may occur without fault or negligence of either the shippers or carriers; but where the loss reported as to any package exceeds one proof gallon the loss, unless shown to have resulted from unavoidable accident, will be regarded as due to some avoidable cause, and the tax due on the spirits so lost will be collected."

The Commissioner drew the attention of officials to the fact that such sections as were inconsistent with the changes just made were repealed.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 1.—Forty-two corporations, with aggregate capitalization of $8,322,500 were chartered today. They include:

Manufacturers' Iron and Steel Corporation, $8,000,000, $3,000,000 preferred 7 per cent. cumulative; W. J. McCurdy, H. M. Hilten, H. Gustow, Manhattan.

Collon Lighterage Corporation, navigation, $100,000; G. B. Goldin, J. F. Sandefur, E. J. Villanyi, 400 Convent Av.

U. V. Abbott, Inc., laundering machinery, dyeing, cleaning establishments, $25,000; H. B. Platt, M. C. Smith, U. V. Abbott, 7 Park Terrace, White Plains.

Light Metals Corporation, mining, manufacturing, $30,000; L. Barmister, L. G. Taylor, W. H. Seemann, 1,061 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

Hendrycy & Smith, Inc., Brooklyn, realty, construction, commission, $20,000; C. F. Hendrycy, J. J. and F. F. Smith, 764 Rogers Av., Brooklyn.

A. and W. Film Corporation, $10,000; W. G. Keir, E. V. Reiss, A. Press, 64 West 12th St.

Goodson Igniter and Electric Company, Inc., patented articles, $10,000; J. F. Potter, S. Diamant, S. A. Potter, 60 West 129th St.

The Rialto Restaurant and French Bakery Inc., $10,000; M. Sanders, A. and J. Pinsky, 148 West 49th St.

Plotkin Brothers, Inc., women's wearing apparel, $10,000; J. M. Brown, A. L. Katlin, N. Plotkin, 89 Powell St., Brooklyn.

Fulton Novelty Company, Inc., Fulton, automatic poultry feeders, inventions, $10,000; V. D. Calkins, J. C. Ferris, F. R. Parks, 234 Cayuga St., Fulton.

United Tea and Coffee Corporation, Albany, dairy products, premiums, teas, spices, coffee, $10,000. G. Vanderbilt, J. M. Gleekstone, W. A. Ramsey, 478 Madison Av., Albany.

Castilla Corporation, realty, construction, capital no par value, begin business with $6,000; J. J. O'Connor, J. J. McDonald, B. F. Martin, 88 West 90th St.

L. H. and S., Inc., dry goods, embroidery, tailors' dressmakers' supplies, $6,000; M. Satzkis, H. Hochberg, J. Lowenberg, 114 West 99th St.

F. S. Odell Engineering Corporation, Portchester, surveyors, engineers, contractors, realty, $5,000; E. R. and E. Washburn, F. S. Odell, 110 Westchester Av., Portchester.

Gorman & Lees, Inc., contracting, construction, mining, $5,000; D. E. Griffith, E. & E. J. Lees, 237 West 26th St.

Wilson Veneer Company, Inc., Rome, veneer, lumber, $5,000; J. D. Monahon, J. M. and M. E. Wilson, Rome.

Geo. W. Crawbuck Company, Inc., florists, supplies, $5,000; H. W. Gallaer, H. T. Phillips, G. W. Crawbuck, 172 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

Russ Mebel, Inc., hats, $5,000; S. Braunberg, S. Tarnowski, H. Russ, 385 East 16th St., Brooklyn.

Jeannette Dress Company, Inc., ladies' wearing apparel, $5,000; L. Gelb, J. and A. Seidl, 143 Madison Av.

Fordham Theater Company, Inc., Bronx, theatrical, $5,000; C. M. Rosenthal, L. A. and W. B. Ochs, 112 Cathedral Parkway.

Whiton & Livingston, Inc., manage concerts, recitals, musical performances, secure employment for artists, $5,000; C. A., P. A. and J. H. Livingston, Jr., Oakland Gardens, Rye.

T. V. T. Motors Corporation, motors, engines, machinery, supplies, $5,000; L. T. and G. N. Thurber, W. R. M. Very, 119 Elm St., New Rochelle.

Authorizations—Loft Inc., Richmond, Va., candy, confectionery, sugar glucose, chewing gum, $4,000,000. Representative, Jacob R. Haas, 400 Broome St., Manhattan.

Madison Ribbon Company, Inc., Paterson, N. J., ribbons, textiles, $100,000. Representative, Claudius M. Offray, 387 Fourth Av., New York.

Peerless Light Company, Inc., Chicago, Ill., mantles, fixtures, burners, lamps, chemicals, $10,000. Representative, Gustave Frankel, 82 West Broadway, New York.

B. C. F. Realty Corporation, Massachusetts, $100,000; Harvey B. Newins, 233 Broadway, New York.

Carman Supply Company, Inc., Chicago, Ill., laundry supplies, $20,000. Representative, George M. Strain, 50 Broad St., New York.

Capital Increases—The Grolier Society of London, Manhattan, $10,000 to $300,000; Apollo Club Holding Corporation, Brooklyn, $15,000 to $50,000; Arthur Grain and Coal Company, Copenhagen, $50,000 to $60,000; Southampton on the Hills Development Corporation, New York, $25,000 to $50,000; Snyder Snap Butler and Fastener Company, Inc., Manhattan, $250,000 to $500,000.

Voluntary Dissolutions—Vedell, Dilloff Company, Manhattan; Crudol Products Corporation, Manhattan; John P. Smith Company, Nyack; Ide Brothers Company, Albany; Queensboro Remnant Store, in Queens.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., June 1.—Charters filed: Grove Realty Co., Jersey City, N. J., real estate; $2,000; David Scheider, Jacob Heyman, Samuel Heyman, Jersey City.

Edward F. Terry Realty Co., Kearney, real estate; $10,000; James F. Thornley, Frederick H. Stokes, George W. Geiling.

Commercial Credits Co., Bayonne, general mercantile agency; $125,000; Samuel Berman, New York; Harris Rosenzweig and Sarah Levy, Bayonne.

American Chemical & Metals Co., Newark, manufacture and deal in chemicals, metals, and minerals; $100,000; Martin W. Hillmyer, Newark; Ralph W. Pope, Philadelphia, and Benjamin F. Jones, Newark.

Weequahic Bus Co., Newark, conduct a jitney bus transportation business; $50,000; Louis Karasik, Henry Epstein, Rose Karasik, Newark.

Vim Truck Sales Co., Camden, manufacture and deal in motors, engines, and machinery; $10,000; F. R. Hansell, I. C. Clow, John A. MacPeak.

Carteret Improvement Co., Newark, real estate; $25,000; Henry Ziruth, Rew Litvany, and Elizabeth I. Quinn.

Garfield Development Co., Jersey City, real estate and development; $25,000; Henry E. Burr, E. Edward Burr, James R. Sanders, Jersey City.

Highlands Amusement Co., Highlands, conduct moving picture theatres; Harry A. Sculthorp, Jesse Sculthorp, and George E. Jenkinson, Jr.

5½% Guaranteed first mortgage certificates pay 5½%. They have the same safety as Guaranteed first mortgages and can be had in amounts of $25 and over. Send for booklet "H".
FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
Capital and Surplus, $625,000
Bridge Plaza, N., L. I. City, N. Y.

DO YOUR PART IN THE CAMPAIGN FOR
THRIFT
Open a Savings Share Account with $1 or More and Make It Grow.
Begin Now or Write for Booklet A.
The Franklin Society
FOR HOME BUILDING AND SAVINGS,
38 Park Row, New York City.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY
DIVIDEND NO. 39

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of One Dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared, payable at the Treasurer's Office, No. 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on July 1, 1916, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, May 31, 1916. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend. Cheques will be mailed only to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders.

A. K. VAN DEVENTER, Treasurer.
May 11, 1916.

Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company

June 1, 1916.

The Broad of Directors has declared dividends of One and One-half Per Cent. for quarter ending June 30, 1916, and One and One-half Per Cent. on account accumulated dividends on the preferred stock of this company, payable on July 15, 1916, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business June 30, 1916. Checks for such dividends will be mailed to the holders of voting trust certificates for preferred stock of record June 30, 1916. Transfer books will not be closed.

L. F. BOWER, Secretary.

Benjamin Franklin says:
"Would you persuade, speak of interest not of reason."

THE practice of the *Franklin Trust Company* in crediting interest *monthly* on depositors' balances is only one instance of the up-to-date service this Company is always glad to render its depositors.

Established 1888
Franklin Trust Company
New York Office: 46 Wall Street
Brooklyn Offices: 166 Montague Street, 569 Fulton Street

Foreign Exchange
The Guaranty Trust Company of New York buys and sells foreign exchange at current rates and has excellent facilities for financing imports and exports, and for handling collections on all parts of the world.

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY
Fifth Av. & 38th St. Fifth Av. & 60th St.
ACTS AS EXECUTOR, GUARDIAN, TRUSTEE, ETC.
Allows Interest on Deposits.

Metropolitan Trust Co
acts as agent in relieving customers of detail and trouble in compiling Federal Income Tax returns.
49 Wall Street

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE.—Office of Depot Quartermaster, New York, N. Y.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 1 P. M., June 5, 1916, and then opened, for furnishing 2,680 pairs Boots, rubber; 7,000 Collars; 4,869 Cords, breast; 286,610 Cords, hat; 17,259 Cords, hat, tying; 47,000 Cravats; 1,143,960 pairs Drawers, summer; 140,759 pairs Drawers, winter; 5,300 pairs Gauntlets, winter; 53,200 pairs Gloves, white, cotton; 24,108 pairs Gloves, horsehide, yellow; 48,584 pairs Gloves, riding; 73,310 pairs Gloves, wool, o. d.; 100 Hats, oiled; 206,674 Hats, service; 150,000 pairs Laces, breeches; 385,000 pairs Laces, leggin; 605,000 pairs Laces, shoe; 253,565 pairs Leggins, canvas; 30,000 pairs Leggins, leather; 4,250 pairs Overshoes, arctic; 24,538 pairs Shoes, gymnasium; 20,118 Slickers; 318,139 pairs Stockings, cotton; 1,500,000 pairs Stockings, wool, lt. wt.; 18,000 pairs Stockings, wool, hy. wt.; 4,150 pairs Suspenders; 1,000,000 undershirts, cotton, collarette; 114,760 Undershirts, winter, collarette; 2,500 Arrestors, spark; 62,500 Bars, mosquito, single; 15,300 Bedsteads, single; 162,000 Blankets, wool, o. d.; 165,000 Brooms, corn; 102,500 Brushes, scrubbing; 2,500 Bugles, with slings; 54,000 Cases, pillow; 10,000 Chairs, barrack; 34,500 Cots; 650 Desks, field, small; 3,000 Headnets, mosquito; 30,000 Lockers, trunk; 25,000 Mattresses; 28,000 lbs. Napthaline, flake; 1,300 gals. Oil, neatsfoot; 25,000 Pillows; 860,000 Pins, tent, large; 435,000 Pins, tent, small; 237,500 Pins, tent, shelter; 10,000 Poles, tent, pyramidal; 33,500 Poles, tent, shelter; 250 Poles, tent, wall, ridge, large; 600 Pouches, music, large; 50 Pouches, music, small; 20,000 Receivers, card, bedstead; 100,000 Sheets, bed; 100 Slings, color, o. d.; 1,000 Stands, music; 260 Sticks, size, shoe; 2,500 Stoves, tent; 4,500 Whistles and chains; 1,360,000 Buttons, coat, bronze, large; 2,600,000 Buttons, coat, small; 172,000 Buttons, coat, gilt, large; 712,500 Buttons, overcoat, bronze; 1,400,000 yds. Cloth, cotton, o. d.; 600,000 yds. Denim, blue; 205,600 yds. Drilling, unbleached; 100,000 yds. Duck, bleached, 6½ to 7 oz.; 22,100 yds. Duck, khaki, No. 4, 42-in.; 40,500 yds. Duck, unbleached, No. 8, 34-in.; 158,000 yds. Duck, unbleached, 8 to 9 oz., 40-in.; 300,000 yds. Duck, khaki, 8-oz.; 1,685,000 yds. Duck, khaki, 12.4-oz.; 500,000 yds. Duck, shelter tent; 500,000 yds. Flannel, shirting, o. d.; 500,000 yds. Meltons, o. d., 16-oz.; 300,000 yds. Meltons, o. d., 30-oz.; 65,000 yds. Padding, canvas; 124,000 yds. Serge, luster wool, lt. wt.; 200,000 yds. Silesia, o. d.; 300,000 Tent slips, No. 2; 260,000 Tent slips, No. 3; 10,800 Tent plates and chains; 16,500 Tent squares. Further information upon application.

SEALED BIDS will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, June 13, 1916, for Contract 144, for the construction of two concrete-stone and brick buildings, approximately 40 feet by 15 feet by 20 feet, 820 square yards of brick pavement, 600 feet of balustrade and doing miscellaneous work at Silver Lake reservoir, Staten Island. The foundations for the buildings have been built and the pavement foundation will be built under another contract.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President.
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners, Board of Water Supply.
GEORGE FEATHERSTONE, Secretary.

Charcoal Iron Co.
of America
Statement March 31, 1916

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Cost of properties	$8,008,343.61	Capital Stock:	
Current Assets—		Preferred stock 6% cumulative from July 1, '15	$5,217,250.00
Inventories	1,360,281.22	Common stock	2,839,350.00
Accounts receivable	261,768.92	Current liabilities	1,311,523.88
Advance payment on iron ore	168,953.12	Reserves	140,525.92
Cash, miscellaneous advances, etc.	79,155.66	Surplus	369,852.73
	$9,878,502.53		$9,878,502.53

The Company earned $99,180.02 net for April, 1916, and is now earning at the rate of over $100,000 per month.

In the statement above, 170,000 acres of hardwood timber, owned by the Company, was valued at from $18 to $20 per acre. The present value is conservatively estimated at from $25 to $30 per acre.

The Company has 40 miles of railroad fully equipped for its business. It has six different plants located as follows: Manistique, Newberry, Boyne City, Chocolay, Elk Rapids, Michigan, and Ashland, Wisconsin.

The Company is the largest producer of wood alcohol, charcoal iron and acetate of lime in the United States.

The present Company was organized July, 1915, and has no bonded debt. The net value of its properties is estimated to be in excess of the face value of both issues of stock.

We solicit orders in both classes of stock

LIVINGSTON & CO.
Members of the New York Stock Exchange
51 & 53 Exchange Place, N. Y. Phone 6742 Hanover

While we do not guarantee the above statements, the facts have been obtained from sources which we believe to be reliable.

THE AMERICAN CITIES COMPANY

having given notice of its intention to provide necessary funds for the retirement of $2,500,000 American Cities Company Collateral Trust 5-6% Gold Bonds, the undersigned Trustee, in accordance with the terms of the indenture of date July 1, 1911, has drawn for payment on July 1, 1916, at this bank, the following bonds, namely:

BONDS OF $100 DENOMINATION.

A 8 to J 8 inc.
A 12 to J 12 do.
A 16 to J 16 do.
A 17 to J 17 do.
A 23 to J 23 do.
A 29 to J 29 inc.
A 31 to J 31 do.
A 42 to J 42 do.
A 45 to J 45 do.
A 53 to J 53 do.
A 62 to J 62 inc.
A 71 to J 71 do.
A 73 to J 73 do.
A 74 to J 74 do.
A 76 to J 76 inc.
A 77 to J 77 do.
A 79 to J 79 do.
A 92 to J 92 do.

BONDS OF $1,000 DENOMINATION.

112 113 119 126 129 131 133 134 137 144 150 153 154 160 169 170 175 182 192 194 199 211 212 216 218 220 221 226 235 238 246 250 251 252 253 263 264 266 268 269 277 278 294 297 302 306 313 336 337 342 343 349 350 352 354 355 358 363 364 367 371 383 384 388 389 393 397 399 407 409 410 413 417 421 422 428 435 446 447 448 457 461 463 464 466 471 473 476 486 491 492 496 498 500 502 507 512 515 525 526 529 536 540 542 543 546 553 556 562 567 576 583 593 596 600 604 605 613 615 623 626 627 628 632 637 638 641 653 657 662 663 666 674 675 679 680 684 686 690 693 696 697 706 708 716 720 722 728 730 732 734 737 742 747 750 763

765 781 791 799 801 804 814 821 823 836 837 845 851 858 859 861 865 866 868 873 878 882 886 887 888 889 892 896 898 902 906 915 917 922 923 926 928 929 930 937 938 949 957 962 972 975 976 985 989 991 993 994 997 1000 1002 1009 1010 1018 1019 1022 1023 1035 1037 1043 1045 1051 1055 1058 1064 1069 1072 1073 1080 1085 1090 1094 1095 1097 1098 1099 1100 1103 1104 1110 1112 1113 1115 1120 1122 1127 1130 1131 1133 1136 1137 1140 1150 1159 1163 1164 1166 1169 1173 1176 1182 1187 1189 1191 1197 1200 1201 1204 1209 1214 1217 1218 1227 1229 1232 1233 1247 1249 1250 1251 1252 1264 1271 1276 1293 1296 1300 1302 1309 1311 1317 1318 1321 1325 1328 1329 1332 1337 1339 1341 1344 1346 1350 1353 1363 1364 1366 1367 1372 1377 1378

1381 1385 1386 1389 1391 1393 1395 1400 1403 1409 1411 [illegible] 1703 1712 1728 1735 1742 1745 1746 1754 1760 1763 1767 1769 1776 1784 1791 1795 1796 1805 1806 1809 1812 1814 1820 1824 1825 1835 1838 1839 1848 1852 1855 1859 1860 1866 1872 1875 1887 1892 1893 1897 1899 1903 1907 1908 1911 1916 1917 1918 1920 1923 1924 1925 1931 1935 1936 1937 1939 1945 1953 1955 1958 1962 1967 1974 1975 1976 1987 1990 1994 1997 2008 2012 2040 2041 2055

2057 2061 2063 2069 2071 2072 2087 2090 2092 2096 2104 [illegible] 2340 2341 2344 2347 2350 2352 2365 2370 2372 2375 2382 2390 2392 2395 2396 2398 2402 2409 2411 2413 2416 2417 2420 2427 2428 2432 2437 2438 2442 2445 2446 2447 2450 2453 2468 2471 2472 2478 2484 2485 2489 2499 2501 2504 2505 2510 2519 2521 2525 2527 2531 2533 2544 2550 2556 2557 2562 2563 2564 2570 2573 2574 2580 2581 2584 2585 2591 2603 2606 2628 2631 2637 2639 2645 2646

2648 2649 2651 2660 2663 2664 2679 2681 2682 2686 2687 [illegible] 2938 2939 2945 2946 2947 2952 2958 2966 2967 2971 2973 2980 2983 2987 2991 2992 2993 2995 3009 3013 3014 3016 3021 3022 3023 3024 3025 3029 3038 3042 3045 3046 3055 3057 3058 3068 3072 3077 3079 3089 3091 3094 3100 3109 3112 3114 3132 3134 3135 3137 3144 3146 3152 3153 3154 3155 3158 3167 3170 3171 3173 3177 3178 3193 3195 3197 3200 3204 3206 3208 3215 3220 3222 3224 3226

3232 3234 3236 3238 3240 3243 3252 3253 3254 3259 3265 [illegible] 3533 3534 3543 3545 3548 3551 3554 3558 3563 3564 3565 3579 3595 3604 3608 3611 3614 3616 3618 3625 3632 3634 3638 3639 3641 3643 3645 3646 3654 3655 3656 3662 3665 3670 3681 3698 3700 3715 3721 3722 3734 3736 3745 3751 3754 3755 3757 3770 3781 3785 3799 3813 3815 3816 3819 3820 3826 3828 3830 3831 3860 3863 3864 3865 3867 3868 3869 3873 3875 3877 3882 3884 3889 3892 3895

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5791 5794 5795 5798 5804 5811 5818 5822 5824 5829 5833 [illegible] 6117 6119 6124 6125 6130 6132 6136 6137 6138 6140 6145 6146 6151 6153 6159 6171 6173 6177 6181 6189 6197 6198 6199 6200 6205 6209 6213 6220 6221 6226 6228 6229 6232 6247 6249 6251 6254 6255 6258 6260 6265 6268 6271 6276 6284 6288 6294 6295 6302 6305 6306 6314 6315 6316 6318 6320 6325 6328 6334 6339 6344 6346 6348 6351 6352 6354 6356 6364 6366 6371 6380 6381 6382 6385 6386

6387 6389 6390 6391 6392 6393 6402 6409 6414 6418 6420 [illegible] 6675 6677 6681 6685 6688 6691 6698 6699 6701 6702 6705 6716 6726 6727 6731 6732 6740 6744 6747 6749 6750 6756 6768 6770 6775 6787 6793 6796 6804 6806 6807 6809 6811 6816 6818 6831 6833 6835 6837 6839 6846 6847 6849 6855 6865 6867 6868 6871 6884 6888 6892 6896 6904 6907 6912 6916 6921 6925 6933 6934 6937 6940 6942 6947 6949 6950 6951 6954 6955 6956 6960 6966 6969 6970 6982

6983 6987 7003 7004 7006 7013 7018 7021 7022 7026 7030 [illegible] 7312 7314 7320 7335 7338 7341 7342 7351 7354 7359 7361 7368 7371 7373 7375 7378 7382 7399 7406 7414 7417 7430 7432 7443 7445 7451 7452 7459 7461 7481 7483 7490 7493 7499 7503 7504 7511 7512 7513 7514 7515 7516 7520 7523 7534 7535 7540 7542 7544 7549 [illegible] 7557 7567 7568 7570 7572 7574 7575 7576 7581 7595 7602 7605 7607 7610 7620 7624 7625 7626 7636 7641 7644 7646 7648 7652

7656 7657 7658 7667 7676 7683 7684 7685 7688 7695 [illegible] 7952 7956 7960 7967 7968 7975 7977 7978 7984 7987 7994 8002 8005 8008 8020 8023 8025 8026 8027 8035 8041 8043 8046 8048 8053 8055 8057 8070 8073 8075 8076 8080 8083 8092 8093 8100 8112 8114 8120 8122 8129 8134 8135 8136 8137 8144 8145 8150 8156 8157 8165 8176 8180 8188 8189 8198 8199 8204 8206 8209 8211 8212 8213 8214 8222 8225 8227 8235 8238 8241 8245 8248 8254 8259 8262

8263 8265 8267 8276 8278 8281 8291 8300 8301 8315 8317 [illegible] 8613 8617 8620 8624 8629 8630 8631 8633 8634 8636 8637 8639 8641 8644 8646 8647 8650 8652 8653 8657 8661 8662 8663 8664 8666 8674 8677 8678 8680 8682 8686 8688 8694 8696 8706 8710 8712 8715 8716 8721 8722 8725 8730 8735 8736 8739 8748 8749 8751 8754 8756 8758 8763 8764 8769 8770 8771 8781 8782 8783 8784 8789 8792 8793 8795 8796 8799 8801 8802 8803 8807 8809 8813 8815 8816

8817 8819 8820 8821 8830 8831 8840 8842 8844 8853 [illegible] 9111 9114 9115 9118 9119 9125 9127 9130 9133 9135 9136 9147 9149 9151 9152 9153 9154 9155 9158 9159 9163 9166 9168 9169 9171 9180 9182 9183 9197 9200 9203 9219 9225 9229 9233 9236 9243 9245 9246 9248 9254 9258 9262 9265 9266 9267 9272 9273 9277 9280 9281 9283 9290 9296 9306 9316 9322 9326 9328 9329 9333 9339 9345 9365 9367 9370 9373 9376 9377 9386 9390 9391 9395 9399 9400

[illegible] 10000

which bonds must be presented to the Trustee with the July, 1916, and subsequent coupons attached. Interest on the said bonds will cease on and after July 1, 1916.

WHITNEY-CENTRAL TRUST & SAVINGS BANK, Trustee,
New Orleans, Louisiana.

The Cleveland and Mahoning Valley Railway Company.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Cleveland and Mahoning Valley Railway Company for the election of nine (9) directors and such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, No. 506 Commercial Bank Building, Cleveland, Ohio, between the hours of 11 and 11:30 A. M. on Wednesday, the 5th of July, 1916.

TRUE PERKINS, Secretary.
June 2, 1916.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.
16, 18, 20, and 22 William Street, New York City.

The Annual Election for Directors of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company will be held at the office of the Company on Tuesday, June 13th, 1916. Polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

AUGUSTUS V. HEELY, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership lately subsisting between WILLIAM FORSBERG and EDWARD PODSENICK, under the firm name of FORSBERG ELECTRICAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, with a place of business at No. 506 West Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, was dissolved on the 23d day of May, 1916, by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be received by the undersigned, said William Forsberg, and all accounts due from said partnership are to be presented to him for payment.

WILLIAM FORSBERG.
Dated May 29, 1916.

THE FIRM OF GRINNELL WILLIS & CO., having expired by limitation on May 31st, 1916, is on this day succeeded by the firm of Watts, Stebbins & Co., composed of Ridley Watts, Horace C. Stebbins, Charles H. Murphy, Arthur R. Johnson, Benjamin S. Dennis and C. Whitney Dall.

The firm of Watts, Stebbins & Co. will assume all the obligations of Grinnell Willis & Co.

MOVING-PICTURE MACHINES.

Their Status Under the Tariff Fixed by Customs Court.

The status of moving picture machines was fixed yesterday when the United States Court of Customs Appeals reached the conclusion that, in the absence of any specific provision in the law for such articles, they became dutiable at 25 per cent. under Paragraph 94 as "frames and mountings for projection lenses."

While the American Express Company appeared as the protestant of record, it was understood that the actual importers were Pathe Freres of this city and Paris, the merchandise in controversy being described on the invoices as "Pathescopes." Collector Malone held that the machines were dutiable at 30 per cent. as "frames for optical instruments." This view was not approved by the Board of General Appraisers, which reversed the Collector and ordered the "movies" admited at the 25 per cent. rate. The Government then appealed to the court.

The importers, in addition to the claim under the projection lenses' paragraph, raised the point that the articles might come under the manufactured metal article provision calling for a custom tax of 20 per cent., but neither the board nor the court considered this claim.

Judge Smith, in his decision for the court, after considering the arguments of Assistant Attorney General Hanson in behalf of the Government, summed up the conclusions of the court as follows:

"In our opinion, the evidence in this case very clearly establishes that the metal support, the reels, the electric lamp, the mirror, the condenser, and the motive machinery are all instrumentalities designed to aid and assist the projection lens in producing on a screen an enlargement of the small pictures on the film, and that without such appliances the projection lens would be wholly ineffective for that purpose. Unquestionably the completed article would be a moving-picture machine and possibly it might be regarded as an optical instrument.

"Nevertheless, it would be at the same time a projection lens supported by the frame and fitted with the adjuncts which make it available for use. From that it follows that, even if the frame here involved be considered as the frame for an optical instrument, it is none the less the frame for a projection lens, and as frames for projection lenses are provided for in Paragraph 94, that provision must be preferred to the less specific and more comprehensive provision in Paragraph 93 covering frames for optical instruments."

ANGORA HAIR NOT WOOL.

Cloth Made of It Is Not Dutiable Under Wool Provision.

Articles made wholly or in chief value of the hair of the Angora goat, alpaca, and other like animals not specially provided for cannot enter under the wool cloth provision of the present tariff law, according to a decision by Judge Barber in the United States Court of Customs Appeals. A change in the phraseology in the law at the last revision resulted in a test case being brought by S. Rosenberg & Co. of this city.

The merchandise figuring in the test case consisted of mohair coat linings, which the Appraiser assessed at 40 per cent. as cloth made from the hair of the Angora goat. The importers claimed that, the goods being coat linings and made of wool, should pay 35 per cent. duty. The firm, supported by the trade, maintained before the Board of General Appraisers that the word "wool," both in its common meaning and as used in Schedule K, included the hair of the Angora goat, and further that the term "coat linings" employed in the paragraph under which duty was claimed took precedence over the generic name "cloth."

The Government counsel argued that Congress when framing the Act of 1913 showed a definite purpose to clearly distinguish Angora goat's hair and like products from wool and its products and that, to give full effect to the Congressional change, the Custom House classification should be upheld. The board affirmed the 40 per cent. assessment, the importers appealing to the Customs Court.

Judge Barber, affirming the board, said that to sustain the importers' contention "would be clearly disregarding the mandate of Congress" as implied in the changed phraseology in the present law. The court added that the coat linings, being cloth made of Angora goat hair, could not be classified as claimed by the importers. The Government attorneys are of the belief that the court's decision would automatically throw Angora, alpaca and like animal hair goods out of Schedule K.

TEST CASE ON INDIGOIDS.

Such Compounds Held to be Duty Free, Like Indigo Itself.

In a test case brought by Hensel, Bruckmann & Lorbacher the Board of General Appraisers yesterday held that the synthetic compounds, Thioindigo red, Thioindigo scarlet, and Thioindigo pink were in a tariff sense obtained from indigo within the meaning of Paragraph 514, Act of 1913, and were, therefore, free of duty, although by improved methods of manufacture they were made directly and synthetically without conversion into indigo itself.

The Collector here classified the merchandise at 30 per cent. under the provision reading "coal tar colors or dyes not specially provided for." The chief contention of the importers was for free entry under Paragraph 514 specifying "indigo, natural or synthetic, and dyes obtained from indigo."

At the trial witnesses for the importers stated that indigo was present in the dyestuffs in modified form. It was shown that the dyes in controversy were substantially and chemically dyes obtained from indigo, having the same or substantially the same chemical constituents as dyes obtained from the substance indigo, although they were, in fact, manufactured from naphthalene.

Judge Brown, in his decision for the board, said the tribunal would be treating Congress as if it were making a very close and fine scientific distinction if it should hold, as contended by the Government, that the indigoids directly produced from indigo should fall into a different class from those which were formed directly without technically going through the step which included the indigo formula, although the characteristic "color" group of indigo remained throughout. He added:

"We, therefore, hold that Paragraph 514 was not only designed to include synthetic indigo itself, but also derivatives of indigo made directly by synthesis, whether or not the intervening steps included at some stage the technical formula for indigo. No reason can be imagined why the Congress should have intended to tax an indigoid because at no stage of its process of manufacture the technical formula of indigo appeared, and then disintegrated, and to leave the same substance free if such formula did so appear."

WESTCHESTER COUNTY COURTS

Supreme Court.

PART I.—Morschauser J. Case on—Shiverick<Bonsall.

PART II.—Tompkins, J. Case on—Seigerious<Black.

PART III.—Young, J.—Special Term for motions only.

Cade<Clark, (2.)
Worden<Worden.
Johnson<Parodi.
Horton<Wilmerding.
Raynes<Raynes.
Re Lewis as Dist Atty<Carter.
Westphal<Spring Water Co.
Johnson<Rudden.
Clark<Land Sec Co.

Surrogate's Court.

Sawyer, S.—At White Plains.

Wills for probate:
Sarah F Sperry,
Thomas E Price,
Enoch Sniffin,
Annie Slater,
Annie B Dunscomb,
Leah Bartley,
Emeline Foshay,
Rachel Badt,
Norman T Harcourt.
Motion:
Edward L Gard.
Trust accounting:
Rosena Pease.
Ad'm'r's acc't'g:
Mary Keating.
Re transfer tax:
Harriet L Schuyler.
Ex'c't'r's acc't'g:
Fletcher A Mead,
Jared V Peck,
John F Craddock,
Samuel M Jarvis,
Alexander Beard.
Petition for Ad'm'n:
Josephine Gaw,
Compulsory Acc't'g:
Michael Elmore,
Erskine Van Houten.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Ward, J.—Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
U S<Karplus.
Henry<Oceanic Steam Nav Co.
Shubert Theatrical Co<Sherman Natl Bank.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N Hand, J.—Room 235 P. O. Building at 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.
Goodwin<Camp, (2.)
Gaffney<Tug Bridgton
Keller<Dailey.
Woodburn<Tug Ira M Hedges.
Scallan<Int High Speed, &c, Co.
Cohen<Bge Josephine.
Re SS Titanic.
Atlantic Fruit Co<Engelbrecht.
Bleakley<NY Trap Rock Co.
Colgate<Colgate.
Furness-Withy<SS Camins.
Caplan<Tehauntepec R C Co.
US<Lugerman & Morrison.
Inventions Corp<Hobbs.
Halverson<NY Life Ins Co.
Nordisk<Popular Play & Players.
Univ Transp Co<SS Ada.
U S Hoffman Co<Am Laundry Mach Co.
Gould<St L, &c, Ry.
London<Biograph Co.
Jameson<Tug C R Stone.
Remonda<Aktiea.
Tesla<Marconi.
Cambria<Pressed Steel Car Co.
Kawneen<Zouri.
Stallo<Wagner.
Livingston<Lowe.
Haas<Feist.
Goodwin<Camp, (2.)
Corrugated P P Co<Paper W Mach Co.
Am Oil, &c, Co<West Gas Con Co.
Cook<Flagg.
US<Herzberger.
Sherman<Shubert.
Foos Gas Engine Co<Gramercy Choc Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Grubb, J.—Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Case on—Isaksen<Steiner.
No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Room 1, 12th floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M. Equity calendar.
Case on—Marconi Wireless Tel Co of Am<De Forest Radio T & T Co.
No day calendar.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 2 P. M. in Room 323, P. O. Building.
Discharges:
Eugene T Gregorie,
Samuel Cohen,
Louis Edelstein,
Byron J Yeaple,
Benjamin F Isaacs,
Henry A W Spencer,
Samuel Goldenbaum.
Compositions:
Berger Bros Bazaar, Inc.
Brodie Mfg Co., Inc.
Motions:
Annie L Scattergood.
Rockaway Soda Water Mfg Co, (2.)
Meyer Walker,
B & G Schmidt,
Woerth & Konradi,
John Wygand,
William F Messiter,
Sam Abrams,
Guilio Bonanno,
Harry Aronson,
Henry G Blaesser,
G Franklin Stringer,
David E Callaghan,
De Francisci Bros Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10 A. M. in Room 312, P. O. Building—Bankruptcy.
Gussie Nankin.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR—
People<Bertlini.
Same<Luban.
Riverside Cont Co<NYC.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Clark, P. J.; Laughlin, Dowling, Page, and Davis, JJ.—At 10 A. M. Motions.
Cusick<CNY.
Bodenheim<same.
Connolly<Osborne.
Gioell<Swift & Co.
Lindemann<Von Meyer.
Stimel<Fantl.
Re Connell (Craig).
Re same (Barrows).
Mulligan<Lamberti.
People<Stahl.
Same<Fox (2).
Coggey<Watson.
Cameron<Levin.
Illinois Surety Co<Herrman.
Wolff<De Vaux.
Greenwald<No 501 West 113th St, Inc.
McKeon<Amoskeag.
Fithian<Degnon Cont.
Miller<Zimmerman.
Matis<Lewis.
Eagle Waterproof Co<NY Mackintosh.
Stevens<Schweitzer.
Pollock<Cent Fish Co.
Newburger Morris Co<Talcott.
NY & Boston Des Ex Co<Carroll.
Agminas<Wilkes-Barre Colliery Co.
Beardsley<Sherrill.
Landes<Landes.
Stone<Wm M Eisen.
Horbach<Arkell (2).
Gallagher<An Order of Hibernians of NY.
Schwartz<Rogers.
White Rats<Illinois Surety Co.
Lepow<Briskman.
Hart<Equitable Life.
Oppenheim<Met St Ry
U S Press Assoc<Frank Presbrey Co.
Re Harris (Hilton).
Schwartz<Rogers.
Todd<Brown.
Chaplin<Vitagraph, &c
N Y Life Ins & Trust Co<Wells.
Barclay<Barclay.
National Surety Co<Weuninger.

NONENUMERATED MOTIONS—At 10:30 A. M.
Re T B Kent, as trustee, &c.
Herbert<St Paul Fire & Marine Ins Co.
Staub<Int R T Co.
Rothschild<Morgan.
Pecor<Delamater.
Farson<Croisic Rlty Co et al.
Akron Bldg Co<R T Subway Const Co.
Roeder<Mayer.
Berman<Miller.
Joseph<Joseph.
McGrath<CNY.
Kowalchek<Buck Run Coal Co.
Cahill<Star Co.
Biddinger<same.
Khon<Harris.
Merchant Tailors' Soc<Local Union 390.
Kraus<Queens County Water Co.
Altscheuler<Brower.
Pirie<Pirie.
B Altman & Co<Sydco Photoplay Corp.
Hirst<Sperry & H.
Lillie<H C Stowe Const Co.
Ribot<N Y Rys.
Southern Amus Co<Epoch Produc Corp.
Quincey<Emery.
Harris<Tribune Assoc.
Western Union<Gest.
Re Holme, dec'd.
Re H Holme.
Lembert<South Brooklyn Ry.
Agminos<Wilkes-Barre Colliery Co.
Hunter<Hunter.
Grassi Cont Co, Inc<Bennett, &c.
Fraenkell<Fraenkell.
Plancon<Prendergast.
Oppenheim<Met St Ry et al.
U S Press Assoc<Frank Presbrey Co.
Farson<Croisic Rlty.

APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.
Re Lempit
Preston<Hobbs
France<Harris
Goldstein<Rosenzweig.
Carrigan<Renault Transf Co, Inc
Scheffer<Schmid.
Re CNY (Victor St.)
Lynch<Guidet.
Ryan<Lipps.
Dammann<N E Casualty Co.
Re Alpha Elec Supply Co.
Weitsman<B Altman & Co.
Tunstall<Tunstall.
Goldstein<Oppenheim.
Burnofsky<Va F & M Ins Co.
Gabrielle<Gabrielle.
Re B House Co, Inc.
Fox<Mulligan.
Erlanger<Sullivan.
Re Hutton.
Neudorf<Fargatch.
Fremmel<Ruge.
Re Scharf.
Re Simons.
Re Trimble.
Re Young.
Re Hervey.
Re McVey.
Re Ebner.
Re De Jesu.
Re Bickert.
Re Title Guar & Surety Co (Bernfeld.)
Fox<Mulligan.
Re Rosedale Av.
Brachfeld<Brachfeld.
Schlesinger<Smith.
Kalinaski<Harrower.
Knapik<Morris.
McCoskey<Morris.
Allen<Allen.
Sawyer<Mangin.
Badgeley<De Witt.
Filippi<Bennett.
Kramer<Kramer.
Levy<Kurzman (2.)
Daniel<Natl Sauction Cleaner Co (2.)
Van Daniker<S V Peloso Box Co.
Piercy<Piercy.
Schnitzer<Schnitzer.
Bach<Schwartzkopf.
Hall<Rosenthal.
Hungarian Gen Credit Bank<Titus.
Re CNY (Third Av.)
Mitchell<Kelly.
Standard Mail Order Co<Std Mdse Co.
Escher<Thrall Const Co.
Buchanan<James Butler, Inc.
Collins<H C F Koch Co.
Klinghoffer<Kwint.
Sachman<Schlein.
Scherr<Fleck.
Ireland<Zimmerman.
McNamara<Smith.
Greenberg<Apsel.
Gen Synod of the Reformed Church<Lorch.
Wolison<Fleischer.
Wasserman<Ottenberg.
Bernstein<Roth.
Ashkenazy<Benson Const Co.
Reiss<Jeffreys & Co, Inc.
McGovern<G A Suter & Co.
Re Schwartz.
Rosenzweig<Rosenzweig.
Dayton<Crimmins.
Smith<Shapiro.
De Stefano<Armentani.
Re Moreines.
Sundy<Eus Coal [illegible]
Manuga<same.
Lowandhick<same.
Dogin<Dogin.
Elmohar Co<Hasbrouck.
CNY<Empire City Subway Co.
Re Gunghardo.
Daellinger<Daellinger.
Siegal<Lechner (2.)
Harry J. McArdle, Inc<N Y Cent RR.
CNY<Terr.
Tyng<Prendergast.
Elmohar Co<Hasbrouck.
Kingsbury<Hart.
Frohman Amus Co<Blackhorn.
Straight Dry Plate Co<Gozelsky.
Re CNY (Lane Av.)
Smith<Smith.
Fay<Creighton.
Film Exchge<727 7th Av Realty Co.
Farbes<Monarch Motor Car Co.
Re Louis Meyers & Co (Mautner.)
Cohen<Amdor.
Kerr<Ward.
Re Habirshaw Real Estate, Inc.
Walter<Farrell.
Bk for Sav<Althouse.
Bailey<Montgomery.
Universal Film Mfg Co<Ziegler.
Re Kelly.
Griffin<Griffin.
Holzer<Siebert.
Re Cohen.
Zernick<Lauricelli.

PART II.—Hotchkiss, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
Motions:
Altamaha Club<McNeill.
Ritzweller<Lurie.
Bencoe<Finlay.
Flake<Flake.
Thorburn<Gates.
Lewis<Donald SS Co.
Sapovitz<Wolfe.
Tax Lien Co<Gourlie.
SteinhardtBros & Co<Kane.
Onikul<Onikul.
Markus<Markus.
Kramer<Kramer.
Holmes<St Joseph Lead Co, (2.)
Ablowich<Ablowich.
Am Ice Co<CNY.
Steinman<Steinman.
Hannes<Hannes.
Sweetwood<Sweetwood
Stevenson<Stevenson.
Undefended divorces:
Finley,
Bieler,
Schulman,
Barton,
Bridge,
Douglas,
Shannon,
Wiest,
Roberts,
Gardner,
Wiener,
Shevlin,
Peterson.
General calendar:
McCardon<Central Trust Co of N Y.
Beecher<F F Proctor Mount Vernon Co.
Diamond Expansion Bolt Co<U S Expansion Bolt Co.
Moran<Vreeland.
Golieb<Etkin.
Franc<Roth.
Goldstein<Asinoff.
Equitable House & Window Cleaning Co<Zimring.
Melos<Kobre.
Tornquest<Chase.
Phinney<Phinney.
Belmont<Belmont.
Sorg<Univ Elec Welding Co.
Goldstein<Goldstein.
Scheyer<Reitman.
Re Manhattan Ry<Roiche.
The W A Ives Mfg Co<Smith & Hemenway Co.
Wecker<Kraftzof.
Webster<Amer Exch Nat Bank.
Cushman & Denison Mfg Co<Defiance Mfg Co.
Bilby<Lane.
Clear.

PART IV.—Recess.

PART V.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART VI.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Clark, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Cushman<A mend.
No day calendar.

PART III.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Anriotto<Kapner.
No day calendar.

PART IV.—Adjourned for the term.

PART V.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
O'Brien<Lenane.
Byrnes<I R T.
De Kay<Levy.
Clear.

PART VI.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Gizariotis<Nomikes.
Case on—Martino<Grant Co.
No day calendar.

PART VII.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Maguire<N Y Rys.
No day calendar.

PART VIII.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Radt<Greeley Square Hotel Co.
No day calendar.

PART IX.—Weeks, J.—At 9:30 A. M.
Case on—Phillips<F. & D Co.
No day calendar.

PART X.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
No day calendar.

PART XI.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Merrifield<N Eng SS Co.
No day calendar.

PART XII.—Delehanty, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
McCarthy<Int Mer M.
Gortenberg<Block.
Clear.

PART XIII.—Recess.

PART XIV.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
CNY<J. C. Dolph Co.
Barnes<Taylor.
Wittemann<Riviera Rty Co.
Ritzfeld<Harris.
Zucca<Pompeian Co.
Case on.

PART XV.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inq—Chem Nat Bank<Fleitman.
Hoar<Allwell.
Met Flour, &c, Co<Cas Co of Am.
Same<Sprague.
Carbone<Teele.
Case on.

PART XVI.—Recess.

PART XVII.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Nat Aniline & Chem Co<Leerburger.
Case on.

PART XVIII.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Gardner<Thompson & Starrett Co.
No day calendar.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Motion calendar:
Dorothy Reichbach,
Rocco M Morasco,
Louis Koster,
Ruth G Dolese,
Minnie Brown, &c,
Michael Mitchell,
John Heller,
Evelyn M Dalley,
Same<Uffer.
Minnie Megrue,
L C Konemann, inf,
John I Valentine,
David Raphael,
Mary Sheeley,
Elias P Schinsky,
George J Losea,
Edward D Regan,
Simon Rieff,
F M Crawford, inf,
Amelia Kinloch,
Meyer London, (2,)
Layton W Crippen,
Addie O K B Williams
Walker infants,
Alex Cameron, 3d,
Henry Freeman,
Rosie Scrivani,
Addie F B O'Connor,
Joseph Hirout,
George H Lewis,
Angelo Pitocchelli,
Salvatore Di Noto,
Emil Zenius,
Peter Caffrey,
Cristobal N Madan,
John Sullivan,
Gaylord S Truesdell,
Joseph Isaacs,
Henry Kahn,
Donald Mitchell,
Frieda M Young,
Lambert Suydam,
Mary C Callahan,
Louisa C Miller,
Simon Folz,
David Weitzman,
Joseph Weinstein,
Thomas Thorn,
Herman Marcus,
Augustus W Mott,
Neal O'Donnell,
Hugh O'Donnell,
Adelaide Lagassi,
Michael Curley,
Jesse W Powers,
George F Johnson,
Anna U Bowen,
Addie B F O'Connor,
B G W Litchtenberg,
Louise Remsen,
Samuel Frost,
Isi Fischer,
Emily L Thompson,
Louis Gordon,
Benno Horwitz,
Sabatino Pellegrino,
Catherine Shields,
Thomas Templeton,
Eva E Hilton,
George J Gordon,
Mary E Davis,
Henrietta Hilson,
Rosa M Geis,
Maria Flynn,
Addison Brown,
Frank Martin,
Babetha Baruch,
James R Hazen,
Mary Reed,
Parker R Richford,
Joseph Taaffe,
Johan Kricensky,
Wilhelmine Michels,
Josephine G Peters,
Rose T Mosher,
Ellen Dellett,
Philipp Page,
Theodore Hartman,
William H Barrett,
David T Brokaw,
John W Grolz,
Bessie M Butler,
Charles H Livingston,
Myron J Bird,
Everard G Toel,
Anna Planeta,
Walter A Pease,
Louis Kiefer,
Jennie Popper,
Lawrence A Buscher,
Anna Scholl,
Frederick G W Bird,
Moses Selz,
Charles W Morse,
Concezio Ferrusi,
Aaron Cohen,
August Klein,
August Rapp,
Cornelia R Nash,
William De Groot,
Charles M Moore,
Moses Cahn,
Margaret T Schley,(3.)
Sadie Cohen,
Estate of Joseph Cohn (issue of fact.)
Ralph Dimpel,
M E McMillan,
Hector L P Legru,
Wills for probate:
Mary M Grillford,
Nathan Kahn,
Emma B Embeck,
Jane Hollis.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Contested will:
Case on—Amos F. Eno.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.
Neale Pub Co<Johnston.
Dilworth & Wurts<Dye.
Barbour<Mann.
Statler<Haight.
Am Law Book Co<Cashman.
Leff<Feldman.
Brown<Kisselburgh.
Uhlig<Page.
Hoch<Nishimura.
Dorrance<Plock.
Wm Knabe Co<Ellis.
Smith Gray & Co<Mitchell.
Funk & Wagnalls Co<Cowen.
Vail<Collegiate Rlty.
French Trading Co<Brew.
Goldman<Goldstein.
Same<Levy.
Roszkowski<Casey.
Abrams<Chopak.
Silverberg<Leppak Realty Co.
Cunningham<Doelger.
Gluck<Oppenheim.
Messuri<Burroughs.
White<Thompson-Starrett Co.
Weissman<Hellman.
Elev Auto Signal Co<Bok.
Greenfield<Snow.
Livingston<Livingston.
Hedwig<Reardon.
Campbell<448 St Nich Av Corp.
Gordon<Bengulat.
Turetsky<Sperling.
Oppenheimer<Maryland Storage, &c.
Jushkiewitz<Roddy.
Pheelan<Durham.
Morewood Rlty Holding Co<Hershfield.
Jiffy Fire Hose Rack Co<Hopper.
Romano<Man Ry.
Miller<Int R T Co.
Cohen<same.
Einbender<same.
Price<same.
Schatten<same.
Steigman<same.
Larsen<same.
Spitzer<same.
Diosy<same.
Parisian Chic Emb Co<Halzman, C & Co.
Eisenberg<Gemson.
Bogart<Thomashefsky (2).
Same<Thomashefsky Theatre Co.
Allahut<Sacks.
Berman<Coshland.
Dosick<R Gordon & Sons.
Farnum<Harrison.
Hooper<Browning.
Maccarone<Jos Tino.
Marcus<Natl Biscuit.
Goodman<Star Wet Wash Laundry Co.
Levine<McGovern.
Tamlin<Staudinger & Reisberg.
Fellick<Turkel.
Hoffman<Newman.
Wiederman<Verschleiser.
Leifer<Scheinman.

PART II.—Lynch, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—McAvoy, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Newmark<Dicker.
Seller<Blank.
Ogan<Neustadter.
Tannenbaum<Kelly.
Hendeles<Florio.
Goldberg<Bricken.
Alter<Goldhagen.
Sheehan<Bradley Cont Co.
Bondy<Orkin.
Payne<Jacob.
Grapes<Narschartz.
Zalkind<Morgan.
Cahn<Hud & M RR.
Safian<Frank.
Weinstein<Goldsmith.
Broderick<McGovern.
Brown<Rothschild.
Smith<NY Rys.
Markowitz<Comm'l M P Co.
Kueckle<Terminal Hts Dev Co.
Breckenridge<Morgan.
Kline M C Corp<Mot Service Corp.
Alsens Am Portland Cement Wks<Richardson Scale Co.
Danerhirsch<Great Eastern Cas Co.
Lesser<Grand Col O K Ice Co.
Motion Picture Exhib Assn<Int'l Exp Co.
Katz<Michaelson.
Frank<Wolpin.
Cosby<Meehan.
Marmor<Piper (2.)
Feldman<Fennell.
Gould<Lebolt.
Nener<Munn.
Neill<Warner, &c, Co.
Zimmerman<Alexander (2.)
McConnell Pr Co<McConnell.
Crystal<Midas Amuse.
Waumbeck Mfg Co<Goetz.
Hillyard<Cebrelli.
Condomanolis<O'Hara.
Loughram<Hume.
Gurney Elev Co<F F Proctor Mt Vernon, &c, Co.
Yannora<Miller.
Tringoli<Verderosa.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Casey<McClave.
Babbin<Currick.
Market Bank<O'Hare
Izakson<NY Color, &c
Covic Elec Co<A E R Realty Co.
Clear.

PART II.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

PART III.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—Held in Brownstone Bldg. (Chambers St.) at 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Holstein<Siegel.
Engelman<de Lisle.
Doernberg<Interocean Transp Co.
Case on.

PART IV.—Finelite, J.—Clear.

PART V.—Allen, J.—Clear.

PART VI.—Ransom, J.—Case on.

PART VII.—Zeller, J.—Clear.

PART VIII.—Smith, J.—Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J.—Wallace<Woolf—Arthur D Truax.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Thorn<Farmers Loan & Trust Co—William C Arnold. Mautner<Thorn—Joseph F Mulqueen, Jr. N Y Life Ins Co<Johnson (2)—John J Halpin. Faulkenan & Hamerschlag<Stratcone Const Co—Alfred H Townley. Re Hitchcock—Richard J D Keating. Faust<Roden—Archibald E Baxter.

SUPREME COURT—Hotchkiss, J.—Falk<Kilian—Cambridge Livingston. Re Hicks—Dennis A. Spellisy. Murray<Willenbrock—Joseph W Middlebrook.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hotchkiss, J.—Morland Mtg Co<Etta Rabinowitz—Joseph B Cunningham. Wm E Handy<Roland Malloy—Joseph P Morrissey.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Benjamin Jurin<Isabelle Feifer—Isabelle Feifer.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Tierney, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM — Tierney, J. — Motion calendar at 10 A. M.
Pines<Meredith.
Macaulay<Morris & C Dredging Co.
Karp<W H Weiher Bldg Co.
Kendall<Schnaufer.
Bernstein<Hertz.
Koenigsberg<Friszel.
Donnelly<Freldin.
City Island Homes, Inc<Schwartzler.
Koehm<Koehm.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J.
Thompson<Huber.
Fedden<Silber.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Mullan, J.
Cases on:
Cassell<CNY.
Cahill<Union Ry Co.
No day calendar.

PART II.—Tierney, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S. Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
Dowd<Daly.

TRIAL TERM—Niemann, J.
Goldberg<Cohen.
Ginsberg<Streat Coal.
Landsberry<Blumstein
Mischenka<Gotthelf (4).
Dwyer<Daly (2).
Moresca<O J Stephens

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Corsa<Kantorowitz et al—Matthew P Doyle.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—837 Washington Avenue Realty Co, Inc<Nathan B Levin Co et al—Nicholas F Walsh.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, P. J.; Thomas, Carr, Stapleton, Mills, Rich, Putnam, JJ.—Motion calendar at 10:30 A. M.
Prendergast<I R T.
Moscato, as admx<Prince Line.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Callaghan, J.—Motions at 10 A. M.
Geist et al<King.
Re O'Connor (Kenna.)
Wagner<Wagner.
Coyne & Delaney Co<S Gasner & Sons Co.
Lewis<NY Mtg & Sec.
Hahn<Hahn.
Re Brook Av (Morris.)
De Figlia<B H RR.
Titus<Bussi et al.
Harrigan<N E RR.
Eichenbroner<Eichenbroner.
Re Bay 7th St (Stewart et al.)
Karpas<Clarke et al.
Sachs<Amtman.
Raffimeres D'Hinles D'Olive de Nice<Henie.
Auto Supply Mfg Co<Anfiero et al.
Mahnken Bldg Matl Co<Arm Rlty Co et al
Sheer<Sheer.
Martin<Bk Union Gas.
Chzanonski<Gen Chem
Re Nassau-Beekman Inv Co (award.)
Shaffer<Hait et al.
Murphy<Grafton & Son.
Rlty Assoc<CNY et al.
Doster<Logan et al.
Boyle & ano<Hintze et al.
Schnuer<Schlegel Rlty Co, Inc, et al.
Re Stefano Cognato et al.
Harrison<Fried.
Ferguson et al<Lieberman.
Hein et al<Liberman et al.
Schweiger<Lieberman.
Becker<Bd of Educa.
Mechanics Bk<CNY.
V Fondament, inf<Coffey.
J M Fondament, inf<same.
Norwood<Norwood.

PART II.—Manning, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V.—May, J.
Bowie<Reineking.
Gaydica<Walter Holding Co.
Solovinsky<Black.
Vitolo<Volppa.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Baltic, at Liverpool, May 29.
SS City of Savannah, at Lourenco Marquez, May 31.
SS Regina d'Italia, at St. Michaels, May 31.
SS Ioannis Vatis, at Gibraltar, May 29.
SS Sao Paulo, at Pernambuco, May 31.
SS Santa Catalina, at Talchuano, May 31.
SS Walter D. Hayes, at Rio Grande do Sul, May 31.
SS Lassell, at Marseilles, May 30.
SS Galileo, at Hull, May 31.
SS Andania, at Falmouth, May 30.
SS J. Jorn Serra, at Barcelona, May 24.
SS Aurania, at Genoa, May 20.
SS Re d'Italia, at Genoa, May 20.
SS Vellore, at Havre, May 27.
SS Dante Aleghieri, at Genoa, May 21.
SS Antonio Lopez, at Barcelona, May 26.
SS Ardgair, at Havre, May 29.
SS Buyo Maru, at Albany.
SS Suruga, at Wellington, May 31.
SS Thorsa, at Liverpool, June 1.
SS M. de Larrinaga, at Liverpool, June 1.
SS Almirante, at Colon, June 1.
SS Zacapa, at Colon, June 1.
SS Paparua, at Colon, June 1.
SS Australian, at Colon, June 1.
SS Allianca, at Colon, June 1.

Sailed.

SS Finland, from Liverpool, May 31.
SS Duksa, from Liverpool, May 31.
SS Olaf Hyne, from Shields, May 30.
SS Alcor, from Rotterdam, May 27.
SS Rijwyk, from Rotterdam, May 27.
SS Rotti, from Cape Town, May 27.
SS Evangeline, from Bermuda, May 31.
SS Guiana, from St. Thomas, May 29.
SS Themisto, from Kirkwall, May 31.
SS Westerdyk, from Kirkwall, May 31.
SS Madonna, from Marseilles, May 31.
SS Valeria, from Liverpool, June 1.
SS Aral, from Tyne, May 31.
SS Feistern, from Pozzuoli, May 28.
SS Minnesotan, from Mejillons, May 31.
SS Patroclus, from Table Bay, May 31.
SS Calabria, from Gibraltar, May 31.
SS Talara, from Panama, June 1.
SS Eurymachus, from Panama, June 1.
SS Howick Hall, from Panama, June 1.
SS Panama, from Colon, June 1.

Passed.

SS Taomina, New York for Genoa, passed Gibraltar.
SS St. Ursula, New York for Catania, passed Gibraltar.

Transatlantic Mails.

Europe, (except Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark,) Africa, West Asia, and East Indies, via Liverpool, (Spain and Portugal must be specially addressed for dispatch by this steamer,) at 8:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10 A. M.,) (sea post)—SS St. Paul.........June 3
Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Netherlands, Switzerland, Russia, Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, and Turkey, via Bergen, at 9:30 A. M., (supplementary, 10:30 A. M.,)—SS Kristianiafjord.........June 3
France, Rumania, Switzerland, Italy, Egypt, Greece, British India, British East Africa, Siam, Malta, Gibraltar, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Dutch East Indies, West Australia, and Persia, via Bordeaux, at 12 M., (supplementary, 1:30 P. M.,) (sea post)—SS Chicago.........June 3
Europe, (except Germany, Austria, Hungary, Luxemburg, Bulgaria, Serbia, Turkey, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, and Denmark,) Africa, West Asia, and East Indies, via Liverpool, (Spain and Portugal must be specially addressed for dispatch by this steamer,) at 1:30 P. M., (supplementary, 3 P. M.)—SS Orduna.........June 3

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. June 3, SS St. Paul.
France—Close at 11 A. M. June 5, SS Chicago.
Belgium and Netherlands—Service suspended.
Italy—Close at 10:30 A. M. June 2, SS San Giorgio.
Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.
Liberia—Close at 11:30 A. M. June 10, SS Bassam.
Gibraltar—Close at 6 A. M. June 9, SS Cretic.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. June 8, SS Hellig Olav.
Norway—Close at 8:30 A. M. June 3, SS Kristianiafjord, and at 9 A. M. June 8, SS Hellig Olav.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia, (via Vancouver)—Makura.........June 2
Japan, Korea, and China, (via Seattle)—Shidzurka Maru.........June 4
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Teryo Maru.........June 5
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia, (except West,) and New Zealand, (via San Francisco)—Sierra.........June 8
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver)—Empress of Russia.........June 10
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Seattle)—Mexico Maru (12 M.).........June 11
Tahiti, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Matai.........June 16

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Wellington, May 5; Melbourne, May 9; Sydney, May 10, and Honolulu, May 23—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Sierra, were dispatched east on May 30, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, June 3.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

[*By the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.*]

Sun rises..4:26|Sun sets..7:22|Moon sets..9:18

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:33	8:47	2:40	2:32
Governors Island	9:10	9:16	3:18	3:15
Hell Gate	11:00	11:06	4:58	4:55

Arrived—Thursday, June 1.

SS Chicago, Bordeaux, May 21.
SS Constable Hook, Seville, May 6.
SS Matanzas, Havana, May 28.
SS St. George, Liverpool, May 19.
SS Mimer, St. John's, May 29.
SS Tellus, Palermo, May 3.
SS Herm, Seville, May 15.
SS Antilles, New Orleans, May 28.
SS City of Oran, Cardiff, May 18.
SS Cristobal, Cristobal, May 25.
SS Santa Marta, Cristobal, May 25.
SS El Valle, Galveston, May 25.
SS Kawachi Maru, St. Michaels, May 20.
SS Chesapeake, Baltimore, May 29.
SS Bellgrano, Norfolk, May 31.
SS Hermes, Liverpool, May 12.
SS St. Patrick, Boston, May 30.
SS Cacique, Bordeaux, May 14.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Celtic	Liverpool	May 24
*Duca degli Abruzzi	Genoa	May 16
Evangeline	Bermuda	May 30
Palacine	London	May 13
Maasdyk	Rotterdam	May 13
New Sweden	Kirkwall	May 17
Isle de Panay	Seville	May 17
Glencoe	London	May 16
Strathalyn	Havre	May 16
Dunachlin	London	May 15
Munamar	Antilla	May 25
Narragansett	London	May 17
Vigo	Middlesboro	May 17
Ardgryfe	London	May 17
Asater	St. Nazaire	May 16
Camino	Havre	May 19
Blommersdyk	Rotterdam	May 16
Exford	Bordeaux	May 17
Vestris	Bahia	May 12
Zulia	Mayaguez	May 27
Lenape	Jacksonville	May 30
San Jacinto	Galveston	May 27
City of Columbus	Savannah	May 30

DUE TOMORROW.

Maartensdyk	Kirkwall	May 20
Strathord	Havre	May 20
Aladdin	Cardiff	May 20
Agios Georgios	Oran	May 10
Lillie	Swansea	May 18
Tapajoz	Para	May 20
Guiana	Demerara	May 22

DUE SUNDAY.

New York	Liverpool	May 27
Korean	London	May 24
Ardgorm	London	May 20
Yaguez	London	May 20
Veneiro	Palermo	May 17
Adda	Palermo	May 16
Mexico	Havana	June 1
Apache	Jacksonville	June 1

DUE MONDAY.

*Rochambeau	Bordeaux	May 20
*Tuscania	Glasgow	May 26
Amazonia	Liverpool	May 23
Madjoen	Rotterdam	May 20
Aymeric	Huelva	May 19
City of St. Louis	Savannah	June 2
Coamo	San Juan	May 31

DUE TUESDAY.

Lord Erne	Havre	May 23
Karamata	Gibraltar	May 22
Maramki	Kirkwall	May 22
Metapan	Havana	June 2
San Marcos	Galveston	June 3
Mohawk	Jacksonville	June 3
Alamo	Mobile	May 30
Sherman	Rotterdam	May 20

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Vasari	Liverpool	May 24
Rance	Bordeaux	May 27
Stockholm	Gothenburg	May 27
Panama	Cristobal	June 1
Thule	Cardiff	May 24
Bowden	Jamaica	June 2
Mayaro	Port of Spain	May 30
Corcovado	St. Michaels	May 27
Havana	Havana	June 4

*Carries mails. †Carries German mails.

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Acre, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
San Giorgio, Naples	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Hubert, Para	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Sixaola, Jamaica	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Santiago, Santiago	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
St. Paul, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
†Kristianiafjord, Bergen	9:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Chicago, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Orduna, Liverpool	1:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.
Byron, Rio Janeiro	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Tenadores, Havana	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Mandeville, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Elizabeth Weems, Martinique	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mimu, Macoris	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Mongolia, London	———	12:00 M.
Ponce, Arecebo	———	12:00 M.
Bayamon, San Juan	———	12:00 M.
Munwood, Cardenas	———	12:00 M.
Comus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Nueces, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
El Oriente, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Arizonan, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
Gregory, Para	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Zulia, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Montevideo, Cadiz	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santa Marta, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Prins de Nederlanden, Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Celtic, Liverpool	———	12:00 M.
Olinda, Nuevitas	———	12:00 M.
Ardgryfe, London	———	12:00 M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Giuseppe Verdi, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Hellig Olav, Christiansand	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Cristobal, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Neches, Montevideo	———	12:00 M.
Borghum, Progreso	———	12:00 M.

†Carries German mails.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JUNE 1.

SS New York, Liverpool to New York, was 1,020 miles E. at 6 P. M.; due 4th, forenoon. American Line.
SS Duca degli Abruzzi, Genoa to New York, was 625 miles E. at noon; due 3d, forenoon. Italian Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Zulia, La Guayara to New York, was 335 miles S. at noon.
SS William O'Brien, Jacksonville to New York, passed Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS New York, Port Arthur to New York, was 82 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, was 152 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS Olinda, Nuevitas to New York, was 203 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 16 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.
SS El Siglo, Galveston to New York, was 110 miles S. of Jupiter at 6 P. M.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston to New York, was 304 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Glenpool, Tuxpam to New York, was 840 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS San Marcos, Galveston to New York, was 240 miles E. S. E. of Galveston at noon.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah to New York, was 162 miles N. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 141 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Comet, Tampico to New York, was 165 miles S. at noon.
SS Munamar, Antilla to New York, was 263 miles S. at noon.
SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 84 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 6 P. M.
SS Evangeline, Bermuda to New York, was 291 miles S. E. of Ambrose Lightship at noon.
SS Pioneer, Sweden to New York, was 240 miles E. of Ambrose Lightship at 7 P. M.

Steamer City of Lowell
Sunday Excursions
TO BRIDGEPORT
An ideal Sunday outing on Long Island Sound.
Music. Dining room service. Lunch counter.
Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., 10 A. M.; Pier 14, N. R., Fulton St., 10:30 A. M. Due Bridgeport 2 P. M. Return, leave Bridgeport 4 P. M. Due New York 8 P. M.
Tickets limited. On sale at Piers only on day of Excursion.
FARE, $1.00. CHILDREN, 50c.
FALL RIVER LINE SERVICE.

SUNDAY SAIL
Up the Hudson $1 Round Trip
A delightful outing—a sail of 150 miles.
Newburgh, Beacon and Poughkeepsie
Str. "BENJ. B. ODELL"
Leaves Franklin St., 9:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:30 A. M. Excellent music, restaurant and lunch room.
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

ROUND TRIP RED BANK LINE 60 CENTS
For Highlands, Oceanic, Locust Point, Fair Haven & Red Bank. Lv. Franklin St., Pier 24, 8:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m.; Battery, 8:55 a. m., 2:55 p. m.; Sundays, Franklin St., 8:30; Battery, 8:55 a. m.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE
See Hudson River Day Line Adv.

STEAMER RICHARD PECK
Sunday Excursions
To NEW HAVEN
Leave Pier 28, E. R., 9:30 A. M.
Foot East 22d St., 10:00 A. M.
Due New Haven, 2:30 P. M.
Return due N. Y., 9:00 P. M.
Two hours in New Haven.
Music, refreshments. Fare $1.00; children 50 cents. Tickets limited on sale at Piers only on day of excursion.
The New England Steamship Co.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED
BOSTON $2.95
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.90
COLONIAL LINE
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1 TO $3
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. From Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. Phone Spring 9491.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $4.00
Lv. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., Daily at 5:30 P. M. Music.
New London (Norwich) Line, Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P. M.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.55 BOSTON $2.55
Worcester, $2.60; Providence direct, $1.50
Outside Staterooms, $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman
City Ticket Office, 296 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, B'way & 23d St.

TO PORTLAND
Maine Steamship Line.
No passenger Steamers June 3rd. Regular Summer Service (Sailings Tues., Thurs. and Sats.) beginning June 6. Monday day trips beginning June 19. Tickets at Pier, also tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. offices.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES.

Hartford Line
From New Pier 29, East River, foot Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, 5 P. M., for Connecticut River Landings. Fare $1.75.

UP THE HUDSON BY DAYLIGHT
All Service Daily Except Sunday.
Direct Rail Connections to all points in the Catskills, Saratoga, the Adirondacks, the West and North. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.
Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M.; landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Information at Desbrosses St. Pier. Tel. 4141 Spring, N. Y.
MARY POWELL service between New York and Kingston begins June 5th.
Hudson River Day Line
CATSKILL EVENING LINE—Leave daily except Sunday, foot of Christopher St., 6; W. 129th St., 6:30; Yonkers, 7 P. M., for Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie. Tickets interchangeable with those of Day Line. Tel. 1097 Spring.

SUNDAY
"UP THE HUDSON"
Leave Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St. 9:30 A. M.; W. 132d St., 10 A. M. Returning due 8:30 P. M.
To Newburgh and return. Music, Dancing, Restaurant. Round Trip $1.00
Hudson Navigation Company.
S.S. "TROJAN"

BEAR MOUNTAIN and HIGHLAND LAKE
SPECIAL TRIP Sunday, June 4
The Fast Steel Steamer "HIGHLANDER"
Lvs. Battery 9:15; W. 132d St. 10; Yonkers 10:30 A. M. Round trip 75c. Children 50c.
Regular Daily Season Opens June 11.
MUSIC, DANCING. McAllister Stb't Co.

Albany & Troy Boats
Peoples Line from Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., 6 P. M. daily.
Night Express Line, from Pier 32, N. R., 7 P. M. weekdays, 9 P. M. Sundays.
Sunday Daylight Service, stopping at Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point and Albany, from Pier 32, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
All lines stop at West 132d Street Pier half hour after leaving Pier 32.
Telephone, day or night, Spring 9400.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES
All-the-Way-by-Water
The Metropolitan Line Express Steel Steamships
MASSACHUSETTS and BUNKER HILL
are now using the
CAPE COD CANAL
on their daily trips between
NEW YORK and BOSTON
Thus offering to the Travelling Public one of the most Fascinating All-the-Way-by-Water routes in the World
ALWAYS IN SIGHT OF LAND
By using the Cape Cod Canal, the All-the-Way-by-Water distance between New York and Boston is reduced from 337 to 260 statute or land miles.
The **Massachusetts** and **Bunker Hill** are scheduled to reach Boston at 7:30 A. M., the run of the Steamers thus being fixed at
13½ Hours Between the Two Cities
instead of 15 hours when the route around Cape Cod is used.
CHANGE IN LEAVING HOUR
The Massachusetts and Bunker Hill now depart from New York and Boston Week Days and Sundays at 6 o'clock instead of 5 o'clock in the evening as heretofore.
From New York Leave Pier 18, North River, foot of Murray Street.
From Boston Leave North Side India Wharf.
FARE $4.00
Inside Rooms, with Electric Fans, $1.00; Outside Rooms, $2.00.
Tickets and information at Pier; also at all Tourist and New York Transfer Co. offices.

Ideal Outing
2000 MILES 8 DAYS $42 ALL EXPENSES INCLUDED
Enjoy a cool, refreshing coastwise sea trip and the most enchanting inland water trip in America—a "Daylight and Searchlight" journey on the St. John's River, the "American Nile."
SUMMER EXCURSIONS
Other trips and tours at attractive rates, including part water and part rail journeys with liberal stopover privileges in principal cities.
Clyde-Mallory Lines
Pier 36, North River, New York.
City Tkt. Offices, 290 and 958 B'way.

FRENCH LINE
COMPAGNIE GÉNÉRALE TRANSATLANTIQUE
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK--BORDEAUX--PARIS
*S. S. CHICAGO
SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 3 P. M.
*S. S. ROCHAMBEAU..Sat., June 10, 3 P. M.
†S. S. LA TOURAINE..Sat., June 17, 3 P. M.
†S. S. LAFAYETTE...Sat., June 24, 3 P. M.
†First and Second Class. *One Class Cabin.
COMPANY'S OFFICE 19 State St., N. Y. Phone Broad 4900

CUNARD
NEW YORK — LIVERPOOL
ORDUNA..........SAT., JUNE 3, 5 P. M.
*TUSCANIA........SAT., JUNE 10, NOON
*CALIFORNIA.....SAT., JUNE 17, NOON
CARPATHIA.......SAT., JUNE 24, 5 P. M.
*CAMERONIA......SAT., JULY 1, NOON
*To Liverpool and Glasgow.
NEW YORK-FALMOUTH-LONDON
PANNONIA.......WED., JUNE 28, 5 P. M.
ANDANIA........WED., JULY 5, 5 P. M.
ALAUNIA........WED., JULY 12, 5 P. M.
21-24 STATE ST., NEW YORK.

American Line
AMERICAN STEAMERS
Under the American Flag
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 62, N. R., Noon
St. Paul....June 3 | New York....June 10
White Star Line
N. Y.—Liverpool, Pier 60, N. R., Noon
Baltic........June 21 | Adriatic....June 28
Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 9000 Rector.

★★★★ ★ ★★★★
AMERICAN EXPRESS
TRAVEL DEPARTMENT.
ALASKA
Complete Circle Tour
JUNE to AUGUST
Atlin Lake, The Klondike, Fairbanks, Nome.
Send for Booklet 66 B'way, Phone Rector 9800. 118 W. 39th St., Phone Greeley 735.

ANCHOR LINE
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
CALLING AT LIVERPOOL
Royal Mail Twin-Screw Geared Turbine
TUSCANIA...SATURDAY, JUNE 10, NOON
CALIFORNIA..SATURDAY, JUNE 17, NOON
CAMERONIA...SATURDAY, JULY 1, NOON
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N.Y.

BARBADOS, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO AND BUENOS AIRES
SOUTH AMERICA
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE.
S. S. BYRON..........June 3, 11:00 A. M.
S. S. VASARI.........June 17, 10:00 A. M.
BUSK & DANIELS, Gen. Agts., 8 Broadway, N. Y.

SPANISH LINE
Compania Trasatlantica
MONTHLY SAILINGS.
(Cargo and Passengers.)
For CADIZ and BARCELONA
S. S. Montevideo........June 7
S. S. Alicante (cargo only) June 10
For HAVANA & VERA CRUZ
S. S. Montserrat......June 12
J. ZARAGOZA, Agt., Pier 8, E. R.
Telephone, Hanover 846—847.

SCANDINAVIAN-AMERICAN LINE
NORWAY-SWEDEN-DENMARK
Hellig Olav.....June 8 | United States.....June 22
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Inc., Agts., 1 B'way, N. Y.

Bermuda—8 days, with or without hotel accommodations, $25 and up. Send for itinerary.
GILLESPIE, KINPORTS & BEARD,
311 5th Ave., N. Y. Phone 9050 Mad.

12-Day Vacation Cruise $60 Up $100
Every essential expense. Send today for illustrated booklet 68, giving full particulars.
RED CROSS LINE, 17 Battery Place, New York.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Leaves Battery Pier 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3378.
To Sandy Hook and the Ocean, 1:30 P. M.

CANADA—THE VACATION LAND.
For illustrated guide address
Canada Steamship Lines, Montreal, Canada.

BUFFALO TO CHICAGO AND RETURN.
7 Days' Cruise—2200 miles on four Lakes. $40. Meals and berth included.
STEAMSHIP SOUTH AMERICAN.

BERMUDA $28 & up, inc. Hotel accommodations. Frank Tourist Co., 396 Broadway, N. Y.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 2 cases, each containing 50 1-pound cans, 20 1-pound cans, and 14 50-pound cans of a product purporting to be "Purified Wool Fat." Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on June 12, 1916, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated May 25, 1916.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL,
U. S. Attorney.

LOW SUMMER ROUND TRIP FARES TO CALIFORNIA EARLIER THIS YEAR BECAUSE OF SAN DIEGO EXPOSITION
GO SUNSET RETURN DIFFERENT ROUTE IF DESIRED
SALE DATES MAY 15-SEPT. 30
LIMIT OCT. 31
MOST LIBERAL STOPOVER PRIVILEGES

Louisiana
California

SERVICE PAR EXCELLENCE ON NEW YORK-NEW ORLEANS LIMITED-SUNSET LIMITED
OTHER FAST DAILY TRAINS
PERSONAL CONDUCTORS DAILY FROM WASHINGTON
LEATHER UPHOLSTERED TOURIST SLEEPING CARS WITHOUT CHANGE
COOLEST AND CLEANEST SERVICE
APPLY
WASHINGTON-SUNSET ROUTE
39, 366, 1158 Broadway,
264 Fifth Ave., at 29th St.,
New York City
Or A. J. Poston, General Agent
Washington, D. C.

GO TO BERMUDA
Cooler Than Middle Atlantic Coast Resorts
For *Your* Vacation
8-Day Tours $42.50 & Up
Inc. All Expenses—Steamer, Hotel & Side Trips
All Outdoor Sports, Including
Golf, Tennis, Boating, Bathing, Cycling, Fishing.
S. S. "Bermudian"
Sails from N. Y., alternate Weds. & Sats.
For booklets apply to Quebec S. S. Co., 32 Broadway, N. Y.; Thos. Cook & Son, 245 and 2,081 B'way, 264 and 561 5th Av.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 5th Av.; G. E. Marsters, 1,246 B'way; Frank Tourist Co., 396 B'way; Gillespie, Kinports & Beard, 309-11 5th Av.; McCann's Tours, 1,328 B'way.

EXCURSIONS
Lake Hopatcong $1
NEXT SUNDAY Also every Sunday and Holiday
Leave West 23d St. 8.50; Liberty St. 9.00 a.m.
Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 9.17 a.m.
HARD COAL — NO SMOKE — COMFORT
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

Swedish American Line
Under Neutral Swedish Flag. Out of War Zone.
S. S. STOCKHOLM, 22,070 tons displacement.
Largest Steamer to SCANDINAVIA.
LEAVES NEW YORK JUNE 20, AUG. 1.
DIRECT TO SWEDEN.
Short route to SCANDINAVIA, RUSSIA & THE CONTINENT. Superior accommodations in three classes.
Passage rate 1ST CL., $100.00; 2D CL., $75.00.
NIELSEN & LUNDBECK, Agts., 24 State St., N. Y.

CALIFORNIA Summer fares in effect. By all routes. Marsters, 1246 Broadway, N. Y. C.

BY SEA TO SAVANNAH
Ideal trip for rest, health, recreation.
SAVANNAH LINE, 140 West 42d St., N. Y.

BERMUDA, surprisingly low rates. Booklet. Dellevie's Tours, 1472 Broadway, New York.

SOUTH AMERICA—NORTON LINE; Norton, Lilly & Co., Produce Ex. Bldg., N. Y.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

ASTRACHANS wanted, also cloakings, any quantity. Shapiro & Sons, 54 West 21st.

CLOAKINGS, Plushes, Corduroy.—Will buy for cash. Sixth floor, 35 West 31st St.

CLOAKS AND SUITS.—Exclusive jobber looking at Fall cloaks and suits. New Jersey Cloak and Suit Co., 18 West 27th St.

COATS.—Jobber looking at Fall coats, 3d floor, 18 West 27th St.

COATS, SUITS.—Jobber looking coats, suits, pile fabrics. 114 West 26th St., 5th Floor.

COATS.—Jobber placing orders Fall cloth coats. Call all week, 504 6th Av., 14th floor.

CORDUROY.—Open to buy, in drabs and dark wood shades; also velveteens. Phone Spring 6929.

COTTON PIECE GOODS.—Spot cash paid for cotton goods. Telephone 1029 Franklin.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Open to buy 1,000 pieces for lowest price cash. Eclipse Silk Waist Co.

DRESSES.—Want job in silk and crepe dresses for cash. Gramercy 3257.

LADIES' DRESSES.—Jobber looking at Fall samples ladies' dresses. 19 W. 27th, 2d floor.

MEN'S WEAR, Women's Wear, Underwear, Sweaters, Hosiery, &c., manufacturers of.—We solicit your line on commission basis; the only selling expense will be our commission; we buy remnants, jobs, &c. Charles W. Becker, commission merchant, 43 Leonard St., New York City; phone Franklin 135. Also Amsterdam, N. Y.

MERCHANTS and manufacturers having surplus stocks of cottons, woolens, and silk cloth cloakings, suitings, or manufactured goods can market through us on commission basis; made-up goods for women, children, and men; hosiery jobs wanted; sweater jobs wanted. 43 Leonard St., New York. Phone Franklin 135. Charles W. Becker, commission merchant; also Amsterdam, N. Y.

PLUSHES wanted; will pay cash. Telephone 935 Stuyvesant.

PLUSHES.—Will pay cash for any quantity. S 161 Times.

SILVERBLOOM.—Will pay cash. Charlop Bros. Co., 129 West 27th St.

SUITS, COATS.—Ladies' and misses', for fall, will be looked at by jobbers. 19 West 24th Street, 11th floor.

SUITS AND COATS.—Looking at ladies' Fall suits and coats. 131 West 28th, 4th floor.

WAISTS.—Silk and cotton; will pay cash. W. & G., Room 809, 621 Broadway.

WOMEN'S WEARING APPAREL.—Highest prices paid for women's wearing apparel; quality and quantity no object. Gruber, 456 Broadway. Spring 358.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

COATS, Suits, and Wash Dresses to close before moving. Jacobus Bros. & Co., 34 West 27th. Phone Farragut 3297.

COATS AND SUITS.—200 poplin suits and white chinchilla coats to close out. Morris Jaffe, 40 West 25th.

COATS, Suits.—Closing out, all material; silk jerseys. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th.

COATS, Poplins, Serges, Coverts, Chinchillas; close out. R. Smith Co., 31 East 31st.

COATS, SUITS.—Closing out silks, poplins, navys, blacks, colored. Slater, 114 W. 26th.

CORDUROY, 36-inch, white, narrow wale, 37½c., regular. Chelsea 7233.

DRESSES.—Large assortment of cotton dresses; all sizes and colors; jobs only; low prices. 5th floor, 30 East 20th.

DRESSES.—Wash, silk; immediate delivery. D. & E. Dress Co., 15 West 25th.

DRESSES, white and colored, to close out. Deiches, 43 West 24th St.

DRESS FASTENERS.—00 white, $4.50 cash great gross. 1,328 Broadway, Suite 742.

DRESS FASTENERS "OO" white; in bulk; $6.50; quantities only. Madison Square 8358.

SERGES, Poplins, Peau de Cygne piece goods for sale. Shapiro, 18 West 27th St.

SILKS.—We have for sale, to jobbers only, cash, in bond, New York, 1,500 pieces Shangtung pongees, direct from our house in China, at market prices; wish to sell as lot, immediate delivery; inquiries from large handlers only solicited. Telephone Hanover 6503.

SILK POPLIN.—Black, navy, Copenhagen, green, 62½c, cash. "Specialty," 211 2d St., Elizabeth, N. J.

SKIRTS.—Sport jersey skirts in stock for immediate delivery; also taffeta and silk poplin skirts. Tip Top Dress, 134 West 37th St.

SNAP FASTENERS.—Immediate delivery. Greeley 2682. Snap Fastener Sales Co., 47 West 34th St.

SUITS.—Sport jersey suits and dresses, street and afternoon, in stock for delivery. Tip-Top Dress, 134 West 37th St.

SUITS AND COATS.—300 letter grade to close out. Mitteldorf, 23 West 32d.

SUITS.—75 poplin serges, close out, $5.75. J. Buchman, 36 West 25th.

SUITS.—Taffeta, to close out best-selling styles. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d St.

15,000 DOZEN
Imported Lace
Motifs and Medallions
FIFTY OFF.
102 5th Ave., 2nd Floor.

Silk
From $2.75 Dresses to $4.50
Messalines—Poplins—Taffetas.
IPP & KWINT,
118 WEST 22D STREET.

Zee Ess
We specialize in High School and Gym. Middies. Some extremely smart models in Silverbloom fabrics.
Z. & S. MIDDY CO.,
1,270 Broadway.

DAVID W. BIOW CO.
Auctioneer to the Trade.
Merchandise guaranteed as represented or returnable within ten days.
Regular Weekly Sales Days
Every Tuesday and Friday
General Merchandise,
Wearing Apparel for
Ladies, Misses & Children,
Fur Coats & Sets.
Every Wednesday
Clothing for
Men, Youths & Children.
Office and Salesroom
520-2 BROADWAY.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ..3@3¼ per cent. for the best names
Wednesday..3@3¼ " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

⁂

Chinese Polishing Rice.

For the first time in the history of the Hongkong rice trade with this country a shipment of 100 tons of polished rice has been made to San Francisco, according to Vice Consul A. E. Carleton, who is stationed in that Chinese city. Recently, he says, a rice-polishing machine of American make was installed in Hongkong, and it is thought to be the first machine of its kind brought to the Far East. Previous to the war rice was exported to Germany and there polished for the American market. The introduction of the polishing machine in Hongkong is thought to presage a large trade in them, not only in China, but in Indo-China, Siam, and other Far Eastern rice-producing countries. The approximate capacity of the machine installed at Hongkong is twenty tons per day.

⁂

Crude Rubber Prices Recover.

Under the influence of a little firmer feeling in London and better buying in this market as a result, prices quoted on the leading grades of crude rubber here recovered a little of their lost ground yesterday. This was the first break in the downward course of the market in quite a while and, in spite of the advance, prices are still below where they were several weeks ago. The Brazilian and plantation rubbers are closer together now than for some time, the decline in the Brazilians having been less pronounced. Yesterday pale crepe was quoted at 66 cents for spot delivery, while smoked sheets brought a cent less for the same shipment. Up-river fine was held at 65@65½ cents for spot, with coarse quoted at 49 cents.

⁂

The Raw Silk Summary.

The Yokohama raw silk market is unchanged, and prices for the better grades show considerable strength. Sales for the week there amounted to 3,400 bales, with stocks reduced to 9,000. The Canton market is reported slightly easier, but the decline has brought a new demand and buying is good at current prices. The Shanghai market continues steady, with little business being done. The silver exchange is still unsettled and is again showing an upward tendency. While reelers show a disposition to revise their price views downward, the leading grades are still too high for buyers' purses. Cables received by H. L. Gwalter & Co. of this city say that the Milan market is quiet and that holders are inclined to make concessions on the little stock they still have on hand. Local business was interrupted by the holidays, but prices continue firm at the recent advance.

⁂

The No-Salesmen Policy.

The question of whether or not salesmen can be dispensed with has been brought to the fore again by the manufacturer of a well-known dress accessory, who has dismissed his staff and will hereafter operate on a mail order basis. In setting forth his reasons for the change, the manufacturer said it cost him from 10 to 15 per cent. to cover the expense of salesmen who in some cases could not even produce the results obtained in selling by mail. Answer has been made to him by a group of salesmen who claim that the figure he has put on the cost of having salesmen is much higher than it ought to be. The salesmen, they say, who would cost their employers 10 to 15 per cent. are not by any means first class men. The salesmen furthermore contend that, if a good man is hired at a fair salary, he ought to produce much better results than can be obtained by any mail order scheme known.

⁂

About the Shoe Business.

One of the nattiest of the new laced shoe styles for women shown here last week was of African brown kid, eight inches high, with large square perforations around the vamp and top. These perforations are lined with champagne kid, which gives the shoe just enough color contrast to please the eye. Battleship gray kid and suède eight-inch laced shoes for women are moving very well, as are misses' and girls' Russia calf laced shoes with white tops. The latter are said to be bringing good prices. A new bath or bedroom slipper, made of fibre cloth that looks like straw, with straw soles and toweling lining, is now on the market. It retails at 50 cents a pair, and is said to look as well as, and to be more practical than, the Austrian straw slippers that sell at $1. The new slippers come in men's and women's sizes at the same price.

⁂

Are Coming Into Their Own.

After only partial success a couple of Summers ago, and less than that last year, present indications are that colored oiled silk raincoats for women will come into their own this season. The consumer demand for these garments in the last month has been increasing steadily, it was said yesterday, especially so in the last week or two. They are shown in blue, purple, yellow, red, and other colors, and are priced in the neighborhood of $15 to $18, which is said to be several dollars less than the figures at which similar coats were offered on previous appearances. The newer coats come well down to the ankles, have convertible collars, and are finished with large patch pockets. It is said that because of their lightness they promise to become popular for beach wear on misty days this season as well as for other purposes.

⁂

Gray Goods Very Quiet.

The demand for gray goods in this market yesterday was conspicuous by its absence. In spite of the fact that second hands appeared willing to let limited quantities of practically all staple printcloths out at a sixteenth under the market, there was little call for their wares. The same was true of first hand goods, which for the most part continued firm at recent prices. Business on spot 39-inch 68-72s was reported from first hands at 6 7-16 cents, which is a sixteenth below the prevailing figure, but the amount of goods involved was said to be too small to have any effect on the general market. There was not much doing in sheetings, drills, or other staple cottons. Closing printcloth prices were:

39-inch, 80-80s....7½c	38½-inch, 64-60s..5⅝c
39-inch, 72-76s....7c	38½-inch, 64-56s..5½c
39-inch, 68-72s....6¾c	38½-inch, 60-52s..5¼c
39-inch, 56-44s....4¾c	38½-inch, 60-48s..5c
38½-inch, 64-64s..5⅞c	27-inch, 64-60s....4c

⁂

Piece Goods Market Unsettled.

The men's wear branch of the piece goods market is passing through a rather unsettled period. Some buyers seem to be of the impression that prices cannot go much higher and they are scouting the idea of a possible shortage. In support of their contention that there will be more than enough goods to go around, the clothiers state that even now there exists a surplus of clothing stocks in some quarters, and that there are more orders placed with the mills for Fall delivery than the buyers can comfortably take. This view of the situation is by no means a general one. Other clothing wholesalers are still adding to their woolen purchases, and not a few of them are taking goods that are equally available for Fall and Spring manufacturing. In the woolen trade itself, sellers are of the opinion that goods purchased now will be cheap in comparison with the prices to be asked in the near future.

Strong Demand for Wool.

LONDON, June 1.—A good selection was offered at the wool auction sales today. There was a strong demand and superior merinos were often 5 per cent. over the opening rates. Russia was keen for scourels and paid 3s 8½d for New South Wales and 3s 9d for Queensland.

Embargo on Australian Wool.

LONDON, June 1.—It is reported in the market that no exports of wool from Australia will be allowed except to Great Britain and Japan.

It Is Not Always Harvest Time, But
—money can be just as plentiful in the winters of your business. Investigate our NEW and FAIRER system of ADVANCES on OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS. You draw on us immediately you ship.
WE SAVE YOU 20% in charges because WE base BOTH 6% interest and small commission on LOAN, not collateral. WE do NOT notify your customers; YOU collect. Write:—
Lichtenhein and Stern
26 Exchange Place New York City
Boston and Philadelphia

BUSINESS NOTES.

Custom House duty collections for May made public yesterday totaled $13,870,203, or more than $2,500,000 in excess of May last year, when the receipts aggregated $11,240,695. Last month's collections ran $1,500,000 ahead of April. Daily collections are now averaging around $500,000.

Ferdinand Klumpp, Superintendent of the silk mills of Relling & Schoen, Inc., has resigned after twenty years' service with that firm to give his time and attention to the dye business which he started several months ago. He was entertained on Wednesday night by about fifty associates in the business at a dinner given at Old Heidelberg, Union Hill, N. J. A number of gifts were presented to him by officers of the corporation and his former fellow workers, in addition to best wishes from all. Joseph L. Relling and Carl Schoen were among those present at the dinner.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALTOONA, Penn.—J. Brett, general merchandise; 116 W. 32d.

ATLANTA—M. Rich & Bros. Co.; Miss A. M. Gallagher, ready-to-wear; 148 W. 23d.

ATLANTA, Ga.—W. A. Day Co.; Arnold Wolff, men's palm beach, cloth suits; 84 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; J. Loebel, millinery, ribbons; 1,239 Broadway.

BALTIMORE, Md.—H. Wurtzburger & Son; J. Wurtzburger, clothing, &c.; Herald Square.

BALTIMORE, Md.—Baltimore Bargain House; C. A. Miller, house dresses, kimonos, &c.; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; D. Rosenberg, silks; New Strand.

BALTIMORE—Greenbaum Shapiro Dress Co.; I. M. Greenbaum, dresses; Imperial.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; C. Koven, men's clothing; Mrs. M. F. Hirsch, waists; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss B. Garner, ladies', misses' coats, skirts; 15 E. 26th.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; F. A. Burdick, coats, suits, bathing suits; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON, Mass.—Jamerson's; C. R. Jamerson, clothing, &c.; Sherman Square.

BOSTON, Mass.—Jordan Marsh Co.; E. A. Brown, boys' clothing, auto clothing; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON, Mass.—R. H. White & Co.; Miss H. B. Cobham, women's coats, suits; 370 4th Av.

BOSTON, Mass.—Wm. Filenes Sons Co.; Miss Griffin, cotton waists, sweaters; Mr. Hunting, misses' coats; Miss Horgan, ladies' costumes, dresses; Mr. O'Callahan, misses' suits; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; W. F. Varnum, youth's clothing, furn. goods; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—J. Dreyfuss & Son; E. Feibelman, hosiery, sweaters; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.; W. F. Maher, boys' clothing; Prince George.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adams & Co.; Miss M. Lensenhuber, jewelry, silverware; B. J. Muller, silks; 18 W. 35th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—William Hengerer Co.; M. J. Saunders, gloves; 18 W. 35th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Clawson & Wilson Co.; J. L. Clawson, representing; 43 Leonard.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss M. Lensenhuber, jewelry, silverware; 18 West 35th St.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; B. Silverman, wash dresses, skirts; 215 4th Av.

CHICAGO—E. Elsinger Co.; E. Elsinger, wholesale underwear, hosiery, fancy dry goods, furn. goods; 117 Spring.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Zinsheim & Gans Co.; R. G. Stevens, mfrs.' clothing; Latham.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Marshall Field & Co.; A. H. Buehler, ladies' shoes; Miss E. Bublitz, representing; Miss A. MacCollum, women's suits, (basement;) Mrs. M. Moore, women's waists, negligees, (basement;) 104 Worth.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; J. L. Mayne, millinery; 104 Worth.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; R. G. Rundquist, children's dresses; 115 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; C. J. Staerker, toys; 230 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Root & McBride Co.; T. J. Simpson, waists, wrappers, skirts, ladies' underwear; 72 Leonard.

CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; W. L. Foster, cloaks, suits, waists; F. Schnebly, furnishing goods, hosiery, knit goods; 230 5th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—The Queen Co.; A. J. Dransch, manager, buyer; 15 East 26th St.

DANVILLE, Ill.—Schmitt & Leachman; H. Schmitt, silk suits; 470 4th Av., 6th floor.

DAYTON, Ohio—Rike-Kumler Co.; R. C. Kumler, cloaks, suits, dresses, skirts; 220 5th Av.

DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; O. Harrison, hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, parasols; 200 5th Av.

DETROIT—American Lady Corset Co.; J. Siegel, corsets; 890 Broadway.

ENID, Okla.—Kennedy Mercantile Co.; R. Kennedy, notions, hosiery; Miss S. Clover, representing; 1,150 Broadway; Somerset.

ERIE, Penn.—Erie Dry Goods Co.; P. O. Fries, notions, housefurnishing goods; 432 4th Av.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Latz Co.; I. Latz, coats, suits; 116 W. 32d.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Collins & Co.; Arnold Wolff, jobs men's cloth suits; 84 5th Av.

HARRISBURG, Penn.—Bowman & Co.; Miss Dunlap, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Brown, Thompson & Co.; G. A. Gay, dry goods; 230 5th Av.; Park Av.

HOLYOKE, Mass.—C. Misch; L. Strauss, men's, women's ready-to-wear; 1,261 B'way.

KEOKUK, Iowa—Irwin, Phillips Co.; E. E. Coombs, hosiery, furn. goods; 72 Leonard.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—Knoxville Sales Co.; Arnold Wolff, jobs men's underwear, shirts, hosiery; 84 5th Av.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—Anderson-Dulin-Varnell; Mrs. J. D. Varnell, millinery; 1,150 B'way.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Watt & Shand; W. S. Sullivan, ready-to-wear; 432 4th Av.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Watt & Shand; W. S. Sullivan, cloaks, suits, furs, corsets, muslin underwear, sweaters; Breslin.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Watt & Shand; C. G. Watt, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; 432 4th Av.

MACON, Ga.—W. A. Day Co.; Arnold Wolff, women's palm beach suits, wash skirts; 84 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—Powers-Merc Co.; R. McCardack, linens; P. F. Britt, men's women's, children's knit underwear; 18 W. 35th.

MINNEAPOLIS—E. E. Atkinson & Co.; Miss F. M. Brice, gowns; 11 W. 25th.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—E. E. Atkinson & Co.; M. F. Rosacker, ladies' suits, coats, dresses, waists; 11 West 25th St.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson; T. H. Galligan, gloves, laces; 75 Spring.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—H. Starin, woolens; Park Av.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—May & Ellis Co.; J. L. Weil, laces, embroideries; Collingwood.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass.—M. Lurie & Co.; E. Ferber, jobs, Georgettes, crepe waists, silk sport garments; 18 W. 27th.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; A. Rosenthal, domestics, linens, white goods; 95 Madison Av.

PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; B. S. Chapin, ready-to-wear; 23 E. 26th.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Levy Bros., Clothing Co.; E. Levy, mfrs.' clothing; 200 5th Av.; Marseilles.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—H. C. Cohn & Co.; H. M. Cohn, tie silks; 200 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Schwartz Importing Co.; A. E. Greenfield, waists, wash skirts; 684 B'way.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—J. U. Weisels & Co.; J. U. Weisels, silks, velvets, ribbons; Marseilles.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Finch, Van Slyck & McConville; G. Olsen, dress goods, silks; 320 B'way.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—Collins Co.; Arnold Wolff, women's palm beach suits; 84 5th Av.

TROY, N. Y.—Wm. H. Frear & Co.; R. E. Holihan, horse clothing; Herald Square.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; Miss I. Steagall, waists; 334 4th Av.

WATERBURY, Conn.—Franken Brothers; C. F. Franken, ready-to-wear; 72 Madison Av.

WILKESBARRE, Penn.—Geddes & Bennett; H. P. Geddes, dry goods; Gregorian.

WOONSOCKET, R. I.—Harris & Mowry Co.; F. E. Harris, G. H. Mowry, dry goods; 75 Spring.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio—H. Weber Sons & Co.; B. F. Weber, millinery, ladies', infants' wear; 334 4th Av.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

ARDEN CONSTRUCTION COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Arden Construction Company, Inc., builders, of 3,436 Broadway, by these creditors: John Katz, $1,300; Yavno & Bernstein, $3,900, and Louis Brook, $1,200, for work, labor, and materials. It was alleged in the petition that on May 26 it transferred stock of $20,000, made preferential payments of $35,000, and within a week past received $38,000, and transferred this money to stockholders and directors, who converted it to their own use. Liabilities were stated to be $250,000 and assets, $1,000. The company was incorporated on Sept. 23, 1915, with a capital stock of $1,000, and operated in the Bronx and in Brooklyn.

SLAVIN BROTHERS, composed of Solomon and William Slavin, manufacturers of cloaks and suits, at 43 West Twenty-fourth Street, have made an assignment to Myles A. Walsh. They also made an assignment as partners in the Aetna Waist Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of waists and dresses at 43 West Twenty-fourth Street, to Myles A. Walsh. The other partner, Philip Nadelberg, did not sign the deed. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed against both firms by these creditors: H. Abrams, $100; F. R. A. Stiefel, $400, and A. Cummins, $300. Liabilities were stated to be $30,000 and assets $20,000. Slavin Brothers have been in business ten years, and became partners in the Aetna Waist Manufacturing Company on Nov. 1, 1915.

MORRIS FEIN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris Fein, stable and boarding horses, at 310 East Eleventh Street, by these creditors: Long Dock Mills, $1,236, and Franklin Feed Stores, $237. It was alleged that he had transferred a portion of his property to creditors and had disposed of horses at auction.

L. & M. WOLLSTEIN, INC., smelters and assayers at 16 John Street and at Newark, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $26,891 and assets of $41,273, consisting of real estate, $4,750; factory at Newark, machinery and fixtures, $3,000; accounts, $21,337; notes, $8,245; materials, $702; cash in bank, $3,070, and cash on hand, $169. They also invested $29,000 and owned the plant of the Matchless Lighter at Newark. Judge Learned Hand appointed John L. Lyttle receiver, under a bond of $10,000, with leave to continue business twenty days. Among the creditors are Martha Wollstein, $4,487; Isaac Wollstein, $1,500; Katherine Murphy, $4,500, and Helene Baum, $3,227.

AMERICAN REAL ESTATE COMPANY.—Walter C. Noyes and Alfred E. Marling, receivers of the American Real Estate Company, have filed a preliminary report showing the valuation of the various properties as taken from the books of the company, cost, $17,733,209; book value, $24,845,760; assessed for $13,498,580, mortgaged for $10,250,615. The receivers found a balance on hand of $128,031; receipts were $144,703, making a total of $272,734. Disbursements were $144,350, leaving a balance of $128,384.

PORT OF PARA.—Judge Mayer has appointed Henry S. Fleming receiver of the Port of Para of 25 Broad Street and Para, Brazil, in place of Frederick L. Eldridge, who has resigned on account of illness. Mr. Eldridge and Alexander Mackenzie were appointed receivers in an equity suit on March 25, 1915. They have taken into possession $170,000 cash, have collected $1,000,000 gross income from the Port of Para, and also collected from the Government of Brazil $2,000,000 treasury bills. They now have on hand cash $80,000 and treasury bills $2,300,000.

CHARLES SCHWARTZ.—Judge A. N. Hand has appointed Percival Wilds receiver for Charles Schwartz, grocer at 268 Audubon Avenue, under a bond of $500. Liabilities are $8,500 and assets $2,000.

JULIUS DUBROWIN, delicatessen at 1,228 Lexington Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $6,666 and assets of $1,181.

HARRY HERRMANN, wines and liquors at 33 Rutgers Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $4,054 and assets $5 cash.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Mass., June 1.—Edward J. Hawes, clerk, has filed a petition in bankruptcy; liabilities, $1,070; no assets.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 1.—Roland C. Storel, a printer at 703 South La Salle St. Liabilities, $10,087; assets, $7,624. Voluntary petition in bankruptcy filed.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts $100 and over.)

Adlin, Meyer, and David Ruderman—H. Rosenthal	$302.65
Alleman, Jacob—H. Saltzman	135.73
Beaver, John—W. J. McMahon	329.91
Brown, Frederick—G. B. Sanford	265.23
Ball, John O.—T. D. Rambaut et al	1,145.97
Bronx Cut Stone Co.—G. P. Sherwood & Co.	466.31
Drysdale, Thomas—Star Co.	161.41
Dutton, S. Austin A.—W. E. A. Legg et al.	177.01
Federgreen, Celia—Helman J. Herskowitz	139.85
Fisher, Philip J., and John P. Donohue—W. W. Sample	358.47
Gardner, Wood Co., of N. Y., Inc.—G. Elias & Bros., Inc.	187.75
Grand Central Garage Co., Inc., and Edward A. Carpenter—Benjamin Reisner Sheet Metal Works, Inc.	1,034.53
Hunter, William W.—S. Piser	514.77
H. D. Best Co.—Feeney & Sheehan Building Co.	452.44
Insurance Co. of State of Pennsylvania East Jersey R. R. & Terminal Co.—Costs	115.83
Johnson, John B.—Morton B. Smith Co.	216.91
Kennedy, James—M. Rosenfield et al.	161.13
Katzman, John—J. Boyd	668.91
Lipman, Theodosia and Estella—Mayfield Construction Co.	192.45
Lankopf Cloak and Suits Mfg. Co., Inc.—A. J. Goldhopf	560.91
Miller, Oscar—Gould & Mersereau Co.	100.52
Metal Shelter Co., Inc.—R. Croker, Jr.	1,072.77
Minatire Building Co., Inc.—International Magazine Co.	205.17
Mutual Transportation Corp.—W. E. McReynolds et al.	219.64
Mutner, Samuel, and Max Haselkorn—C. M. Britten & Co.	1,678.54
Millikin, Agnes T. and Leonard T.—Robert Griffin Co.	296.91
Northern Bank of N. Y. and Maclay Av. Realty Co.—Washington Savings Bank	200.15
Mindrich, Martin A.—American Agricultural Chemical Co.	212.72
Overlander, Rufus M.—Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corporation, costs	137.98
Pollak, Edward — Austro-American Steamship Co.	113.26
Pettit, J. Stewart—S. Richardson	1,100.29
Potash, Sam—State Bank	208.65
Purdy, Elvira—J. McKenna	291.24
Rothschild, Samuel—S. Rabinowitz	132.86
Riehl, Adolph—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co.	569.76
Reynolds, William M.—R. G. Sedgwick	124.51
Roeckel, Emma, and Stephen M. Van Allen—George E. Van Vorst, Inc.	760.96
Rich, Helen B.—T. J. McGunnigle	390.94
Stens, William—T. W. Stens	765.00
Sobin, Joseph—J. Jond	389.72
Steiner, Henry—J. W. Gasteiger & Son	1,060.40
Steinfeld, Louis, and Antonio Vespole—B. L. Rich	333.90
Sommer, Josef, Louis Levy, Barnet Burns, and Nathan Sherlin—J. Kaufman	270.22
Stein, Jack—S. Greenberg	189.48
Silverman, Isaac A.—L. Shultz	245.45
Schmidt, Elsie—A. T. Nord	245.41
Scudi, Michael A., and Vencenzo Cagiano—Lincoln Mortgage Co.	2,651.26
Same—Same	2,632.94
Same—Same	1,326.45
Same—Same	1,325.63
Tompkins, Ellen—Rochester Athenaeum and Mechanics Institute	4,592.73
Turtel, Louis—S. Leshinsky	10,155.57
Von Palmenberg, Dorothy—Marceau Co., Ltd	187.63
Winter, Charles—A. B. Smith	222.69
Wise, Louis M.—E. W. Eager et al.	342.56
Walltropp, Henry and Louise A.—W. Schweizer	430.97
Windsor Land & Improvement Co.—U. S. Title Guaranty Co.	410.67
Weintroob, David E.—B. Wallman	248.61

In Bronx County.

Berman, Louis, and Isaac Rothfeld—J. Norr	$60.02
Cox, Arthur S.—C. Jacobson et al.	32.70
Cohen, Morris—D. Goldberg	34.41
Feeman, Edmund L.—Oriskany Malleable Iron Co., Ltd	638.29
Fridiger, Louis—New England Equitable Insurance Co.	538.53
Klein, Max—H. Pinsky et al.	70.60
Katz, Bernard—Bronx Home News Publishing Co.	110.01
Markey, George W.—Olin J. Stephens, Inc.	296.58
O'Brien, James F.—City of N. Y.	104.03
Pappas, James—A. H. Bullard, Inc.	45.90
Rau, Seymour L.—A. A. Benevitz	62.92
Taylor, Hyman—A. Berse	26.38
Thompson, Thomas—N. Eisen	43.65

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Frontera, Alexander—R. Adamson, April 7, 1916, vacated	$268.00
Cafferty, Michael—D. Morley, Dec. 29, 1915, vacated	500.00
Armour & Co.—People, &c., April 11, 1916, canceled	100.00
Hanna, William E.—Merritt & Gilbert Co. et al., May 24, 1916	107.25
Hudson & Manhattan R. R. Co.—J. Feeney, May 15, 1916	500.00
Taber, Emilie & Duncan MacGregor—U. L. Cestero et al., May 15, 1916	128.38
Terry & Tench Co.—J. Landers, June 1, 1915	6,004.78
Trefts, George M.—British Aluminum Co., May 24, 1916	600.00
Wittes, Benni, and Louis Appelbaum—A. Scher, May 13, 1916	150.00
Weber, Cora—M. S. Witherbee, Nov. 24, 1915	2,329.42
Wittenauer, Frank C., Clara W. Murtha, and Magdalena F. Peck—S. H. Kleinfield et al., Dec. 17, 1915	563.88
Pride, John H.—C. Brooks, March 27, 1916	787.62

In Bronx County.

City of New York—R. Dietzel, Dec. 31, 1915, reversed	$105.10
Santulli, Frank, and Sadie Cohen—P. Santulli, Feb. 1, 1916, vacated	583.38

Universal Discount Co.
JACOB ROSENTHAL
100 Fifth Ave., New York

Burroughs Adding Machines
REGULAR WEEKLY AUCTION SALES
John E. Ransom, Auctioneer, 30 Church St., N. Y.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

THURSDAY, JUNE 1.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BOWERY, 221, e s, 74.9 ft n of Rivington St, 22x99.8x22x98.1; Joseph H. Schwartz et al to William H. Lyons, 460 Riverside Drive, and another, mtg $25,000, May 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

CANAL ST, 368, s s, 25.10x84.10x25x90.3, w s; Arthur C. Mack to the Savings Bank of Utica, at Utica, N. Y., May 26; attorney, Sage & Schoonmaker, 156 Broadway..$1

CHAMBERS ST, 155, n s, 201 ft w of Hudson St, 25x77.5; William Bruening to Henrietta Bruening, his wife, and another, three-quarters right, title, and interest, mtg $425,000, Nov. 25, 1909; attorney, Albert W. Venino, 59 Wall St.....$1

COLUMBUS AV, 70, w s, 50.8 ft s of 63d St, 25x100, Johanna Gunther to Winston Paul, 318 Mt. Prospect Av., Newark, N. J., mtg $30,000, May 27; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

EDGECOMBE AV, w s, 749.6 ft n of 150th St, 329x75.10x325x100; Alice D., wife, and Frank W. Blauvelt to Candler Holding Corp'n, 233 Broadway, April 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

LAWRENCE ST, 81, n w corner of Amsterdam Av, (1,360,) 31.1x71.8x71.8 gore; Franklin F. Russell, referee, to Fannie Haas or Hass, 695 St. Nicholas Av, foreclosure May 2, 1916, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,200

SAME PROPERTY; Mich'l J. O'Donnell to same, quitclaim, May 26; attorney, same.....$496

LEXINGTON AV, n w corner of 72d St, 102.2x155; 137 East 72d St. Corp'n to Jatison Constr. Co., Inc., 18 East 41st St, mtg $500,000, May 31; attorneys, Stoddard & Mark, 128 Broadway.....$1

MANHATTAN AV, 140, e s, 17.3 ft s of 106th St, 17x70, Mary E. Walters to Provident Development Co., 335 Main St., New Rochelle, N. Y., mtg $7,000, May 5; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

PARK AV, s w corner of 66th St, 100.5x100, 630 Park Avenue Co., Inc., to C. C. Corpn., 165 Broadway, mtg $400,000, May 31; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St..$100

SEAMAN AV, n w s, 215 ft s w of Emerson St, 110x125; Smada Realty Co. to Alfred L. Anderson, Closter, N. J., mtg $78,000, June 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SEAMAN AV, 56, n w s, 270 ft s w of Emerson St, 55x125; Seaman Av, 62, n w s, 215 ft s w of Emerson St, 55x125; Alfred L. Anderson to Esther W. Dryfoos, 144 East 83d St, mtg $94,000, June 1; attorney, Albert R. Lesinsky, 149 Broadway.....$100

1ST AV, s w corner of 29th St, 24.8x75; Margaret J. Alfke to John G. Alfke, 346 East 29th St, all title, Feb. 18; attorney, Lawyers Title & Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

1ST AV, s w corner of 29th St, 24.8x75; Rudolph A. Hofmann et al to John G. Alfke, 346 East 29th St, May 31; attorney, Lawyers Title & Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

5TH AV, 835, e s, 75.5 ft s of 65th St., runs e 100 x irreg, Jno. W. Herbert to Fredk. Lewisohn, 835 5th Av., mtg $173,000, May 29, attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$10,000

7TH AV, 2,247, e s, 25 ft n of 132d St, 25x75; Millard H. Ellison, referee, to Excelsior Savings Bank, 79 West 23d St, foreclosure, May 24, 1916, May 31; attorney, John C. Gulick, 132 Nassau St.$15,000

20TH ST, 349 and 351 East, n s, 120 ft w of 1st Av, 31.1x92; Helen C. White, executrix, to William F. Fallon, 351 East 20th St, mtg $7,000, May 31.....$12,750

24TH ST, 334 East, s s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 25x98.10; James F. Lord, heir to William Lord, 334 East 24th St, May 25; attorney, Lawyers Title & Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

26TH ST, 312 East, s s, 200 ft e of 2d Av, 25x98.9; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. to Francisco Genovese, 416 East 11th St, mtg $4,000, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

28TH ST, n s, 181.3 ft w of 9th Av, runs n 98.9x irregular; Julian T. Mayer to J. S. C. Company, Inc., 417 West 28th St, mtg $216,000, May 1; attorneys, Feiner & Maass, 100 Broadway.....$100

82D ST, 205 East, n s, 85 ft e of 3d Av, 25x98.9, Farmers' Loan & Trust Co. and ano., exrs., to Chas. Gruner, 341 East 52d St., May 25; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$23,600

45TH ST, 360 West, s s, 91 ft e of 9th Av, 29.6x100.5; Helena Brinkmann to Henry Koehler and Anna M. E., his wife, as tenant by entirety, 226 West 21st St, mtg $33,000, June 1; attorney, Frank M. Tichenor, 38 Park Row.....$100

67TH ST, 36 to 40 West, s s, 35 ft w of Central Park West, 75x100.5; Estelle G. Winston to Philton Holding Co., Inc., 55 Liberty St, March 10; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$100

76TH ST, 51 West, n s, 100 ft e of Columbus Av, 20.11x102.2; Leslie S. Lockhart, referee, to Rochester Athenaeum and Mechanics Institute of Rochester, N. Y., foreclosed and drawn, May 31; attorney, Adelbert Cronise, 602 Wilder Building, Rochester, N. Y.....$33,000

77TH ST, s s, 220 ft e of 5th Av, 25x102.2; S. Harold Freeman to Emery L. Ferris, 65 Central Park West, mtg $50,000, May 31; attorney, Anderson & Anderson, 15 Broad St.....$100

82D ST, s s, 283.4 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 16.8x102.2; Realty Company of America to Otto A. Stoehr, 1,712 Grove St, Borough of Queens, mtg $17,000, May 29; attorney, Lawyers Title & Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

105TH ST, 62 East, s s, 230 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.11, Sol. Munz to Arthur W. Oppenheimer, 144 West 119th St, mtg $17,500, Feb. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

107TH ST, 203 West, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x100.11; Morris Gumpel to John Healey, 1,925 7th Av, mtg $125,000, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

113TH ST, 241 and 243 West, n s, 325 ft w of 7th Av, 50x100.11; John Healey to Jacob Gumpel, 790 Riverside Drive, mtg $60,000, May 31; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

118TH ST, 128 West, s s, 316 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x100.11; Thomas F. Kane, referee, to Lydia Lange, 2 Chester Av, White Plains, N. Y., foreclosure May 25, 1916, May 31; attorney, H. C. Kudlich, 233 Broadway..$12,000

132D ST, n s, 280 ft e of 5th Av, 40x99.11; Farmers Loan and Trust Co. and another, executors, &c., to Frank Wolfe, 357 West 32d St, mtg $10,528, May 25; attorneys, Goodman & Pike, 41 Park Row.....$8,100

169TH ST, 512 West, s s, 175 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x85, Lena Scheidecker to Edw. J. Brady, at North Highlands, Putnam Co., N. Y., mtg $4,000, May 31; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, 2,483, w s, 25x118; Antonia Capo to Maria Cerrado, 319 East 115th St, May 31; attorney, L. Cioffi, 2,149 2d Av.$100

AVENUE A, s e corner of 3d St, map of Prospect Hill Estate, 50x100.9; John J. Boyle to Loretta G. Sweeny, 9 Forbes St., Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Dec. 2, 1913; attorney, L. G. Sweeny, 9 Forbes St. Poughkeepsie N. Y..$1

BASSFORD AV, 2,252, e s, 35.6x76; Julia B. Lewis to Jas. V. Jennings, 1,966 Valentine Av, mtgs, $19,000, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

BROOK AV, e s, 168.1 ft s of 169th St, 45.6x irregular; Steinmetz Construction Co. to Joseph Grossmann, 338 East 143d St, mtg $37,000, May 29; attorney, S. B. Steinmetz, 985 Fox St.....$1

HOE AV, n e corner of Aldus St, 100x80; Charles J. Roeser to Louis F. Roeser, 973 Aldus St, one-half part, mtg $65,500, May 26; attorney, Jos. Cook, 261 Broadway..$100

HUGHES AV, w s, 125 ft n of Samuel St, 75x195; Cleland Realty Co. to Fanny Lomas, 1,941 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, May 22; attorney, L. Daniher, 507 Tremont Av.$1

JACKSON AV, 675, w s, 41x107.8; George D. Hilyard to Hubbard & Peixotto, Inc., 55 John St, mtg $35,000, May 31; attorney, Richard B. Kelly, 233 Broadway.....$10

LORILLARD PLACE, e s, 96.8 ft n of 3d Av, 25x100; Thomas J. Coyne and another, by guardian, to Pasquale Perrotti, 2,365 Lorillard Place, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $4,000

LOTS 122 and 123, map of Wakefield, 100x228; Mary McGillicuddy et al., by guardian, to Isidor Niner, 357 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, May 29; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$8,000

SAME PROPERTY; Isidor Niner to Eugene Metzger and another, 60 West 87th St, May 31; attorney, same.....$1

LOTS 125 and 126, map of Martin Schrenkeisen; Martin Schrenkeisen, exr. and trustee, to David B. Yaffa and another, 22 71st St, Brooklyn, Jan. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$900

LOT 144, same map; same to Henry Pietarilor, 433 East 147th St, Jan. 17; attorney, same.....$325

LOTS 116 to 119, same map; same to Peter Gorman, 49 Division St, Somerville, N. J., Jan. 17; attorney, same.....$1,500

LOT 100, same map; same to Abraham Berger, 3,924 Broadway, Jan. 17; attorney, same.....$500

LOTS 157 to 159, same map; same to Timothy F. Sullivan, 2,794 3d Av, Jan. 17; attorney, same.....$1,200

LOTS 66 and 67, same map; same to Fred Ferber, 5 West 99th St, Jan. 17; attorney, same.....$2,850

LOTS 160 to 164, 103 to 106, 122 and 123, same map; same to Timothy F. Sullivan, 2,794 3d Av, Jan. 17; attorney, same..$4,150

LOT 115, same map; same to Jos. F. Quigley, 53 Douglas St, Brooklyn, Jan. 17; attorney, same.....$400

MORRIS AV, s w corner of 167th St, 100x100; Ethel M. Wallace to William E. Diller Realty and Construction Co., 267 East 164th St, mtg $20,000, June 1; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; William E. Diller Realty and Construction Co. to Ethel M. Wallace, 895 Fairmount Place, mtg $10,000, June 1; attorney, same.....$1

MT. HOPE PL, 20, s s, 25x125; Ely Newmann, referee, to Charles W. McDonald, 2,260 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$7,950

NORTH CHESTNUT DRIVE, n s, 28 ft w of dividing line of Lots 91 and 92, amended map Bronxwood Park, 28x96.9; Isabella H. Gohoud to Edgar W. Bissell, 1,386 Brook Av, mtgs, $4,500, May 29; attorney, Edgar W. Bissell, 1,386 Brook Av.....$100

SCRIBNER AV, n s, 96.2 ft e of Balcom Av, 25x100; Olaf Thompson to Ola Thompson, 1,313 Clinton Av, July 9, 1915; attorney, Emma N. Polak, 587 Tremont Av...$1

TAYLOR AV, n w s, being Lot 147, map of Belmont, 100x100; Arthur N. Geigerich, referee, to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, May 31; attorneys, Dean, T. & McB., 160 Broadway.....$3,000

TREMONT AV, 820 and 822, s s, 50x100; Clement H. Smith and another to Abraham Oppenheimer, 22 Clarke Place, mtg $19,718, May 31; attorney, Charles Weishaupt, 820 Broadway.....$100

WESTCHESTER AV, n e s, being Lot 277, map of Washingtonville, 50x100; John H. Cannon to W. Frank Cannon, 603 East 240th St, mtg $3,000, date omitted; attorney, G. Connell, 4,564 White Plains Road..$1

WESTCHESTER AV, s s, 190.2 ft w of Wales Av, 45x irregular; Halton Realty Co., Inc., to Otto A. Stoehr, 1,712 Grove St, Queens, N. Y., mtg $48,000, May 29; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Otto A. Stoehr to Leicestershire Realty Co., 2 Wall St, mtg $48,000, May 31; same attorney.....$1

WILLIS AV, s e corner of 136th St, 40.6x92; Louis F. Roeser to Charles J. Roeser, 284 Summit Av, one-half part, mtg $57,000, May 26; attorney, Jos. Cook, 261 Broadway..$100

168TH ST, 612 East, s s, 30x194; Martin J. McMahon to William Voigt, 750 East 168th St, mtg $13,750, May 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

179TH ST, s s, 83 ft e of Park Av, 33x85; John W. Cornish Construction Co. to Antonio Borrelli, 469 Tremont Av, mtg $13,000, June 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

259TH ST, s s, 60.8 ft w of Huxley Av, 91x123.10x65.7x93; E. Graf Construction Co., Inc., to Fritz Innscher, 108 Euclid Av, Cypress Hills, N. Y., mtg $1,500, May 25; attorneys, Burns & F., White Plains, N. Y.....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

COLUMBUS AV, 150, w s, 50.5 ft s of 67th St, 25x100, June 1, 3 years; Sarah E. Martin to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St.....$8,000

EDGECOMBE AV, 409-417, w s, 899.6 ft n of 150th St, 179x75.10x175x100, deed of trust to building agreement, May 15, 10 years, 6 p. c.; Candler Holding Corp'n, to Simon W. Straus, 701 5th Av, as trustee; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way. Gold bonds, $475,000

EDGECOMBE AV, w s, 749.6 ft n of 150th St, 150x100, May 31, due and interest as per agreement; Candler Holding Corp'n to S. W. Strauss & Co., Inc., and another, 701 5th Av, as trustee; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$25,000

EDGECOMBE AV, n s, 749.6 ft n of 150th St, 150x100, May 31, due April 15, 1917; Candler Holding Corp'n to Alice D. Blauvelt of Catskill, N. Y.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$36,000

LEXINGTON AV, n w cor of 72d St, 102.2x155, May 31, due and interest as per bond; Jatison Construction Co., Inc., to Solurbee, Inc., 32 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$149,350

PARK AV, s w corner of 66th St, 100.5x100, building loan, May 31, demand, 6 p. c.; C. C. Corpn. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St. $600,000

SAME PROPERTY, May 31, due May 1, 1921; same to 630 Park Av Co., Inc., 681 5th Av; attorney, same.....$150,000

SEAMAN AV, n w s, 215 and 270 ft s w of Emerson St, 2 lots, each 55x125, June 1, 5 years or sooner, 6 p. c.; Alfred L. Anderson to Smada Realty Co., 509 Willis Av., Bronx; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$16,000

1ST AV, 493, s w corner of 29th St, 24.8x75, May 31, 5 years or sooner; John G. Alfke to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 84 William St.....$8,000

2D AV, e s, 61.11 ft s of 81st St, runs e 77x irregular, May 31, 3 years; Susan R. Cherrie to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$3,000

3D AV, n e corner of 125th St, 49.10x57, May 25, due and interest as per bond; Jacob A. Smith et al. to Harlem Savings Bank; attorney, Edward S. Clinch, 41 Park Row.....$5,000

24TH ST, 334 East, s s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 25x98.9, May 31, 5 years, interest as per bond; William Lord to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.. $4,000

26TH ST, 312 East, s s, 200 ft e of 2d Av, 25x98.9, May 31, due and interest as per bond; Francesco Genovese to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

82D ST, n s, 85 ft e of 3d Av, 25x98.9, May 31, due and interest as per bond; Charles Gruner to Franz Flory, 221 East 57th St; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$15,000

65TH ST, 13 East, n s, 145 ft w of Madison Av, 22x100.5, May 31, due and interest as per bond; Bellehazen Realty Co. to Kalmia Realty Co., 52 Broadway; attorney, Kellogg, E. & C., 52 Broadway.....$20,000

67TH ST, 36-40 West, s s, 350 ft w of Central Park West, 75x100.5, May 26, 5 years or sooner; Philton Holding Co. to Cath D. Pringle, at Villa Pringle at Biarritz, France; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$22,000

67TH ST, 36-40 West, s s, 350 ft w of Central Park West, 75x100.5, May 26, 5 years or sooner; Philton Holding Co. to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$70,000

132D ST, n s, 280 and 300 ft e of 5th Av, two lots, each 20x99.11, May 25, due May 31, 1919, interest as per bond; Frank Wolfe to Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, and another, trustees; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place.....$5,264

Bronx.

BASSFORD AV, e s, 264.2 ft n of 182d St, 35.6x76, Jas. V. Jennings to Julia B. Lewis, 315 West 112th St., May 31, installs, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$2,000

CHARLOTTE ST, 1,512, e s, 37.6x100; Sarah Jacobs to Lillian Sindeband and another, 16 East 96th St, Feb. 2, due as per bond; attorney, Paul Hellinger, 320 Broadway. $30,000

CHARLOTTE ST, 1,508, e s, 37.6x100; same to Fannie Levy and another, trustees, 67 East 90th St, Feb. 2, due as per bond; attorney, same.....$20,000

LOT 115, map Martin Schrenkeisen; Jos. F. Quigley to Martin Schrenkeisen, (executor and trusee,) 1,070 Madison Av., Jan. 17, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$280

All following, same map, date and attorney, and all due as per bond:

LOTS 125 and 126; David B. Yaffa to same. $630

LOT 144; Henry Pietarila to same.....$227

LOTS 67 and 66; Fred Ferber to same..$1,995

LOTS 116 and 119; Peter Gorman to same. $1,050

LOTS 138 and 139; Edward Neary and another to same.....$350

LOTS 13 to 16 and 42 to 44, Block A, Map Mapes estate; Otis Harlan to Alwell Realty Co., 68 William St, May 31, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$7,500

LOTS 122 and 123, map Wakefield, 100x228, Isidor Niner to Annie McGillicuddy, guardian, Tappan, Rockland County, N. Y., May 29, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$5,000

MORRIS AV, s w corner 167th St, 100x100, Ethel M. Wallace to N. Y. Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, June 1, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, N. Y. Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$20,000

MOUNT HOPE PLACE, 20, s s, 25x125; Chas. W. McDonald to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, May 31, due June 1, 1919; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$6,000

RATTLESNAKE BROOK, centre line, adj. ld. Adaline Holly, 68x134x66x142, Celestina Veltri to Antonio Modena, 155 Guernsey St., Brooklyn, prior mtg $2,250, May 25, due Aug. 1, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, Louis Levin, 1,230 Broadway.....$635

168TH ST, 612 East, s s, 30x194; William Voigt to Martin J. McMahon, 1,208 Tinton Av, prior mtg $9,000, May 31, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,750

179TH ST, s s, 83 ft e of Park Av, 33x85, Antonio Barrelli to John W. Cornish Constn. Co., 101 East 177th St., prior mtg $12,000, June 1, installs. 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way..$1,000

230TH ST, s w s, 305 ft s e of 6th St, 100x114.6; Harriet E. Weller to Thomas J. Healy, 3,311 Olinville Av, May 29, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 383 East 149th St.....$1,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, 2,394, s w corner of 179th St, cafe and basement; John Mara to Jas. Cassidy, 95 Perry St, 10 years from June 1, 1916; attorneys, B. & S., 128th St and Amsterdam Av.....$1,800 and $2,000

HUDSON ST, s w corner of Franklin St, stand in store; Isadore Thomases to Jacob Benowitz, 101 Hudson St, 2 11-12 years from June 1, 1916; attorney, Jacob Benowitz, 101 Hudson St.....$600

3D AV, 1,330, store and part of basement; Walter F. Kingsland to Jos. Delliveaux, 528 East 84th St, 7 years from May 1, 1916; attorneys, B. & S., 128th St and Amsterdam Av.....$2,400

3D AV, 2,305, store and loft over store; 3d Av, 2,307, store and loft over store; Augustus Smith et al. to Owen P. Muldoon, 309 West 121st St, 5 years from May 1, 1916; attorneys, Olcott, G., B. & McM., 170 Broadway.....$6,000

3D AV, 2,136, store and basement; Robert P. Breese to Max Indig and another, firm Indig Brothers, 2,052 3d Av, 5 years from May 1, 1916; attorneys, Indig Brothers, 2,052 3d Av.....$2,400

19TH ST, n e s, 450 ft n w of 2d Av, 25x92, the land, Hamilton Fish Corporation to Henry Truberg, Malverne, L. I., 21 years from May 1, 1895; attorney, Eugene Cohn, 74 Broadway; taxes, &c., and.....$950

82D ST, 41 to 49 West, second flat; Greycourt Realty Co. to Samuel Fernbacker, 112 West 72d St, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1916; attorneys, House, G. & V., 115 Broadway.....$2,800

162D ST, s s, at w s of right of way of Hudson River Railroad, runs s — to n s of 159th St., &c., all; Lamont Dock Corporation to David H. Thistle, 425 West 160th St, 10 years from April 1, 1916; attorney, David H. Thistle, 425 West 160th St; part of taxes, &c., and.....$2,700 to $3,100

Bronx.

ELTON AV, 647, store; Hermine Halfmann to Samuel Freeman, 647 Elton Av, 5 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, G. Frey, 3,429 3d Av.....$1,920

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

AV B, 85; Nathan Eisenberg against M. Froemkin, owner; Nathan Jankowitz, contractor.....$50

AV B, 85; H. Greenbergs Sons against Max Fromkin, owner; Nathan Jankowitz, contractor.....$125

WEST END AV, 590 to 598; Lawrence Cement Co., against 590 West End Avenue Inc., owner; Rapp Construction Co., contractor.....$4,065.60

28TH ST, 42 to 46 East; Jacob Rubin against Borough Realty Co., owner; Nathan Jankowitz, contractor.....$147.72

28TH ST, 441 West; M. R. Flooring Co., against Chelsea Homes Corporation, owner; Israel Singer, contractor.....$565.82

39TH ST, 318 to 326 West; Lawrence Cement Co., against 324 West Thirty-ninth Street Corporation, owner; Rapp Construction Co., sub-contractor; E. Brooks & Co., contractor.....$6,312.42

47TH ST, 237 East; Edward A. Carpenter against Flintlock Realty Co., owner; Ralph W. Steele, contractor.....$1,136.95

80TH ST, 65 East; Edward A. Carpenter against Francis B. Arnold, owner and contractor.....$1,735

82D ST, 41 and 49 West; Lawrence Cement Co., against Greycourt Realty Co., Inc., owner; Rapp Construction Co., sub-contractor.....$1,221

85TH ST, 106 to 110 East; Lawrence Cement Co., against One Hundred and Six East Ninety-fifth Street Corporation, owner; Rapp Construction Co., sub-contractor. $1,501.45

Bronx.

INTERVALE AV, 1,242 and 1,173 Fox St; Netson & Goldberg against Grace E. Brady, owner and contractor.....$101

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

CANAL ST, 351 to 355; Frank Friedman against Habershan Real Estate Corporation et al., May 5, 1916.....$375

7TH ST, 241 East; Meier Rechtschaffer against Hyman Thuman et al., Jan. 27, 1916.....$38

Bronx.

ROSEDALE AV 1,447; Ray Strasberg against Abraham Kaplan et al., Nov. 23, 1915.....$46

ROSEDALE AV, 1,447; Consolidated Plate and Window Glass Co., Inc., against Abraham Kaplan et al., Nov. 23, 1915.....$25

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACT.

Manhattan.

EDGECOMBE AV, w s, 899.6 ft n of 150th St, 179x75.10x irregular; S. W. Straus & Co., Inc., loans Candler Holding Corporation to erect a thirteen-story apartment. $475,000

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 47 ft s of 172d St, 48x84.4; Jennie Currier against Louis Stern et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Pressinger & Newcombe.

PLEASANT AV, w s, 88.9 ft s of 115th St, 12.8x74; Harlan F. Stone against Louisa Garafalo et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Satterlee, Canfield & Stone.

WEST HOUSTON ST, s w corner of Congress St, 63x125; Hudson St, s w corner of 11th St, 99.6x54.10; Christopher St, 183, and West Broadway, e s, 125 ft n of Bleecker St, 25x100; Mary E. McGovern against John M. Williams, notice of attachment; attorney, W. S. Shanahan.

4TH ST, 256 East; Paula Wright against Leon Ackerman et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. F. Stier.

39TH ST, 538 West; Silvie M. Warner et al. against Cassandra Mendelson et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, E. G. Kremer.

Bronx.

LOTS 26 and 27, map of 131 building lots belonging to Estate of Thomas O. Woolf, 24th Ward; 837 Washington Avenue Realty Co., Inc., against Nathan B. Levin Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, O. E. Davis.

LOT 264, map of 345 lots of property of Estate of Octavia Moss, 24th Ward; Louis T. Lehmeyer et al. against John Balch Blood et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, M. S. Marden.

THIRD AV, w s, 115.4 ft n of Wendover Av, 39.4x200.9; David Schwartz against Zarland Realty Co. et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Jerome, Brand & Kresel.

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, w s, 100 ft s of Columbus Av, 25x103.5; Kate M. Lare against Joseph V. Carr et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, G. Squires.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Duane St, 42, s w corner of Lafayette St, 18.3x23.3x19.2x10.8x20.7x8.1, six-story loft building; Union Trust Co. against Madison Avenue Real Estate Co. et al.; Miller, King, Lane & Traffard, attorneys; Alfred C. B. McNevin, referee; due on judgment, $43,906.86; taxes, &c., $2,508.21; to the plaintiff for $40,000.

65th St, 5 to 9 West, n s, 125 ft w of Central Park West, 95x100.5, three five-story apartments; adjourned to June 16.

116th St, 228 West, s s, 425 ft e of 8th Av, 103.7x16.9x100.11x11.25, five-story tenement and stores; Isaac Bell against Milton Berlinger et al.; Jay & Candler, attorneys; Frederick W. Bisgood, referee; due on judgment, $33,329.91; taxes, &c., $1,273.58; to the plaintiff for $25,000.

Madison Av, 778 and 780, w s, 60.5 ft n of 66th St, 40x80, ten-story apartment; adjourned to June 8.

By Henry Brady.

10th St, 112 East, s s, 175.4 ft e of 3d Av, 18x57.5x19.2x64, five-story tenement; Lucy M. Rice against Charlotte Istel et al.; Edward Goldschmidt, attorney; Thomas O'Callaghan, referee; due, $12,387.16; taxes, &c., $288.15; to the plaintiff for $8,500.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

215th St, 414 to 418 West, s s, 150 ft w of 9th Av, 75x99.11, five-story tenement; Bettie Wise against Max Marx et al.; Goldsmith, Cohen, Cole & Weiss, attorneys; Bernard Rabbino, referee; due, $15,906; taxes, &c., $330.06; to the plaintiff for $16,012.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

Morton St, 40, s s, 150.2 ft w of Bedford St, 24.9x96.6, five-story tenement; Eugene A. Philbin et al. against Prudential Bond and Mortgage Co. et al.; S. Stanwood Menken, attorney; Richard M. Martin, referee; due, $26,628.32; taxes, &c., $926.64; to the plaintiff for $25,000.

AT 2,308 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Morris Av, w s, 55.19 ft n of 196th St, 50.2x88.7x51.4, vacant; sold to A. N. Carbell for $4,850; also

Morris Av, n e corner of Park Terrace, 113.7x100.11x125.2x106.5, vacant; Second National Bank of Hoboken against Jennie N. Reid et al; Rabe & Kelley, attorneys; James A. Foley, referee; partition; to S. Pratt for $17,975.

By Charles A. Berrian.

173d St, 410 East, s s, 90 ft e of Webster Av, 20x117.10, three-story tenement; Ernest Hall, executor, against Peter Zimmermann et al.; Frederick Freeman, attorney; John C. Coleman, referee; due on judgment, $8,397.80; taxes, &c., $300; to the plaintiff for $7,500.

Prospect Av, 2,068 and 2,070, e s, 199 ft s of 180th St, 33x100, two two-story dwellings; Henry R. Browne against Giosue E. Galiani et al.; Hamilton, Gregory & Freeman, attorneys; Theodore H. Friend, Jr., referee; due on judgment, $8,589.46; taxes, &c., $264; to the plaintiff for $7,500.

By Daniel Greenwald.

Nelson Av, 1,674, s s, 260 ft e of 175th St, 25x89.6x26.3x81.7, two-story dwelling; Louis H. Cramer et al. against Inland Holding Co.; Sullivan & Cromwell, attorneys; Oscar Igsteadter, referee; due on judgment, $7,145.99; taxes, &c., $612.55; to the plaintiff for $7,000.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Essex St, 134, e s, 75 ft n of Rivington St, 25x100, six-story loft building; People's Trust Company et al against Philip A. Hake et al; Wingate & Cullen, attorneys; William D. Brush, referee; due, $39,874.74; taxes, &c., $803.78.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Parcel of land beginning at a point on west side of New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R. Company, northeast Givans Creek, 215x285x2,415.6x400x64.1x325x379.4x73.1x119.8x590.1x890; Gertrude D. Hawes against Henrietta B. Campbell et al; Samuel M. Richardson, attorney; John J. Hynes, referee; partition.

By Samuel Marx.

183d St, 53 West, n s, 20 ft w of Grand Av, 20x100, three-story dwelling; Emma M. Smith against Janpole & Warner Holding Company et al; Harold Swain, attorney; Louis J. Schwartz, referee; due, $6,625.65; taxes, &c., $338.55.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

24th St, n s, 187 ft w of 8th Av, for a six-story tenement, 54x84.7; Superior Construction Co., Inc., 117 East 114th St, owner; Goldner & Goldberg, 391 East 149th St, architects; cost $55,000.

187th St, n s, 80 ft w of Beaumont Av, for a two-story brick factory, 35x67; Liborico Lombardo, 2,325 Arthur Av, owner; Lucian Pisciotta, 391 East 149th St, architect; cost, $10,000.

Minerva Place, s e corner of Creston Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 40x84; Creston Building Co., August Busch, 362 East 198th St, President, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $40,000.

171st St, s s, 95.2 ft e of Washington Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 72x88; Av St. John and Fox St Corporation, John Brown, 661 Tinton Av, President, owner; Charles B. Meyers, 1 Union Square, architect; cost, $65,000.

192d St, n e corner of Creston Av, for three five-story brick tenements, 56x93.10 and 63x94.11; 173d St. Realty Co., Aaron Miller, 379 East 149th St, President, owner; Kreymborg Architectural Co., 1,029 East 160th St, architects; cost, $195,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Irving Place, 80, to a four-story dwelling; estate of Agnes E. Tracy, 22 William St, owner; R. Teichman, 22 William St, architect; cost $10,000.

44th St, 143 West, to a four-story cafe, &c; J. C. Hoffman, 738 West End Av, owner; W. Kurtzer, 1,753 Boston Road, architect; cost, $6,000.

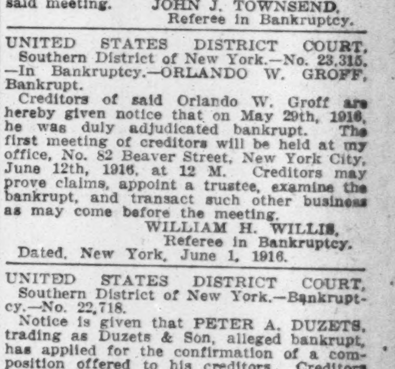
Stanton St, 112, to a six-story shop, &c; K. Dieter, premises, owner; Horenburger & Bardes, 122 Bowery, architects; cost, $5,500.

Pitt St, 52, to a four and five story tenement and store; J. Eisen, 1,416 Bryant Av, owner; Canton & Dorfman, 373 Fulton St, Brooklyn, architects; cost, $5,000.

3d Av, 2,916, to a four-story brick store and dwelling, 20x67.8; Woolfie & Peiffer, on premises, owners; Wortman & Braun, 114 East 28th St, architects; cost, $10,000.

IN FORECLOSURE.—Supreme Court, County of New York.—Warren Cruikshank as substituted Trustee under the last will and testament of WILLIAM P. FURNISS, deceased, for MARGARET E. ZIMMERMAN, plaintiff, against WILLIAM F. DONNELLY and others, defendants. Morris A. Hulett, plaintiff's attorney, 135 Broadway, New York.

Pursuant to judgment dated May 9, 1916, entered May 22, 1916, the undersigned will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on June 23, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon by Daniel Greenwald, Auctioneer, the mortgaged premises directed by said judgment to be sold, to wit: Premises in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the north side of 27th Street, the east side of which is distant 106 feet 1 inch east of 7th Avenue, and being 28 feet 2¼ inches in breadth in front on 27th Street, and in the rear by 69 feet 9¼ inches in depth on each side, and being known by the street No. 161 West 27th Street, as shown on the following diagram.



No. 161 West 27th Street.

The approximate amount of the mortgage debt is $26,746.73, with interest from February 24, 1916; costs and allowance, $421.34, with interest from May 9, 1916; taxes, assessments, and water charges, about $2,450.21, with interest and penalties.

Dated, New York, May 31, 1916.

JOHN WARREN HILL, Referee.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.

At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 12 50-pound cans, each containing a product purporting to be "Purified Wool Fat." Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on June 12, 1916, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.

Dated May 25, 1916.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL,
U. S. Attorney.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of LOUIS ZUFLACHT, Alleged Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 23261.

CHARLES SHONGOOD, United States Auctioneer, will sell at the alleged bankrupt's place of business, No. 184 Stanton Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on this day, the 2d day of June, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., personal property of the alleged bankrupt consisting of a stock of men's and boys' clothing and fixtures.

Dated, New York, May 26th, 1916.

FRANCIS GILBERT, Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 120 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 22,135.—In Bankruptcy.—MORRIS APPLEBAUM, JOSEPH APPLEBAUM, and MAX APPLEBAUM, individually, and as co-partners, trading as M. APPLEBAUM & SONS, Bankrupt.

Morris Applebaum, Joseph Applebaum, and Max Applebaum, individually, and as co-partners, trading as M. Applebaum & Sons, were duly adjudicated bankrupts on April 26, 1916. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, City of New York, on June 14, 1916, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 23,315.—In Bankruptcy.—ORLANDO W. GROFF, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Orlando W. Groff are hereby given notice that on May 29th, 1916, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, June 12th, 1916, at 12 M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, New York, June 1, 1916.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 22,718.

Notice is given that PETER A. DUZETS, trading as Duzets & Son, alleged bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition offered to his creditors. Creditors and parties in interest are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on June 12, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why such composition should not be confirmed.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 23313.—In Bankruptcy.—WILLIAM D. CULVER, Bankrupt.

William D. Culver was duly adjudicated bankrupt on May 27, 1916. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, City of New York, on June 14, 1916, at 12 noon. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 23303.—In Bankruptcy.—KATE HOUSEMAN, Bankrupt.

Kate Houseman was duly adjudicated bankrupt on May 25, 1916. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, City of New York, on June 14, 1916, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 23220.—In Bankruptcy.—FREDERICK F. HATHORNE, Bankrupt.

Frederick F. Hathorne was duly adjudicated bankrupt on May 9, 1916. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, City of New York, on June 14, 1916, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 21978. Notice is given that GEORGE W. LYNN, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 5, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 23,182. Notice is given that RICHARD J. WALES, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 5, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 20624. Notice is given that FRED H. KAHLE, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 5, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 23183. Notice is given that JACOB MEYEROWITZ, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on July 5, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

$1,250,000 Riverside Drive Apartment Investment—Henry Ford Buys Broadway Corner—Deal in Greenwich Section—Choice Roslyn Estate Sold—Belasco Rents Summer Home.

Two important deals of more than ordinary interest closed the realty market yesterday in a decidedly active manner. One was an investment purchase of a $1,250,000 west side apartment, while the other was the purchase by Henry Ford of the large plot on the northeast corner of Broadway and Fifty-fourth Street, in the heart of the lower automobile centre. The plot purchased includes all the block frontage on the east side, except the Fifty-fifth Street corner portion occupied by the Hotel Woodward, a total of 129.6 feet for the Ford property which will be used for an automobile salesroom and garage for the Ford cars. Joseph P. Day was the broker.

The west side deal involved the sale of the twelve-story Wendolyn apartment on the southeast corner of Riverside Drive and 100th Street. It was purchased for investment by the Donovan Estate Inc., of which Walter J. M. Donovan is President, from the Morrell Holding Company, Robert Lee Morrell, President. The property has been held at $1,250,000 and the house is fully rented.

Mr. Morrell acquired the building a few months ago in trade for the new loft structure on the southwest corner of Fourth Avenue and Thirty-second Street, which was purchased by William T. Evans of Mills & Gibbs, the latter giving the Riverside Drive apartment in exchange. The Wendolyn is one of the best structures of its kind on Riverside Drive. It was built about four years ago by the West Side Construction Company, J. Axelrod, President.

Nassoit & Lanning were the brokers in the transaction. The buyer, Mr. Donovan, is an owner of several good parcels of west side realty, including the Fire Arms on the northwest corner of Broadway and Eighty-seventh Street and Leslie Court, southwest corner of Broadway and 137th Street, both of which were purchased through the same brokers.

Harlem Apartment Investments.

Two apartment houses in Harlem figured in investment deals. One was the six-story building known as the Ivanhoe at 208 and 210 West 141st Street, 60 by 99.11 feet, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, which was bought by Louis Bloch from the Bond & Mortgage Company. It was one of the parcels bid in by the sellers at the auction of several of the company's holdings last week.

The five-story double flat at 232 West 122nd Street, 34 by 100.11 feet, between the same avenues has been purchased by the Martonbert Realty Corporation, Herbert R. Snyder, President, from the estate of Gilbert Bamberger. It was held at $40,000. Porter & Co., were the brokers.

Audubon Avenue Sale.

Frederick Brown has purchased the five-story apartment house at 185 Audubon Avenue, northeast corner of 174th Street, 63 by 100 feet. It was bought from Jules J. Peugnet, executor of the estate of Elizabeth Peugnet. The property has been held at $100,000.

Buys Greenwich Village Corner.

As a site to increase their factory in the old Greenwich Village section, Philip Hand & Co., manufacturing stationers, have purchased the vacant plot, 4.8 by 65, on the northwest corner of Greenwich and West Twelfth Streets. It was bought from David and Harry Lippman and will be improved with a six-story building as an extension to the present plant at 806 to 810 Greenwich Street. The entire plot fronts 104.4 feet on Greenwich Street. The Duross Company was the broker in the deal.

Investor Buys Lafayette Street Loft.

The six-story loft building at 316 Lafayette Street, running through to 151 Crosby Street, has been sold by the Bond and Mortgage Company to an investing client of L. Tannenbaum Strauss & Co. The structure occupies a lot 25 by 79 feet.

Lyman Estate Sells Old Building Partly Destroyed by Fire.

As a site for a modern fireproof loft William H. Callanan has purchased from the Lyman estate the property at 519 to 523 West Thirty-eighth Street.

The old five-story building on the site, 75 by 100, was partly destroyed by fire recently. John J. Meenan negotiated the sale and a lease for the new building is pending.

Tenement Sales.

Patrick and Peter McManus purchased from Mrs. Theresa Metzger the five-story tenement on the northeast corner of Eleventh Avenue and Forty-second Street. The structure occupies a lot 25 by 78 feet. L. Tannenbaum Strauss & Co., Incorporated, negotiated the sale.

Winston Paul bought from Johanna Gunther 70 Columbus Avenue, a three-story tenement on a lot 25 by 100. The southerly half of the block was recently purchased by the Cadillac Motor Company.

The Eighth Avenue and Fifty-third Street Company recently organized has purchased 883 and 885 Eighth Avenue, two four-story houses, on plot 44 by 80, adjoining the southwest corner of Fifty-third Street, from the Livingston estate. The company, in which J. G. Cohen, J. Kendler, and C. Pinkney are Directors, has also purchased from Louis M. Goldberg 877 Eighth Avenue and the abutting property, 303 West Fifty-second Street.

Recent Buyers.

Warren Thorpe is the buyer of 13 and 15 West Sixty-fourth Street, sold last week by Mrs. Ernesto G. Fabbri.

George Coburn is the buyer of the plot, 43.2 by 95, at the southwest corner of Walton Avenue and 183d Street.

Bronx Sales.

Heller & Sussman, sold for Fred Brown the five-story apartment house known as 2,385 Grand Boulevard and Concourse, a plot 68 by 87. In part payment, Mr. Silver, the purchaser, gave 1,313 Clinton Avenue, the Bronx, a five-story building, near McKinley Square. The consideration was about $90,000.

Kurz & Uren, Inc., sold for a client of L. J. Greenberger to Weiss & Barkin, 2,170 Washington Avenue, near 182d Street, a five-story, new law flat, on a lot 37.5 by 129. The purchaser gives in addition to cash, twenty free and clear acres of land known as Bald Hill, in the town of Wilton, Conn.

Brooklyn.

In the Bay Ridge section, Frank H. Malone and H. O. Harris sold the five lots on the north side of Sixty-eighth Street, 213 feet east of Sixth Avenue, for Asher Dann to a builder for immediate improvement.

Newman Leavy sold for Mrs. Mary E. Lucke twenty-two lots on Fifty-fourth Street, Brooklyn, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth Avenues, to a client for immediate improvements.

Buys Fine Roslyn Estate.

The twenty acre estate at Roslyn, L. I., known as the Doncourt place, has been sold through Pell & Tibbits to Ernest A. Bigelow, who will erect a fine residence on the property. It occupies the third highest hill in Nassau County.

Long Island.

Mrs. Ida H. Fischer of Flushing has purchased from the T. B. Ackerson Company a cottage and two lots having 200 feet front on Hiawatha Drive and 150 feet front on Peters Boulevard, Brightwaters, L. I.

William D. Bloodgood & Co., Inc., sold a prominent corner in Long Island City, located on Broadway and Crescent Street, adjacent to an express station of the new elevated route, for the Clifton Construction Company to a New York investor.

In the Fourth Ward, Borough of Queens, the New York Suburban Land Company sold a plot, 40 by 100 feet, on Oxford Place, to Martha Finley, and a plot, 60 by 100 feet, on President Avenue, to George Shepard.

Thomas A. Dorgan has purchased the Lina Weiderman property at Great Neck, L. I., consisting of a dwelling and about an acre and a half of land. Baker Crowell was the broker, in conjunction with J. Wilson Dayton.

New Jersey.

At Westfield, N. J., Robert E. Pendergrast sold to F. Colsim three plots on Rahway Avenue. To Frederick Hoffman two lots on Massachusetts Avenue. To H. Frank four plots on Massachusetts Avenue. To G. A. Baltheim four plots on Willow Grove Avenue. To N. G. McBride two plots on Massachusetts Avenue and Morgan Street.

The New York Suburban Land Company sold at Garwood, N. J., a plot 40 by 100 feet on Willow Avenue to John J. Newcombe, and a plot 50 by 100 feet on Center Street to Louis J. Sneider.

George H. Chivvis sold for the McMorrow Engineering & Construction Company to an investor the Terminal building, a seven-story office structure, 55 by 103, at 68-70 Hudson Street, Hoboken, adjacent to the Lackawanna Terminal. It was held at $200,000, and the buyer, in addition to cash, gave in part payment Long Island acreage.

Park Hill Residence Sold.

Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., has sold for Arthur D. Geissler, his Colonial residence at Park Hill, Yonkers, to a client.

Commercial Leases.

The Louis K. Liggett Company, operating the Liggett-Riker-Hegeman drug stores, has leased through Herbert Hecht & Co. from the Fifth Avenue Building Company, owner of the Fifth Avenue Building, the corner store at the junction of Broadway and Fifth Avenue, with about 25 feet frontage on Broadway and 85 feet on Twenty-fourth Street, for a term of ten years, and will install a store similar in type to those operated by the company in the Grand Central Terminal, the Hotel McAlpin, and elsewhere.

George R. Read & Co., in conjunction with Heckscher & De Saulles, have leased for the Hanover National Bank in its building, corner of Nassau and Pine Streets, the entire fifteenth floor to the Federal Dyestuff & Chemical Company, and the entire nineteenth floor to White & Co. Both leases are for a term of years and amount to considerably over $150,000.

Barnett & Co. have leased the store at No. 29 East 125th Street to the American Cash Register Company.

Tanenbaum L. Straus & Co. have leased for Eugene Higgins the store at 677 Broadway to Abraham H. Fox.

Belasco Leases Mamaroneck Home.

David Belasco has leased for the Summer the country place of Herbert N. Cowperthwait at Orienta Point, Mamaroneck, comprising seven acres of land on the Sound, a large dwelling, and outbuildings. Fish & Marvin were the brokers. They have also leased at Bronxville the Ferris J. Meigs residence to Walter M. Jackson.

Worthington Whitehouse has leased for Cecil Lyon his country estate at Syosset, L. I., consisting of about 100 acres, to Meredith Hare and also the William C. Fargo estate at East Williston to M. Taylor Pyne, Jr.

L'Ecluse, Washburn & Co. have leased for Joseph Palmer Knapp his estate at Huntington to Baron de Stackelberg of Russia for the Summer.

Private House Rentals.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased the three-story dwelling, 116 East Thirty-eighth Street, for Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company, agent, to Chester H. Aldrich.

Samuel H. Martin has leased for Albert S. Mortimer the four-story dwelling at 123 West Sixty-seventh Street to F. F. Welland.

Shaw & Co. have leased for Simon J. Barkley the three-story dwelling at 136 West 129th Street to Christina Harrington.

Barnett & Co. have leased the dwelling at 34 East 126th Street for Thomas O'Reilly to Bertha Erickson.

Realty Notes.

A thirteen-story apartment house, estimated to cost $300,000, is planned for the northwest corner of Park Avenue and Eighty-first Street, 52.2 by 100, now occupied by the seven story Coronado apartment. The operation will be carried on by the 940 and 942 Park Avenue Holding Corporation, organized by Walter G. Watter and Alice Miller, owners. George and Edward Blum are the architects.

John W. Herbert transferred yesterday his residence at 825 Fifth Avenue, south of Sixty-fifth Street, to Frederick Lewisohn for a stated consideration of $10,000, subject to a $173,000 mortgage.

William A. White & Sons have placed a building loan of $550,000 with the City Mortgage Company for the C. C. Corporation, J. E. R. Carpenter, President, for the erection of a twelve-story apartment house at the southwest corner of Sixty-sixth Street and Park Avenue, on plot 100 by 100.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

EXPERIENCED MORTGAGE BROKERS

ARE AT YOUR SERVICE—CONSULT US AND LET US SOLVE YOUR MORTGAGE PROBLEM.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
32 Nassau St. Tel. John 6094.

REAL ESTATE—MANHATTAN.

To Close Estate

Water Front

On East River

Entire Block Front

Near 34th Street

including 20 lots on 2 streets.

Price less than $10,000 per lot including water front.

Douglas Robinson
Charles S. Brown Co

14 Wall Street
Tel. Rector 9040

10 E. 45th Street
Tel. Murray Hill 3100

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

EXECUTORS' SALE
Estate of William B. Proctor,
319 W. 100th St.
20x100.11.
5 STORY MODERN DWELLING,
13 ROOMS, 4 BATHS; STEAM HEAT,
HARDWOOD FLOORS.
MORTGAGE $20,000, AT 5%.
Tuesday, June 6th,
12 o'Clock, Noon,
REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE,
14-16 VESEY ST.
Further particulars from
Messrs. WILDER, EWEN & PATTERSON,
45 Cedar Street, New York City,
Attorneys, or

Henry Brady
AUCTIONEER
200 W. 23rd St. Tel. Chelsea 7960.

Shippan Point, Stamford, Conn.
MANOR HOTEL (school in winter), gymnasium, about 13 acres, lawn, splendid shade trees; bathing beach; choicest shore property; on main avenue. Foreclosure sale, Saturday, June 3, at 2 P. M., on premises. Particulars of Fred. A. Taff, Auctioneer, Stamford, Conn.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$5,800
CRAFTSMAN HOMES on beautiful parked street only 2 minutes' walk from Kings Highway Station Sea Beach Subway. Open fireplace, electric lights, etc. Wonderful decorations. Also a large
HOLLOW TILE GARAGE
Positively the most artistic homes ever offered at the price. Handsome booklet upon request. OTTO SINGER, 248 Kings Highway, Brooklyn.

ONLY 4 LEFT
Tapestry Brick dwellings on beautiful parked street, 2 minutes from Kings Highway station, 4th Av.-Sea Beach Subway. Parquet, steam heat, electric lights, etc. Wonderful decorations. Price $5,000, which is $1,000 under present value. 10% down. Balance to suit. Don't buy elsewhere until you have seen these little gems. Booklet upon request. OTTO SINGER, 262 Kings Highway, adjoining station.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forest Hills Gardens
"A Forward Movement in Suburban Development."
15 Minutes from Penn. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots For Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 W. 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.
Send for Booklet T.

MODERN HOUSE
of 9 rooms and bath, overlooking Long Island Sound; large open fireplace; sleeping porch; tiled bathroom; sewer, water, gas and electricity; 30 minutes from 33d St. and 7th Av.; privilege of private bathing beach; deep water anchorage; $500 cash, balance can be arranged. L. B. Stephenson, 243 West 34th St.

5c Fare: Express from Manhattan
$100 down; owner must sacrifice 6-room cottage, all improvements. French windows leading to large veranda, open fireplace, large plot, pay balance $25 monthly; take Fulton St. L to Lefferts Ave. station. See RIDGE, foot of stairs. Open Sundays.

FORCED TO SELL.
Beautiful house of 11 rooms and 2 baths; extra toilet; hollow tile and stucco; garage; large porch, overlooking water; large grounds; at Bayside Park. Will sell very cheap to quick buyer. B. H., 84 Times.

JAMAICA PARK
overlooking beautiful lake, 6-room cottage; will decorate to suit; great bargain for $3,600; must have $300 cash at once; balance $17 per month; only 22 minutes out. B. Thomas, 349 East 14th St.

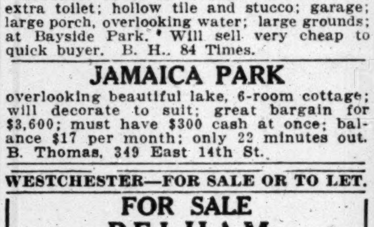
WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
PELHAM
Westchester County. Corner Plot.
Washington and Clifford Aves., on plot 73x105. Colonial House (just completed). 6 large bedrooms, 3 baths, large living room, dining room, pantry, kitchen, laundry, etc. Owner unable to occupy.
Harry H. Vought, Jr.,
433 Homestead Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

RYE BUNGALOW
For Sale—$3,750
NEAR OAKLAND BEACH
Three bedrooms and bath; large living room with open fireplace, kitchen and dining porch; will rent for season.
MEIGHAN & MAGILL,
30 East 42d St., N. Y. Murray Hill 3498.

RYE, N. Y.
Modern house, 9 bedrooms, beautiful grounds, tennis court, garage, stable, garden; furnished, $2,500. List on application.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN,
41 E. 41st St., 20 Nassau St., or Rye, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.



SACRIFICE FOR QUICK SALE.
Ten-room stucco house, on plot 100x100; cost $12,000. Your own terms for only $8,000. On parked boulevard in restricted Laurelton. Red-tiled roof; two baths; steam heat, open fireplace, parquetry floors, oak trim. Electric railroad service, half hour to Manhattan or Brooklyn. Fifteen minutes to ocean. Tennis and golf.
G. H. Wolff, Laurelton, L. I.
Telephone 1846 Springfield.

MANHASSET BAY.
Beautiful shore front property, ten acres, fine old trees, abundance fruit, four hundred feet shore front.

Substantial house, billiard room, living room, 30x18; hall, dining room, 30x18; breakfast room, butler's pantry, kitchen and creamery. First floor: Four bedrooms, one 30x18; two baths. Second floor: Double room with bath for servants.

Electric light, hot and cold water, furnace heat, entire interior recently decorated and modernized. Hardwood floors throughout.

Large, roomy barn. Garage. Chicken house, icehouse, carpenter shop, greenhouse, children's playhouse, old-fashioned flower and rose garden. Ten minutes' walk from station. Easy terms. Inquire Geo. Hess, 107 West 13th St., New York.

A COUNTRY GEM
All-year home near Great South Bay, 45 minutes from city, for sale or rent; price moderate; nice grounds, trees and shrubs. House and garage both in perfect order. Lighted by gas; steam heat; open fireplaces, hardwood floors, baths; lavatory on first floor; laundry, etc. Particulars, pictures and floor plans, inquire of
H. SCHUYLER CAMMANN,
84 William St., New York. Tel. John—1630.

SACRIFICE HOME, WATER FRONT
rights, elegant, sandy bathing beach; enjoy all water sports in refined community; elegant all-year home and swell bath, gas, electricity, steam heat, range, tubs, open fireplace; all hardwood finish; magnificent in every detail; grounds all laid out in shrubs, &c.; don't miss this chance; a gift at $8,150, $200 cash, and $20 monthly. Owner, B. E., Room 608, 1 West 34th St.

OVERLOOKING THE OCEAN
Beautiful cottage just finished; built for all-year home; owner cannot occupy; 7 large rooms, bath, open fireplace in living room; all the very latest improvements; electricity, gas, full cellar; hot water heat; new-model range with extra hot water attachment in kitchen; abundance of shrubbery; price $5,200, worth $6,000; responsible party can take possession for $600 cash, balance very easy terms; 40 minutes from city. B. Browne, 349 E. 14th St.

GREAT OPPORTUNITY.
25 miles out, overlooking Bay; Craftsman superior bungalow, 6 large rooms and bath, steam heat, gas, open fireplaces, porches and garden; 5 minutes' walk from station; price $1,000 below actual value; small first payment; $20 monthly; no assessments. A. B. McCord, Owner, Bellmore, L. I., or 515 World Building, New York.

Commuting Country Estate Bargain
13½ acres, Garden City; fine country estate; long frontage Jericho Turnpike; mansion house; improvements; cottage; two barns, outbuildings; beautiful surroundings; $27,500; terms; worth double.
HARVEY B. NEWINS,
WOOLWORTH BUILDING, NEW YORK.

FINE OLD FARMHOUSE
only 40 minutes from 33d St. and 7th Av., with plenty of fruit and shade trees; large grounds near private bathing beach; good fishing; $300 cash, balance $15 monthly. B Farm, 243 West 34th St.

LONG ISLAND
THE BEST
SUBURBAN HOMEPLACE.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A REAL SACRIFICE
A modern country House, containing eight bedrooms, four baths, large living room, dining room, library, &c.; hot water heat; hardwood trim throughout. Large garage, with living quarters and bath; 14 acres, well kept lawn, trees, shrubs, &c.; electric light, city water. One hour and six minutes from Grand Central; golf and country clubs nearby. On Connecticut shore, overlooking the Sound. This place cannot be duplicated today under $70,000. For particulars address SACRIFICE, Box 49 Times.

Corners on Jerome Ave.
Adjoining Important Stations of Lexington Ave. Subway Extension, now built on Jerome Ave.
Corners on Grand Boulevard & Concourse
Macomb's Road, 171st St., 172d St., 175th St., Belmont St., Rockwood St., Inwood Ave., Morris Ave., Walton Ave. and North St.
Are Included in the
SUPREME COURT PARTITION SALE
Under the direction of GEO. E. WELLER, Esq., Referee.
JAS. A. WOOLF vs. EUGENE T. WOOLF et al.
116 WEST BRONX LOTS
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Wednesday, June 7th, 1916,
At 12 o'Clock Noon, in Real Estate Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St., N. Y. C.
70%, 1, 2 or 3 years @5½% — 65% @5% — 60% @4¼%
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Wouldn't YOU Like To Be a Member of the Charming Club at
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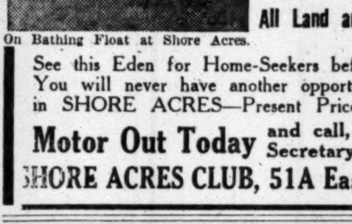
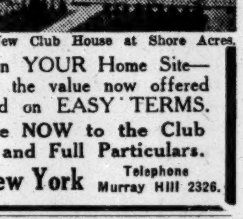
"On the Sound, at MAMARONECK Westchester Co. N.Y."
The Choicest Water Front Property Near New York.
20 Miles from Grand Central—40 Minutes by Electric Trains.



On Bathing Float at Shore Acres.

New Club House and Boat Dock—Bathing Beach
Beautiful Residences on Magnificently Located Plots.
All Land and Water Sports.



New Club House at Shore Acres.

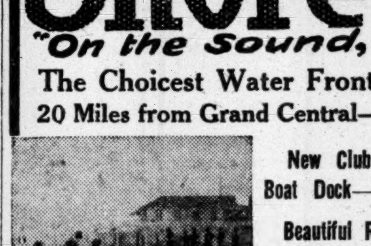
See this Eden for Home-Seekers before you decide on YOUR Home Site—You will never have another opportunity to duplicate the value now offered in SHORE ACRES—Present Prices are LOW and on EASY TERMS.
Motor Out Today and call, write or phone NOW to the Club Secretary for PHOTOS and Full Particulars.
SHORE ACRES CLUB, 51A East 42nd St., New York Telephone Murray Hill 2326.

1500 Acre Massachusetts Estate
In the Berkshires, near Lenox and Stockbridge, estate on crest of hill 2200 feet elevation, 500 acres cleared, 1000 acres pasture and heavy woodland, several large brooks; mansion house 20 rooms, all modern improvements, fully furnished; coach barn, water tower, set of farm buildings; house 12 rooms, barn 36x80, 2 large hay barns, icehouse, poultry houses, piggery, etc. Property originally cost over $100,000; one of the finest estates in the Berkshires; price $45,000 for quick sale. Photos and complete description on application. Apply to
BRECK'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY, Inc.
45 Ames Building, Boston, Mass.
Or your own broker.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

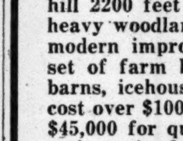
BEAUTIFUL HOME
CLOSE TO WATER. PLOT 100 BY 200 FT.
$7,500 TO SELL NOW
Terms to Suit.
48 Min. on Train, Ex. Service.

10 ROOMS 2 BATHS
An unusually attractive home, situated on crest of high ridge; superb views; 800 ft. elev. Near lake & country club, churches, schools, markets. House has huge living room, with open fireplace; dining room, kitchen & butler's pantry; four bedrooms, tiled bath on second floor; three bedrooms & bath on third floor. This house cannot be duplicated less than $9,000 near N. Y. ATTORNEY, Box D 354 Times Downtown.



$2,250, on Easy Terms, & 1st Mortgage of $5,000
Buys This All Year Residence
Exceptionally beautiful home of 10 rooms, 2 baths; near lake and Country Club, and possessing a peculiar charm that must be seen in order to be appreciated. House is modern, large living room, beamed ceilings; hardwood trim and floors; open fireplaces. For information and photos,
R. F. BARNES,
170 Broadway. Tel. 1521—Cort.

$1,800 IN SMALL PAYMENTS
and 1st mortgage of $3,200 buys this Dutch Colonial House, 6 rooms and bath; in attractive Northern New Jersey Club Colony; half hour out; close to Golf Course and Club House.



SUKER, P. O. BOX 416, N. Y. City.

CALIFORNIA BUNGALOW
Madison, N. J., Lackawanna R. R.; 6 attractive living rooms, billiard rooms, bath; handsome finish; steam heat, electricity, gas, water; garden, lawn, shrubbery, trees. Plot 75x175. Cost $7,500; will sacrifice. Business change demands removal.
OWNER, P. O. BOX 184, MADISON.

Bradley Beach Four miles from "SUMMER CAPITAL" Modern Cottages.
Furnished. Suitable for long season. Rental $400 to $1,500. Send for Booklet.
Richard McNeeley AGENCY, Opp. Station BRADLEY BEACH, N. J.

NEW JERSEY SUMMER HOMES.

FOR RENT
HALF USUAL PRICE
Because of Lateness of Season
DELIGHTFUL SUMMER HOME
ON WATER—LARGE GROUNDS—IN MOUNTAINS. BOAT AND DOCK.
Has ten rooms, two baths, completely furnished. Ideal Boating, Bathing and Fishing. All outdoor sports—Tennis, Golf. Convenient commutation to city. Express service. Rent for season, $500. Address K. A. M., Box D 355 Times Downtown.

BRADLEY BEACH, N. J.
FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT, $250 to $1,000. (Tel. 1305 Asbury.)
GEO. D. BECK 602 MAIN STREET, BRADLEY BEACH.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

For Sale or To Let:
A furnished cottage on Westport River, 2 miles from ocean; near Horseneck Beach. 10 acres on shore; no stones; beautiful shrubbery; fishing, shooting and boating. Cost $10,000. Price reasonable. Dr. TUPPER, Box T, Westport, Mass.

FOR SALE OR TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Merchant or Manufacturer
Think of obtaining 42,000 square feet of space at less than 20c. per square foot. We can show how this can be accomplished. Property near Broadway and Spring St. Up-to-date building.
Wm. A. White & Sons
46 Cedar Street
Telephone 5700 John

Third Ave. and 72nd St.
Northwest Corner.
Three story and basement building, on lot 27x100, to let for long term of years. Suitable for large store and lofts. Apply to CRIMMINS OPERATING COMPANY, 624 Madison Ave.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

CENTRAL PARK APARTMENTS
7th Av., 58th & 59th Sts.
8 to 16 Rooms
2 to 5 Baths
One Large Corner Apartment.
Apartments for physicians.
Modern plumbing. Parquet floors.
Apply 175 West 58th St.

NON-HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
SPENCER ARMS
S. E. Cor. B'way & 69th St.
2, 3 & 4 ROOMS
or larger combinations—maid service included, and meals served in apartments. Every room with permanent outside light and large closet space. Most Convenient Location in City. RENTAL, $1000 TO $1500 (YEARLY) C. F. de Casanova, Agt., on premises, or your own broker. Tel. Columbus 3996.

THE HILLCREST
430 West 116th St. Facing Columbia University Grounds
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
8-9 Large Sunny Rooms & Baths
Rents $1,500 to $1,800
Parlors 18x23
Dining Rooms......19x19
Bedrooms 14x16

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

A BARGAIN ON MADISON AVENUE
25-foot dwelling below 57th Street, with possession, for less than $95,000. Can be leased to one tenant or improved and floors rented separately, yielding a high net return. Future of neighborhood assured.
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Avenue
Telephone Murray Hill 6200

A MANSION IN NEW YORK CITY
at University Av. and 176th St. Spacious grounds. Exceptionally desirable location.
MANHATTAN LEASING COMPANY,
149 Church St.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

WATER WITCH CLUB
Highlands of Navesink, N. J.
A restricted colony, situated on wooded hill overlooking N. Y. Bay and Ocean. Attractively furnished cottages $550-$1,000 for season. 1 hour and 20 minutes via Sandy Hook Route. E. C. Poillon, 103 Park Ave. Phone Murray Hill 1859.

REAL ESTATE
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

55TH ST. NEAR PARK AVE.
Four-story high-stoop modern house, b. p. ext., 19x100; 14 rooms, 5 baths; for sale cheap or rent. Herbert A. Sherman, 20 Nassau St. and 41 East 41st St.

51 East 92d St. and 130 East 95th St. are being improved; electric light, plumbing, parquet floors, and will decorate to suit. Your broker, or inquire Chas. V. Snedeker, 50 Elizabeth St.

213 East 58th.—Two-story and basement brick factory building, 40x50, plot 50x100; excellent location for garage or manufacturing. Walsh & Hartwig.

Operators!—Desirable plot, 63 feet; 50s, near 5th Av.; bargain. E. H. Clark, 30 East 42d St., New York.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

50x100, Hunts Point Av., near Randall; free and clear; terms to suit. Lohr, 6 Ainslie St., Brooklyn.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Headquarters for Flatbush Real Estate. Westwood Realty Company, 685 Flatbush Av.

Improved lots, $495; near Sea Beach subway. William Platt, Richmond, Staten Island.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

Circumstances demand me to sell this property. 7-room house with improvements, steam heat, big barn, on 2 lots, beautiful lawn, trees and hedge around house; will take now $200 down and $18 a month; title guaranteed; call at once for further information. B. Paton, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, near L. I. R. R. Station.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

BARGAINS in Staten Island real estate. B. Williams, Tottenville, N. Y.

Building Material.

"SPENCER SELF-FEED HEATER."
New York Office, 101 Park Ave.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Little farm and house, with large piece of land, suitable for chickens and vegetables, big market in large town, one hour out, near trolley, where you can go boating, bathing and fishing, short walk to schools and churches; will take $1,350, $150 down and balance on very easy terms. B. Bryan, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, near L. I. R. R. depot.

To Let.—Easy housekeeping new brick house; 8 rooms and tiled bath, electric light, gas, and all improvements; lawn, garden, shrubs, and trees; $55 month; 18 minutes from New York; six minutes' walk from L. I. R. R. Station, Jamaica. Leon Noel, 76 Middletown Street, Jamaica, N. Y.

Small house, needs few minor repairs, complete, with large plot, for $1,100; waterfront privileges for boating, bathing and fishing; only $75 down and $9 monthly; 1 block from trolley. B. Store, 105 Flatbush Ave., B'klyn.

Ocean Bungalow of 5 rooms and bath, block from bathing beach; good boating and fishing; bungalow is finished in latest style, with all improvements; must have $200 cash, balance $17 monthly. B. Seaman, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Water front lots, all improvements, no assessments, restricted neighborhood, ocean and bay, 40 minutes out, underpriced for immediate sale. P. G. Hough, Room 509, Century Building, N. Y.

WHITESTONE.—Modern corner house, seven rooms, bath, gas and electricity; 30 minutes Pennsylvania electric trains; eight walk from station, 10 to Sound. Severance, 2 Rector St.

WATERFRONT SITES 30 minutes from Broadway; easy terms; city conveniences; no assessments; bungalows built. Suite 1,111, 51 Chambers St., New York.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.
Plot 50 x 82 on Slocum Crescent, near Bow Street; price $4,500. Owner, George Leyser, 50 Union Square, New York City.

Blue Point, L. I.—Exceptionally attractive modern cottage, 10 rooms, furnished complete; fine grounds; shore front, &c. Hugh R. Monro, 209 West 38th St., New York.

For rent, Northport, directly on sound, cottage; all improvements; garage; rent $500. Theo. S. Hall, 47 West 34th St.

Will sell at sacrifice four lots at St. Albans, L. I. S 130 Times.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

PARK HILL NORTH.
This wonderful section is less than one hour from the downtown extremity of Manhattan. Home builders will find these lots all their ideals of a perfect home site at a price that represents a chance of a lifetime. Restricted neighborhood. Wonderful surroundings. Thos. S. Burke, Radford Building, Getty Square. Phone 5060 Yonkers, or Park Hill on Hudson, Inc., No. 2 Rector St., N. Y. C. Phone 9969 Rector.

GENTLEMAN'S HOME, NEW ROCHELLE.
Half-acre plot; 12 rooms, 3 stories; every improvement; garage; bargain for quick sale. Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

Bargain of owner; nine-room house, near station; first story stone; large shaded grounds; 300 feet elevation. S 158 Times.

For Sale—Desirable house, Yonkers; terms very easy; 30 minutes to 42d St. Z 333 Times Annex.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Write for list of attractive homes.
Hastings Homes Co., Hastings, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful new house, artistic outside and a model of perfection in its interior; six large rooms, tiled bath, front and rear porches; plot 60x120; large trees; park approach; fine street; 2 minutes to station; commutation $5.90 per month; price, to sell quick, $4,500. 'Phone any morning before 10 A. M., evenings after 7 P. M., Mrs. L. M. Callison, 114 Morningside Drive. Tel. Morningside 320.

Small farm or gentleman's country seat; five acres; twelve-room house; stable and hennery; convenient to Westfield station on Central Railroad of New Jersey; bargain at $10,000; only few hundred dollars required. State Trust Co., Plainfield, N. J., or Fred'k Fox & Co., 14 West 40th St., New York.

GREAT BARGAIN AT WOODCLIFF LAKE.
For Sale—Beautiful home; easy terms; one hour from city, 7 rooms, bath; 6½ acres; orchard, pasture, woodland, lawn, hedge; ornamented trees; near station; healthy, dry location; no mosquitos. Owner, H. Sperling, 299 Broadway, N. Y.

Atlantic Highlands, beautiful plots in Navesink Park, 240 feet above sea level; with direct view over Sandy Hook; also attractive bungalow sites with private bathing beach; 1 hour by fast steamer from New York. Navesink Park Co., 280 Broadway, N. Y. C.

Country Estate for Rent.—Large residence, ten bedrooms; four acres; extensive view; high elevation; fifty minutes from New York. Room 1,003, 64 Wall St.

EAST ORANGE, N. J.
Free booklet of new homes mailed; 7-12 rooms, 1, 2, & 3 baths; $6,500 to $12,500. Philip T. Bowers & Co., Newark, N. J.

7-room stucco, hollow tile house; 37½x100; all improvements; will sacrifice. 415 33d St., Woodcliff-on-the-Hudson, N. J.

Nutley.—The Oranges and suburbs; homes, cottages, and bungalows; send for booklet. T. Orben, 786 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Property My Specialty.
Harvey R. Linbarger, 197 North Av., Opposite Depot, Plainfield, N. J.

We specialize in Bergen County Titles.
N. J. Title Ins. Co., Hackensack, N. J.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale, Block Island, R. I.—Two cottages, 7 and 8 rooms; small barn; 11 acres. W. D. Baldwin, 362 East 207th St., New York City.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Poultry farm, within mile of station; 35 acres; 8-room house, with gravity water; fine views; outbuildings; sacrifice price, $2,500. Slocum Farm Agency, 141 B'way.

Mortgage Loans
Forty-five cents an agate line.

Wanted, second mortgage of $25,000 on high-class Riverside Drive fireproof apartment; first mortgage held by savings bank at low rate. Corporation, 12 Times.

ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, 14 WALL ST.
MORTGAGE LOANS.

APARTMENTS TO LET
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished—East Side.

40th, 149 East.—Handsome, splendid, airy three-room apartment, with bath, to October; exclusive Murray Hill district; will sublet at sacrifice. Apt. 44. Telephone 8634 Murray Hill.

FURNISHED eight rooms and three baths; all sunny; building sound and fire proof; also Studio, five rooms and bath, 995 Madison Av., northeast corner 77th St. Inquire of superintendent.

Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.—Two rooms and bath, handsomely furnished, all outside; full hotel service; Summer rates, $12 weekly and up.

Apartments, 2 rooms and bath, furnished; full hotel service; 1 block from subway and "L"; rent $12 weekly. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.

Sublet for Summer, furnished, two large, airy rooms with bath; full hotel service. Hotel Savoy, Apartment 4. Tel. Bryant 3917.

Furnished apartment to sub-let until Oct. 1. Apply Phipps, 19 East 48th St.

Furnished—West Side.

6 rooms, 2 toilets, elegantly furnished, Persian rugs, Steinway piano; near Riverside Drive and subway; electricity free; exclusive, high-class elevator house; $50 monthly to reliable party for Summer. Hearst, Apt. 24, 220 West 107th St. Telephone Academy 826.

APARTMENT SEEKERS!
At reduced prices,
desirable furnished apartments.
ALL LOCATIONS THROUGHOUT N. Y.
Save time, trouble; inquire without expense.
S. ALVIN PIZA, 7 East 42d.

Delightful, cool, tenth floor, overlooking Morningside Park, at 120th St., elegant three rooms, kitchenette; furnished or unfurnished; big sacrifice to October or longer. Telephone Murray Hill 1675, or write 5,724 Grand Central Terminal.

121st St., 509 West.—Most desirable location, opposite Columbia grounds; 2 and 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, complete for housekeeping; roof garden, tennis court, restaurant. Yetman.

4-5-ROOM APARTMENTS.
Completely furnished
high-class elevator house;
most moderate rents.
507 WEST 113TH ST.

The city's largest assortment desirable apartments, 2 to 6 rooms, with kitchen or kitchenette. For particulars see inside back cover telephone directory. Office, 215 Manhattan Av. Phones 1647 and 1611 Academy.

Beautiful corner apartment; six rooms, bath; Drive and river view; player piano; immediate possession to October or longer. Superintendent, 230 Riverside Drive, corner 95th St.

Studio apt., two rooms, bath, kitchen; overlooking Central Park; elevator; furnished most attractively; June 15 to Sept. 1; $55. 28 West 63d St., Studio 7F.

51st, 355 West.—Elevator building, furnished unusually; two, three, four rooms, bath, kitchens, kitchenettes; $12 up; references indispensable.

160th, 645 West, between Ft. Washington Av. and Riverside Drive; an elegant 7-room furnished apartment, 2 baths; first floor; southern exposure; rent $80.

Coolest apartment in New York! Corner; six large outside rooms, 2 baths; best furnishings. 225 West 80th, (Broadway.) Fanning.

57th St., 353 West.—5 rooms, bath; sublet for Summer. Apply mornings, evenings. Goode.

94th, 178 West.—Artistically furnished; 5 rooms; silver, linen, piano; convenient cars. Garrett.

106th, 228 West.—Seven beautifuly furnished rooms, all outside, in high-class elevator house. Inquire Superintendent, on premises.

Riverside Drive, 440.—Attractively furnished five-room apartment to sub-let to October 1. Apartment 77.

76th St., 235 West.—Six-room apartment, all light, fully furnished; immediate possession; references.

Oceanic Apartments, 137 West 82d; 4 rooms, bath, handsomely furnished; $50; kitchenette.

Five all light rooms, fully furnished; elevator; for the Summer; references required. Apartment 33, 330 West 95th.

Leaving city; seven-room apartment, furnished or unfurnished. 267 West 79th. Welsh.

59th St., 36 West.—2 rooms and bath, to October, $100, $125, $150. Geo. K. Rose, Manager.

165 West 83d St.—Cool, airy apartment; seventh floor; elevator, bath, all conveniences; $60. Parker.

Riverside Drive, 468, (Cor. 119th.)—Most beautiful section on Drive; 7 rooms, 2 baths; sublet, completely furnished. Brodrick.

Apartment 2 large outside rooms, furnished; kitchenette, bath; maid service free; June 1 to October. Alexander, 257 West 86th St.

San Remo Hotel.—Sublet, three bedrooms and two large living rooms, overlooking Central Park; $125 monthly. Apartment 909.

Handsomely furnished 4-room apartment; silver, linen; block 79th St. subway. Schuyler 3960.

Hotel conveniences, apartment house rates. Inspect our specially attractive apartments.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments,
$30, $40, $50, $60 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished, dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions lease or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. 'Phone Academy 613. 5th Ave. bus stops at door.

THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
2 rooms, kitchenette and bath, $42.50.
3 rooms, bath and kitchenette, $50.
SPOTLESSLY FRESH AND CLEAN.
No questionable or objectionable tenants; 'phone, elevator service; maid service optional; near subway, "L," 5th Av. bus, street cars; references absolutely essential.

Fully furnished, non-housekeeping, home of private family, 3 rooms and bath; all rooms flooded with sunlight; free maid service and electric lights, restaurant in building; will rent for June, July, August and September at price apartment brings unfurnished; best references required. Apply Apt. 32, "The Evelyn," 101 West 78th St.

93d, 251 West.—Seven rooms, all light; most convenient location in the city; $70.

84th, 318 West.—Eight rooms, completely furnished; elevator; $75 for Summer. 5E.

Five, six rooms, furnished; elevator house; $60. Townsend, 308 West 97th St.

Washington Square.—For Summer, two rooms, bath; 8th floor; the New Colbourne.

119th, 430 West.—Five large, attractive outside rooms, bath, at cost, $65.

94th, 204 West.—Four-rooms, completely furnished. Townsend, Riverside 2488.

Unfurnished—East Side.

993 PARK AVENUE,
Corner 84th Street.
10 Rooms, 3 Baths, $3,200 Annum.
Apply Bing & Bing,
119 West 40th Street.

MADISON AV., 158, between 32d and 33d Sts., three rooms, kitchen and bath, duplex, roof garden; $1,500; possession at once. Apply on premises, or to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 CEDAR ST. Telephone JOHN 5700.

Unfurnished—West Side.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS,
19 West 54th Street.
Yearly Rentals, $1,300 to $1,500.
Apply on Premises, or to
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar Street.
Telephone 5700 John.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 596, (corner 137th.)—Apartment 62; seven rooms, unfurnished apartment to sublet; all outside rooms, extending around corner; beautiful view Hudson from every room; reduction allowed until Oct. 1.

THE BRAENDER,
S. W. corner of 102d St., Central Park West,
5, 6, 7, 8, and 12 rooms; rents $720-$2,200.
Fireproof building; all improvements.
Superintendent, on premises.

To sublet, two-room kitchenette, southern exposure. 435 West 119th St. Agent on premises.

234-238 West 21st St.—4, 5, and 6 rooms, elevator, all improvements; at $510 to $720 per year. Apply to Supt.

To sublet, 305 West 72d St., one 5-room and 2 baths, suitable for doctor. Agent on premises.

To sublet, one 5-room and bath, one 6-room and bath, 526 West 136th St. Agent on premises.

To sublet, one 7-room and 2 baths, one 5-room and bath, 615 West 162d St. Agent on premises.

To sublet, one 7-room and bath, 130 Claremont Av. Agent on premises.

84th St., 15 West.—Seven large, light rooms and bath, $50 and $60.

84th St., 15 West.—Seven large, light rooms and bath, $50 and $60.

111TH, 507 WEST.—To sublet, 7 rooms and bath. Agent on premises.

For sublet apartments of from 5 to 10 rooms consult Paterno Bros., 601 West 115th St.

Apartments Wanted
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Business woman desires furnished apartment for Summer or permanently; two rooms, bath, kitchenette; west side not above 113th St.; not over $40; send full particulars to T 1 Times.

Front Apartment—5 rooms, bath, subway; Riverside preferred; $35-$45; permanent. S 173 Times.

Unfurnished.

Business woman desires unfurnished apartment, two or three rooms, bath, kitchenette, west side, not above 113th St.; not over $30; send full particulars. T 2 Times.

Summer Homes
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

To Let—Furnished.

A PLEASING COTTAGE, FURNISHED; $500 for season; beautiful lawn and shade trees; large porch; 6 bedrooms and maid's room in attic; gas, electric lighting, telephone, garage, &c.; about 10 minutes from bay in best part of village. Apply Woods Bros., Bayport, L. I., or G. W. Dahl, 290 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

My private residence in Everett Park; attractively furnished; 8 rooms, 2 baths, electricity, gas, all conveniences for easy housekeeping; 6 minutes' walk north of Jamaica Station L. I. R. R.; 18 minutes from Penn. Station, 33d St.; rent $75 per month. Miss Harriet G. Martin, 68 Middletown St., Jamaica, L. I.

TO LET—FURNISHED.
Bungalow at Sugar Hill, N. H., in the White Mountains; large studio room, 2 sleeping alcoves, kitchenette, sleeping porch; season, $150. For particulars and photos apply to Mrs. Stuart C. Godfrey, West Point, N. Y., Quarters 69.

Until Nov. 1, modern dwelling, electricity, baths, large living room, library; lawn, shade trees; screened porches; recently decorated; attractive interior and exterior; $100 per month, at Flushing; 20 minutes from Pennsylvania Station. Gilbert W. Roberts, 63 Wall St., city.

PIERMONT-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK.
For rent, furnished, Colonial dwelling containing twelve rooms and two baths; all modern improvements. Garage for three cars. Water frontage on river.
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY,
21 Liberty Street.

OYSTER BAY, LONG ISLAND.
House with three master's bedrooms and three servants' rooms; modern plumbing, bath, and electric light; barn and 30 acres of land; view of harbor and Sound; for rent, furnished, $600. H. D. Betts, 105 Hudson St., New York City.

At Summit, N. J.—Furnished, July, August, modern home, four bedrooms; gas, electricity, 'phone; large porch; shade; high location; 10 minutes' walk to D., L. & W.; $90 month; references. OWNER, 84 Mountain Av. 'Phone 2620 Broad, New York.

Furnished house to let to Sept. 1; 7 rooms and bath; very attractive; high and dry and airy; complete in every detail; 35 minutes from N. Y.; rent, $50. Apply by mail to Miss Cazin, 7 Norman Road, Upper Montclair, N. J.

BEAUTIFUL RICHMOND HILL.
Fine residence, 8 rooms, bath, completely furnished; best residential section; beautiful surroundings, large plot, magnificent shade; convenient transportation; $150 season. Owner, 152 Times Downtown.

Three and five room furnished bungalows at Oakwood Beach, S. I., $115-$150 for season; good bathing, boating, and fishing. Address E. R. Fox, Oakwood Beach, (New Dorp 449W,) or E. R. Fox, 205 East 9th St., City, (Orchard 3767.)

Belle Haven, Greenwich, Conn.—Furnished 11-room cottage, with garage, to rent for season, $1,200; 3 master bedrooms, 2 master baths. For full particulars address G. A. Linke, Greenwich, Conn.

ALLENHURST-BY-THE-SEA.
For rent, furnished, two very desirable houses, with garages; everything in perfect order; rent $800 and $1,200 each. John P. Kirwan & Sons, 138 West 42d St.

Dainty, rustic bungalow, 3 cozily furnished rooms; sleeping porch; large veranda; delightful mountain retreat; boating, bathing, fishing; commutation 13c.; season $150. Gerisch, 5 West 32d.

Madison, Conn.—Summer cottages for rent; houses furnished; running water; electric lighting; garage; country club, golf; request descriptive list. J. M. Hull, Madison, Conn.

Short Hills, N. J.—Attractive house, 10 rooms, 2 baths, completely furnished; near station; available June 15 to Sept. 15. Address P. O. Box 97, Short Hills, N. J.

Owner's completely furnished bungalow, 5 rooms, bath, telephone; 30 minutes out; near beach and station; $350 season. Address Caruthers, 606 West 135th.

Lake Champlain.—Rent, six-room cottage, near Essex, N. Y., furnished, $150 season, or will sell. E. W. Leaning, 58 N. Pearl St., Albany, N. Y.

To Let.—At Norwalk, Conn., for season, beautiful private, eight-room home, furnished; all conveniences. Box I, Norwalk, Conn.

Furnished cottages for rent in "The Berkshires," on the beautiful shores of Lake Garfield. Inquire of J. D. Miner, Monterey, Mass.

Rockaway Park.—Elegant furnished rooms, also apartments for light housekeeping; select neighborhood; references. T 7 Times.

Furnished house at Mountain Lakes and Boonton. Edward J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

Six outside rooms, bath, and two porches. No. 4, 1904 Pacific Av., Atlantic City.

Furnished Houses Wanted
Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Wanted—Furnished house or farm accommodations on Long Island for Summer months; three adults and child; please state full particulars and rental. Address Louis Van Brink, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Wanted.—Furnished house near bathing beach, one hour from New York. State full particulars in first letter. S 110 Times.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT A meeting of the Stockholders of the Ziruth Kaiser Company, a corporation created and organized under the laws of the State of West Virginia, held on the 24th day of May, 1916, the following resolutions were adopted:

RESOLVED, first, That the Ziruth Kaiser Company, a corporation created and organized under the laws of the State of West Virginia, does hereby discontinue business as a corporation, and surrenders to said State its Charter and corporate franchises.

RESOLVED, second, That the President of this corporation cause notice of the adoption of the foregoing resolution to be published in some newspaper of general circulation, published near the principal office or place of business of this corporation, once a week for four successive weeks; and that he certify these resolutions to the Secretary of State of the State of West Virginia, and deliver to him a certificate showing the publication of said notice, as provided by law.

Given under my hand this 24th day of May, 1916. LEROY A. STRASBURGER,
[Seal.] President of said Corporation.
Attest: M. F. B. DELANEY, Secretary.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice is hereby given that on October 15, 1915, John D. Schoonmaker and Jacob Rice filed their petition praying limitation of liability as former owners of Barge "C. R. Sheffer" for any loss, damage, or injury arising on or about January 6, 1912, from a sinking of said vessel in Newtown Creek, N. Y. That petitioners have stipulated to pay into this court the value of said barge and pending freight as appraised, viz.: $3,984.10. That all persons claiming damages by reason of said accident or sinking are required by the monition issued to me by said court to prove their claims before Alex. Gilchrist, Jr., U. S. Commissioner, at his office, U. S. Court and P. O. Building, Manhattan, New York City, on or before July 3, 1916, at 10:30 A. M.; and that persons not so proving claims will be then defaulted.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal.
HYLAND & ZABRISKIE, Proctors for Petitioners.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice is hereby given that on March 14, 1916, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company filed its petition praying limitation of liability as owner of the steamtug P. R. R. No. 7 for any loss, damage, or injury arising on or about September 15, 1914, from a collision between tug P. R. R. No. 7 and her tow with the motor boat Dorothy; that petitioner has stipulated to pay into this court the value of said tug P. R. R. No. 7 and pending freight as appraised, viz.: $32,000 with lawful interest according to law; that all persons claiming damages by reason of said collision are required by the monition issued to me by said court to prove their claims before Alex Gilchrist, Jr., Esq., U. S. Commissioner, at his office, Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, on or before June 26, 1916, at 10:30 A. M.; and that persons not so proving claims will be then defaulted.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold 1,750 BUSHELS OF OATS. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on June 12, 1916, at the opening of Court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated May 20, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—LOUIS NORDLINGER against Steamship "ADA," her engines, etc.—Notice.—I have arrested the foregoing vessel upon a libel filed in a cause of damages to cargo, civil and maritime, $4,000. Process returnable and cause heard on opening of said Court on June 12th, 1916, in U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York City, and all persons interested must appear or default, and condemnation will be ordered.
Dated, New York, May 26th, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.
HARRINGTON, BIGHAM & ENGLAR,
Proctor for Libellant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.
At the suit of the United States demanding forfeiture thereof under the provisions of the Pure Food and Drugs Act of June 30, 1906, Sec. 10, I have seized and hold six barrels of ground pepper. Notice is hereby given that the cause is appointed for trial at the U. S. Court and Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on June 12, 1916, at the opening of court. All persons are notified then and there to appear and defend their interest, if any, in said goods. All not appearing will be defaulted.
Dated May 24, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
U. S. Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—The Western disturbance has advanced very slowly eastward and Thursday night it covered the Upper Mississippi Valley and the Middle Plains States. It has been attended by local showers and thunderstorms in the upper lake region, the Upper Mississippi Valley and the Northwest.

Fair weather prevailed in all other regions.

Temperatures have risen decidedly over the Great Central Valleys and the lake region and unseasonably warm weather prevails over the West Gulf States, Oklahoma, and Kansas. The weather is unseasonably cool over the North Plains States and the North Rocky Mountain region and snow was falling Thursday night in the Yellowstone Park. In interior Texas maximum temperatures Thursday afternoon approximated 100 degrees.

Indications are that there will be local showers and thunderstorms in the lake region, the Ohio Valley, and Tennessee, and fair weather Friday and probably Saturday throughout the Atlantic and East Gulf States.

Temperature will rise in the Atlantic States during Friday and Saturday and it will fall Saturday in lower Michigan and the Ohio and lower Mississippi Valleys.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North Atlantic Coast will be light variable; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate variable winds becoming south; South Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast and east.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York.—Fair and warmer Friday; Saturday, cloudy, probably local showers in north portion.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Friday and probably Saturday.

New England—Fair and warmer Friday; Saturday, increasing cloudiness.

Western New York.—Overcast Friday, probably followed by showers Friday night and Saturday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1915.	1916.		1915.	1916.
3 A. M.	60	53	4 P. M.	72	76
6 A. M.	60	55	6 P. M.	66	73
9 A. M.	69	61	9 P. M.	59	68
12 M.	74	70	11 P. M.	58	65

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 65; for the corresponding date last year it was 66; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 64.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 57; at 8 P. M. it was 70. Maximum temperature, 78 degrees at 5 P. M.; minimum, 52 degrees at 4 A. M. Humidity, 48 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 36 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.15 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.07 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

P.M. (Wednesday) Loss.
10:30—548 W. 57 St.; Reis & Bro. et al.$25,000
A.M. (Thursday.)
1:00—132 McDougal St.; A.Anzreinani.Slight
9:05—205 E 82 St.; Riecle Tetre......Slight
M.
12:00—1,519 Amsterdam Av.; Jacobi......$50
1:15—343 E. 100 St.; A. Garberino....Slight
1:35—423 Canal St.; not given.........None
2:45—1,320 2 Av; Philip Figowitz..Not given
3:50—134 E. 119 St.; Jacob Kaplan......Slight
3:55—860 3 Av.; R. Sachnabel........Slight
8:15—204-206 E. 99 St.; H. Ginsberg...None
11:20—21 W. 39 St.; Landuer & Co....Slight

An alarm turned in from the Star Kimona Company, at 9 West Twentieth Street, on May 28 was occasioned by a leaking sprinkler. There was no fire.

A fire reported as having occurred in the premisis of Wisoff Branermain at 42 East Broadway on May 26 was in a different part of the building.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers and Assignments, 4 P. M., June 2—Mted Patrol. with horse and equipmts. G. Yost, 170 to 169; Patrol. E. Lynch, 6 to Traffic Div. Sub-div. C; W. G. Irwin, 40 to 35, to clerical duty; J. Ruff, Train. School to 168, to mounted duty.

Temporary Assignments.—Mted. Sergt. with Horse and Equipts—T. W. Flood, 283 to 33, 15 days, 4 P. M., June 2; E. N. Distler, 69, to Traffic Div. Sub-div. A, 4 P. M., June 2, to 8 A. M., June 6.

Assignment Discontinued. — Mtd. Patrol. with Horse and Equipts.—T. F. Kane, 33, to Traffic Div., Sub-div. A, (temp.,) 4 P. M., June 2.

Leave of Absence, (without pay.)—Patrol. P. Ryan, 274, 4 days, 4 P. M., June 6.

Fire Department.

Death: Firem. 1st Gr. D. Ericson, Eng. 293, at 4:45 A. M., May 31. Funeral from his late residence, 565 Chauncey St., Brooklyn, at 2 P. M., Sunday, June 4. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery. Members of Engine Co. 293 will act as funeral escort and pallbearers.

Retired; Firem. 1st Gr. W. J. Brazzell, Eng. 232, (on his own application,) on an annual pension of $700, 8 A. M., June 2.

Decisions Rendered—Firem. 1st Gr. F. Brey, Eng. 63, (absence without leave,) four leaves withheld; Firem. 1st Gr. J. Bentley, Eng. 31, (absence without leave,) seven leaves withheld; Firem. 4th Gr. G. I. Reich, H. & L. 25, (reckless handling of tillerwheel,) seven leaves withheld.

Dismissed—Firem. 1st Gr. W. J. Innes, Eng. 19, (absence without leave,)

Special Leaves—Firem. 1st Gr. L. M. Burger, Eng. 13, 24 hours, 8 A. M., June 4; Firem. 2d Gr. J. F. Bedell, Eng. 207, 48 hours, 8 A. M., June 5.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Maj. J. L. Bevans, M. C., is relieved from the further operation of so much of orders of Jan. 15 as relates to him.

Orders of May 15 relating to Maj. R. Brooke, M. C., amended to direct him to report to the Surgeon General of the Army for duty as Assistant to Attending Surgeon in this city, instead of as Attending Surgeon.

1st Lt. W. F. Sharp, F. A., to Ft. Logan, Col., for examination and treatment by the surgeon of that post.

Orders of May 20 relating to 2d Lt. J. E. Harris, Corps of Engrs., revoked.

2d Lt. J. E. Harris, Corps of Engrs., will report by letter to Lt. Col. H. Jervey, Corps of Engrs., President of the Examining Board at Washington Barracks, D. C., appointed in orders of May 20, for professional examination. Upon receipt of this order Lt. Harris will report to Commanding Officer, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., for physical examination.

Following medical officers will proceed to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., for assignment to temporary station and duty in Southern Dept.: Capts. R. H. Pierson and H. H. Bally of M. C., and 1st Lts. A. Freer, E. B. Maynard, P. A. Schule, F. W. Wilson, and J. W. Turner, all of the M. R. C.

Following medical officers will report at once by telegraph to Commanding General, Southern Dept., for assignment to temporary station and duty in that department, and will proceed to join the stations to which they may be assigned: Capts. F. W. Palmer, A. T. Cooper, E. G. Bingham, O. G. Brown, J. L. Robinson, and E. G. Northington, all of the M. C., and 1st Lts. A. H. Eber and E. Bailey of the M. R. C.

2d Lt. P. C. Raborg, 7th Cav., to Brownsville, Tex., report to Brig. Gen. J. Parker, for appointment and duty as Aide de Camp on his staff.

Leaves: 1st Lt. H. A. Dargue, Aviation Officer, Signal Corps, one month's extension, and Capt. F. B. Hennessy, 2d F. A., 2 months.

Navy.

Lts. G. P. Brown, to the Vermont as Navigator, and A. S. Rees, the Nebraska, to temporary duty the New Hampshire as Gunnery Officer.

Jr. Grade Lts. E. Buckmaster and W. H. Burtis, the New Jersey, to the Vermont.

Ens. W. J. Larson, the Montana to the McCall; J. M. Moss, to temporary duty the Minnesota; M. T. Kinne and F. T. Culbert, the New Jersey, to the New Hampshire, and S. E. Rose, the New Jersey, to the Vermont.

Midshipmen B. F. Flood and E. P. Sauer, Naval Academy, to the Pittsburgh, July 7; C. Craig and G. P. Brewster, Academy, to the Colorado, July 7; I. Parker, J. A. Scott and J. Wilkes, the Academy, to the Maryland, July 7; J. A. Sternberg, J. E. Reinburg, Jr., and L. F. Brown, the Academy, to the South Dakota, July 7; E. M. Major, G. F. Martin, B. R. Alexander, J. M. Steele, J. D. Price, W. W. Schott, F. W. Wead, L. W. Bagby, and W. P. Bacon, the Academy, to the San Diego, July 7, and O. B. Hardison, Academy, to the Texas, June 17.

P. A. Paym. G. M. Adee, Portsmouth, N. H., Yard, to Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, N. H., sick.

Assistant Paym. J. P. Jackson, the Tallahassee, to receiving ship at New York.

Chief Boatswain P. E. Radcliffe, the Albany, to the New Orleans.

Boatswains J. Reilly, the Colorado, home, wait orders; and J. A. Pierce, the Rainbow to the Colorado.

Gunner C. R. Rockwell, First Division, Atlantic Fleet, to Fixth Division, Atlantic Fleet.

Mach. S. K. Sorensen, the Albany, to the New Orleans.

Chief Pay Clerk W. H. Crap, the Tallahassee, to receiving ship at New York.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Albany, at Acapulco; Burrows, at Rosebank; Columbia, at Philadelphia Yard; Kansas, at Southern drill grounds; McCall, at Winter Harbor; Mars, at Guaymas; Michigan, off the Statue of Liberty; Milwaukee, and the San Diego, at San Diego; Minnesota and the Vermont, at Newport drill grounds; Nicholson, at New York Yard; Paulding, at Rockport, Mass.; Walke, at Guantanamo; Warrington, at Boston Yard, and the Worden, at Newport.

Sailed—Baltimore, Dubuque, Lebanon, Ontario, and the Sonoma, New Haven, for Provincetown; Conyngham, Porter, and the Tucker, New Rochelle, for Newport; Denver, Mazatlan, for San Diego; El Cano, Amoy, for Swatow; Fanning, Chatham Roads, for Rockport; Jenkins, Rockport, Mass., for Boston; Melville, Boston, for Machias; Nevada, Newport, for Block Island; South Carolina, New London, for Block Island; Sterling, Naples, for Genoa, and the Wheeling, Carmen, Mexico, for Campeche, Mexico.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

Physical tests have been held as follows: Cleaner, female, 100 passed, nine rejected. Laboratory assistant, female, fifteen passed, one rejected.

Laboratory assistant, male, twenty-six passed, one rejected.

Laborer, Queens, forty-two passed, eleven rejected.

United States.

The commission announces for June 20 an examination for metal mining engineer, for men only, to fill a vacancy in the Bureau of Mines, Department of the Interior, for service in the field, at a salary ranging from $2,400 to $4,000 per annum. The duties will include investigations in relation to metal mines, particularly such investigations into the causes of mine accidents, miners' diseases, avoidable and unavoidable losses of ore and mineral in mining, and the method of remedying such accidents, diseases, and losses. Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on education, professional experience, and publications or reports. Graduation from a mining engineering course in a college or university of recognized standing, and not less than five years' experience in metal mining operations are prerequisites. Applicants must not have reached their forty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtined from the commission, Washington, D. C.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

OFFICES, large or small, to sublet at saving in rental. All parts city; long or short periods; furnished or unfurnished. THE SUB-LEASING CO., 1,476 Broadway (cor. 42d.) Bryant 5786.

Loft and part of loft for office, salesroom, showroom; no manufacturing. 331 4th Av., between 24th and 25th.

Part of well-located office; complete furnishings. Room 901, 171 Madison Av., (33d.)

Part large, light office; telephone, stenographer service. 105 Hudson St., Room 703.

Large, light loft for rent reasonable. 15 East 17th St.

Parlor store, $40; apartments, two, four rooms, bath, kitchenette. 11 East 43d.

19 WEST 38TH ST.
WILL SUBLET THIRD LOFT, 25x90; LEASE EXPIRES FEBRUARY 1, 1918. HAMILTON HAT CO. BROKERS PROTECTED.

58th, 215 East.—2 story and basement brick factory building 40x50, plot 50x100; excellent location for garage or manufacturing. Walsh and Hartwig.

Offices in up-to-date office building, from $25 to $45 monthly, including light and service. 331 4th Av., between 24th and 25th Sts.

Desirable office in the Fifth Avenue Building for $22.50 a month. Bachner Hall Co., 200 Fifth Av.

Desk room, private office, furnished, with service. 200 5th Av., Room 1,126.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A gentleman in ill health, advised by physician to leave city indefinite period, will sacrifice to immediate purchaser practically new Winton Six, 7 passenger, $650; also Packard 30, 7 passenger, like new, $650; both automobiles will stand expert examination, are fully and luxuriously equipped; ready for immediate use. Inspection, demonstration, information, 82 Crescent St., entrance Queensboro Bridge, Long Island City. Phone Astoria 2385.

TRUCKS, GOOD ONES, CHEAP.
Big variety used trucks, standard makes; Packard, Pierce-Arrow, White, Pope-Hartford, Gramm; many others; also several light delivery cars and pleasure cars. For bargains and a square deal see us.
LAWRENCE MOTOR TRUCK CORP.,
136 West 52d St. Phone Circle 190.

BIG DISCOUNT.
NEW CARS
and Trucks; all makes.
Quick delivery. Mfrs. guarantee.
See us and save money.
LAWRENCE CO.,
136 W. 52d St. Phone Circle 190.

Stearns-Knight Special, four passenger, clover leaf body, with disappearing top; demountable wire wheels; runs, looks like new; very smart; must be seen to be appreciated. See Rubin, 602 West 52d St.

Rolls-Royce (1913) landaulet; like new.
Fiat (1915) limousine; 30 H. P.
Mercer (1915) runabout.
Mercer (1916) limousine, two weeks old.
Turner, St. James Hotel. Phone 3247 Bryant.

Oakland light 5-passenger touring automobile, absolutely mechanically perfect; electric starter, &c.; $375. Mrs. Burns, 82 Crescent St. Entrance Queensboro Bridge, Long Island City.

HIGH QUALITY PEERLESS.
High-grade, seven-passenger, 1914 Gray-Davis electric equipment; cost $5,250; no reasonable offer refused. 305 West 79th.

NATIONAL TOY TOURING.
Owner sacrifices late model 14-15, Series V N 3; like new; make offer. Garage, 305 West 79th.

For Sale.—Five-passenger touring car, 34 horse power; in fine running condition; $195. Apply M. Kern, 8-10 South Railroad Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Opportunity to buy good, serviceable truck, any capacity. See Harry Allen, 427 West 42d St.

Mercer, 22-70 sporting, 6 passenger; run 2,900 miles; bargain. Schoonmaker, 1,700 Broadway.

1915 MERCER FOUR, 22-70; four passenger; streamline; wire wheels; like new throughout. Roskam-Scott Co., 1,896 B'way.

Packard twin six; 3-38 Packard touring; bargains. Cook & Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

1915 FIAT IMPORTED 30, 5 passenger; like new. Roskam-Scott Co., 1,896 B'way.

LOUIS G. DUQUET, INC.,
1,880 Broadway.
Packard, 3-38, 7-pass. touring & limousine.
Packard, 1-38, phaeton runabout.
Cadillac, 1915, touring landaulet.
Stutz, 1915, runabout.
Mercer, 1912, raceabout.

Automobiles for Rent.

PIERCE ARROW LIMOUSINES,
LANDAULETTES.
HIGH-CLASS RENTING SERVICE.
Beautiful Cars. Polite, Liveried Chauffeurs.
Hour, Day. Special Rates Month, Year.
EGIDI AUTO SERVICE,
123 West 52d St. Phone, Circle 774.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 BRYANT.

FOR RENT,
CADILLAC LANDAULET, 8-CYL.
CADILLAC LIMOUSINE. Inquire Schuyler Garage, 249 W. 80th St. Phone 5767 Schuyler.

Packards, (six-cylinder,) and Lozier touring cars; hour, day, month; up-to-date equipment. 5440 Plaza.

NEW TWIN-SIX PACKARD CARS.
or 1914-1915 cars; by month or year; reasonable. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Beautiful Garford "Six," seven passenger touring; wire wheels; hour, month. Lenox 8603.

New Packard "six" touring, $2.50 hourly upward; owner drives; references. Morningside 8833.

Packard car; hour, trip, day or month; low rates. Greenlief, Columbus 9021.

Motor Trucks.

Sampson 5-ton truck with body complete with windlass. Tires all good. In good mechanical condition. Being used daily. Reason for selling, need larger platform truck. Ellis Motor Car Co., 416 Central Av., Newark, N. J.

Hewitt Truck, 3 ton, 24 H. P. motor and transmission, just overhauled. Inclosed panel side, express body. Exceptional bargain at $600. Ellis Motor Car Co., 416 Central Av., Newark, N. J.

Automobile Instruction.

BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A., AUTO SCHOOL, 1,123 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN. Special classes for owners and chauffeurs now forming. Write for booklet and pass for trial lesson free.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' Classes.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

EDUCATION NOTES.

Isadore Montefiore Levy, Chairman of the Committee on Care of Buildings, has notified the janitors of public schools to open all court yards facing the streets from 3 to 5 P. M. on all week days and from 9 A. M. to 12 Noon on Saturdays for the use of the children of the neighborhood for playground purposes. After July 1 these court yards are to be open from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. on all week days except Saturday, when they are to be kept open from 9 A. M. to 12 Noon. This makes available about six hundred school building court yards facing on the streets.

Mrs. Merrill's school commencement day exercises were held on the grounds overlooking Long Island Sound at Mamaroneck, N. Y. Major Howland of New York spoke on "Preparedness." Mrs. Merrill presented diplomas to the graduating class.

First aid for boys who have fallen down in their high school work and need coaching before the next school year begins will be given by the West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 West Fifty-seventh Street, which will open a Summer day school for boys immediately after the close of the public schools. All high school subjects will be taught, and in addition those of the last year of the grammar school, to help boys who wish to enter high school in the Fall. The committee in charge will be Dr. J. L. Tildsley, principal of the High School of Commerce; Dr. Francis H. J. Paul, principal of De Witt Clinton High School, and Dr. Walter L. Hervey, member of the Board of Examinations, and the Faculty is principally from the public high schools. Because "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," there are to be recreational features in the gymnasium and swimming pool and outdoors, and there will also be a series of health talks to start the boys right toward a vigorous manhood.

An examination of eligible men and women applicants for license as teacher of an ungraded class of mentally sub-normal pupils in elementary schools will be conducted at the Education Board Hall on Oct. 2 and 3 at 9 A. M.

A temporary license as assistant teacher of Spanish in high schools has been granted to Ruth Willson of 55 Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn, who is now serving in the Bushwick High School under a temporary license as assistant teacher of French. There have been placed, as of May 26, upon the eligible list of persons holding licenses as assistant teacher in high schools, the names of the following: Accounting and business practice.—Mrs. Sophie M. Stetson, 84.35; Ida M. Stahl, 80.2; Elizabeth C. McDowell, 76.1; Regina F. McQuade, 75.675, and Charlotte H. Benner, 74.4. Spanish.—Patrick F. King, 72; Maria de G. E. Lopez, 90, and Edna Hendrichs, 80.5.

Licenses as substitute teacher to teach in the vocational classes of the elementary schools the subjects respectively indicated have been granted to the following:

Trade Drawing.—Anthony Frisca and Abraham Markwitz. Novelty Work.—Georgina Webster.

Acting City Supt. Straubenmueller has called the attention of principals to the fact that June 14 will be the 139th anniversary of the adoption of the Stars and Stripes as the flag of our country. He has told them that it would be appropriate that at the opening exercises on that day the significance of our flag should be made clear to the pupils and the respect and honor due to the flag be emphasized.

FURNISHED ROOMS

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,286.—nice light, airy room; all conveniences; private entrance. Eichel.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th.)—Large, small furnished, unfurnished rooms; bath; musical studios, furnished or unfurnished.

West Side.

37TH, 27, 28 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suites, single, double rooms; $4, $7, $9, $10, $14 weekly; kitchenettes, private baths; 'phones.

37TH, 11 WEST.—Large front room; elegant, private bath connecting. For particulars, Rose, 13 W. 39th St.

48TH ST., 10 WEST,
607 5TH AV., NEAR 49TH ST.
Handsome suites, single, double rooms, private baths, phone; $5, $6, $7 weekly; $40, $45, $50, $60 monthly. J. W. BRETT, 437 5th Av. Phone 7167 Murray Hill.

57TH, 109 WEST.—Rooms, large, small; richly furnished; running water, electricity, telephone.

58TH, 17 WEST.—Attractive rooms, furnished or unfurnished; every convenience; private house.

69TH ST., 118 WEST,
WEST HALL.
Large front room with running water, adjoining bath; also medium-size room.

69TH, 61 WEST.—Parlor, suitable for studio; large room with kitchenette; smaller room.

71ST, 218 WEST.—Nicely furnished, airy, small, large rooms; parquet floors, electric lights.

71ST, 221 WEST.—Delightful Summer room; private bath; continuous hot water; very reasonable.

71ST, 251 WEST.—Large, sunny front room, bath adjoining; private family.

73D, 302 WEST.—Two large high-class rooms, private bath; summer rates.

73D, 273 WEST.—Handsome room, with private bath; electricity and telephone.

75TH, 138 WEST.—Newly furnished, large, medium and skylight rooms; Summer rates.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Large back parlor, private bath; phone; southern exposure; $12.

78TH, 142 WEST.—Bright, airy rooms; adjoining bath; telephone; reception room; $3 up.

78TH, 166 WEST.—Large, small room, with, without bath; electricity, telephone; subway.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Large, beautiful, cool rooms; private bath; electricity; telephone; reasonable.

80TH ST, 225 WEST.—Corner apartment, cool, single rooms, suites, private bath, overlooking Hudson.

80TH, 114 WEST.—Elegant, large, cool rooms, kitchenette, $7 up; other rooms, $3.50.

81ST, 110 WEST.—Newly furnished house; large rooms, connecting baths; electricity; $6, $9.

81ST, 3 WEST, (facing park.)—Large room, also hallroom; electricity; references.

82D, 115 WEST.—Attractively furnished, large room; suitable for 2; adjoining bath.

82D, 33 WEST.—Rent second floor connecting rooms; private bath; phone; references.

84TH, 45 WEST.—Large front room, bath adjoining; balcony; 3 windows; breakfast; references.

84TH, 107 WEST.—Nicely furnished large or small room; quite convenient car lines. Stewart.

West Side.

86TH, (West End Av., 533.)—Desirable rooms; every convenience; very reasonable for Summer months.

91ST, 54 WEST.—Near park and "L," large rooms, $5, $6; electricity; telephone.

94TH, 35 WEST.—Two large rooms, private baths; electricity; high-class, private house.

95TH, 171 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; all conveniences; near subway, "L." Marsh.

96TH, 231 WEST.—At subway express, attractive suite large rooms, facing Broadway; running water; piano; kitchen privileges; also single rooms; high class. 3-D.

97TH, 230 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; running water; breakfast optional. Lyon.

102D, 302 WEST.—Private house; Riverside Drive; nicely furnished; cool, comfortable rooms; bath.

105TH, 248 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive room, adjoining bath, also front room; modern. Copeland.

109TH, 301 WEST, Near Riverside.—Comfortable, outside room, running water; reasonable. 3-B.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Beautiful, large, cool room, three windows; elevator apartment. Hart.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Cool, homelike rooms, near Columbia University. Inquire Apartment 21.

119TH, 420 WEST.—Pleasant rooms overlooking Morningside Drive; reasonable. Apt. 21.

142D, 540 WEST.—Large room, suitable two; phone, running water; private dwelling.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Large front, $7; elevator; high class, convenient location. 4-B.

152D, 598 WEST.—Outside single and double rooms; kitchen privileges. Turner.

158TH ST., 634 WEST.—Beautiful, large front room; twin beds; finest furnishings; electric light; private residence; business people; references. Audubon 4397.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS,
302 West 22d St.
The genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; running water every room; single, $4-$6 weekly; rooms for two, $3-$3.50 weekly each.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (112th.)—Unusually large, cool rooms, singly or en suite; baths, lavatory. Telephone 3903 Morningside, Apt. 8.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (66th St.)—Couple having charming apartment opposite Park, rent delightful corner room, lavatory. Telephone 7915 Columbus.

IN select apartment, uptown; new furniture; gentlemen. L 13 Times.

Well appointed rooms in magnificent corner residence; West End Av. in the eighties; private bath, electric light, with or without board; references required. L 76 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 668, (144th.)—Cheerful, cool room; private family; gentleman. Apartment 35.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587, (137th Subway.)—Rooms, overlooking Hudson; home cooking. Apartment 4D.

Rooms Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

Furnished.

BUSINESS MAN desires front room in modern apartment, between 80th and 110th, west of Broadway; state terms. T 9 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED

Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Small and large front rooms, all new; improvements; table excellent.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Very large rooms; excellent table; private baths; electricity; 'phone; references.

49TH, 60 WEST.—Large southern room, running water, bath, electricity; exception table.

58TH, 146 WEST.—Small, large rooms, with private bath; references; table guests.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Parties desiring comfortable home, with refined surroundings; private bath; electricity; southern cooking; also smaller room.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—SUPERIOR BOARD, ATTRACTIVE DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH WITH SHOWER; ELECTRICITY; SINGLE ROOMS; REASONABLE.

72D, 269 WEST.—Desirable, cool rooms, large and small; Summer rates.

72D, 157 WEST.—Large and small rooms; well-appointed house; near subway, surface.

72D, 122-131 WEST.—Desirable large rooms, baths; also single; fine table.

73D, 251 WEST.—Medium and small room, next bath; modern; cool; references.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Attractive rooms, parlor dining; references.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Select pension; superior, attractive accommodations; cool double, single rooms; private baths; best home table; electricity.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephones; booklet; references.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Second floor large, small rooms, private bath, electricity; excellent table.

West Side.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms, connecting bath; board optional; references.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms; five baths; good home cooking; ideal location.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable room; superior board; homelike surroundings; table guests accommodated. Blumenfeld.

23 WEST 86TH ST.
Unexcelled table board.

93D, (676 West End Av.)—Elegantly furnished, for two people; table guests.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Attractive rooms, electricity; table boarders; near Park; telephone; reference.

107TH, 822 WEST, (Riverside Drive, near Broadway.)—Modern private residence with every comfort; offering luxurious economy; two spacious rooms, bath; also smaller room; table of liberal excellence.

120TH, 116 WEST.—Elegant very large, airy rooms, private bath; electricity; excellent cuisine; table boarders accommodated. Morningside 2123.

227TH ST., (Arlington Av., Spuyten Duyvil.)—Country, city limits; 24 minutes Grand Central, 231st subway; convenient; references. Lesley.

Brooklyn.

THE BROWN LODGE,
8 Eighth Av.
Spacious drawing and music rooms, modern and up-to-date dining room and exceptional cuisine. Phone 7448 Prospect.

PIERREPONT ST., 76. Near Borough Hall.—Homelike, attractive rooms; excellent table. Main 1159W.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER.—Cloak and suit store; retail experience; trial balance. Apply Avedon, Broadway and 110th St.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER.—Experience, office work; call between 9:30 and 10. Jacob Fradus, 351 W. 52d.

CHAMBERMAIDS (2) wanted for club; good salary. Apply P. O. Box 815, New Rochelle.

DESIGNER.—Woman of successful experience in creating snappy, up-to-date styles in silk and the better grades of cotton waists; an unusual connection with a large progressive house. See Mr. I. Faggen, Hotel McAlpin, Saturday after 6, and all day Sunday.

DESIGNER on infants' coats and capes from 1 to 3 years old. Backall, X 219 Times Annex.

DESIGNER ON LADIES' SILK WAISTS. DOROTHY WAIST CO., 38 W. 26TH.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
Require the services of
CASHIERS.
Department store experience absolutely necessary. Apply at employment office, 5th floor, 32d St. side.

MOTHER'S HELPER, to assist with four children; reply, giving age, experience, references, and salary desired, to Mrs. C. C. Ostrom, Fairfield, Conn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, rapid, accurate; salary, $12; state particulars fully; references, telephone number; immediate engagement necessary; permanent position if satisfactory. Write X 218 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Prefer high school graduate with commercial education; address in own handwriting, state nationality, experience, salary expected. E 226 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in law office; state age, experience, salary, &c., in detail; answer by letter only. S. B. L., Room 522, 115 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER in export house; must be neat and accurate; give age, experience and salary wanted. T 13 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young woman; permanent position; salary $10. Nelson, Lee and Green, 47 West 34th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience dictation, filing records, Underwood; $8 to start; advances. Apply Press, 116 Broad St.

YOUNG LADY, well educated, who has had some training in business, literary work, and research. E 225 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHERS, hardware, $15; commercial, $12, $10; Oliver typists, $8; bookkeeper assistant, $6. I have 20 positions open for beginners at $7.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
CALL DIEHL AGENCY,
20 VESEY ST.

Efficient Employment Exchange Agency, 10 E. 43d.—Stenographers, bookkeepers, Spanish stenographer; comptometer operator. Miss Budenbender, Prop.

STENOGRAPHERS, law, $18; brokerage, $12; other positions. Lang Agency, 120 B'way.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN wanted to learn a system of shorthand that is indorsed by Cloyd McAllister, Ph. D., formerly of Yale University; fundamentals can be mastered in a week by intelligent students; we also teach touch typewriting; instructor is member of Columbia University Faculty; write or call for prospectus. Whitstock Shorthand School, 122 West 12th St., New York City.

A.—THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542 Fifth Av., 45th St.—Pre-eminently the most successful training institution of its kind in the country; prepares a limited number for social, professional, and commercial secretaries; excellent positions. Day and evening courses. Apply for catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., (Lon.,) director.

A—A—A—A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING PRIVATE SECRETARIES.
At an institution known throughout the country for thorough work. Registered by the Regents of the State of New York. Individual instruction. Summer session. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course; individual instruction; students on probation; graduates registered. Summer term June 1st. Aeolian Hall. V. M. WHEAT, Director.

COUNTRY BOARD

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Staten Island.

EVELYN LODGE & COTTAGES.
Overlooking City, Country, Sea.
Charming Family House of High Standard.
20 min. Delightful Sail Manhattan.
Lovely rooms; excellent chef; all comforts.
Weekly, $10-$16 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

Boys find good board, kind treatment, careful supervision, thorough help in studies; COUNTRY PARSONAGE. S 95 Times.

Westchester County.

At Dobbs Ferry, overlooking the Hudson and 3 minutes from station, 35 minutes from Grand Central Station, two cool rooms in Mrs. Woodward's select boarding house; croquet, parlor pool, and pianola; very reasonable; references. 1 Hudson Terrace, or phone Dobbs Ferry 77-R.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

New York State.

NEW PALTZ, Ulster County, N. Y.—Grand View Stock Farm; ideal place for rest and recreation; table liberally supplied with our own fresh vegetables, milk, and eggs; auto service; booklet. Mrs. J. C. Baldwin.

Connecticut.

AMONG the Blue Hills of Connecticut; high elevation; excellent table; own farm products. Address for particulars, Cedar Rest Farms, Tolland, Conn.

Beachside Inn, Greens Farms.—Booking for season; rates for families; all attractions; bathing; commuting distance; booklets.

Long Island.

ARVERNE, L. I., N. Y. City.—On ocean; 30 min. from Broadway, (25 from Brooklyn;) commutation, $7.50 mo.; high-class boarding house, capacity 100 guests; luxuriously furnished; bountiful table; glorious bathing; tennis; room and board, $10-$20 each. THE STAFFORD, 108 Beach 66th St. Phone 415 Hammels.

Nurse takes invalid, convalescent, aged in her detached cottage. 357 78th St., Bay Ridge.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, New Jersey.
"Thirty Minutes from Broadway."
Spend the Summer in Beautiful East Orange, Oiled Streets, Shady Lawns, Sunshine, and Flowers; finest water in or around New York. Cool, fragrant, and delightful; good service and excellent cuisine; two people in suite of parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with board, $25 per week; take Lackawanna at Hoboken; hotel one block from East Orange Station. Write for booklet. W. T. Reade, Prop.

Atlantic Highlands.—Hillywood Lodge, beautiful view, best of table; three minutes to Sandy Hook boat; all outdoor sports.

Country Board Wanted

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Wanted, for married couple and two daughters, two rooms and use of bath, with board,

HELP WANTED, MALE

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

A———A———A———A———A———A
THE CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY desires some special salesmen to call on its customers in various sections of the city; reference required; excellent opportunity for making good money at the start and advancing in position; commission basis only. Call after 9 A. M. Monday at 130 East 15th St., Room 305. Ask for Mr. Moskowitz.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS.—Unequalled opportunity for big and quick results; none but accredited men need apply; commission. The Stampede Publishing Co., 619 Longacre Bldg.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted; experienced; good permanent proposition; commission basis; chance for good income. Box T 15 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS.—Live wires for special publication; commission basis. Singer Building, 2412.

AN ALERT, ambitious young man wanted for training with one of the largest electrical manufacturing corporations in its telephone switchboard installation department; there is an opportunity here for the right chap to connect with a concern in which he may grow; only an unmarried man between the ages of 19 and 23 years, a high school graduate, or the equivalent, who is willing to be away from home and friends as the occasion demands, will be considered; advancement will depend entirely upon the man's adaptability to hard work; salary $10-$12 to start; write a long letter telling all about yourself. Address Electrical, 90 8th Av.

A STRONG, ACTIVE BOY, 14 to 16 years. Apply in own handwriting to Box 1,334, New York Post Office.

BANK has openings for a few bright high school graduates, aged 18 to 20; state salary expected. G 214 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER.—over 25 years of age wanted; must be competent. Apply by letter or call with a written application. A. Simonson, 506 Fifth Av., near 42d St.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, experienced in stock brokers office. Apply before 10 or after 3. Room 704, 43 Exchange Place.

BOOKKEEPER.—Small house; good opportunity; salary not over $15 to start. E 232 Times Downtown.

BOY.—There is an unusual opportunity for a boy about 16 years of age to start from the bottom as messenger in a large publishing house, with every chance of thoroughly learning the business; must be bright, quick, conscientious, and energetic; salary to start, $5 weekly; hours, from 8:30 A. M. to 5:30 P. M. Address, giving age, references, and telephone number, Z 222 Times Annex.

BOY wanted in office, manufacturing concern; state age and salary expected. E 206 Times Downtown.

BRIGHT BOY wanted in financial office; must write well and quick at figures; give full particulars. S 170 Times.

BUILDING material sales agent wants assistant; rapid, correct typewriter; educated, refined, and possessing some drafting, estimating, and selling ability; $10 to $12 weekly. Give full particulars and character reference. Address S 157 Times.

CHAUFFEUR—An experienced, careful man, who thoroughly understands his business and does not drink; only those who have driven privately and have first-class references need apply, giving full details and salary expected; permanent position to right man. Address G 218 Times Downtown.

CLERK—New York curb brokerage house requires first-class margin clerk; state age, salary, experience, and references. E 242 Times Downtown.

DIAMOND POLISHERS WANTED.
Highest wages paid; steady employment. Stern Bros. & Co., 136-142 West 52d St., New York City.

DRAFTSMEN.—With experience on electrical apparatus, motors, generators, switchboards, transformers, controllers, &c. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co., East Pittsburgh, Penn.

EXPERIENCED EXECUTIVE wanted as controller of large publishing interests; must be over 40 and possess exceptional qualifications as an accountant and administrator; liberal salary. E 207 Times Downtown.

EXPERIENCED man for high class apartment house, renting; must have good appearance and bring reference; salary; call 11 A. M. A. C. and H. M. Hall Realty Co., 2,789 Broadway, S. W. Cor. 108th St.

GAS FITTERS wanted, four experienced gas fitters for Suburban Gas Co. Call with written application, Room 1,113, 85 Liberty St.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
EXPERIENCED SALESMEN
FOR THEIR
SILK AND DRESSGOODS SECTION.
Apply at employment office, 5th Floor, 32d St. Side.

HEARN,
14th Street, West of Fifth Ave.,
requires
tall, bright, young men over 18 years of age as
WAGON BOYS.
Permanent positions; quick promotion.
Apply 4th floor office 9 A. M.

MAN wanted, 20-30 years old, light physical labor; common school education; American; $9 a week to start; state religion. L 22 Times.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience on switchboards, controllers, switches, circuit breakers, &c.; address CHIEF CLERK, ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT, WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC AND MFG. Co., EAST PITTSBURGH, Pa.

MERCANTILE REPORTER wanted for city. D 371 Times Downtown.

PORTERS.—Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, require several porters to do cleaning and dusting. Apply Superintendent, subway floor, East Building.

SALES MANAGER.
For an established retail automobile concern, must have record of producing results, and ability to handle salesmen, and of broad business calibre. Write for interview stating experience which will be treated strictly confidential. S 168 Times.

SALESMAN.—We have an opening for a good, honest, reliable salesman, who is willing to work his way up with an established concern; our proposition is confined to barbers and hair dressers; this is a strictly commission proposition. Address, with particulars, L 19 Times.

SALESMAN, one who has ability to handle excellent suburban realty proposition as side line, liberal commission; leads furnished, proposition guaranteed; write for appointment. C. S., Box 341 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in kimonos, for Western territory on commission basis. American Silk Garment Mfg. Co., 18 West 21st St.

SOLICITOR.—Lithographic commercial trade house requires the services of an experienced solicitor well acquainted in the stationery and printing trades; paying proposition to the right man; salary or commission. Box G 207 Times Downtown.

SOLICITOR wanted immediately for temporary service; two men in connection with campaign of highest character; salary. Call Room 12A, 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, preferably one familiar with Wall St. business; good opportunity with growing house; state age, experience and salary. E 241 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER, good at figures, permanent position, located in Jersey City; give full particulars, age, salary expected, &c. E 224 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK, familiar with automobile parts; state age and previous employment. L 21 Times.

STOREROOM KEEPER for suburban Gas Co.; call with written application; will only consider men who have had former experience in storeroom of a Gas Co. Room 1113, 85 Liberty St.

TECHNICAL GRADUATE, mechanical, with about 2 years' practical experience work, sales; correspondent with opportunity to graduate into sales engineer big and growing manufacturer; vicinity New York. Address replies care E. F. Delahunty, Box 476, Newark, N. J.

TOOLMAKERS WANTED.
This company can employ several additional first-class workmen in this line, and offers the following inducements: Good wages, steady employment, clean, sanitary factory, high-grade work, and one of the best cities in the country in which to live; in applying state age, rate of wages expected, and give a brief description of previous experience.
Pratt & Whitney Company, Hartford, Conn.

WANTED.—Young man as credit and collection manager for high-class merchandise line sold exclusively to best dry goods trade. Preference given to one with experience in similar or kindred business. Must have a clear and unimpeachable record. In answering, applicants please reply by typewritten letter, stating age and salary to begin, as well as giving a complete record of their business qualifications and service. All replies strictly confidential. S 152 Times.

YOUNG MAN, about 30 years old, desired for responsible position as assistant to executive in large manufacturing concern; thorough knowledge of commercial accounting and comprehensive idea of cost accounting necessary; must be able to adapt himself quickly to the solution of intricate problems and must possess an analytical mind for the development of statements consisting of considerable detail; ability to correspond preferred and knowledge of metals desirable, although not essential. Replies should state fully past experience and educational qualifications, as well as salary expected. Address P. O. Box 80, G. C. T., New York, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN.—Wanted, in general office of large, old-established manufacturing chemical corporation, energetic young man, 23-27, who has studied or is studying chemistry and has had office experience, preferably with manufacturing concerns; stenography desirable, but not essential; one having sufficient seriousness of purpose and foresight to value opportunity of learning business above initial compensation; only those qualified and who are willing to prove ability will be interviewed; applications to be considered must be definite, specifying in detail schooling or training, experience, age, references, nationality, creed, earning capacity, and wages expected. Address in own handwriting, Mentality, E 240 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, bright, wanted, about 18 years old, for office in a large manufacturing concern; high school graduate preferred with some office experience; reply, stating age, qualifications, experience, and salary expected. Address P. O. Box 80, G. C. T., New York, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN.—Opportunity for young man, (21 to 27,) with good schooling and two or three years' business experience to connect with prominent real estate company; must be willing to spend at least two years in minor capacities at nominal salary so as to learn the business and fit himself for future advancement; if you are clean cut, energetic, dependable, tactful, and in earnest about your future, write fully and in confidence to Box R 12 Times.

YOUNG MAN for general office work; must know stenography and typewriting; salary according to ability; give references and age. E 235 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—As messenger and telephone operator; references required. All Friday afternoon, Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th St.

YOUNG MAN, between 25 and 30, for clerical work. Call, with references, before 9 A. M. Polyclinic Hospital, 345 West 50th St.

YOUNG MAN wanted; good writer, fair education, for clerical work; salary $6. E 220 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, typing, office work, publishing house; reference. T 11 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church Street.
BUYER, thoroughly familiar with cotton piece goods, dry goods, notions, &c.; conversant in Spanish; $2,000-$2,500.
PURCHASING AGENT, experienced in purchasing electrical supplies; $1,200-$1,800.
SALES MANAGER.—Man with practical paint experience; salary commensurate.
SALESMAN—Locate in Central and South America; experienced in chemical and drug line; will consider either North or South American; salary according to man.
PLANT MANAGER and general manager of plant employing about 300 hands; high-grade man; $3,000-$5,000.
SECRETARY, graduate of a college, (preferably law); thoroughly familiar with French and German; good stenographer; $2,000-$2,500.
FILE CLERK, preferably a man formerly connected with large engineering or construction company; locate in South America; $1,500-$1,800.
Call between 9 and 2.

BOOKKEEPER.—Prefer man dry goods or notion head, $15, brokerage, $12; relief clerk, $7. Diehl Agency, 20 Vesey St.

STENOGRAPHER.—$20-$18; other excellent positions. Call immediately, Lang Agency, 120 Broadway.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MEN—EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY.
Learn Mechanical Dentistry by actual practice in your spare time; no book study. Visit the School or send for our free Booklet "B." The Dentists' Laboratories, 25 West 45th St. FIRST school of its kind licensed by Regents.

A.-A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course of individual instruction; students on probation; graduates registered. Aeolian Hall, 35 West 42d St. V. M. WHEAT, Director.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR; pleasant and profitable work, day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

Business Opportunities

Fifty cents an agate line.

INDEPENDENT INCOMES
FOR 26 BUSINESS MEN.

Twenty-six business men have established a model plant for sanitary canning and the manufacture of fruit products on a 200-acre fruit farm on the Hudson River.

They have over 12,000 trees under the care of an expert orchardist.

In addition to operating a general canning and packing business, they will sell fruit through their own representatives in New York City.

The canning and manufacturing end of the business is already a big success and promises to grow to large proportions. This season's entire output has been sold in advance.

The business is run as a close corporation; each member's interest in the farm and factory is represented by shares.

To provide more capital for expansion a limited amount of stock is offered in blocks of $500 to $5,000.

Each $500 invested represents approximately a two-acre interest in the fruit farm, with 90 trees under scientific care, and a pro rata interest in the canning business.

The income will be large and permanent—increasing normally each year for the next twenty years.

Here is an opportunity to invest with substantial business associates where you can spend agreeable week-ends and keep in touch with the work.

Only a limited number can become members. Personal interview and inspection of the plant desired.

For particulars address L 92 Times.

Patents secured, trade marks registered. Protect your ideas. Ask Washington office for free books and list of inventions wanted. Advice free. Richard B. Owen, 165 Owen Bldg., Washington, D. C. New York office, Woolworth Bldg., Phone Barclay 7394.

LIBERAL ADVANCES
supplied to manufacturers and jobbers on outstanding accounts and on merchandise. Reasonable terms. Up-to-date, clear methods. Principals only. Inquiries treated confidentially. Wormser & Co., 95 5th Av., N. Y. C.

Partner Wanted—Experienced mail order cutter on men's clothing; must have thorough knowledge of the business and $5,000 to invest for half interest in a good paying business. X 226 Times Annex.

Slaughter house in New York City for sale; complies with law; tremendously profitable; chance of a lifetime. Address E 209 Times Downtown.

Capital required by manufacturer meritorious household article; am handicapped obtaining credit; liberal interest for reasonable investment. E 222 Times Downtown.

Stock salesman wanted to handle limited issue of copper shares; excellent commission proposition; references required. Address Rooms 1,904-5, 20 Broad St.

Electric company wants active partner for office work; $3,000 investment, secured; experience not necessary. Menkes Electric, 853 Broadway.

For Sale.—Dress manufacturing plant, fully equipped, 26 machines; bargain; good opportunity. P. B., 117 Times Downtown.

Business Notices

Fifty cents an agate line.

Printing and Multigraphing.

RUSH PRINTING A SPECIALTY.
Bond, letterheads, or envelopes, $1.75 1,000; reduction in quantities; other printing reasonable; catalogs, booklets, mail order printing. Century Printing Co., 259 William St. Phone 2224 Worth.

Public Notices

Fifty cents an agate line.

WITNESSES WHO OBSERVED ACCIDENT to James Feeny, 74 years old, at Broadway and 9th Street on Thursday, May 25th, about noon, communicate with his nephew, John L. Feeny, 43 Exchange Place, New York City.

LOST AND FOUND

Fifty cents an agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST.—On smoking car of train from Philadelphia reaching New York 2 P. M., Wednesday, June 1, a gold match case, initials F. L. N.; liberal reward. E 239 Times Downtown.

LOST.—June 1, between 88th St., Columbus Av., to 86th St., and Broadway to 72d St., and subway to Wall St., gold engraved bracelet watch, set with uncut sapphires; reward. Return to 1,105, 120 Broadway.

LOST.—Wooden handle umbrella, silver inlaid, on Sunday, 12:48 P. M., New York Central train on way to Bronxville. Please return Apt. 8 E, 318 West 100th St.

LOST—May 31, between Washington Square and 17th St., enameled violet brooch, diamond drop; reward. Scott, 304 2d Av.

LOST.—Waltham wrist watch at Longacre Theatre Monday evening; valuable as a keepsake; reward. Smith, Spring 5520.

LOST.—Pearl shamrock pin, between 7th Regiment Armory and Great Northern Hotel, Wednesday night. S 171 Times.

LOST.—Pearl sunburst brooch, diamond centre; reward. E. L. Allen, 218 Park Place, Brooklyn.

LOST.—Monday, bar pin, platinum, pearls and diamonds; 34th to 42d St.; reward. E 234 Times Downtown.

LOST—A week ago, umbrella, gold and pearl handle. Reward. 130 West 71st.

LOST.—Watch and fob, monogramed J. F. B.; reward. Brust, 256 Lorimer St., Brooklyn.

REWARD.—Key ring, about 8 keys, between City Hall and Battery, May 31, P. M. E. F. H., Room 63, 208 Broadway.

$50 REWARD for two-stone diamond and platinum ring, with six small brilliants in shank, marked "G. A. K. to M. L. B., Sept. 12, 1915," lost May 29 in Newburgh, N. Y. TIFFANY & CO., Fifth Avenue & 37th St.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Dark seal Boston terrier; white markings; answers to "Rex"; reward. Dogland, 53 West 37th St.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Forty-five cents an agate line.

MEN'S CREDIT TAILORS.—$12 suits, $1 down, $1 weekly. Men's snappy clothes, ready-made, made to order; superior tailoring; lowest prices; no security; confidential. HAMILTON-MARTIN CO., Tailors, 171 Broadway. Enter 5 Cortlandt.

For Sale.—Large line second hand safes, bank vaults, and safe deposit boxes. Good as new. Bargains to close out. Remington & Sherman Company, 359 Broadway.

Furniture.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used desks, chairs, office furniture, filing cabinets, safes, typewriters, all makes; adding machines, multigraphs, mimeographs, rugs; everything for the office; bought, sold, exchanged. Nathan's, 102 Worth St.

Typewriters.

Underwoods, Remingtons, Smiths, Olivers; $15 up; rented monthly $2.50; convenient terms; two-year guarantee; open evenings; repairing. Harlem 1617. Patten Typewriter Exchange, 53 West 125th.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

Twenty cents an agate line.

A LADY wishes to place two excellent maids, not cooks; apply at 52 East 72d, between 9 and 12 A. M.

BOOKKEEPER.—7 years' experience; rapid, accurate, trial balance, controlling accounts; able to take full charge, $15; reliable. E 230 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPING, — With knowledge of stenography; salary $18; references and recommendations. E 238 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER—Dresses, coats, alterations, $2.50 daily. Hensley, 3,117 Broadway. Telephone 5805 Morningside.

GOVERNESS.—Position as governess wanted, young lady, college graduate, capable of teaching domestic science, French, English, &c.; inexperienced, but with highest references as to character and social standing. For particulars address Mrs. James B. Stewart, Roselle Park, N. J.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Position as housekeeper; widower or small family; reliable. P. O. Box 362, Manasquan, N. J.

NURSE.—Canadian trained nurse, capable and cheerful, desires position as companion, secretary, or managing housekeeper; highest references. X 225 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Good figurer, neat penman, filing, neat appearance, $8. E 227 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, &c.—Responsible position as secretary for man of affairs, or manager of office, shop, or welfare department, by young American woman; European education; good stenographer; two years' executive work, New York corporation; desire to begin service in Autumn. Executive, X 201 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent and reliable; seven years' experience; references, $18. T 4 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—High School education; experienced; fast, accurate, neat; $12. Frieda Biege, Stenotype Company, 220 West 42d. Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner; business school graduate; will work hard for advancement. Ellen Graham, 37 East 58th. Phone 2994 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, bookkeeper; neat, accurate; references; salary moderate. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly experienced; good education; initiative; neat appearance; $15. D 367 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, wish places; other Southern help. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Thoroughly experienced girls, excellent cooks, investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 59th.

COOKS, $30-$40; waitresses, chambermaids, nurses, houseworkers, $25-$30; couples. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.) Schuyler 9136.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,413 Broadway, corner 89th St., first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6910 Morningside.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKERS.—Small family; $30; Southern colored. MacNeill Agency, 47 West 42d St.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

Twenty cents an agate line.

ABLE ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, SYSTEMATIZERS; financial statements; reasonable. Commercial, 71 Wall St. Hanover 5949.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced all lines, books opened, closed, disentangled; audited systems installed; special arrangements firms or corporations not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 35 Nassau St., Room 1,303. Telephone Cortlandt 7958.

ACCOUNTANT installs simplified systems, stopping leaks, giving daily statements of information required to intelligently develop business; uncertainty eliminated. Business run like a bank. Fleming, 30 East 42d St. Phone Vanderbilt 6272.

ACCOUNTANT—Trial balances and audits $5.00 monthly upward. Books opened, closed, systematized, investigations, profit and loss statements, corporation work. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St., Telephone John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT, CHESTER N. ROGERS,
131 West 31st St. Madison Sq. 3780.
Books opened, written up, closed and systematized. Periodical audits, financial statements, investigations; terms reasonable.

BOOKKEEPER—EXECUTIVE.
Office man who has had complete charge desires connection with some progressive concern where capability, initiative and hard work are essential. S 150 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 20; expert bookkeeper, accounting student; accurate; speaks German, French. E 237 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, with many years' experience, wants good position; references. Write Albert Jacoby, care Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Columbus 4656.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single, with first-class city references, wishes position with private family. Ernest Marx, Ardsley Garage, 161 East 77th St. Telephone Lenox 8300.

CHAUFFEUR and Hostler—Useful, private, commercial, temperate, expert driver, repairs, clean-cut American; city, country. Phone Vanderbilt 2498.

CHAUFFEUR, (45;) Hungarian-American; careful driver; mechanic; private. Hoffmann, 520 East 77th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored; experienced; city or country. Spooner, 239 West 63d.

CHRISTIAN YOUNG MAN desires position with traveling salesman. C. L., Times Harlem.

DRAFTSMAN.—Young man, possessing sound technical education, wishes minor position with engineering concern; has had some mechanical experience. Address G. D., 160 Times.

EXPORT MANAGER.—Foreign trade expert; European travels, experience, and languages. S 124 Times.

JAPANESE youth as valet to gentleman; caretaker. Philip Ikeda, 624 Lexington Av.

MANUFACTURERS AND EXPORTERS
Advertiser, English, highest qualifications, engaged for nine years in New York as sales manager, desires position as traveling or resident representative for manufacturer or exporter desiring to enter or increase representation in England; thoroughly familiar with English and American trade. Address "HOPE," No. 126 West 83d St., New York.

MAN, with brains, appearance, energy, youth, wants job where above qualifications count; references A1; future essential. L 93 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE experienced young man, 29, wishes position management department or anything; best reference. Cummings, 308 West 154th.

OFFICE MANAGER.—A $2,500 man wants a job with an opportunity rather than quibble over starting salary; am 30, Christian, single, have had wide experience, traveled every State Union, four years New York; expert stenographer, understand accounting, can write real business-getting, money-getting letters; for three years was cashier New York corporation making collections by mail; would make valuable man for publisher doing installment business or any concern national in extent where initiative, pep, and knowledge of modern business methods is needed. Please grant me an interview, we might both profit; A1 city references. S 143 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, good appearance, speaks foreign languages, wants position as salesman, fine retail or department store. E 238 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, road and city experience, desires position with established house. S 139 Times.

SALESMAN desires position in wearing apparel or kindred line. E 236 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, fluent talker, desires representing position; only legitimate concerns considered. S 136 Times.

SECRETARY, (25,) possessing all God-given faculties, combined with comprehensive advertising and mercantile experience, desires position where he can be real aide-de-camp to an executive. T 8 Times.

SECRETARY, (24,) correspondent, accountant; four years with stock exchange firm. S 174 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; competent, experienced, willing worker; help on books. D 363 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT.—A thoroughly practical and experienced builder would like an interview with individual or corporation requiring the services of a high-grade man as manager or superintendent. T 5 Times.

We are desirous of placing with some reliable concern an Assistant and Correspondent of proven ability and integrity, whose services we have had to dispense with owing to changes we have made. He is a college man, 40 years of age, speaks several languages and is qualified in Law and along Engineering lines.
Address
Nathan Manufacturing Co.,
101 Park Avenue,
New York City.

YOUNG MAN.—A clean cut young man, (27,) exceptional correspondent, desires to connect with progressive organization where abundance of brains, energy, and executive ability would be recognized; not so much question salary as opportunity for advancement. S 177 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires position with a reliable concern where he can advance himself; is willing to start without any salary; will furnish necessary references and bond required. S 112 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Energetic personality; four years' commercial artist; unsteadily employed; desires work along lines advertising soliciting with good magazine or company; references. S 169 Times.

YOUNG MAN.—Four years' clerical experience, desires position where hard work and close attention will win advancement; state salary. S 172 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

HELP SUPPLIED, all nationalities, city or country, on short notice. Agostini Employment Agency, 837 6th Av. Bryant 6904.

THOMPSON IS DEFIED IN HUNT FOR $50,000

Dock Co. Lawyer Refuses Answers Except to Admit That New Counsel Was Suggested.

MOSS ATTACKS GAYNOR

Wants to Know How Late Mayor Was Induced to "Eat His Words"—To Hear Vanderbilt Today.

The Thompson Legislative Committee tried again yesterday to trace the rumor that somebody was willing, for $50,000, to help through the Sinking Fund Commission the plan for adjusting the New York Dock Company's differences with the Public Service Commission regarding the protection of the under-water approaches of the East River tubes at the foot of Clark Street, Brooklyn. It had been said that ex-Senator William H. Reynolds, friend of Mayor Mitchel, was mentioned as being willing to undertake to become an intermediary.

Joseph S. Auerbach, a partner of Charles E. Hotchkiss, counsel to the New York Dock Company, told the committee that he had received a suggestion last Fall from a source which he refused to disclose that the New York Dock Company should employ additional counsel to get its proposal through the Sinking Fund Commission. Mr. Auerbach did not mention ex-Senator Reynolds's name in that connection and absolutely refused to give any names or details beyond the bare statement that a suggestion had been made to him.

"Do you recall the transactions of the New York Dock Company with reference to the docks at the foot of Clark Street, with the Public Service Commission, and the Sinking Fund Commission?" asked Frank Moss, chief counsel to the committee.

"I just recall them," said Mr. Auerbach, "and I should like to say primarily, Mr. Moss, that this is the extent to which I will be willing to testify. A suggestion was made that we should employ additional counsel. It was unfavorably received."

Mr. Moss tried to get a more particular statement from the witness, but he flatly refused to go into details.

Auerbach Declines to Answer.

"Was the proposal for the employment of additional counsel made to you?" asked Mr. Moss.

"Yes,' replied the witness after some hesitation.

"Who made it to you?"

"I decline to answer."

"Who was the additional counsel named to you?"

"I decline to answer."

"To whom did you communicate this information?"

"I decline to answer."

"Did you ever see Mayor Mitchel about this matter?"

"I decline to answer."

"Did you ever talk with the Mayor about any phase of this dock matter?"

Mr. Auerbach, who was manifestly ill, again refused to answer and was excused. That ended the committee's inquiry for the time being into the Clark Street matter. Mr. Moss then recalled Frank de C. Sullivan, Interborough Director, and continued his investigation into the dual subway contracts. Mr. Sullivan answered questions briefly and to the point. He said he was a Director in the Upper Hudson Stone Company, and was asked about bids made for crushed stone in which the city had rejected the lower bid of Calvin Tomkins and accepted that of the Upper Hudson Company. He said he did not know why the engineers had rejected the Tomkins bid. James L. Quackenbush, counsel to the Interborough, pointed out that the stone in question was not for the use of the Interborough.

Mr. Sullivan was then referred to a letter written by Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission to Mayor Gaynor on June 17, 1910, for a conference between city officials and officials of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company as to extensions of the B. R. T., and he was asked if he knew before June 10, 1910, that the B. R. T. was intervening in the subway situation. Mr. Sullivan said he knew of it only in a general way.

Fears City Must Wait Long.

"Did you know how long before this date the B. R. T. was coming into the situation?" asked Mr. Moss.

"No, I don't know that I did," was the reply.

Mr. Moss then read long extracts from the late Mayor Gaynor's speeches, letters, and magazine articles denouncing the Interborough Company only a few months before he joined in approving the dual contract, and asked the witness if the city had not actually been done out of its own subways.

"We are only trustees," said Mr. Sullivan blandly. "All this property will belong to the City of New York some day."

"Yes, but it will be all junk and we'll be dead and our children probably dead, too, before them," commented Mr. Moss.

"I'm afraid so," said Mr. Sullivan with a smile.

"Didn't the attitude of Mayor Gaynor and Controller Prendergast so impress you that you paid for advertising in the papers that the Interborough was ready to build new subways with its own money?" then asked Mr. Moss.

"Oh, I don't know that it so impressed us," was the response. "I felt that a great many persons in the dual contract negotiations did not understand the situation so far as the Interborough was concerned. People did not realize the service this company had given on the old subway."

At another point Mr. Moss asked the witness what had happened to make Mayor Gaynor change his front on the dual subway negotiations. "How did you induce the Mayor to eat his words in public?" demanded Mr. Moss.

"What do you mean by that?" asked Mr. Sullivan with a show of anger.

"You should know what changed his mind" shouted Mr. Moss. "You represent the second largest stockholder in the Interborough-Metropolitan, Morton F. Plant, and you ought to know what was done to beat down the opposition of those two strong men, Mayor Gaynor and Controller Prendergast. You said yesterday that you would have given Mr. Shonts a $250,000 bonus instead of $150,000. What was it for?"

"'Because he handled a difficult proposition,' replied Mr. Sullivan.

Never Complimented Shonts.

"Did you ever compliment Mr. Shonts on beating down the opposition of that strong man, Mayor Gaynor, and that strong-speaking man, Controller Prendergast?" asked Mr. Moss.

"Not in any way," responded Mr. Sullivan calmly.

"Didn't you want to know how their opposition was removed, how it was done? Weren't you afraid it might be embarrassing to ask?" went on Mr. Moss.

"No, certainly not," was the answer.

"I intend to ask that question of every Interborough Director, because the question must be answered," said Mr. Moss. "One of the most extraordinary things ever done in the history of man was the beating down of those two strong men, and the question demands an answer. If my questions imply an innuendo, it is only because the situation creates it. I am reflecting what the whole community thinks. If the people put the wrong construction on it and you gentlemen—Interborough Directors—refuse to explain, you can't blame the people."

Mr. Sullivan calmly remarked that the people cannot put a construction on the matter that isn't true.

Mr. Moss then read to the witness the majority report of Jan. 5, 1911, of the Committee of the Board of Estimate, signed by Mr. Mitchel and Controller Prendergast, in which they rejected the terms then under consideration and favored the construction of an independent subway system over which the city would have complete control. He asked the witness if he knew of any action taken to bring Mr. Prendergast to a more favorable frame of mind, but Mr. Sullivan said he knew of no such effort. Mr. Moss also read a letter written by the Controller on Jan. 3, 1911, denouncing the Interborough for its defiance of the orders of the Public Service Commission, and its declaration that if the public didn't like its accommodations the public might walk, &c., and then asked:

"I want to ask if you have any knowledge of any discussions, consultations, or reports which show how this antagonistic Controller was brought around?"

"Do you mean by that any sinister influence?" asked Mr. Sullivan.

"Not necessarily sinister," said Mr. Moss. "If there were arrangements that were not sinister, I prefer to hear them. What were the methods adopted to bring this antagonistic Controller into a more favorable frame of mind?"

"There were a number of discussions," was all Mr. Sullivan would say.

Did Not Fear Motor Buses.

Mr. Moss then asked the witness if he knew of the attitude of the Interborough toward the application of the Motor Bus Company to run bus lines in the city. The witness said he understood there was opposition to the bus lines on the part of the surface car lines, but he did not think that the subway had anything to fear in the way of competition from the buses. After a long discussion regarding the bus lines, in which Mr. Quackenbush took part, Mr. Moss switched to the Stevens proposal for third tracking the Manhattan elevated lines. The witness said that President Shonts brought the matter before the Interborough Board of Directors.

"What percentages were mentioned in the discussion?" asked Mr. Moss.

"Various percentages, from 5 to 20 per cent.," said Mr. Sullivan. The witness said the Stevens proposition was not accepted because of opposition in the board. The objection was made, he said, that Mr. Stevens had no plant. Mr. Moss asked if it was not the opposition on the part of the public and city officials that caused the board to reject the Stevens proposition, but the witness did not think so.

While Mr. Sullivan was on the stand Mr. Moss made the statement that the cost of completing the dual subway system would be about $25,000,000 more than was originally calculated. Mr. Moss then took up the payment of the $500,000 to J. P. Morgan & Co. for the use of capital to build the subways. Mr. Moss wanted to know if this money was earning interest for the city. Mr. Sullivan thought it was, but Mr. Moss didn't agree with him. Mr. Moss then announced that at the request of Paul D. Cravath, attorney for T. A. Gillespie, head of the construction company of that name, Mr. Gillespie would be allowed to go on the stand at today's session and complete or explain certain details of his previous testimony.

Cornelius Vanderbilt, an Interborough Director, who was present throughout yesterday's session, was sworn and will take the stand this afternoon. It was said that August Belmont, another Interborough Director, would be called later, perhaps on Monday.

WILSON MAY TAKE STUMP.

Cabinet Members and Congress Leaders Prepare for Campaign.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Although President Wilson so far has made no plans for any long campaign trips this Summer, he and several members of his Cabinet, as well as Democratic leaders of the Senate and House, are expected to make a number of speeches dealing with the campaign issues.

Secretary Lane already has planned to make several speeches, and Secretaries Baker, McAdoo, Wilson, Daniels, Redfield, and Houston probably will also take the stump. The continuance of Congress in session is expected to keep most of the Cabinet members in Washington, however, until at least the end of July.

The President received an invitation today to visit the San Diego Exposition in California if he makes a trip across the continent, and also was strongly urged to go to Detroit in July. He took both invitations under advisement, saying he could make no definite plans yet.

GREAT RAILROAD CONFERENCE BEGINS

Delegates Representing All the Lines and Employes Here to Discuss Demands.

SESSIONS OPEN TO PRESS

Public Entitled to Facts About Wage Controversy, Both Sides Agree.

The national conference between the railroads of the United States and their employes on the workers' demand for more pay and shorter hours began yesterday in the Engineering Societies' Building, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street. It is one of the most important conferences between capital and labor ever held in the industrial history of the country, both as to interests involved and possible results.

Two hundred and thirty-five railway systems, with 250,000 miles of tracks, doing an annual business of $3,000,000,000, are disputing with their 350,000 engineers, firemen, conductors, and trainmen the workers' demand for shorter hours and more pay, which the railroads say will cost then $100,000,000 a year.

Two paramount facts stood out in the first day's sessions: first, that neither side expects a strike; and second, that both sides will play for the support of public opinion. The first formal action of the conference was to vote to admit newspapermen to the conferences. Last night Elisha Lee of the Pennsylvania lines, Chairman of the Railroad Conference Committee, issued this statement for both sides:

"By agreement between the railroads and the representatives of the engine and train service employes, the conference will be thrown open to the public press. Both parties to the controversy recognize that it is of such unprecedented magnitude, and so directly affects the interests of the whole country, that the public ought to have all the facts.

Public Must Pay.

"If the railroads must add to the wages of a portion of their employes many millions of dollars, it is plain that this means an additional cost to the transportation industry of the country in which the people are vitally interested.

"An open conference in which there will be a full and frank discussion of the demands made by the employes certainly ought to enable the public to determine what is fair and just."

Most of yesterday's session was spent in the exchange of credentials, in which several discrepancies were found. Mr. Lee for the railroads and A. B. Garretson, President of the Order of Railway Conductors, for the workers, were the presiding officials. The 800 or more delegates from the four workers' brotherhoods filled the auditorium of the Engineering Societies' Building. Seated on the stage were representatives of the three associations of railroads—the Eastern Conference, the Southeastern Conference, and the Association of Western Railways; and representatives of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, the Order of Railway Conductors, and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen.

While the procedure of the conference will not be mapped out until today, it was explained by the workers' delegates that the limit of their power was to arrange the acceptance of their demands by the railroads, and if that were not possible, to report back to their locals for further instructions. The delegates have no power to call a strike; that would have to be done by a referendum vote of the individual members of the brotherhoods. The demands of the men are pay on an eight-hour day basis, time and a half for overtime, preparatory time, and overtime by minutes.

Railroads Counterdemands.

The railroads have made counterdemands for no double pay, the same classification for the purposes of compensation to be applied to all members of train and engine crews, two or more different classes of service performed in the same day or trip to be paid proportionate rates according to the class of service, with not less than a minimum day for the combined service.

There is no time limit to the conferences. Estimates yesterday of the probable length varied from three days to three weeks. Both sides had statisticians prepare tables showing what the granting of the demands will mean.

The railroads say it will cost $100,000,000 or more; the men say it will not. The railroads say it will spell ruin to some of the lines. The men say it will not, because the Interstate Commerce Commission will allow higher rates if need be.

The railroads say that the demands amount to 87½ per cent. increase in pay for overtime. The railroads' conferees will argue that the 18 per cent. of employes involved get 28 per cent. of the pay. They will point out that the average scale of pay is: Engineers, $1,750; conductors, $1,500; firemen, $1,030, and brakemen, $1,000. A statement by the railroads says:

"The employes get 45 cents out of every dollar the public pays the carriers. The public has a vital interest in the cost of railroad labor because the public pays every cent of it."

Poster Sent Out by Railways.

The railroads have circulated a poster containing this statement:

"Nation-wide railroad strike is threatened if the carriers do not grant the new wage demands of the engineers, conductors, firemen, and brakemen."

The representatives of the workers resent this because they say they are not talking strike. They believe the railroads will come around to their demands, and they do not wish risking the effect on public opinion of threatening to tie up the transportation facilities of the country with the negotiations in their present stage.

The unions have taken the stand that they do not wish to submit their demands to arbitration because the unions and the railroads, knowing more about the subject than any one else, are the proper interests to settle it. In fact the delegates to the conference have not the power to agree to arbitrate. The workers are opposed to what they call "splitting the difference."

In the Railways News Bulletin, the railroads' official organ, of which Mr. Lee is editor, issued yesterday, there appears an editorial which says:

"Do the American people wish to stop the expenditure of money for improvements by the railways?

"Do they wish the railways to consider the locomotives now in service the last word and make no expenditures for heavier and more powerful engines?

"In short, do the American people, while making rapid progress in other lines, consider their railways a finished transportation plant and wish to discourage all expenditures which would increase their capacity?

What Demands Mean.

"If they do they have only to establish the principle which underlies the demand of the train and engine service employes for an eight-hour basic day and time and a half for overtime.

"Once this principle is established the expenditure of money for improvements will be a thing of the past. It will not be a matter for decision by the railway managements. They will be absolutely unable to make such expenditures for the very simple reason that investors will not supply the necessary funds."

The workers of practically every railroad in the country are involved, with the exception of the engineers on the Union Pacific. The conference will continue at 10 o'clock this morning.

The last national strike of railway workers was in 1894. Representatives of the "Bif Four" said yesterday that unless the railroads were more stubborn than the unions reckoned there would be no repetition of the industrial battle of twenty-two years ago.

Explode Dynamite to Find Body.

By exploding 230 pounds of dynamite searchers yesterday recovered the body of Marian Milletti, 16 years old, of 31 Rutherford Place, North Arlington, N. J., from the Passaic River, where he was drowned on Wednesday while taking his first canoe ride. Harold Shippee, 16 years old, who was Milletti's chum, and who was with him when the canoe they had just purchased, overturned in a current, directed the searchers to the spot where the accident happened.

CLOAK SHOPS IDLE; STRIKERS STAY AWAY

None of 409 Factories Opened by Association Able to Start Operations.

EMPLOYERS STILL HOPEFUL

Will Try to Begin Work Monday, but Union Sees Victory—Thousands of Pickets on Duty.

The Cloakmakers' Union held its own yesterday when the manufacturers threw open their shops, after keeping them closed six weeks, and invited the workers to come back to their jobs. With few exceptions, the strikers did not go back, and last night union officials were jubilant in their assertions that they would be able to keep the needle workers away until the July busy season would put the employers face to face with a crisis.

When the 409 shops of the members of the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Association were thrown open yesterday, several thousand pickets were on duty to warn strikers not to return. But they had little to do, for while the shops were open, the only persons at work were clerks and telephone girls. A visit to several of the larger shops in the vicinity of Fifth Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street failed to reveal a machine going.

While the union asserts this spells a victory, the manufacturers stated yesterday that they did not expect a general rush back to work. They said that a number of workers signified their readiness to return when the employers called for them, but they were unwilling to give any numbers. It was said generally that an attempt would be made to start up work in a number of shops Monday morning, when, the employers believe, a sufficient number of workers will be ready to return to enable them to start the manufacture of samples for the Fall trade.

Although there was no statement from the offices of the Manufacturers' Association, 220 Fifth Avenue, yesterday, it was said by individual manufacturers that the opening of the shops rids them of the onus of the charge that they were trying to starve out the workers. They added that any worker who needed money could come to work and get it. It was reported that manufacturers were ready to make small advances to workers in need who would promise to return to work. The manufacturers were busy yesterday seeing that all of their former employes received word that the shops were open.

While it was stated at the shops that about 5,000 workers had promised to go to work when the call came, at the headquarters of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union it was said that the number was not more than 1,000, and that they were not bona fide strikers. The union believes that not more than ten or twelve shops will be able to start up even on a small scale Monday, and they do not regard that the reopening of the shops caused any break in the ranks of the strikers. The officials put in a busy day yesterday tightening their fences and urging strikers to hold out for a few more weeks and not to throw away the sacrifices of the past six weeks. They pointed out that while the manufacturers could do without the workers in the last six weeks, they cannot do without them for six weeks more.

"We are ready and in a position now to take care of all appeals for aid from strikers," said Mr. Schlesinger last night, "and there is no reason for strikers to go back to work in order to get food and rent."

Late yesterday afternoon, after a review of the situation, the following constructions were obtained from both sides:

"We do not expect many strikers to return in the next few days," said I. M. Getskay, Vice President of the Manufacturers' Association. "They will probably come back in ones and twos, but we expect virtually all of them back to work in two or three weeks. We are confident the rank and file of the workers want to come back, and will do so as soon as they can made up their minds to resist the intimidation of the leaders. We are not trying to get out-of-town strikebreakers and are employing no guards."

For the strikers Mr. Schlesinger said: "I don't believe a member of the union has returned or will return until they do so on their own conditions, and not on the manufacturers'. We have 2,000 pickets on duty, working in shifts of from two to three hours each, and we are watching every shop. The fact that the manufacturers opened their shops shows that they are weakening. They did so in answer to the statement of the Citizens' Committee, because they know their position is untenable."

Mr. Schlesinger referred to the tactics of the manufacturers as "Hester Street strategy." Union officials said that the statement of the employers that they did not intend to start actual operations until Monday was only to cover up what he regarded as their failure to stampede the strikers by throwing open the shops yesterday.

The situation now is that the manufacturers hope to resume operations upon their own terms without any "entangling alliances" with the union. There is no form of agreement now existing between them. They say they will conduct business on no basis which does not guarantee them the open shop and the right to discharge. On the other hand, the union officials say the strikers will not go back until the manufacturers have granted these demands: the abolition of sweatshops, a forty-eight-hour a week schedule, a means of arbitration of disputes, a guarantee of the preferential union shop, and a guaranteed scale of pay with a 10 per cent. increase for piece workers, 75 cents an hour for operators, and 60 cents an hour for finishers.

Considerable speculation was caused yesterday by the announcement that the Mutual Cloak and Suit Manufacturers' Association, formed of the independent manufacturers, has passed resolutions agreeing to support the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Association in fighting the strike. It was the latter organization which locked out 25,000 employes and precipitated the strike. About 600 of the smaller independent shops have signed agreements with the strikers and it was not exactly clear what effect the action of the association would have upon these agreements.

SOCIAL REBELS BURN ALL FLAGS

Continued from Page 1.

with the words: "It is God's command." They joined hands and took part in the singing of a hymn, "Humankind, Our Fatherland," which was sung to the tune of "Maryland, My Maryland," after each burning.

American Flag Last.

Then a gasp went up from the crowd when the last man advanced and it was seen that he carried an American flag. He gave plenty of opportunity for observation, for he came forward before the representative of Greece had finished and was waved back by Ned Ames, the orator of the melting-pot.

As soon as they saw the American flag the people in the nearby houses began to get into action. There were hisses and catcalls from every direction. Apparently a few of those at the meeting had not been dyed-in-the-wool converts to the cult, and from among them, gathered on the balcony of the "church" house itself, came hisses.

The bearer of the flag was Albert Henkel, the "artist from out Jamaica way," whose "dangerous" rôle was now revealed. He made his speech rather short. It was punctuated by hisses from all sides, and half a dozen missiles fell among the crowd about the melting pot. One of them struck Chetyana, the Japanese flag burner, and inflicted a gash on the side of his face.

Henkel dramatically broke the staff of the flag and threw it into the pot. At that moment one of the paper lanterns caught fire. Several hands were stretched up to put out the blaze, but not a hand was extended to save the flag. As it blazed up, a large red flag bearing the word "Internationalism" was broken out above the red altar, and the followers of White sang a stanza of a new song. Missiles and hisses were coming thick and fast when White, who had taken no part in the ceremony except to lead some of the singing, jumped up and shouted:

"We will now go upstairs again and finish our exercises."

As the crowd started upstairs a TIMES reporter asked Henkel and Ames for their names, but both refused. The names were obtained later, however.

When they got upstairs the flag-burners complimented each other on their courage. White circulated among the crowd in high good humor.

Newark Rector Objects.

Besides the hissing and missile-throwing there was one other voice of protest. It was that of the Rev. Dr. Mercer Green Johnston, who lately attracted public notice by announcing his forthcoming resignation from Trinity Church, Newark, because his wealthy parishioners wanted him to run the church along lines with which he was not in accord.

In his address Dr. Johnston said that although he believed with White in universal brotherhood, he did not agree with the Church of the Social Revolution if it did not respect the American flag for the best things it represented.

"There is a passion in my heart for that emblem," Dr. Johnston said with much impressiveness, "which we call the flag of the United States only second to my passion for humanity, and I speak as one immediately ready to lay down my life for the United States."

Dr. Johnston said the flag-burning was a most foolish and inexpedient act, "one that could be called damnable from the viewpoint of the ordinary American."

"When I saw that kettle and tripod," he added, "it came over me what they intended to do. I went to White and Ames and begged them not to do it, and that was all I could do in the way of protest as an invited guest. If I had known beforehand what they intended to do I would not have come to the meeting. This action will do infinite harm to the cause they have at heart."

Inspector Cray, in command of the Detective Bureau, learned first of the desecration of the flag from a TIMES reporter and said he would at once look into the matter and take such police action as the circumstances called for. No detectives had been assigned to the meeting.

STILL WANT WIRE STRIKE.

Telegraphers Heartened by Massachusetts Inquiry Order.

The radical faction in the Commercial Telegraphers' convention, which wants a strike against the Western Union to begin on June 6, the eve of the Republican National Convention, received encouragement when United States Commissioner of Conciliation Rowland B. Mahany, just before noon yesterday, received a telegram from Boston saying that the Massachusetts Legislature had ordered an investigation of the discharge of Western Union operators in Boston because they were members of the Telegraphers' Union. The telegram read:

> The Massachusetts Legislature an hour ago passed an order to inquire into the discharge of Western Union operators because of their membership in the Telegraphers' Union and to take such action as may be necessary to prevent the Western Union Telegraph Company causing havoc to the commercial and industrial interests of the country by precipitating a telegraphers' strike for any such cause as that described.

The discharge of eleven operators in Boston precipitated the present demand for a strike. The convention has voted to give Mr. Mahany until June 6 to persuade the Western Union to accept their demands.

Mr. Mahany said last night that he was not ready to reveal the results of his labors, but it is known that he has not brought the contending parties together.

The convention will resume at 10 o'clock this morning.

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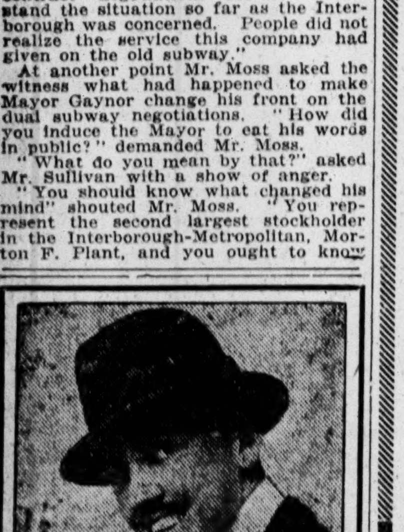

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